"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy, much colder by tonight; Friday, cloudy, colder; west winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,328. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

POLICE ROUND UP 200 BOLSHEVIKI IN EAST SIDE RAID

Bomb Squad Arrives at 133 East 15th St. While Meeting Is in Progress.

FIND RADICAL LEAFLETS

"Red Book" Discovered at Headquarters of Union of Russian Peasant Workers.

MOVE CAREFULLY PLANNED

Entire Band Detained at Criminal Courts Building for Examination Early in Morning.

The police, under the leadership of Detective Sergeant Gegan of the Bomb Squad, late last night made a raid upon a house at 133 East Fifteenth Street and gathered up and took to the Criminal Courts Building 200 men and women whom they found there and whom they claim are representatives of the most radical type in this country. The raid was made quietly and without warning.

Those who were detained were undergoing examination early this morning by Deputy Commissioner of Immigration Schell and Assistant District Attorney Rourke. A quantity of anarchistic literature is said to have been confiscated, including copies of the "Red Book," which figured in testimony given before the Congressional Committee and which is said to advocate the overthrow of existing order.

The house in East Fifteenth Street is the headquarters of the Union of Russian Peasant Workers of America, the police say, and they also claim that it houses members of the extreme radical group. About the same time that Sergeant Gegan reached the house with twenty-five detectives several patrol wagons drove into the neighborhood and parked along streets in the vicintly of the house.

The police had no trouble in entering the place. Sergeant Gegan said that apparently a meeting was in progress when he got there. The house is of an old-fashioned type and in what had been the parlor and dining room he found an audience gathered. Many of them were women.

The policeman asked the man who came forward whether there were any American citizens present. He was answered in the negative. He wanted to know who was in charge, but no one volunteered the information. Presently ignorance of what he was asking was professed. To other questions several made reply: "No speak English."

"Well," said the detective, "we will take you to a place where there are those who can speak your language," So saying, he gave the signal that set the patrol wagons in motion.

While some of the detectives gathered every one in the house on the lower floor, others went in search of seditious literature, and the police said after the raid that they got what they were looking for.

While those who were detained were being taken out and assisted into patrol wagons word was sent to the Elizabeth Street Police Station and reserves were sent to the Criminal Courts Building. Police formed lines from the wagons to the entrance to the building and as fast as a wagon arrived its occupants were passed between the lines into the building and taken to the District Attorney's office on the third floor. The crowd was typical of those who gather at radical meetings in this and other cities. Some of them carried violin cases.

The names of those who were detained were not made public, and it was said this will not be done until the interrogation is over. This, it was expected early this morning, will not be until much later in the day. The police said that among those gathered in at the Peasant Workers' headquarters was Mollie Steiner, who is now out in $10,000 bail pending appeal from a sentence of fifteen years for sedition. Another, they said, was a Miss Rappaport, who admitted that she was an anarchist.

It is probable that those of known radical tendencies who cannot prove their citizenship will be sent to Ellis Island and will face deportation, as did those who were gathered up in the West recently.

Sergeant Geehan said that the raid on the house had been planned two weeks ago by Commissioner Richard E. Enright and Deputy Commissioner Lahey. District Attorney Swann was consulted, and he assigned Mr. Rourke to represent him. Finally the immigration officials were called into the plan to conduct an investigation into the standing of the persons who congregated in the building that was suspected of being a rendezvous for undesirable elements that came here recently from Russia.

NOT WED TO MONROEISM.

Argentine Paper Suggests Revision May Be Needed.

BUENOS AIRES, March 12.—Commenting on the fate of the Monroe Doctrine as involved in the League of Nations' covenant, La Razon says:

"The question is whether world solidarity is contrary to the Monroe Doctrine. If so, is it not time to revise the theory that it is not susceptible of modification and correction in the face of the new world necessities?"

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Luxemburg for Trade Union with Belgium and France

PARIS, March 12, (French Wireless Service.)—The commission, appointed by the Government of Luxemburg to study economic problems resulting from the war, has decided upon an economic alliance with Belgium and France, according to dispatches received here.

This alliance would control an output of 55,000,000 tons of steel annually and put an end to the German monopoly in Continental Europe.

JERSEY CAR STRIKE EASED BY JITNEYS

Trolleys Almost at Standstill in 12 Counties—Everything Else on Wheels in Service.

BOTH SIDES STANDING FIRM

Some Disorder in Newark—Federal Mediator Confers with Union Leaders.

Street car traffic in Northern New Jersey was almost at a standstill after 4 o'clock yesterday morning, when 4,500 men, the crews on the cars of the Public Service Corporation's lines operating over 900 miles of track in 141 municipalities of twelve different counties stopped work in obedience to a walk-out ordered by the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America.

The public took the situation good-naturedly, and jitneys everywhere did a big business carrying a large percentage of the million or more persons accustomed to ride on the trolleys.

The only violence reported during the day occurred in Newark, where strikers, many of them women conductors, stopped several cars, broke the windows, cut trolley ropes, and in one case pummeled the crew. The police arrested one man, Harry Ackerman of 24 Ridgewood Avenue, Newark, a motorman, after a small riot in front of the Broad Street Station of the New Jersey Central Railroad.

Appeals to War Labor Board.

Francis Bird, the Government mediator sent from the Department of Labor in Washington, spent most of yesterday in conference with strike leaders; but his efforts were unavailing, and last night there was no change in the situation. Mr. Baird said he had telegraphed the National War Labor Board, asking that body to act as arbitrator. He will remain in Newark today to talk matters over with Thomas N. McCarter, President of the company.

William Wepner, Chairman of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America, who is directing the fight for the men, declared last night that there was nothing new. He had promised to give out a statement, but after meeting with Mr. Bird and the strike leaders he said there was notning to say.

"The strike will go on," said Mr. Wepner. "That is all there is to it. We are in this fight for keeps, and the company must recognize the union before we let up."

The men demand ten hours' pay for nine hours' work, and recognition of their union.

A few cars were sent out yesterday during the daylight hours, the best service being given in Bergen County, on which division there were few union men. Elsewhere, veterans almost ready to be pensioned, switchmen and inspectors took out cars, but they ran so irregularly that most travelers preferred to walk or take jitneys. John L. O'Toole, assistant to President McCarter, said last night that about 197 cars had been operated where the normal schedule calls for 832.

Traffic on the lines was stopped sharply at 6 o'clock last evening, the company officials saying that there was too much danger of trouble to risk running the cars after dark. There will be some sort of service maintained today, the officials said.

Jitneys Eased Situation.

When New Jersey awoke yesterday morning to face the worst trolley tieup that has occurred in years, every one wondered how business could go on. With commuters who travel by street car and tubo or ferry, with women accustomed to take street cars to store or market, and with children by the hundreds who used the trolleys to carry them to school all affected, the situation looked extremely serious. Notwithstanding, there was hardly a complaint to be heard from the crowds thronging the sidewalks of almost every large city in the State.

Credit for lightening the burden of the traveling public must be given to the jitney systems in the Jersey towns affected. The automobiles ran all day long on minute schedules, and motor trucks, pleasure automobiles, carriages, moving vans, and in some cases peddlers' carts, were pressed into service.

In Jersey City, ninety emergency jitney licenses were granted to swell the number of buses already in operation. About three hundred were running there all day yesterday. Truck drivers on their way to New York with empty vehicles gladly gave rides to pedestrians hurrying the same way. An enterprising peddler rigged up cross board seats in the back of his empty cart yesterday evening and jogged homeward with

Continued on Page Four.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES
At Tea Time
During the war no change was made in the famous blend, due to large stocks of Turkish leaf stored here against emergency. Today the future is assured.—Advt.

GOVERNMENT ACTS ON HUGHES'S TERMS TO END PORT TIEUP

War and Navy Departments Set Macy Award Aside for Railroad Agreement.

CONFER WITH LABOR BOARD

Are Now Enabled to Employ Crews if It Is Decided to Commandeer or Rent Tugs.

SUBWAYS HERE AFFECTED

Interborough's Coal Reserve Is Now Below Legal Margin—Many Ships Held in Port.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—What is regarded as an important step toward settlement of the New York Harbor strike was taken today when both the War and the Navy Departments agreed to the terms which the United States Railroad Administration offered to the marine workers and which the latter accepted. This action places the War and Navy Departments, the Railroad Administration, and the Shipping Board on the same basis, and reduces the controversy at New York to one between the unions and the private operators of tugs, lighters, coal and grain vessels.

The War and Navy Departments were swung into line today as a result of representations made by James L. Hughes, the Conciliator of the Department of Labor, who came here from New York to point out that the entire situation would be greatly relieved if these two Government departments were to agree to the terms offered by the Railroad Administration to the marine workers. As the terms offered by the Railroad Administration have been accepted by the union men the acceptance of those terms by the War and Navy Departments puts these two departments in position to move the supply and transport vessels in New York Harbor by giving these two departments a satisfactory status to the unions.

While neither the War nor Navy Department have been affected by the existing strike of the tug boat operators in New York harbor, as the men have remained at their posts on all army and navy floating aquipment, the action taken tonight is reported as meaning that the War and Navy Departments will now be in position to keep supply ships and transports moving by renting or commandeering tugs for use in moving transports and supply vessels. It means that the navy, after renting or commandeering tugs and lighters, can employ men to man and operate them at wages similar to those which the Railroad Administration has offered and which the marine workers accepted, and that the War and Navy Departments will be in position to deal with the unions in the employment of men and it will enable the army and navy, when necessary, to rent or commandeer tugs and lighters.

Statement by Daniels.

Following the agreement reached today, this statement was authorized tonight by Secretary Daniels:

'Inasmuch as both the War and Navy Departments had submitted their case to the jurisdiction of the War Labor Board, it was not thought advisable to take any action without consultation with the board. Representatives of the two departments, accompanied by Mr. Hughes, accordingly waited for the board this morning.

"The conciliator of the Department of Labor made a statement before the board, and as a result of the visit the War Labor Board this afternoon made the following statement:

"'That at the session today the representatives of the Department of Labor appeared with the representatives of the War and Navy Departments with reference to the difficulties in the New York harbor case. That the conciliator requested of the board if there would be any objection to his department using his good offices to bring about an adjustment of the situation, though it might mean a modification of the award granted; that we advise the conciliator that the board could not change its award, but if through the office of the conciliator of the Department of Labor an adjustment could be reached agreeable to the departments represented and to the men, that we make no objection.'

"A conference was immediately called between the War and Navy Departments and the conciliator, Mr. Hughes, after which the following orders were sent to New York by direction of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy:

"'In so far as existing contracts held by the War and Navy Departments will legally permit, the two departments have agreed to approve the working conditions and wages agreed upon between the Railroad Administration and the marine workers for the Port of New York. Details of this agreement have been previously furnished your office.'"

WANT EX-NAVY MEN ON TUGS.

Strikers Promise Drastic Measures to Counteract Plan.

The harbor strike began to enter an acute stage yesterday when the private boat owners made an open appeal for discharged navy men to operate idle harbor craft. Vice President William A. Maher of the Marine Workers' Affiliation declared that plans had been adopted for taking "drastic steps" today, and the difficulty in moving coal

Continued on Page Four.

CALOX TOOTH POWDER
Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

Germans Raise $12,500,000 for Fight on Bolshevism

BERLIN, March 10, (Associated Press.)—The Industrial League of Germany has been organized, with a fund of 50,000,000 marks, for the purpose of fighting Bolshevism, according to information reaching the Associated Press.

Of this amount the great Berlin plants contributed 5,000,000 marks.

VICTORY LOAN DRIVE OPENS ON APRIL 21

Amount and Rate of Interest Still to be Determined.

THREE WEEKS' CAMPAIGN

Short-Term Notes, to Mature in Five Years, to be Issued Instead of Long-Term Bonds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Carter Glass, as Secretary of the Treasury, tonight announced that the Fifth Liberty Loan drive, to be known as the Victory Liberty Loan, will open on Monday, April 21. The canvass will last for three weeks. It will end Saturday, May 10.

It is understood that this will be the last loan campaign undertaken by the Government, and that Secretary Glass has so informed inquirers who have seen him in the last few days. The amount of the loan and the rate of interest have not been brought to the point where Secretary Glass cares to authorize any announcement regarding them.

The Victory Loan drive will be for the sale by the Government of short-term notes rather than of long-term bonds. If he so wished, Secretary Glass might offer Liberty bonds for sale up to $5,022,518,000. He has authority for this in the laws under which the last three issues of Liberty bonds were sold. But the rate of interest for such long-term bonds is limited by law to 4¼ per cent., and the bonds would be subject to supertaxes and profits taxes, so that if Secretary Glass should attempt to float long-term bonds under these conditions the drive would probably not prove a great success.

The Bond act of March 3, 1919, which was passed in the closing days of the Sixty-fifth Congress, running the gamut of the Sherman-La Follette-France filibuster, gives Secretary Glass authority however, to issue short-term notes to the extent of not over $7,000,000,000, and he may issue these on rates of interest and under conditions that would make them far more attractive than 4¼ per cent. long-term bonds. He has decided that this is the wiser way to insure the success of the new flotation, and for that reason has decided to make the Victory Liberty Loan a campaign for the sale of these short-term notes, maturing in not over five years. Mr. Glass's formal announcement of his plans for opening the campaign on April 21 follows:

The Victory Liberty Loan campaign will open on Monday, April 21, and will close on Saturday, May 10. Under the act of Congress, approved Sept. 24, 1917, and amendments thereto, the Secretary of the Treasury still has the authority to issue bonds similar to those of the Second, Third, and Fourth Liberty Loans to the extent of not over $5,022,510,000, but any issue of bonds under authority of this act is limited as to rate of interest to a maximum of 4¼ per cent. per annum and would be subject to supertaxes and profits taxes except for the right to participate in the exemption of $5,000 principal amount with other outstanding issues of Liberty bonds and certificates.

"The Congress has now passed the Victory Liberty Loan act, which was approved March 3, 1919, under which the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to issue notes of the United States to the extent of not over $7,000,000,000 upon such terms and conditions and at such rate or rates of interest as he may prescribe. It is provided in this act that these notes shall be payable at such time or times, not less than one year nor more than five years from the date of issue, as may be prescribed by the Secretary.

"After studying financial conditions in all parts of the country I have determined that the interests of the United States will best be served at this time by the issuance of short-term notes, rather than of longer term bonds, which would have to bear the limited rate of interest of 4¼ per cent.

"The Victory Liberty Loan will therefore take the form of notes of the United States, maturing in not over five years from the date of issue. These notes will be, as were the Liberty Loan bonds, the direct promise to pay of the United States, will be issued both in registered and coupon form, and the coupon notes will be in final form and will have attached the interest coupons covering the entire life of the notes. I am hopeful that the notes in final engraved form will be ready for delivery by the opening of the campaign on April 21.

"I am led to adopt the plan of issuing short-term notes rather than long-term bonds largely because of the fact that I believe that a short-term issue will maintain a price at about par after the campaign is ended far more readily than would a longer term issue.

"I have not yet reached a conclusion as to the rate of interest and exemptions from taxation which these notes will bear because this decision must be based on existing conditions immediately prior to the opening of the campaign.

"I take this opportunity to repeat what I have already stated, that it is the intention of the Treasury Department to carry on the same kind of intensive campaign for distribution as heretofore. It would be a most unfortunate occurrence if the people of the United States failed to take these notes, thus placing the burden of subscriptions on the banks. The business of the country looks to the banking system for credit wherewith to carry on its operations, and if this credit is absorbed to a large extent by the purchase of Government securities, there will be many limitations placed upon the supply of credit for business purposes.

"Our merchants and manufacturers need ample credit for setting the wheels of industry in motion for peace time production and distribution, and the wage earner is directly interested in seeing that these wheels are kept moving at a normal rate. In order that full employment at good wages may continue, and where readjustment conditions have necessitated a slowing down of industry it is vitally important that activity be resumed and labor re-employed at the earliest possible moment.

"I therefore ask the American people once again to give their support to their Government in order that this great loan may be made an overwhelming success by the widest possible distribution."

BERLIN REDS MAKE OVERTURES FOR SURRENDER

It Must Be Unconditional, Minister Noske Tells the Spartacides.

LOYAL TROOPS CLOSING IN

Spartacides Evacuate Lichtenberg After Being Caught Between Two Fires.

WOMEN CARRY FOES' HEADS

Reds Rob and Kill Recklessly and Government Forces Shoot All Prisoners.

LONDON, March 12, (Associated Press.)—A German Government wireless dispatch received here this evening says that the Berlin newspapers state that the Spartacides visited Herr Noske, Minister of Defense, last night to inquire into peace conditions. It is rumored that after protracted negotiations, Noske demanded the unconditional surrender of the Spartacides and the yielding up all their arms.

The same dispatch says that, according to official announcement, up to Tuesday afternoon there had been no more important fighting anywhere in Berlin. A night attack on the staff quarters of the Government troops in the suburbs of Neukölllun was frustrated. There were occasional unimportant engagements in Charlottenburg and various places in East Berlin.

A military order, affecting a number of streets in East Berlin, has been issued, declaring that any one found in these streets after 7 o'clock in the evening will be shot.

A dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that Herr Noske declined the appeal of the Burgomaster of Lichtenberg that the military cease operations against the Lichtenberg Spartacides. The evening newspapers say that the rebels are evacuating their Lichtenberg positions, having been caught between two fires.

The behavior of the Spartacides in Lichtenberg was worse than the Bolshevist cruelties in Russia, Berlin advices received in Copenhagen and transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph Company say. All well-dressed citizens who appeared in the streets were robbed and many were killed.

Several persons were decapitated and the heads were carried through the streets by female Spartacides. The Government troops, it is added, continue to kill every prisoner they take.

Rebel Force Estimated at 3,000.

BERLIN, March 11, (Associated Press.)—The Spartacides have opened negotiations for surrender to the Government forces, according to reports in circulation this afternoon.

March 10.—The progress of the Government troops against the Spartacides is necessarily slow owing to the need of thoroughly cleaning up the reconquered parts of the city. This means that Lichtenberg probably cannot be reached in less than two days. The populace of Lichtenberg is suffering severely from hunger and as a result of looting.

The second important Spartacide stronghold is Weissensee, a suburb of Berlin. The Spartacides are also strongly entrenched in Köpenick, Neukölln, and Rummelsburg.

The correspondent today talked with a Colonel of the Government forces who estimated the Spartacides at about 3,000. He admitted that his figures were merely guess work. The Colonel said that in addition to heavy and light artillery the Spartacides had scores of machine guns.

The Government troops are advancing in four columns—Colonel Reinhardt's Division to the north, General Von Roden's Marines in the middle, with a guard of cavalry and riflemen next southward and General Huelsen's Volunteers from the direction of Schönberg. Their conduct and discipline are exemplary.

The eastern and southern parts of the city are still closed to all traffic. The inhabitants are suffering greatly from privations.

LICHTENBERG HOUSES SMASHED BY SHELLS

People Huddled in Cellars, Starving, While Battle with Reds Rages.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, March 11.—Telephoning this morning from Berlin, the correspondent of the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant records a visit along the front of the Government troops opposed to the main Spartacide forces in Lichtenberg. "The streets," he says, "are littered with broken glass. Houses are deserted. Shops are plundered and empty machine guns rattle all around. Large motor lorries rush eastward heavily armored and laden with mine throwers.

"In Kaiser Street the buildings bear the scars of tens of thousands of projectiles, and in Frankfurter Street I was reminded of the dead towns of Northern France, with the shattered houses standing like rows of ghastly skeletons. Across all the streets and at every corner are barricades composed of gigantic

Continued on Page Two.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING—Advt.

NEUTRALS CALLED TO DISCUSS LEAGUE; GERMANY, DISARMED, MAY BE ITS WARD; COUNCIL APPROVES AERIAL PEACE PLANS

French Will Bar German Delegates from Paris; Won't Risk the Chance of Unpleasant Incidents

PARIS, March 12, (Associated Press.)—When the time for the signing of the peace treaty arrives, it is understood, Germany's representatives will be housed in one of the palaces at Versailles and will not be permitted to enter Paris, as the French Government does not care to undertake to afford protection to Germans in Paris.

While the German signatories will not actually be prisoners and must not be treated as such, public sentiment against Germany is so high in Paris that the French Government is unwilling to risk unpleasant incidents which might occur were the official German representatives to appear publicly.

Will Crush Germany's Power But Insure Her Protection

Supreme Council's Stiffened Terms Involve New Duty for League—Prepared to Enforce Economic Boycott Unless the Ebert Government Accepts Peace Terms Quickly.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 11.—One of the strangest developments in connection with the Peace Conference is the increased readiness of the Supreme Council to impose the severest military conditions upon Germany.

There seems to have been a sudden realization (rather than a recurrence of the retaliatory feeling existing when the armistice came) that no step must be left untaken to prevent the military autocracy from again getting a foothold in what is to remain of the German Empire.

For several weeks dissatisfaction has been apparent in some allied quarters over the disposition of the permanent Armistice Commission to punish Germany and the German people in a way to increase rather than diminish the suffering, which according to all expert reports, exists intensely in the greater part of the former Empire, and is certain to result in actual starvation if relief measures are not provided before the end of March.

The feeling was that the Armistice Commission, which was composed of military men, with Marshal Foch at the head, was too inflexible in dealing with the appeals for food and opportunities to give work to the people in order to prevent unrest and the consequent spread of Bolshevism, which is considered the forerunner of anarchy.

The dissatisfaction over the severe attitude of the Armistice Commission took form just before President Wilson's departure for America, when on his motion the Supreme Council adopted a resolution creating the Supreme Economic Commission, which gave supervisory powers over all economic matters with the understanding that Germany should have substantial concessions in the way of food and allow her to deal commercially to a limited degree with the outside world. In return for these concessions Germany was to surrender the remainder of her merchant fleet.

But when the Spa conferences began the French representatives were unwilling to agree to furnish more than a small quantity of food, sufficient for temporary relief. This caused the Germans to refuse to treat further. Undoubtedly they felt that they had been victims of bad faith.

The allied delegates thereupon returned to Paris, where the Supreme Council quickly recognized the justice of the German position and decreed that Germany should have the concessions which she understood originally were to be granted to her.

Adopted More Severe Measures.

With this embarrassing situation overcome, (and its dangers were greater than perhaps the newspaper reading world realized,) the Supreme Council, sitting as a Supreme War Council, began the final consideration of the military terms to be imposed on Germany with the object of incorporating them in the preliminary peace treaty and subsequently in the general treaty of peace as permanent conditions for Germany's observance.

At Monday's session of the War Council there seemed to be a sudden realization on the part of the allied plenipotentiaries that, while German starvation should be prevented, even more radical steps than those proposed by Marshal Foch and his fellow armistice commissioners were essential to cut the claws of the monster known as Prussian militarism.

This attitude was exemplified in the decision to reduce the German Army to 100,000 men, fix the number of officers at 4,000, abolish the raising of troops by conscription, and set the term of enlistment in the German Army at not less than twelve years.

Originally it had been proposed to permit Germany to have twenty divisions of about 12,000 men each. Then Lloyd George upon his return to Paris last week urged the curtailing of German military strength to 140,000 men. What happened yesterday in the session of the Supreme Council is not entirely clear, but when the clauses emerged from the parliamentary hopper they fixed the strength at 100,000 and required that enlistments should be for twelve years.

May End Conscription Everywhere.

This decision, abolishing compulsory military service in Germany, stands out as the most important military action taken by the five great powers. Its effect on other nations is problematical, but predictions are being freely made that it means that the United States and Great Britain are certain to follow the example thus set, and France and Italy are likely to be influenced by it in their future military provisions. Some go so far as to say that the universal abolition of conscription is inevitable.

In the conferences of the commission which drafted the constitution of the League of Nations Italy interposed an objection to placing a ban on compulsory military service in every country. Her spokesmen contended that the dangers confronting Italy were such that it might be necessary for her to raise a large army, and the Italian Government, it was contended, could not afford to offer high pay to induce voluntary enlistment. An American private, it was pointed out, received a pay equal to that of Second Lieutenant of the Italian Army in the present establishment. So the League constitution, perforce, straddled the issue, as it were. But the example afforded by yesterday's determination to compel Germany to agree to raise an army entirely by voluntary enlistment is expected to give moral force to the desire of the American and British plenipotentiaries to cast involuntary service into the discard for all time.

Some Questions Asked and Answered.

One of the arguments advanced at yesterday's session of the Supreme War Council was that the reduction of the German Army to 100,000 men and forbidding conscription in raising it would not be effective in curtailing Germany's military strength, for the reason that Germany now had 7,000,000 trained soldiers, veterans of a long war. But this was countered by the contention that limiting the German military strength to 100,000 men would after some years overcome the advantage she apparently possessed by having a vast army of veterans available.

It was held, furthermore, that the provisions for limiting the manufacture of big guns and ammunition would prevent Germany from accumulating a vast store of munitions with which to engage in any major conflict, but will not Germany make big guns and manufacture countless millions of shells secretly, despite these precautions, was one of the questions asked in this connection.

The same question was put forward as far back as the time President Wilson was here. He as well as others answered it in Yankee wise by another query. This was whether the Allies had not known before 1914 what Germany was doing in the way of big gun and ammunition manufacture. The United States Government had been fully informed, it was asserted, and other nations were equally illuminated, how, then, it was contended, could Germany make guns and ammunition in violation of her compulsory treaty obligations without the Allies being aware of it? The validity of this argument was acknowledged, for it could not be denied that all the great nations that went to war with Germany had the most reliable advices of what was being done by the German Government in this direction.

Through the reduction of the German Army to 100,000 men Germany will be unable to resist the forces of even her little neighbor, Switzerland. The reduced army will be sufficient

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LEAGUE MEETING MARCH 20

Views of Neutrals to be Heard in Unofficial Conference.

COUNCIL TO FIX BOUNDARIES

Reserves to Itself Decision on Germany's Western Frontier Problems.

PLAN TO NEUTRALIZE RHINE

Waterways Commission Recommends Opening It to Ships of All Nations.

PARIS, March 12, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council today discussed the aerial terms to be imposed on Germany in the peace preliminaries, according to the official announcement. The articles drafted by the military experts were examined and adopted.

An invitation has been sent out to all the neutral nations in Europe, Asia, and South America, asking them to attend a private and unofficial conference here on Thursday, March 20, with the object of giving neutrals an opportunity to express their views on the League of Nations. The invitation was sent by the conference authorities to the Ministers of the neutral powers in Paris, and they have forwarded it to their Governments.

Switzerland has already replied favorably to the suggestion. No South American Governments have yet answered.

A strong sentiment is developing in high quarters of the conference toward making Geneva the official seat of the League of Nations. Several of the heads of the delegations, who have been consulted, have given their approval.

The Council has decided that the question of the Turkish boundaries shall not be passed upon by the Boundaries Commission, but shall be acted upon by the Supreme Council.

The boundary dispute between Albania and Jugoslovakia has also been reserved for decision by the Supreme Council and will be considered together with the entire Adriatic question and the delimitation of the boundaries of Italy and Jugoslovakia. The West German boundary has also been reserved for action by the Supreme Council because of its many complexities.

The decision to withhold the Turkish, West German, and Adriatic boundary differences from the Boundaries Commission will not result in delay, as the Council probably will dispose of them as soon as the Boundaries Commission's report is completed, and the entire territorial question will be passed upon at once, as much confusion would result from attempts to do piecemeal work. Countries having several boundaries in dispute would endeavor to make up on one frontier what was denied them on another. All boundaries will be passed on and become part of the peace treaty. At least they will be generally outlined, but it may be necessary to leave minor details to the technical commission which will make surveys and investigations.

Would Internationalize Rhine.

Recommendation that the navigation of the Rhine be opened to all nations without discrimination was made in a report to the Peace Conference today by the Commission on the International Control of Waterways, Railways, and Ports. It is suggested that the Rhine be controlled by a commission similar to the Danube Commission.

The status of the Kiel Canal has been settled by the commission on the basis of freedom of use for all nations for merchant vessels or warships in time of peace. If this plan is adopted, the canal will continue under German ownership and operation. The question of the fortification of the canal is left by the commission to the decision of military and naval experts.

The report of the commission was not favorable to allowing the Belgian claim that special duties be imposed on German vessels.

It further recommended that a general conference be held within a year to deal with all questions pertaining to the navigation of international waterways which should be regarded as too intricate or complex to be settled finally within the limited life of the Peace Conference.

The Commission on Reparation today began examination of the principles of the joint liability to be established

among enemy States indebted to the allied and associated powers. The representatives of Italy, Serbia, and Rumania and Poland explained the views of their Governments on the subject.

Mgr. Dorthée, Metropolitan of the archdiocese of Brusa, Asia Minor, has arrived in Paris as the representative of the Greek Patriarch of Constantinople. He will lay before the Peace Conference the claims of the Greeks in Turkey and especially the wishes of the Greek population of Constantinople.

The Peace Conference Commission on Czechoslovak affairs has almost completed its work. The official communiqué of the commission given out after its fifth meeting yesterday, under the Presidency of Jules Cambon, made this announcement and stated that direction for the preparation of its report had been given.

DISPUTE BRITISH CLAIM TO CABLES

Our Peace Delegates Hold German Lines Were Illegally Cut—Fear a British Monopoly.

PARIS, March 12.—Realizing the possibility of a virtual monopoly of cable communication by Great Britain, should her claim to the captured German cables be sustained, with the consequent submission of the great foreign business interests of the United States to alien control in this respect, the American delegates to the Peace Conference are endeavoring to make a strong presentation of their case before the legal authorities to whom the subject has been referred. The naval experts who first considered the question were unable to agree, and the Supreme Council, upon motion of Secretary of State Lansing, referred to legal experts the question of title involved. These experts are being pressed by the Americans for a decision.

Early in the war the British cut the two German cables from Emden to America by way of the Azores and also the cable between Monrovia, the Liberian capital, and Brazil. They took one end of one of the German-American cables to Halifax, thereby securing another transatlantic line for themselves. The other cable they gave to the French Government, which so far has made no attempt to utilize it, probably because of the scarcity of submarine cable material and of cable-laying ships.

The British now contend that these cables are prizes of war. They do not intend to allow their return to Germany or to regard them as subject to disposition by the Peace Conference. The American delegates, however, contend that the cables were unlawfully cut and unlawfully reconnected, because the United States was not at war when this was done and had an interest in them as being one of the termini. Nor, they contend, was there proper warrant for the cutting of the cable between Liberia and Brazil, as both these countries were neutral at the time it was done.

There never has been any decision regarding the title to cables outside of territorial waters in time of war, and the Americans are now extremely anxious that no precedent shall be established that might place American business at the mercy of foreigners or prevent free communication between the United States and Central Europe after the conclusion of peace.

In addition to the transatlantic cables, several German cables in the Pacific also were seized by the British as prizes of war. One of these runs from the island of Yap, one of the Caroline group, to Singapore, connecting with the Dutch and British cables. Another connects this cable with the island of Celebes. Possession of these lines, it is held, insures business control of a fair proportion of Australian Polynesia, which is regarded as properly within the field of American commercial effort.

The possibility of these cables passing in some degree under the control of Japan alone in case the latter is made the mandatary of the captured Pacific islands is also regarded with disfavor by the American representatives unless some plan to prevent any possible discrimination is adopted.

WILSON DUE TO REACH PARIS FRIDAY MORNING

Busy with Conference Work—Hopes for Plenary Session Soon After Arrival.

ON BOARD THE U. S. S. GEORGE WASHINGTON, March 12, (by Wireless to the Associated Press.)—President Wilson hopes to reach Brest in time to leave there Thursday evening for Paris, after a brief reception at the port. The President today took up active preparations for his Peace Conference labors and exchanged wireless messages with members of the American delegation in Paris.

The President expects to arrive in Paris Friday morning. He hopes that a plenary session of the Peace Conference will be held within a week after his arrival in order to clear up some of the important questions held in abeyance during his absence in the United States.

PARIS, March 12, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson will be met at Brest by the French Minister of Marine, Georges Leygues, Captain André Tardieu, Colonel E. M. House, and the latter's son-in-law, Gordon Auchincloss, who left Paris by special train this evening.

President Poincaré, with a guard of honor and band, will meet President Wilson at the St. Lazare station on his arrival here Friday, probably between 11 o'clock and noon. The reception will be unofficial and will lack the ceremony which attended the first arrival of President and Mrs. Wilson in Paris.

The steamer George Washington is expected to reach Brest about 8 o'clock Thursday night, the President going immediately to a special train, which will make a slow trip to the French capital.

BREST, March 12.—A wireless message received here from the George Washington, timed 11:20 A. M. Wednesday, says that the steamer is delayed and is not expected to reach Brest before 8 o'clock Thursday evening.

There is a stiff breeze blowing here, with heavy seas.

Responding to a message from the Mayor of Brest, President Wilson agreed to proceed from the quay to the railroad station, but the late arrival of the George Washington may prevent this. The President will probably enter the train at the quay.

LEAGUE'S FOES GLAD TREATY IS FIRST

Senators Opposed to Present Covenant Argue That Conference Has Changed Plan.

WILSON'S FRIENDS DENY IT

Prospective Agreement with Germany Only Preliminary, It Is Pointed Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Keen interest was displayed in Washington today over unofficial reports from Paris that the League of Nations covenant would not form part of the preliminary peace treaty to be placed before the German delegates, perhaps by the end of March. The Paris dispatches indicate, however, that reference would be made in the perliminary draft to the duties to be performed by the proposed League and presuppose that such a League is to be formed in the future.

There is a disposition on the part of some Senators who are opposed to the original draft of the League covenant to interpret the press accounts as possibly meaning that the European delegates were not in sympathy with the original League plan as espoused by the President. Others pointed out that the treaty to be placed in the hands of the German delegates was only the preliminary agreement and not the completed document, which, according to all reports, will include the League program.

Opponents of the League covenant among the Senators who expressed themselves today, suggested that possibly the delegates in Paris had seized the opportunity of the President's absence to sidetrack the League until everything else was agreed upon. They asserted their belief that the delegates were not so much in favor of the League as they had led the President to think.

In the comment of these Senators it was suggested that sentiment as expressed in the Senate in the week of debate before adjournment had informed the European delegates in Paris of the feeling of an appreciable part of the treaty-making body and that they had decided to heed it.

"As against this talk an Administration Senator stated that the President had been in constant touch with the Paris conferees during his absence and that whatever was done must have been with his full knowledge and acquiescence

Senator Johnson of California said today:

"It would be monstrous if the constitution of the League of Nations were intertwined with the treaty of peace. It is to be hoped that the advices from Paris indicating that the conferees of the European nations have taken an attitude against making the League of Nations a part of the treaty of peace are true. However, they may not be dependable."

Senator Reed of Missouri said:

"The thing to do is to make peace first. Until we have done that we won't know the basis of the next step to take. If peace is made right the menace of war will be gone for a long time. Americans want peace made in the right way; they want the boys brought home; they want the heartaches of the mothers and wives and daughters relieved; they want the boys put back to useful tasks and the fearful experience of maintaining the army taken from the already heavily burdened taxpayers."

Senator Poindexter of Washington said:

"I am very glad that the Peace Congress has seized the opportunity of the last three weeks to prepare the terms of peace in Europe. The long delay since the signing of the armistice has kept the economic and social conditions of the world unsettled. Men cannot adjust their minds and activities to the new order of things until they know what that new order is to be. The psychological effect upon the world of the chaos from which Europe has been suffering during all the months since the armistice was signed is an important factor in the situation."

Senator Borah of Idaho remarked:

"As I have said repeatedly in speeches on the League of Nations, common horse sense calls for the separation of the League covenant from the general treaty of peace. It would be contrary to every principle of fairness to force the consideration of the two propositions jointly."

Senator Fletcher of Florida had this to say:

"I believe that the Peace Conference has adopted the wise policy in separating the Constitution of the League of Nations from the general treaty of peace. There should be no delay in ratifying the general peace treay, and delay would be inevitable if the two propositions were coupled in the Senate.

ositions were coupled in the Senate."

TAFT ASSAILS SENATORS.

Declares They Should Try to See How League Plans Work.

Ex-President William Howard Taft and President John Grier Hibben of Princeton University were the principal speakers at the first annual "Jungle Feed" of the Princeton University Alumni Association of North Jersey, which was held at the Robert Treat Hotel, Newark, last night. Mr. Taft spoke on the League of Nations. Robert H. McCarter, '79, was toastmaster at the banquet.

Mr. Taft said that the Senators who were opposing the League of Nations were deliberately misrepresenting its principles by saying that the United States, under the League, would find its power taken away, whereas, in the constitution of the League, as now framed, there was nothing in it that would cause it to act without a referendum back to the United States. He said that the Senators were trying to prove that the plans of the League could not be carried out, instead of trying to see how the plans would work.

He concluded by saying, "the League of Nations is essential to suppress Bolshevism," and added, "the numerous buffer States the conference is creating will be a source of constant wars unless there is a League of Nations to supervise them."

CUMMINGS URGES BACKING FOR WILSON

League of Nations 'Too Great a Question to Become Partisan,' Party Chairman Says.

FLAYS ROUND ROBIN SIGNERS

Contrasts Their Attitude with Taft's and Asserts That the "Plain People" Understand the Facts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Homer S. Cummings, the newly elected Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, chosen in the week that President Wilson spent in Washington during the closing days of the last Congress, tonight issued an appeal urging all Americans, regardless of politics, to support the President in his efforts to "secure a treaty of peace that will make future wars impossible."

Mr. Cummings asserted that the projected League or Nations was "too great a question to become partisan," and sought to contrast the attitude of former President Taft with that of certain Senators.

"There are two classes of Senators who are unfriendly to the League of Nations—those who frankly and openly oppose it, and those who oppose it covertly," said Mr. Cummings. "The former, possessing a curious kind of obstinate courage, are bold and defiant in their attitude; the latter, less courageous but probably more adroit, express an unctuous approval of the idea and confine their objections to the particular plan proposed, without, however, offering a better one of their own.

"Both classes of Senators have the same object in view. They desire to make impossible the creation of a League of Nations. The difference exists only in the method of attack.

"No one who, in his heart of hearts, desires the creation of a League of Nations has any hesitancy in giving to the President hearty and sympathetic support. Mr. Taft, for instance, would no doubt have framed the proposed League somewhat differently if he were preparing the document himself; but he is big enough to realize that the present draft is a composite structure, formed after the fullest consideration by the representatives of many different nations. Perfection cannot be asked or expected.

"Practical results, however, can be achieved; and Mr. Taft is bending his whole-hearted support to the efforts of the Peace Commission to prepare a satisfactory treaty. The opposition Senators, however, have no such breadth of view. Under the leadership of Lodge, Penrose, and Knox they have united in a 'round robin' against the pending plan.

"There is no difficulty in understanding their motives. They are actuated, in part, by a settled dislike for President Wilson and all his works; and, in part, by a fixed purpose to embarrass the President and to weaken his influence at home and abroad. If this manoeuvre could, bya ny chance, be successful, it would throw the Peace Conference into confusion, destroy all hope of establishing a League of Nations, and postpone peace and demobilization indefinitely.

"The ill-considered talk about 'a peace treaty first and a League of Nations afterward' is persuasive only with those who do not understand the problems involved. Such a policy would postpone an effective League for generations and it would reduce the treaty to a mere scrap of paper to be torn to tatters the moment international interests come into conflict with each other.

"The idea of the League of Nations is not difficult to understand. The plain people understand it. Only learned senators are confused about it. Let us leave to them the uncongenial task of picking flaws and finding minor objections. It is a sorry business, fit only for narrow minds and men without heart or vision.

"Let us not be disturbed by the action of the dissenting Senators. Their objections are written in sand. The instinct of the American people is with the League of Nations. The alternative program of immediate withdrawal and studious self-isolation is not only a policy of utter selfishness but it must inevitably lead in the end to a world cataclysm in which we shall all be engulfed."

Jewish Welfare Fund $150,000.

Announcement was made today that the Brooklyn Jewish Welfare Committee had received subscriptions totaling $150,000 in its drive for a $500,000 fund. The largest contribution yesterday was one for $5,000 from A. I. Namm & Sons. Contributions of $1,000 each were received from Morris Salzman, W. C. Ritter, and Leo Ritter, and others aggregating $30,000 were added to the fund.

LEAGUE UNION BALKS ON MONROE DOCTRINE

Straus's Proposal to Safeguard Policy Fails at the London Conference.

BRITISH AND FRENCH DEMUR

Subject Is Called Too Far Reaching for Quick Action — Straus Defeats British Move.

LONDON, March 12, (Associated Press.)—Efforts by Oscar S. Straus, of the American League to Enforce Peace, to have the League of Nations Union, which began its sessions here today, favor an amendment to the League covenant designed to safeguard the Monroe Doctrine, failed. The French and English delegates, who dominated the conference, pleaded that the subject was too far reaching for quick action, while the Chinese protested that it, too, vitally affected them.

Mr. Straus proposed an addition to Article 10, providing that should two States threaten war on each other, the nearest great power "in the first instance" was obligated to step in without calling for the assistance of the other great powers. Should this power fail, then it would be a matter for the entire League's fighting forces to handle.

A British proposal that Article 16 be changed to make any nation which breaks the covenant ipso facto at war with all the other members of the League, rather than merely committing an act of war as the covenant provides, was defeated on the plea of Mr. Straus, who maintained that it conflicted with the Constitution of the United States. The other delegates said they were glad to drop the matter, as they were unwilling to arouse further feeling in the United States.

The French and British societies presented many proposed changes, but those agreed upon were relatively unimportant. The delegates will make use of the points brought out in the present discussion and the decisions reached in advising the various peace commissions when the covenant comes up for further consideration at Paris.

Unanimity Plan Questioned.

In opening the conference which began at Westminster with British, French, American, Norwegian, Greek, and other delegates in attendance, Lord Shaw, who was elected President, said that the covenant of the League as formulated in Paris unquestionably presented serious difficulties—difficulties of substance and in one or two cases of fundamental principle.

Lord Shaw said that he was a great deal concerned as to the position and powers of the general body of delegates under the covenant. No one would dream of suggesting, he proceeded, that the great powers and the small powers should stand equal in rank, or that those which had borne in the greatest measure the horrors and burdens of the war should not have practical deference paid to their position. But, he added, all those things could be adjusted.

"One of the most contested topics which you will have to discuss," continued Lord Shaw, "is the question whether unanimity, either of the delegates or of the council, is to be the only condition upon which assent for certain important powers can be secured, or whether the necessity for such unanimity may not paralyze the league just at those crises when it might save the world.

"The question of disarmament is the most practical of all the issues, international or social. Those nations which have been locked in combat more than four years must, unless civilization is to die, be relieved of the pressure of military and naval expenditure. Otherwise their peoples will be apt to forsake civilization for uncivilization and society will be disrupted."

Lord Shaw, for this reason, warmly approved Premier Lloyd George's drastic proposal to reduce the German Army to 100,000 men.

Venizelos Deplores Obstacles.

Premier Venizelos of Greece, who is one of the delegates, said that in working for the League of Nations those who did so were also working for international peace, as international and national peace depended upon one another. Unless national desires could be satisfied, international difficulties never would be solved.

He deprecated any effort to make the work of the organizers of the League of Nations so complete at the outset as to run the risk of having no League at all. If they could not make it as complete as they would wish they would do better, he contended, to accept what they could get and wait until later to get more.

Leon Bourgeois, President of the French Society for a League of Nations, said that the requirement for unanimity of decision on the part of the members of the League might endanger its whole structure.

Oscar S. Straus of the American League to Enforce Peace, referring to the opposition in America to the League of Nations, said there were always those whose eyes looked to the past, but there were others whose vision looked to the future. America, he declared, expected its representatives to translate the hopes of the people of the world into the security for which they looked for all future time.

NEW BERNSTORFF DOCUMENT.

Son's Army Order Doesn't Recommend Father as Peace Envoy.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 11.—There are so many reasons why the Americans and French don't want Count von Bernstorff to come here to represent Germany at the Peace Conference that you can find a new one every day. Here is one, for example, in the form of a military order signed by the son of the former Ambassador at Washington, which a French officer showed me today. This document, marked "Brigade Order 945," is addressed to the German billeting officers in Northern France and reads:

"During the inspection of billets I have noticed that the inhabitants are still living in their usual rooms while our troops are billeted in secondary rooms. One gains the impression that our troops are being just tolerated. This state of things is altogether incompatible with our purposes, so I ask all commanders to act energetically to see that the French inhabitants be restricted to the utmost. Beds are for our men and not for the French, who must always be made to feel that we are their masters. Should any inhabitant not be sufficiently docile, he must be regulated at once.

"Count von Bernstorff, Kommandatur Chief of Service."

BRITISH ARMY STRENGTH.

1,324,106 Men in France, Belgium, and Germany on Feb. 15.

LONDON, March 11.—The Government announced in the House of Commons today that the total strength of effective and noneffective British troops in the armies of occupation in all theatres of the war amounts to 902,000 men, including officers. The strength of the British Army in France, Belgium, and Germany, including Dominion troops, on Feb. 15 was 1,324,106.

It was stated that 197,000 German prisoners are being fed by the British commissary department.

VATICAN HOLDS LEAGUE MIGHT BE SIMPLER

Semi-Official Organ Recalls That Pope Suggested Such a Project in 1917.

ROME, March 11.—The Osservatore Romano, the semi-official organ of the Vatican, prints an article on the League of Nations which is understood to embody the viewpoint of the Holy See. It says that the League "might have been constituted in a simpler manner," and outlines the functions of the League as follows:

The setting up of an arbitration tribunal to solve international conflicts.

The formation of a society of all civilized nations, including those defeated in the war, which will pledge themselves to submit their differences to a tribunal and accept its rulings.

The bringing about of an agreement to declare an economic boycott against any nation which refuses to submit controversies to a tribunal or which will not accept decisions on matters which have been so submitted.

In conclusion, the article recalls that such a project was suggested in the Pope's appeal to belligerent nations on August 1, 1917.

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Boxes and tables may be reserved in advance by telephone—Bryant 9440.

BERLIN REDS MAKE OVERTURES

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

rolls of paper, with barbed wire in front and behind machine guns just left by the retreating Spartacides.

In and around Strassburger Square the streets were broken up and barricades were constructed from blocks of asphalt. Soldiers along the front of these are in a state of extreme nervousness. They continually fire into the air with rifles and pistols if any one appears in the street.

"All around are signs of the damage done by the shells and mines of the Spartacides, houses with great gaps and others with their whole interiors exposed to gaze.

"The Spartacides' artillery is still in action, but the range is short and shells fall into the deserted houses. In some other houses in the district the inhabitants remain and they have bitter experiences to relate of how they have had to stay in cellars day and night. If they ventured out, they found everything stolen. Some of them have had hardly anything to eat for a week.

"In Palisade Street, along which I returned, are lying unexploded mines encircled by barbed wire. Burned out or collapsed houses show that other mines had not failed to explode.

"At the end of one street is a park of heavy mine throwers with a great pile of gigantic projectiles. Every street through which we passed bore evidence of the battle, and the pavements were covered with glass and scraps of masonry. As we neared the centre of the city close to the palace, a strong machine gun fire broke out along the Spree, and there was an atmosphere of oppressive tension.

"The city, too, is beginning to suffer from lack of food, and in some districts this week's rations cannot be obtained."

BERLIN CRIMINALS ACTIVE IN THE REVOLT

Much of Their Fury Aimed at Police—Girl Accused of Causing the Murder of Twenty.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, March 12.—The last Spartacide outbreak in Berlin, according to the latest reports, may be fitly described as a revolt of the underworld. It was chiefly among the criminal classes that the Russian Bolshevist, Radek, had recruited his fighting force, and so minutely had the insurrection been prepared that, in spite of the arrest of Radek and eighty-six Spartacide leaders some weeks before, the remaining communist chiefs were able to execute his plans without difficulty.

The Spartacide forces amounted to about 10,000 men, mostly deserters, Apaches, and escaped convicts, reinforced by sailors of that naval division. Emerging suddenly from the haunts in the cellars and slums of Berlin's east end, this army of criminals directed its attack against the police stations and spent its fury on the policemen, its hereditary foes.

Although the report that 150 policemen were murdered after their capture in the suburb of Lichtenberg by the Spartacides is probably exaggerated, it is certain that many police officials were murdered in cold blood.

Women and young girls took a prominent part in the fighting, carrying ammunition and food to their male protectors, and distinguished themselves particularly by cruelty against prisoners, one girl of 18, who was captured by Government troops, was accused by an eyewitness of personally causing the assassination of twenty soldiers and policemen.

The damage done in Berlin by artillery fire and air bombs is estimated by the Frankfurter Nachrichten at $150,000,000. More than 300 houses were badly damaged and about eighty completely wrecked.

An attempt was made by the Spartacides to storm the Moabit prison in order to liberate Radek, who was supposed to be a prisoner there, but the military guard repelled the attack. The general opinion in Berlin is that the criminal elements, to whom the Government forces gave no quarter, have received a terrible lesson and will not repeat their experiment soon.

WANT ALLIED TROOPS TO CONTROL RELIEF

Fears That German Reactionaries or Bolsheviki Will Get a Grip on Supplies.

By JULIAN GRANDE.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, March 12.—Telegraphic and postal communications with Germany are now strictly censored, consequently no impartial news is obtainable by these means, but I continue to receive indirect news independently.

The condition of Germany is steadily becoming graver and the Government is powerless to cope with the conditions. Two parties are trying to get the mastery. One is the former Kaiser's party, which includes the junkers and the militarists, while the other is the Spartacide-Bolshevist group. All who refuse to be reactionary or Bolshevist are helpless.

Should the Allies decide to raise the blockade and allow foodstuffs to enter Germany, it is held to be essential that the foodstuffs be controlled and distributed by them. If food enters Germany without being under the Allies' control, either the military party or the Spartacide Bolsheviki are likely to get control of it, and whichever does so will be master of the situation.

My confidential non-German correspondent insists that when food reaches Berlin or Hamburg it must be accompanied by adequate contingents of British and American troops. Ten thousand British and American soldiers, it is estimated, would suffice to control the food distribution and maintain order in Berlin, and about 5,000 naval men would be sufficient for Hamburg.

American and British troops who are obliged to continue mobilized after they had hoped to be demobilized, it is urged, should realize that by adopting this course they will save Germany, and with Germany probably the whole Continent, from Bolshevism, which I cannot too strongly insist is a graver danger than Americans generally realize.

Professor Nicolai, whose book, "The Biology of War," was first made known in America through THE NEW YORK TIMES and is now published by the Century Company, and who was imprisoned by the Kaiser's Government because he protested against the violation of Belgian neutrality, has just arrived in Berne on the way to Serbia, where he will be a member of a medical commission to investigate certain devastating diseases. He is the only German physician on the commission. In an interview he told me that the disturbed condition of Germany was not so much due to the undeniable food scarcity or to unemployment as to the disappointment caused by the working classes having been formerly told that once the Socialists were in power everything would go well for them—high wages, little work, and, in short, the millennium.

Now the Socialists are in power, and nothing of the sort has occurred. Consequently the working classes are highly disgusted.

Nicolai particularly insisted that the Allies should supply Germany with food and raw materials and should also send troops there to insure proper distribution.

No one is more keenly alive to the dangers of Bolshevism than Nicolai, who considers it no less a danger for Germany than was militarism. He was greatly annoyed by the unscrupulousness of the Russian Bolsheviki, who without his knowledge or consent elected him a citizen of the Russian Bolshevist Republic and announced this to the world, whereas Nicolai considers the Russian Republic as a murderers' republic. Apparently the Bolsheviki are playing this trick on other public and well-known men, hence their statements about who has joined their republic and who sympathizes with them must be received with extreme caution.

At the time of cabling Berlin is under martial law.

WOMEN ENCOURAGE REDS IN BERLIN WAR

Seek Refuge When the Shooting Begins, But Share Gains from Loot.

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BERLIN, March 11.—I went early this morning to the neighborhood of Alexanderplatz, the storm centre of the last few days. The revolution had abated, but I wanted to hear the echoes.

Government soldiers on guard near the palace and the cathedral had erected barbed wire barriers across the streets leading to the bridges and they declined to let me pass. They said that firing continued in the Platz and that the atmosphere was very bad even for Germans, let alone Americans.

But, guided by a fat interpreter, I made my way around by the telegraph station to the north, until I reached Prenzlauerstrasse, which runs into Alexanderplatz. We advanced cautiously down the street, as no Government troops were in sight and firing continued on the housetops, but only now and then.

The street was deserted, but the people were standing in hallways and doorways, keeping close to the building walls. It was only a little after 8 o'clock, and revolutionaries were still lurking around.

A vicious crackling of rifles ahead of us drove us into a hallway for refuge. It was not a good refuge, for in it were two sailors, white faced, red eyed, haggard, dirty, and with rifles. They had with them their women friends.

The sailors have been ringleaders in most of the recent revolution, and they are the most unconcerned, unemotional daredevils I ever saw. They always have their women friends with them.

During the fighting the girls stand in nearby hallways or edge along the buildings, following the progress of their warriors. I saw one in Alexanderplatz the other day taking shelter behind a telegraph post. She would light a cigarette, jump out, run to her sailor boy, put the cigarette between his lips while he continued firing his rifle and then run back to the telegraph pole.

The two sailors we encountered had evidently been on the roof top all night plugging at the Government troops. They had descended and were looking for a chance to drop their rifles and become innocent bystanders and take their women friends to a restaurant for a simple breakfast.

The only trouble was that they had no money to pay for the breakfast, and if they appeared on the street in pursuit of funds Government soldiers were liable to shoot them on sight.

One of the sailors said he had some souvenirs of the battle which I might wish to purchase. From a bundle he carried on his shoulder he produced six new corsets, many spools of thread, and yards of ribbon, which he said represented a present he had received from his father, who was a blacksmith.

I had noticed several looted dry goods stores in the neighborhood and had a shrewd suspicion where the corsets came from, but was too well bred to inquire, especially as the sailors had rifles and looked real tough. Without any haggling I bought two corsets, one size 21 for myself and one size 42 for my fat interpreter. I must say that mine was the best looking corset I ever purchased for 10 marks.

The sailors were grateful. To prove their gratitude they talked of trying a few shots down the street at Government troops just to show me how they could attract the fire of the enemy and produce some excitement for my benefit. For a consideration of 10 marks more they promised not to start anything until we got around the corner.

Holding a vision of being found dead in Berlin with a corset in my dying clutch, I hurried away from that place, dropping the corsets in an ashbox so that Government soldiers would not shoot us for looting.

We walked for blocks through the Alexanderplatz neighborhood. Much plate glass had been broken, everywhere windows had been shot out and walls showed gaping holes from the artillery fire.

We tried to get into the morgue near the Alexanderplatz, where 150 victims of the revolution were lying, but the guards stopped us. Returning to the central morgue, I found eighty-nine bodies of the unidentified, mostly revolutionists, but several old persons, and one woman.

A big crowd was there this morning, but there was no crying or wailing, men walked through the morgue smoking, the women talking volubly. The only emotion I saw was that manifested by a woman in a leopard-skin coat. The coat was right in front of me. It was new and most probably had been looted from a store several nights ago.

The girl of the leopard skin was disheveled and her morning toilet consisted of bright red rouge on her cheeks—rouge through which the tears had marked a pathway. Her dress shoes were old and shabby, in startling contrast to the brilliancy of her coat.

She was trembling as she entered the morgue, and as she passed down the aisles of dead she seemed to dread to look at each white face on the slabs. I was looking at a dead sailor with a handsome, wicked face who was lying inside one of the glass cases when I heard a sigh. Looking around, I saw the leopard skin coat in a crumpled little heap on the floor just in front of the dead sailor. The girl had found her man.

LAY OUTBREAKS TO HUNGER.

Reports to Washington Also Say Berlin Bloodshed Is Magnified.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Strike outbreaks in Berlin have been due, primarily, to lack of food and not to communist or Bolshevist propaganda, according to advices to the State Department today from Copenhagen, reporting conditions in Germany as witnessed by an official.

Published reports as to the bloodshed in Berlin, according to these advices, have been greatly exaggerated.

REDS REVOLT AT HAMBURG.

20,000 Strike in Silesia—Martial Law in West Prussia.

LONDON, March 12.—Riots have taken place in various German towns outside of Berlin, and a Spartacide revolt has broken out in Hamburg, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen. The riots are said to have resulted from a general strike, supported by the Spartacides.

The Frankfort General Anzeiger reports a general strike in the mining district of Beuthen, Silesia, it being said that 20,000 workmen are idle there. Another report from Beuthen states that Spartacide bands attacked a military post and seized a number of rifles, and that another similar attack was repulsed with hand grenades.

A telegram from Graudenz says that martial law has been proclaimed in the Briesen, Kulm, Thorn, and Strassburg districts of West Prussia, owing to an advance of Spartacide forces in that region.

MUST FEED GERMANY NOW, SAYS LANSING

Tells Paris Banqueters That This Is No Time to Take Vengeance.

REAL WORLD CRISIS HERE,

And the Fires of Disorder and Anarchy Must Be Checked at Any Cost.

PARIS, Tuesday, March 11.—"We have reached a crisis in the affairs of the world," said Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, at a banquet given tonight by the Interallied Press Club in honor of the American Peace Commissioners. Mr. Lansing was emphatic in his statement that the Allies must feed Germany and give the Germans opportunity to sell their products in the foreign markets if the spread of Bolshevism was to be avoided. Mr. Lansing said:

"It is always a privilege for an American who knows the history of his country to be present on such an occasion as this, where the mutual friendship of France and the United States—a traditional friendship nearly a century and a half old—finds expression in words and a response in our hearts.

"In the infancy of our republic across the seas the sympathy and aid of France gave the support which was needed to make individual liberty the supreme ruler of the destinies of the new-born nation. From that time forward liberty has been, and still is, the most sacred and most compelling impulse in political life in America. Our policies at home and abroad have been molded to that principle. No American statesman has dared to depart from it or to seek to lessen its influence over American thought. Today we Americans are as earnest and intense in our devotion to human liberty as were our forebears in days when the grenadiers of France, shoulder to shoulder with the sturdy countrymen of Washington, fought for the great principle which is the corner-stone of our republic.

"It was when the people of the United States came to a full realization that the liberty for which they had fought and to which they owed their power and prosperity was in danger; when they realized that France and the great democracies of Europe were imperiled from the attack of an ambitious autocracy, that the nation with unsurpassed unanimity took up the sword with a firm determination to do its part in freeing liberty and the world from autocracy.

The Price Paid by Germany.

"A mighty victory has been won. The imperial armies of the Central Powers have ceased to threaten. They no longer exist. Scattered and broken, they have returned to their homes, where hunger and privation await them—hunger and privation which are the consequences of their own blind faith in evil men who led them into this unrighteous war.

"Germany has suffered bitterly, is suffering bitterly, and Germany is entitled to suffer for what she has done. She has paid a fearful penalty for the crime of plunging the world into four years of blood and fire. Today, starvation and want are the portion of the German people. Violence and murder stalk through the streets of their great cities. Political institutions, industrial enterprise, and the very structure of society are tottering. It is the price of their own evil doing, the just retribution of their crimes.

"We may be disposed to pity those innocent among the Germans, but our pity is almost dried up when we consider what France and other nations have had to suffer from the invading armies of the Teutons. Ten days after I landed in France, in December, I made it my business to visit the battlefields of the Marne, the Aisne, and the Champagne. I saw the ruins of Château-Thierry and Fismes; I saw the stately and historic cathedral of Rheims, a monument to the ferocity of the Germans; I saw the scarred and upturned fields of Champagne and deserted places where once had been thriving, happy villages; I saw hamlets along the Marne whose crumbling walls bore witness to the frightfulness of war. No man could see what I saw in those days without bearing a burning indignation against those responsible for such ruin and destruction, without an intense and undying hatred for war.

"My friends, France has endured unspeakable woes with a fortitude and determination which excite the admiration and wonder of the world. I cannot pick words to express the praise I would give to the French armies and their great Generals, to the French people and their great leaders who lived through those black days of horror, when stoutest hearts might well have despaired. What greater pride can a man feel than he who is able to say 'I was in the trenches at Verdun, I fought at the Somme.' To these splendid troops who struggled month after month and year after year, without flinching and with high courage, France and the world owe a debt of gratitude which the eternal memory of man only can repay.

"And now that the great conflict is ended and the mighty war engine of Prussia is crushed, we have new problems to solve, new dangers to overcome. East of the Rhine there are famine and idleness, want and misery. Political chaos and outlawry have supplanted the highly organized government of Imperial Germany. Social order is breaking down under the difficulties of defeat and the hopelessness of the future. Like the anarchy which for years made an inferno of Russia, the fires of terrorism are ablaze in the States of Germany. Over the ruins of this once great empire the flames are sweeping westward. It is no time to allow sentiments of vengeance and hatred to stand in the way of checking this conflagration, which will soon be at the German borders and threatening other lands. We must change the conditions on which social unrest feeds, and strive to restore Germany to a normal, though it be a weakened, social order.

"Two words tell the story—food and peace. To make Germany capable of resisting anarchy and the hideous despotism of the Red Terror, Germany must be allowed to purchase food, and to earn that food industrial conditions must be restored by a treaty of peace. It is not out of pity for the German people that this must be done, and done without delay, but because we, the victors in this war, will be the chief sufferers if it is not done.

"You may demand reparation as much as you please, but unless the German people are furnished materials for their industries and commercial opportunities to sell the products of labor in the foreign markets, and unless the laborers have food, Germany can never pay, even in part, for the evil she has done. Furthermore, if the present state of chaos continues and political power continues to grow weaker there will be no responsible German Government with which to make peace; there will be no Government strong enough to carry out the conditions of the treaty of peace.

"I say to you, men of France and men of America, and to you, men of the allied powers, that there is no time to be lost if we are to save the world from the despotism of anarchy, even as we have saved it from the despotism of autocracy. We ought to make, we must make, peace without delay, and ships laden with food must enter the harbors of Germany. We have reached a crisis in the affairs of the world. We must meet it without passion and without permitting our judgment to be warped by a natural and unavoidable desire for vengeance on a nation which has committed such atrocities as those the Germans have committed.

"There cannot be any doubt in the minds of thinking men as to the danger that faces the nations. We are victorious, and yet victory on the battlefield is not all. We must use our victory wisely or we will lose even more than we have gained. It is no time to permit selfishness to control our actions or to permit an immediate advantage to blind our eyes to the greater good which lies in the future. It is not a spirit of generosity which demands peace and which cries out that the Germans must be fed. It is common sense that demands it, and that points out the perils before us if we do not listen to the voice of reason.

"France showed her greatness of soul in the dark hours of adversity, and we of America, who give her unstinted praise, trust her to show the same spirit in these days of triumph. It is true philosophy which teaches a man or a nation to bear success as well as defeat. Together France, America, and the powers associated with them in this great war must go forward to the completion of the task which they set out to perform to make the world safe for democracy.

"And one last word, a word of affection for France, our ancient ally; a word of admiration for her great chiefs who have led her onward through the dark valley of death to the shining heights of victory; a word of reverence for the sacrificial spirit of the people of France which never faltered or failed, but burned with undying patriotism in darkest hours. The valor and glory of France and her children are written in letters of eternal light across the heavens where there dawns a new era and a new hope for humanity."

KOREANS DECLARE FOR INDEPENDENCE

Thousands Who Engage in Demonstration Are Arrested by the Japanese.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, March 12.—Information has reached here that the Korean independence demonstrations were more general than has been officially admitted. Japanese of all classes in every part of the country came within the scope of the movement.

The Japanese expected trouble to occur on March 3 on the occasion of the funeral of Prince Yi and called a large number of gendarmerie from the outlying stations into Seoul. The Korean Nationalists, knowing this, staged their independence day for March 1, when every town and village in the country had its own parade and demonstration in favor of Korean independence.

The Japanese were unprepared. However, their authority regained its equilibrium and struck hard and quickly, thousands of demonstrators being arrested, though the Japanese reports speak of hundreds. The gendarmes arrested a number of students of the Ping-Yang Presbyterian Theological School, who were not connected with the movement, stripped them, and tied them to rough, wooden crosses, exclaiming that as their Father had borne the cross they, too, should have the privilege of bearing it.

At present the Japanese seem to have the Korean independence movement under control, but underneath the surface the whole country is seething. The Korean nation will accept only one solution. It is hoped that Japan, at the Paris conference, will offer Korea independence subject to Japan's advisory control until such time as the League of Nations deems the Koreans fit for absolute self-government.

SEOUL, March 12, (Associated Press.)—The declaration of Korea's independence says that it represents the voice of 20,000,000 persons, speaking in the name of justice and humanity.

"We are no mean people," the declaration continues. "We have forty-three centuries of history as a distinct self-governing nation. It is our solemn duty to secure the right of free and perpetual development of our own national character, adapting ourselves to the principles of the reconstruction of the world."

The declaration continues that it is the duty of Koreans to obtain their independence, to wipe out injuries, get rid of our present sufferings and "stir up the national spirit and vitality, so long suppressed by the unjust régime of Japan, and leave our children eternal freedom instead of bitter and shameful inheritance. We shall fight to the last drop of blood in the great cause of liberty."

It is asserted that there is no intention on the part of the Koreans to avenge themselves against Japan, that their only desire is to right the wrongs done not by the Japanese nation but by the few of her statesmen, led by the old aggressive policy.

VANCOUVER CLUB MEN THREATEN POINDEXTER

Warn Senator Opposition to the League of Nations Will Alienate Political Support.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington has been told in a letter which he has just received from the Vancouver Commercial Club that unless he ceases his activities "in opposition to the formation of a League of Nations and the entrance of the United States into it," he "need not expect any further political support from this community."

The letter is signed by F. N. Liremore, Secretary of the club, and was written to inform Senator Poindexter that the club, at a meeting held Feb. 12, had adopted resolutions advocating the establishment of a League of Nations, believing "that such a League should aim at promoting the liberty, progress, and orderly development of the world" and also favoring "the entrance of the United States into such a league as may be adequate to safeguard that peace that has been won by the forces of the United States."

Senator Poindexter, in a reply addressed to W. S. Browley, the club's President, challenges its right to control the political support given by the community of Vancouver.

Senator Poindexter's letter, written under date of March 11, reads in part:

"Please advise me when the Vancouver Commercial Club was vested by the Vancouver community with the control of its political support. My own information is that it is exceedingly doubtful whether those who assume this arrogant attitude in the name of the Vancouver Commercial Club could control a majority of the votes of the club itself, to say nothing of the votes of the entire community which you were undertaking to withhold or grant. It seems to be quite typical of some minds to assume quite an arrogant and tyrannical attitude on any public question.

STOP ROSENWASSER TRIAL.

Judge Orders Jury to Return Verdict of "Not Guilty."

After a trial which lasted three weeks, Judge Edwin L. Garvin, in the United States District Court, Brooklyn, yesterday ordered that the case against Rosenwasser Brothers, manufacturers, and thirteen other defendants, charged with conspiring to defraud the Government, be dismissed.

In honorably discharging all of the accused, the Court said that no evidence of a conspiracy had been presented, and that in fairness to the defendants the trial should not progress further, the jury being directed to return a verdict of not guilty.

ARABS' ASPIRATIONS MENACE ASIA MINOR

Recent Riots and Massacres of Christians in Armenia and Mesopotamia.

FRENCH DISTRUST HEDJAZ

Urge Peril of the Pan Arabian Movement as Argument for an American Protectorate.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 11.—Uprisings within the last ten days in Asia Minor, the details of which have been suppressed, are cited by the French as an additional reason why the United States should accept a mandate to supervise Armenia, as the only assurance of security and orderly development in that part of the world. In the course of an anti-foreign movement in villages in the Euphrates Valley there has been serious rioting by Arabs, in which several Europeans were killed. The disturbances were quickly suppressed by British and French troops, but broke out again further west at Tiep, where the Armenians were the chief victims.

A Christian orphan asylum and several other buildings were wrecked. Again the troops checked the Arab rioters, but a third and the most serious outbreak came at Adana, which is within the territory tentatively outlined as the new Armenian State, for which America may have a mandate. Here Arab public criers went through the streets formally calling for a massacre. Fifty Armenians were killed and several hundred wounded before European troops dispersed the Arabs and arrested the leaders of the massacre.

So much for the incidents of the last ten days. The significance of them is this: There is a Pan-Arabian movement under way in which the Arabs are now playing the old rôle of the Turks in terrorizing and persecuting the other races of Asia Minor. There is little difference, so far as European opinion is concerned, whether the massacre movements are inspired from Constantinople on the north or from Hedjaz in the south. The point is that no one of the native peoples in any part of Asia Minor can be safely trusted to dominate the whole region.

The mildest-looking delegate in the Paris Peace Conference is Emir Faisal, the Arabian Crown Prince, with his always smiling eyes, his gorgeous turban, and his priestlike robe and beard. But he represents a people which has been fired by a tremendous ambition to rule over all Asia Minor.

The mere news from Paris that Arabia was to be made an independent State, and that Turkey would be shorn of her old power and much territory, was sufficient to inspire the Arabs to start their Pan-Arabian movement. In January it was necessary for the Council of Ten to warn them against aggression against their neighbors and against taking territory before the Paris Conference had fixed their boundaries. But the warnings were unheeded, and the massacres which began this month are part of the same movement.

On March 4 I cabled the text of a letter of Emir Faisal to Felix Frankfurter, saying that the Arabs welcomed the Jews to Palestine. When I mentioned that letter today to a member of the French Foreign Office, who had told me of the massacres at Aleppo and Adana, he laughed at it.

"No matter what Faisal may write in Paris to the American Zionists," he said, "neither the Jews in Palestine nor the Armenians in Armenia, nor the Turks in their own restricted territory will be safe if the Arabs are allowed to remain as the dominant people of Asia Minor, with their new ambition, unless America or a European nation is there also with a mandate to keep order. The Arabs have already adopted the method of the Young Turks, with both its merits and its atrocities. If left unchecked they will be as bad as the Turks have been."

WANTS AN ARMENIAN INQUIRY

Tewfik Pasha Asserts That Atrocities Were Not Confined to Turks.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, March 10.—Tewfik Pasha, until recently Grand Vizier of Turkey, has given an interview to the Giornale d' Italia, in which he says:

"I have asked for the constitution of an international commission to ascertain the facts about the Armenian massacre. In this way Europe will begin to know the truth. We not only do not deny the painful fact of the occurrences in Armenia, but deplore them deeply. We are now trying those responsible for them. At the same time, I wish that the facts be known in their true light."

Tewfik says that ever since 1876 Russia has done her utmost to breed ill-feeling between the Armenians and their Mussulman compatriots. This, he says, is a historical fact, as demonstrated by the publication of the secret Russian archives by the revolutionists in Petrograd. He asserts that Armenian committees organized a general uprising, instigated by Russian agents, the moment the war broke out.

"The Ottoman army," says Tewfik, "attacked in front by the armies of the Czar, saw itself also attacked in the rear by the Armenian bands. Consequently, the Supreme Command ordered the deportations. Unfortunately this order was executed under bad conditions. Crimes were here committed by both sides. The Mussulman criminals have been arrested and will be punished, as public opinion in Turkey demands, with the extreme rigor of the law. I demand, however, that the heads of the Armenian bands, who were guilty of all kinds of crimes and destruction among the Mussulman population of a million souls, shall also be judged and punished. Justice must make no difference between Christians and Mussulmans. It must be the same for all."

PRODUCE ALBERT'S CHECK.

Payment to Truth Society Figures in O'Leary Trial.

During the trial yesterday of Jeremiah A. O'Leary, on an indictment charging him with violation of the Espionage act, Federal Judge A. N. Hand permitted the Government to introduce further evidence to support its case. One of the witnesses was Louis J. Grumbach, cashier of the banking house of Speyer & Co. He identified a letter written to the bankers by Heinrich F. Albert, the German agent, on April 20, 1915. In the letter was a check for $3,000 which Dr. Albert asked should be deposited to his credit, and that a cashier's check be drawn against the amount and sent to Gustave Dopslaff, Treasurer of the American Truth Society.

It developed that the check, while drawn to the order of Dopslaff, had been sent to Dr. Albert. That it later reached Dopslaff, however, was shown by his indorsement. The introduction of this testimony was bitterly fought by O'Leary and his counsel, but they were overruled. Judge Hand instructed the jury that the check did not bear upon its face any indication of its source other than that it had been drawn by the cashier of the bankers.

WE MUST STAND BY, VANDERLIP ASSERTS

America Cannot Escape Share in Averting World Disaster, Banker Emphasizes.

Distributed by the Committee on Public Information.

PARIS, March 12.—"I doubt if America has begun to comprehend the seriousness of the appalling situation which confronts Europe, and the wreck which the whole fabric of civilization may be facing," said Frank A. Vanderlip today. He has been investigating conditions in England and France and will continue his inquiries in Switzerland and Italy.

"America was once told there might be peace without victory," he said. "What we have is victory without peace. Production has ceased, and unless production can be speedily resumed one's imagination cannot comprehend the chaos which may ensue.

"Unless terms of peace can be speedily agreed upon and unless these terms are such as will permit the resumption of something approaching normal industrial life, there is not merely a chance, there is a strong probability, of Russian Bolshevism overrunning Germany. What Bolshevism is can never be really pictured by a normal mind. No description of it has been overdrawn. One may say that the temperament and psychology of Germany is not such as to lead that country to Bolshevism. Hunger can lead any country to Bolshevism, and hunger is what Central Europe is facing.

"Whatever is being done in the way of alleviating conditions of starvation is necessary, but that is merely alleviation. It does not get at the root of the thing. That root runs down into the ground of production.

"The first essential step is fixing the terms of peace. The danger from delay cannot be overestimated.

"One might speak of the seriousness of the financial situation in several European countries. It is serious beyond anything we have understood in America. Germany is paying a daily subvention to 1,000,000 men. France has issued 33,000,000,000 francs of paper money, the limit of the latest law having been reached. An addition of 3,000,000,000 francs will be authorized.

"What can America do? There is certainly one thing it cannot do and that is to withdraw itself, to rest in the belief that this chaos is remote and that America can avoid playing her part in international responsibility. We must think in international terms as we never thought before.

"For example, criticisms of the actions of Governments here in excluding our exports show lack of understanding of the financial position of these countries. They have sustained exchanges because they could borrow from our Government. When that ability to borrow ends, these countries will be confronted by extreme difficulty in regard to their exchanges. They must avoid every importation that it is possible for them to prohibit, in order to keep down the demand for exchange to pay for importations of food and raw materials."

POLAND IMPROVES WITH FOOD RELIEF

Discontent Decreases and Government Grows Stronger with This Proof of Allied Support.

PARIS, March 12, (Associated Press.)—The food relief of Poland is proceeding smoothly, according to Herbert Hoover today, in spite of the fact that the risk is too great to send transatlantic steamers all the way to Danzig owing to the Baltic not being free of mines. A large proportion of the food is being discharged at Rotterdam and Copenhagen, and is then transshipped in smaller craft to Danzig, where the Germans, who are in control from Danzig to the Polish frontier, are carrying on the transportation efficiently. Food is being supplied to the German workmen and to the people of Danzig as an inducement to maintain their effort.

Discontent is decreasing with the spread of relief, and the Polish Government is growing stronger under this evidence of allied support.

Special efforts are being made to feed debilitated children. Condensed milk and other foods for the young are being hurried into the country.

RUSSIAN GRAND DUKE REBUFFED IN PARIS

Alexander Michaelovitch Fears Years of Chaos Unless Allies Intervene Now.

PARIS, March 12.—Former Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovich, who arrived in Paris recently from the Crimea, told The Associated Press today that unless armed allied intervention in Russia began at once, the situation there would become so hopelessly desperate that it would take years, perhaps decades, to restore a semblance of order and bring about peace in eastern Europe.

The former Grand Duke, who is a brother-in-law of the former Emperor, said:

"I do not ask the Allies to fight for us. We merely ask them to keep order in the territories wrested from Bolshevism by the Governments already fighting the Soviet.

"I came here in January in an attempt to help my country as a private citizen acquainted with conditions in Russia. I thought I would find justice and sympathy at the Peace Conference, but I have been disappointed, as I found only personal intrigues, party politics, and national egotism visible.

"I requested President Wilson to receive me, but he replied through his secretary that he was too busy with Peace Conference matters. What matter can be more momentous to the Peace Conference than the Russian problem? I asked to be allowed to go to England, but was refused a passport, yet they received Kerensky. I dare not request permission to visit America, not wishing to invite a rebuff."

FAST TRIP FOR SEAPLANES.

Two Navy Flying Boats Make 300 Miles in 270 Minutes.

Two of the navy's flying boats of the F-5-L type, one of them carrying six men and the other five, flew yesterday from Hampton Roads, Va., to the naval station at Rockaway, a distance of 300 miles, in exactly 270 minutes. This feat, according to Lieutenant W. L. Richardson, in charge of the flight, established a new record for aircraft of this type.

"The flight, besides making a new flight record, also demonstrated the practicability of the airplane for transatlantic flights, coast patrol, and passenger and freight transportation," Lieutenant Richardson said.

The two seaplanes left Hampton Roads at 10 A. M. and landed four and a half hours later at Rockaway. The first boat was piloted by Ensign R. Southers, who carried with him, in addition to Lieutenant Richardson, three enlisted men as passengers. Ensign Irvine piloted the second plane, which carried five navy men. Both boats carried heavy photographic equipment. Motion and still pictures taken en route will be shown today at the Aeronautic Exposition in Madison Square Garden.

FOOD RELIEF URGENT IN NORTH RUSSIA

Crops Ruined by Frost and People Have Already Eaten Ration Fixed for June.

SUFFERING ALONG COAST

Supplies Needed in Siberia for 300,000 Returned Russian and 200,000 Enemy Prisoners.

ARCHANGEL, March 11, (Associated Press.)—The food situation in northern Russia is causing some concern. In the district between Archangel and Onega, where a heavy frost late last Summer killed even the Arctic Summer berries, the people have already eaten the ration fixed for next June.

American army surgeons have analyzed the civilian ration for the entire population in the North Russia district and found that it contains only 1,156 calories daily. A man doing no work needs 1,770, and soldiers receive at least 3,500 calories daily. The civilian ration, according to surgeons, may be sufficient to sustain life through the Winter, but the people will be drawing on their reserve strength, exposing themselves to danger from disease.

Citizens of Archangel are receiving larger rations than people in country districts, as it had been calculated that in the country the crops would supplement the rations provided, but the frost intervened.

The desperate need for foodstuffs in the regions far north along the Arctic shores was brought sharply to the attention of the Allied Food Committee when delegates from Pechora and Mezeme arrived by reindeer teams and camped at the doors of the committee, urging assistance. They brought samples of the bread that they were forced to eat. It was made of a small quantity of white flour mixed with ground-up dried fish. Other samples which were shown were made from immature frost-bitten rye grain, and a third was composed of a small quantity of white flour mixed with reindeer moss. A small quantity of rye flour mixed with chopped coarse straw was the basis of a fourth sample.

Last Fall a ship with a big consignment of food was ready to be dispatched to the patriotic peoples of these districts, but at that time the Bolsheviki raided the country far to the north and the ship was not sent out of Archangel. Later attempts to reach the far north failed because the ships could not pass through the ice. Horses at present cannot carry sufficient food for themselves, not to speak of supplies, over nearly 550 miles of country between Archangel and the regions calling for relief. The only hope of sending food to these people is by means of a big ice-breaker loaded with provisions.

The Government of Northern Russia has decreed that until there is a permanent settlement of the land question all Government lands within its jurisdiction will be turned over to the Zemstvos. In the Archangel Government more than half the land was crown property under the imperial régime.

VLADIVOSTOK, March 4, (via Montreal.)—The desperate condition of enemy prisoners and returned Russian prisoners in Siberia is occupying the attention of the British and Canadian authorities. Proposals are under consideration by which the Canadian Red Cross would assume charge of the situation.

Five carloads of supplies already have been shipped for the prisoners, but immense shipments will be necessary to relieve 200,000 enemy prisoners and 300,000 returned Russians.

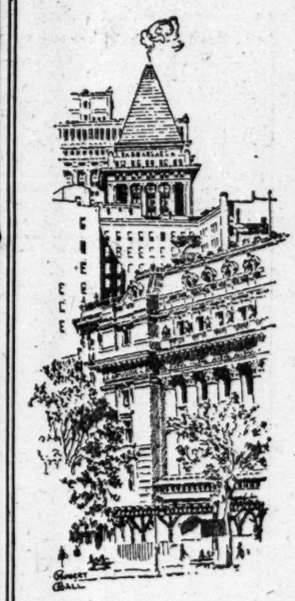
The British Red Cross unit in Siberia has been demobilized and the Canadians are carrying on the work.

Ussuri Cossacks Recognize Kolchak.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Ussuri Cossacks in assembly have voted for a recognition of the Kolchak Siberian Government at Omsk and have come to an agreement with General Semenoff, according to advices to the State Department today from Irkutsk.

Ex-Austrian Emperor Again Ill.

GENEVA, March 12, (Associated Press.)—The former Austrian Emperor, Charles, is again seriously ill from a nervous breakdown, according to advices from Innsbruck. His wife, Zita, is employing every means to leave Austria for the Riviera, but has been unable to obtain French passports. She also is said be in bad health.



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No material? Where's your vision, Man?—it's lying all about you.

Make your next rung "Thrift" and—climb!

Don't look down; look up! Shape and place the next rung "Sensible Spending"—and the next, "Sensible Saving"—and

Keep on shaping them—keep on building—buy War Savings Stamps and—climb, climb, climb!

GOVERNMENT LOAN ORGANIZATION
Second Federal Reserve District
War Savings Committee, 120 Broadway, New York

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Prices lower than elsewhere, because of our large manufacturing facilities.

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As large a selection of stylish clothes as offered elsewhere for normal wear.

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Dresses,	17.95 to	97.50
Mandarins,	4.95 to	19.85
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Lane Bryant
21 W. 38th St., New York

OFFICIAL
27th N. Y. Division, U. S. A.
Insignia, Welcome Home Badge and Banner.
(ACCEPT NO OTHER)

Insignia woven, NOT stamped or embroidered.
As authorized and approved by Major Gen'l John F. O'Ryan, Commanding.
ADVANCE DETACHMENT
HEADQUARTERS 27TH DIVISION
NEW YORK CITY
February 22nd, 1919.
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
The Division Insignia "Welcome Home" badge and banner handled and distributed by 1st Lieut. L. Roberts Walton is the only official and authorized insignia of the 27th New York Division.
Any assistance or courtesies extended to 1st Lieut. L. R. Walton in the matter of disposal and distribution of same by the New York State Guard will be greatly appreciated by the undersigned.
(Signed) J. Leslie Kincaid,
Lieut. Col. Judge Advocate.
Banners 75c. Arm Insignia 25c. Welcome Home Badge 15c. each.
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MILLIONS INVOLVED IN SURTAX DECISION

Estimated Corporations Paid $300,000,000 to Shareholders in First Sixty Days of 1918.

LEGAL ACTION IS EXPECTED

Corporations to Pay Up to 80 Per Cent. on Red Cross Donations, Though Led to Expect Exemption Which Bill Did Not Provide.

Calculations based upon the estimated amount of interest and dividends received by investors during the first sixty days of 1918 which in reality accrued in 1917 and represent part of the income of that year disclose the huge cost to taxpayers of the ruling by the Bureau of Internal Revenue that cash dividends received during this period are to be added to the 1918 income and to be surtaxed at the 1918 rate. This ruling is disputed by many authorities on the income tax, who believe that the courts will not sustain the Treasury Department, but, on the contrary, that the law itself makes such dividends taxable at the 1917 rates.

At the offices of collectors of internal revenue in this city yesterday it was said that much dissatisfaction existed with this ruling and that a legal fight upon it was regarded as inevitable, though the matter had not been taken to the courts. Because of the short time which elapsed between the enactment of the revenue law and the time for filing returns and making the initial payment of tax, it was pointed out, any attempt to test the bureau's ruling in the courts probably would not come until after the returns had been filed and the first payments made.

Payments of dividends and interest by industrial corporations, steam railroads and traction companies during the first sixty days of 1918 approximately $200,000,000—this tabulation being made upon the basis of corporations whose securities are listed on one or another of the various exchanges. Taking into account the thousands of corporations whose stocks are closely held and which are not figured in such tabulations of interest and dividend payments, well informed financiers said yesterday that it was safe to say that a total of $300,000,000 had been paid during the first sixty days of 1918. In 1917 the surtax started at $7,500 incomes while in 1918 it starts at $6,000 incomes, so that whatever portion of this $300,000,000 was distributed among incomes taxable in 1918 and not in 1917 pays a 1918 surtax because of the Government's ruling, whereas in 1917, the year it was earned, it would have escaped surtax. In addition to this, surtax rates on all incomes thus taxed are higher for 1918 than in 1917 so that practically every taxpayer who received a portion of this huge sum pays more tax on it because of the Government's ruling. As an example, a man with an income of $100,000 paid but 22 per cent. in 1917, whereas a man with an income of $100,000 in 1918 must pay 48 per cent. surtax—more than double the amount—the 22 per cent. rate for him being reached at only $48,000.

Precisely what the surtax on this $300,000,000 at 1918 rates instead of 1917 rates means in dollars is not readily computable, though it is evident that since every income surtaxable at all is surtaxed more severely in 1918 than in 1917 the Government gains many millions at the expense of its taxpayers.

Sees Iniquities in Revenue Law.

Commenting upon this and other seeming inequities in the law and its official interpretation, Robert R. Reed, an attorney who has appeared frequently before Congressional Finance Committees in connection with the framing of income tax legislation and who is familiar with the subject from the standpoint of banks and large investors, declared yesterday that relief would not come until persons who suffered made themselves heard at Washington and until legislators familiarized themselves with tax questions.

"The Treasury Department is doing its best with an impossible law," Mr. Reed said. "Its incongruous provisions were called to the attention of the Treasury experts while the bill was in Congress, but apparently they were unable to correct them.

"Section 213 of the law lays down the general rule that item of income shall be included as gross income of the taxable year in which they are received unless under approved accounting methods they 'are to be properly accounted for as of a different period.' This simple and sound provision and the allowance of proper accounting methods, would cover all difficulties of the allocation of income, but for the specific and unsound provision injected into the law as to cash and stock dividends.

"The business and investing public should insist that Congress inform itself on this important subject and deal with it constructively. Outraged taxpayers should send their examples of actual injustice to members of Congress as well as to the personnel of the Treasury Department. These examples do not necessarily appear by the mere figures in the returns.

"One important and frequent instance of injustice is that of the stockholder who has just purchased stock and receives an extraordinary stock or cash dividend. In many cases the dividend is in fact a return of principal. In some cases, where stock has been acquired largely on borrowed money, the entire principal invested is converted into statutory income and taxed at the highest rates as an addition to the taxpayer's actual income. If a man buys 1,000 shares of stock on a $10,000 margin, and within a few weeks receives a $10,000 dividend, cash or stock, this dividend, though a return of principal is taxed as income. The stock, of course 'ex dividend,' is worth $10,000 less. Only if he sells the original stock ex dividend can he escape this tax by taking a deductible loss equivalent to it.

"There are other similar roundabout possibilities of avoiding some of these injustices, but taxpayers should not be compelled to consult lawyers and tax experts on their investments. All of these considerations have been placed before Congress at various times but Congressmen have not apparently heard from their constituents."

Must Pay on Gifts to Red Cross.

Many corporations which have filed returns, it developed yesterday, have awakened within the last few days to the unpleasant fact that the large donations they made to the American Red Cross during the big drive in the Spring of 1918 are not tax-exempt. Though such contributions by individuals or members of partnerships are exempt up to 15 per cent. of the taxpayer's income, no provision similarly exempting corporations was incorporated in the Revenue bill.

Ever since the drive started there has been a distinct impression, not only among corporations, but among Red Cross officials themselves, that these contributions would be required to pay no income tax. It was found even yesterday that numerous officials of the Red Cross and men who had been intimately connected with the campaign among corporations, were quite positive such donations were nontaxable. It was pointed out that the corporations making these gifts for the benefit of our soldiers not only lose additional heavy sums in taxes, but also the profits that might have been made by employing the money in developing their business. Corporations making large earnings must, in some cases, pay as much as 80 per cent. taxes on their gifts to the Red Cross.

The last Red Cross campaign netted approximately $170,000,000, and while exact figures as to how much of that came from corporations were not available last night, it was known that of the $34,000,000 contributed in New York about $12,000,000 came from corporations. If this figure holds good for the entire country, approximately $60,000,000 was contributed by corporations, and upon this great sum the Government is levying taxes ranging all the way to 80 per cent. It was pointed out yesterday that the extreme to which this has been felt is illustrated in the case of a corporation which gave $100,000 to the Red Cross and now has to turn round and hand the Government its check for $80,000 tax on that amount.

Just why relief was not granted in the revenue bill, as was confidently expected at the time of the Red Cross campaign, no one seemed to know yesterday. It was explained, however, that much of the confusion which still exists in the minds of corporation heads who believe the contributions of their organizations are not taxable, resulted from the fact that there was both State and national legislation at the time of the drive to enable corporations to contribute. This legislation did not, as many mistakenly supposed, go so far as to exempt the contributions. This step was left for the time of enactment of the revenue bill and then never was taken.

William H. Edwards, collector for the second district, which includes Wall Street, estimated at the close of business yesterday that $7,000,000 in taxes was paid at his offices in the Custom House during the day, including a single payment of $1,000,000. At nightfall there were many bulging sacks of mail waiting for the emergency force which is working at top speed during the last few days of filing returns and making initial payments. These two steps must be taken not later than the close of business on March 15.

Attention was again called yesterday to the fact that returns or payments enclosed in envelopes postmarked March 15 will escape all penalties, and all persons who could use the mails were urged not to come to the collectors' offices, where there is inevitable congestion.

Mr. Edwards yesterday gave out this list of places downtown where persons may get helpful co-operation from agents of his office, and where they may make check payments: American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway; Association of Stock Exchange Firms, 42 Broadway; Bankers Trust Company, Nassau and Wall; Battery Park Bank, 8 Broadway; Central Trust Company, 54 Wall Street; Chatham and Phoenix National Bank, 149 Broadway; Chemical National Bank, 289 Broadway; Citizens National Bank, 320 Broadway; Coal and Iron Bank, 143 Liberty Street; Columbia Trust Company, 60 Broadway; Federal Reserve Bank, 120 Broadway; Fidelity Trust Company, Chambers Street and West Broadway; W. R. Grace & Co., 7 Hanover Square; Greenwich Bank, 135 William Street; Hearns Department Store, West Fourteenth Street; Irving National Bank, 233 Broadway; Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway; U. S. Mortgage and Trust Co., 55 Cedar Street; Wanamaker's, Eighth Street and Broadway; Irving Trust Company, Market and Gold Streets; National Park Bank, 214 Broadway.

Mr. Edwards said his office would be open Saturday until midnight.

INCOME TAX RULING.

Affects Corporations Whose Fiscal Year Ended In 1918.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Daniel C. Roper, as Commissioner of Internal Revenue, today made public a Treasury income tax decision, approved by Secretary Glass, which is being sent to all internal revenue collectors, dealing with the time of payment where a corporation has filed a return for a fiscal year ending in 1918. The decision follows:

"If a corporation has before Feb. 25, 1919, filed a return for a fiscal year ending in 1918 and paid or become liable for a tax computed under the Revenue act of 1917, and is subject to additional tax for the same period under the Revenue act of 1918, the return covering such additional tax shall be filed at the same time as returns of persons making returns for the calendar year 1918 are due under existing rulings, and payment of such additional tax is due in the same installments and at the same times as in the case of payments based on returns for the calendar year 1918.

"If no part of the tax for such fiscal year was due until after Feb. 24, 1919, the whole amount of tax due, including tax due under the original return and additional tax due under the amended return, will be payable in the same installments and at the same time as in the case of payments based on returns for the calendar year 1918."

Corporation income forms were issued today and shipped to collectors' offices throughout the country. They will be available at collectors' offices within a few days.

Reports that offices of hundreds of revenue collectors were swamped by applicants for information and advice on income tax returns prompted the Internal Revenue Bureau today to suggest that taxpayers prepare returns according to the best of their ability and file supplemental returns later if they find their first report inexact. Refunds can be claimed where due on the basis of these amended returns.

Many revenue collectors' offices have reported that they are physically unable to answer all inquiries before next Saturday night, the final date for filing returns.

MUST PROVE CZAR DEAD.

Judgment of $117,450 Figures In Court Action.

Whether Nicholas Romanoff, one-time Czar of Russia, is dead or alive must be proved by Bernard Naumberg, attorney, of 15 Broad Street, in obtaining $117,450 due the Marine Transportation Service Corporation. If Nicholas is alive the papers must be served in a suit which Mr. Naumberg has begun before Justice Benedict in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, to have a receiver appointed to distribute between the corporation represented by Naumberg and other claimants, $1,000,000 belonging to Nicholas and held in deposit in the National City Bank. If the ex-Czar is dead the papers must be served on his heirs.

In the early part of the war the Marine Transportation Service Corporation transferred to Russia immense amounts of sugar. When it attempted to collect the freight charges Nicholas no longer was Czar. Mr. Naumberg then obtained a judgment against the ex-Czar, who had on deposit in the National City Bank $1,000,000. The bank wouldn't pay the judgment because it was not established that Nicholas was dead.

Mr. Naumberg sought the receivership for the funds so that they could be distributed and he could collect his judgment. Justice Benedict declined to grant the motion, but said he would take it under consideration and look into the case.

"But you must prove to me he is dead," said Justice Benedict, "then his heirs can be served."

Asks Inquiry of Soldier's Death.

An inquiry into the death in France of Sergeant Lawrence J. Whalen of Company F, 165th Infantry, has been asked for by his sister, Mrs. Thomas Counihan of Portland Avenue, Richmond Hill. On Sept. 28 Sergeant Whalen went out with a raiding party of twenty men. He never returned. A letter from Chaplain Frederick Houghton of the 103d Engineers, dated Nov. 30, was received yesterday announcing that the day following the signing of the armistice he found the body of a soldier which could only be identified by a letter found in a pocket as that of Whalen. Apparently the body lay for six weeks undiscovered where it fell.

GOVERNMENT ACTS TO END PORT TIEUP

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

about the harbor tied up or delayed practically all shipping and made a shutdown of the subways one of the possibilities of the future if the strike is long drawn out.

Taking advantage of the breathing spell granted to it when the three-day strike in January was ended on a cablegram from President Wilson, the Interborough Rapid Transit Company filled its bunkers and kept several barges laying alongside its power stations, so it entered upon the present strike with a two weeks' reserve supply of coal. Several thousand tons have been received since the strike begun in boats manned by non-union men, but in spite of this the coal reserve had been eaten into yesterday until it dropped below the legal margin of safety of a seven days' supply in reserve.

The Public Service Commission was notified, as required by law, that there was less than a week's supply on hand. Such notification is called for by a resolution of the Public Service Commission, which was adopted in the Summer of 1917, when a subway tieup occurred because the Interborough had let its supply run down to a reserve of a few hours, which was wiped out when barges failed to arrive.

Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney said yesterday that the situation was not alarming, and that the Public Service Commission had made no appeal as yet to the Government for help. At the offices of the Interborough it was stated that there was no cause for alarm, and that if any danger of a tieup existed it was very remote. It was stated that coal was being received in fair quantities, and that more coal would be obtained in spite of the strike, but officials of the company refused to discuss their coaling operations for fear of giving information which might enable the strikers to embarrass them. It was reported that the strikers had made an appeal to Admiral Usher of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, who rendered assistance to the city at the time of the subway tieup in 1917, but that Admiral Usher had promised nothing except to refer the request for help to the Navy Department at Washington.

Vice President William A. Maher of the Marine Affiliation said yesterday:

"If there is danger of a shut-down of the subways the situation can be met by the Government in a simple manner by commandeering the idle harbor craft and operating it on the basis on which the Railroad Administration is now operating its boats. The stumbling blocks are all being thrown in the way by the boat-owners. We made an agreement, for instance, yesterday, to supply crews on more boats for the Railroad Administration. The Railroad Administration sought to charter these boats from the boat-owners without crews. In spite of the fact that they have large numbers of idle boats, Marine Superintendent W. B. Pollock of the Railroad Administration just notified me that the private boat-owners had flatly refused to charter any of their boats to the Railroad Administration. Because of this attitude of the private boat-owners, we are going to take some drastic measures tomorrow."

Mr. Maher refused to specify the proposed measures. When asked if the Affiliation would consent to the commandeering by the Government of a few boats for special purposes, such as coaling up the subways, street railways, and other public utilities, he replied that it would require a session of the Strike Committee to decide if the strikers would agree to partial commandeering or would oppose any action by the Government except the seizure and operation of all shipping tied up by the strike.

The effect of the strike on coastwise and transatlantic commerce continued to grow more serious yesterday. The Niagara of the French line, which was to have sailed five days ago, was not able to get away yesterday and may sail sometime today. The Chicago of the French Line, which was to have sailed this coming Saturday, will not be away before Monday at the latest. The Cunarder Coronia sailed yesterday after five days' delay. The Coronia left her dock on her own power, without the aid of a single tug. Practically all of the ships docking have been waiting for slack tide and then making their piers without tugs, a process which usually involves a delay of several hours.

A number of the steerage passengers who were scheduled to sail on the Mauretania were placed on the Caronia yesterday, because the sailing of the Mauretania had been delayed until Friday at the earliest.

In addition to the Atlantic liners about twenty freight steamers are tied up at their piers, waiting for coal. The companies operating both freight and passenger ships have been turning over all their coal to the passenger ships and letting the cargo carriers wait. Greater or less delay has been suffered by all the coastwise ships.

HER SKIRTS FENCED IN.

Box Around Witness Stand When Mrs. Inch Testifies.

The District Attorney's office has developed a censor who believes there is frequently far too much abbreviation in the length of skirts worn by some of the women witnesses in the Criminal Building.

Before the opening of the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday, over which Justice Vernon M. Davis is presiding, the censor called in carpenters and had them board up the witness stand from the floor three feet up.

An unofficial version was that somebody had decided there had been too much of "flashing hosiery" at the former trial of Mrs. Betty Inch, a film actress, on the charge of attempted extortion of $215 from Eugene P. Herrman, President of the Herrman Motor Truck Company, in which the jury disagreed.

A new jury was called yesterday to try her the second time, and when Mrs. Inch saw the witness inclosure she declared it was a "spite fence" built by the District Attorney. William J. Fallon, attorney for Mrs. Inch, examined the inclosure and remarked: "Why not have witnesses in future concealed entirely in the box and let them testify by telephone?"

JERSEY CAR STRIKE EASED BY JITNEYS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

three young girls and one man for passengers.

In Newark, brewery trucks carried hundreds to work. Furniture vans filled with passengers gave sitting room for the active on the roof. Here, pleasure automobiles, many of which were quickly taken out of Winter storage, were put in service.

Chief of Police Battersby, in Jersey City, reiterated the warning Mayor Hague issued regarding the use of strikebreakers.

"When we say strikebreakers, we mean literally just that," said the Chief. "If citizens of Jersey City want to work in good faith for the traction companies, they may do so and we will protect them. If there is any attempt on the part of the company to import strikebreakers we will stop the cars."

Chief Battersby said that the City Commissioners had had legal advice on the subject and that prompt action would be taken to prevent disorder.

Company officials declared last night no strikebreakers would be imported. If any local man wanted a job there would be no difficulty in his getting one, it was stated, providing he measured up to the standard set by the company. Meanwhile, cars would be operated by veteran motormen and conductors of the company and other employes who could be trusted to operate a car, such as inspectors and switchmen, who have not joined in the strike.

In most of the cities affected police arrangements and the calmness of the strikers made for the minimum of disorder. In Newark, however, there was a little trouble when about 1,500 strikers and their sympathizers paraded past the P. S. C. headquarters in Park Place. The paraders hissed and booed in passing, and the men, and the women also—for there were many women conductors in line—walked along the car tracks holding up what few cars were in operation.

In front of the Broad Street Station of the Jersey Central Railroad the crowd on the tracks brought a Bloomfield car to a dead stop. Strikers sprang aboard and the few passengers scrambled out, passing unmolested through the paraders. Windows were smashed, the women strikers in particular seeming to delight in this, according to spectators, and the doors at each end of the car were broken down. Then a couple of active men climbed to the roof of the car and cut the trolley rope into bits. It was here that Ackerman was arrested.

In the Newark parade were several American soldiers, sailors, and marines. Several carried a huge banner on which was inscribed: "We won't scab for Tom McCarter by any means."

Announcement was made by the Public Service Corporation yesterday that thirty-two men employed in the field and armature branch of the motor repair shop on the Plank Road had quit work after listening to speeches by Mr. Wepner and P. J. O'Brien of the union. The union men say that this was in sympathy with the car men's strike.

The New Jersey Co-operative Industrial Commission yesterday afternoon tendered its services as mediator and announced that it stood ready to confer with the strikers and with officials of the company. It will hold a special meeting tonight in the Robert Treat Hotel.

WON'T DIVERT Y.M.C.A. FUND

Welfare Gifts Not to be Used for Permanent Buildings, Says Sloane.

William Sloane, Chairman of the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A., yesterday authorized the following statement in denial of a report that the Y. M. C. A. had under consideration a plan for diverting money contributed by the public for soldier welfare work to the erection of permanent buildings for the association throughout the country.

"At no time has the Young Men's Christian Association advocated or even suggested that any money contributed for war welfare work be used to erect permanent buildings for the association or that it be used for any purpose other than that for which it was contributed, the welfare of men in the service. The statement is unqualifiedly false. Any plan that would look to the diversion of the money in the manner questioned is entirely contrary to the consistent and firm stand the Y. M. C. A. has taken."

New Jersey Bars Radical Flags.

TRENTON, N. J., March 12.—After being amended so as to include seditious literature, the Hammond emblem bill, making it a misdemeanor to display any flag opposed to organized government, was passed by the Senate today. The Wells resolution for ratification of the prohibition amendment to the Federal Constitution was not brought out in the Senate today. The resolution failed of passage on Monday night because the Drys could not muster enough votes to pass it. The Senate adjourned today until Monday night.

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SICK AND WOUNDED ARRIVE ON MERCY

Troops Visited by Pershing on Hospital Ship Before Leaving Bordeaux.

SIX TRANSPORTS ALSO IN

Iowan Brings First Detachments from Army of Occupation Stationed in Germany.

Six troopships arrived yesterday from France with 3,200 officers and men and 62 army nurses. The hospital ship Mercy brought 381 sick and wounded, who had been visited by General Pershing at Bordeaux before they sailed on Feb. 27.

The ships, beginning with the Iowan, which led the way to Hoboken and docked at Pier 2 at 8:30 A. M., were welcomed by the police boat Patrol, with the Mayor's Committee and friends of the returning troops. Then the Patrol had to steam away at full speed to meet the next transport coming up the bay.

The officers of the Mercy, which docked at Pier 45, North River, foot of Christopher Street, at 10:30 A. M., said that General Pershing had expressed his satisfaction at the general appearance of the hospital ship and the interior arrangements for the comfort of the patients during the voyage. The Mercy and her sister ship, the Comfort, were fitted out expressly as naval hospital ships to accompany the United States battleship fleet.

During his tour of the ship, General Pershing spoke to several of the wounded soldiers and shook hands with a marine who had lost one of his legs. "You boys are wonderful fighters," the General said to him. In passing through the double rows of cots in the ward where most of the men who lost their limbs were lying, General Pershing's emotion was visible, and according to those who saw him tears rolled down his cheeks. Stopping beside a youth of 20 years who had lost an arm and a leg from a high explosive shell, General Pershing placed his hand upon his shoulder and said, "Boy—you are a man." Turning to the other maimed soldiers around him, the General praised them for the gallant fight they had made for their country and ended by saying, "Nothing is too good for you."

The Captain of the Mercy, U. R. Webb, expected bad weather on the voyage, and on account of the wounded he went down to the Azores, where he found the Mercy's sister ship, the Comfort, which had been there a week waiting at the anchorage for coal. The Mercy, therefore, continued on her voyage with tthe intention of putting into Bermuda to replenish her bunkers, but she encountered fine warm weather, and arrived in New York a day ahead of the Comfort, which is due today.

Operation During Voyage.

Captain Webb said the vessel was so steady that the surgeons were able to perform a major operation on Tuesday afternoon to save the life of Sergeant Walter E. Overton of Seymour, Conn., a member of Company L, 18th Infantry, who had received a shrapnel bullet wound which had lacerated his liver and lungs. The operation was successfully performed by Lieutenant W. A. Neill of Portland, Ore., and when the Mercy reached her pier yesterday the patient was reported to be on the way to recovery. Corporal Robert Cole of Bartley, N. J., Company G, 303d Ammunition Train, died during the voyage, a victim of tuberculosis.

Among the ten wounded officers on board there was one New Yorker, Second Lieutenant Galvin A. Finlay of Co. A, Ninth Infantry, who lives on Staten Island. He was suffering from a gunshot wound in the left leg.

Private John J. Reynolds, formerly a conductor on a Fifth Avenue motor bus, whose home is at 669 Ninth Avenue, had his left hand ripped open and his left thigh severely injured. On Oct. 19 Reynolds, who was in Co. H, of the 309th Infantry, was fighting on the Verdun front. He was for o hours on the field while the Americans and the Germans fought for supremacy and finally the enemy, with superior forces, won out and he was taken prisoner.

He was operated upon four times within four days, and was finally taken to a German hospital, where he remained five weeks, until the armistice was signed. When the news reached the hospital, Reynolds said, the surgeons and attendants tore the buttons and insignia off their uniforms, and the head surgeon visited the hospital next morning in civilian clothing. The people who lived near by seemed glad that the war was over, Reynolds continued, and some of them threw pictures of the Kaiser in gilt frames out of their windows into the streets.

The wounded men on the Mercy represented nearly every State in the Union, and were taken in ambulances to Debarkation Hospital No. 5 in the Grand Central Palace.

Occupation Troops Arrive.

The transport Iowan left St. Nazaire on Feb. 28 and had 1,922 troops on board. The troops included the 53d Company Transportation Corps, consisting of five officers and 235 men, commanded by Captain Vinton Cockery. The corps was organized by direction of General Pershing, and comprised chiefly railroad men who operated the American trains run over the French railroads for conveying troops and ammunition to the front.

The corps laid down the new terminals at Bordeaux, St. Nazaire, and Brest, besides laying down some 250 miles of rails at I-Sur-Tille, Gievres, and other central points in the interior. They also put down tracks round Verdun under a heavy fire from the enemy artillery. Thirty-two members of the Transportation Corps were gassed and thirty more wounded, but not a single one was killed.

Others who returned on the Iowan were the Fifth Trench Battery, consisting of three officers and 127 men under Captain W. S. Erskine of Texas. They had been ten months in France, mostly in active service at St. Mihiel and the Vosges district, and were latterly with the Army of Occupation, which they left on Jan. 10.

The 310th, 314th, and 315th Trench Mortar Batteries, which have also been ten months in France and were part of the Army of Occupation, came on the Iowan and the 657th Aero Supply Squadron, which had been abroad a year. One of the New York officers on board was Lieutenant Joe F. Meyers of 202 Riverside Drive, who was with the 315th Trench Mortar Battery during the time the unit was in Germany.

Corporal John L. Casey of Fairfield, Conn., returned with the D. S. C. and the Croix de Guerre. He went over in September, 1917, with the 102d Infantry of the 26th Division, and had seen service at Château-Thierry, Toul, St. Mihiel, and Verdun.

The 1,057 troops on board the transport Calamares consisted chiefly of the 1st and 2d Battalions of the 26th Engineers, and six casual companies. The engineers have been in France for periods varying from twelve to eighteen months. They were commanded by Lieut. Col. F. W. Sheldenholm of Hollis, L. I., who was the senior army officer on board.

The Suriname brought thirty-six casual officers and eight enlisted men from La Pallice. Captain Philip Roosevelt, son of Emden Roosevelt, who was with the First Army Air Service in France, was one of the officers aboard. He was one of the last to speak to Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt before he went on his fatal flight. Captain Roosevelt has the French War Cross and one palm.

The transport Amphion, which left St. Nazaire on Feb. 27, had 177 officers and men, under Major Charles Barrett of Fort Wayne, Ind., and who had been across for eighteen months with the 19th Engineers. The troopships Cartago and Wyandotte reached Quarantine yesterday afternoon at the same time, and as the latter had to anchor to discharge her cargo of explosives, the two casual officers and 39 enlisted men were transferred to the Cartago, which had 62 nurses from Base Hospital 41, part of a unit from the University of Virginia. The Cartago also had 41 nurses from Base Hospital 43, which is the Emery University of Atlanta, Ga., unit. All the nurses were under the command of Colonel J. B. Schneller of Wisconsin, who was attached to the 128th Infantry for the last fourteen months, and was wounded at Château-Thierry.

CHINESE INTERNAL CRISIS.

Split in Domestic Peace Conference May Mean New Civil War

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, March 11.—The northern delegation of the Domestic Peace Conference at Shanghai having resigned on account of the President being unable to control the Military Governor of Shensi, who, according to southern reports, continues fighting the southerners, a deadlock has been created which causes fear that dramatic events are impending.

Peking is outwardly calm. The President's position is extremely difficult. If he supports the conference, it means throwing down the gage of battle to the militarists. Hitherto he has won in minor engagements. Now he is faced with a fight to a finish. He has succeeded in forcing the militarists to disclose the secret agreement with Japan, of which the Government was not in possession. If the conference ends in an impasse, it means that the battle between militarism and liberalism is to be fought out with shot and shell. If not, the militarists must admit their defeat, which would afford a satisfactory solution.

Ready to Work on Channel Tunnel.

PARIS, March 12, (Havas.)—It is stated in French technical circles that M. Sartiaux, Chief Engineer of the Northern Railway Company and of the French company which holds a concession for participating in the building of a tunnel under the English Channel, is in accord with Sir Francis Fox, the British expert, as to the details of construction. The assertion was made today that it only remained for the British Parliament to sanction the tunnel, when the work of construction would begin.

Rumania's Queen Visits London.

LONDON, March 12.—Queen Marie of Rumania and her daughters arrived in London from Paris today. They were met at the station by King George, Queen Mary, and the Prince of Wales. The Queen and her daughters will be guests at Buckingham Palace for three weeks.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
FIREMEN EVERY TEN FEET

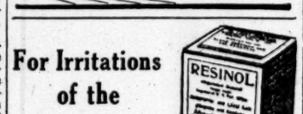
No fuss and no muss

After our engineers have designed a system especially for your building, our skilled corps of service men will install it quickly and efficiently. Your production will not be interfered with during the operation.

Put your fire protection problems in our hands.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
149 Broadway Cort. 6790

The Herschede Hall Clock Co., Cincinnati, O.—equipped with GLOBE Sprinklers.



For Irritations of the Skin Use

Benjamin Franklin, says:

"Have you somewhat to do tomorrow: do it to-day."

Income Tax Returns

Depositors wishing assistance in preparing their Income Tax Returns may call at any of our offices and consult the representative of the Collector of Internal Revenue.

Returns due March 15th.

Franklin TRUST CO.
Established 1888
New York Office: 46 Wall Street
Brooklyn Offices: 166 Montague Street
569 Fulton Street, 1001 Wallabout Market

SOME HATS FOR EASTER.
There are some chic models of hats, designed in Paris, in the Spring Fashion Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Chiffon Taffeta Frocks for Women

Bead-Embroidered

At $29.50

The smartest frock we have seen for Spring. Dressy enough for matinee wear, yet not too dressy for street use.

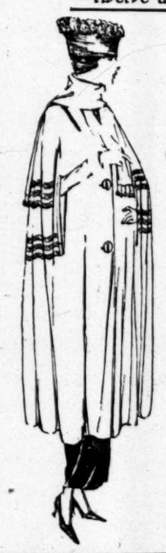
Blouse is handsomely beaded, and the skirt has short pointed tunic as shown in the most exclusive imported models.

Fashioned of soft, lustrous Chiffon Taffeta—the kind that clings to the figure—giving a very slender appearance. Obtainable in

Navy, Taupe, Black, Copenhagen Blue, and Grey, Sizes 34 to 44

Women's
New Spring Capes, Coats and Dolman Wraps

—twelve distinct and very charming styles



At $28

A very modest price, but certainly a liberal selection.

The wraps drape very gracefully from the shoulders, and the coats show to advantage the charm of the very successful straight line silhouette.

The Materials:

Wool Velour, Men's Wear Serge, Poplin and Gabardine

some with trimming of Flat Silk Braid. All colors and sizes 34 to 46. One style *pictured.*

Exceptional Values—

Pierced Silver Frame Bags at $8.50

Exact Duplicates of High-Priced Imported Dutch Silver Frame Bags

The frames of these beautiful bags are exact copies of those attached to bags costing $65 and more. Stamped upon them, in relief, are quaint Dutch rural scenes.

The bags proper are of Silk Moire, lined with figured silks of unusual elegance.

They may be had in Black and Navy Blue. ***Illustrated.***

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

The Finesse of Tailoring is a traditional Quality of

TAILORMADE SUITS
Featured by this Shop

To those who are cultured in style-sense

Bonwit Teller Tailormades
for WOMEN and MISSES'
are the supreme expressions of fashion and of the art of tailorcraft

FRANKLIN SIMON

CLOTHES *for* BOYS

THERE are other Boys' Shops. There always will be. But there will always be an increasing demand for Boys' Shops such as ours, where the dominant thought is: *What can we make for the younger generation!* Not *What can we make out of it!* To assemble stocks that are larger and finer—to insure character in the patterns—to develop our own styles—to maintain elevated standards of workmanship—and to keep prices within reasonable bounds—these are at once the aims and the accomplishments in our great selections of Boys' Suits and Topcoats for Spring.

Boys' Suits	8 to 18 years,	$14.50 to $36.00
Boys' Topcoats	8 to 18 years,	$12.75 to $30.00
Boys' Reefers	3 to 10 years,	$9.75 to $20.00

In the Enlarged
Shoe Shops for Boys'

We have increased our stocks correspondingly and only our men's shop can hope to match the variety of our Boys' Shoe Selections. For boys from 5 years of age to 16 years.

$4.50 to $7.50

Furnishings and Hats for Boys embracing an unusual collection of styles, conservatively priced

Franklin Simon & Co.
BOYS' SHOPS—Fifth Floor
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

B. Altman & Co.
MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

The Spring Modes in
Women's Gowns & Tailleurs

are now being shown in the Ready-to-wear Salons on the Third Floor.

The display is one of more than ordinary interest, the grace and beauty of the designs (many of which are exclusive to B. Altman & Co.) being equaled only by the richness of the fabrics employed in their development.

Considering quality, the prices are surprisingly moderate.

The KNOX DERBY

THE accepted style in stiff hats for Spring—and a Knox. The Knox Trade Mark has long since been the stamp of correctness. It is known the world 'round. Back of it is Knox traditional quality, consistently maintained.

EIGHT, TEN AND TWELVE DOLLARS

KNOX HAT COMPANY
Incorporated
452 FIFTH AVENUE AT 40TH STREET
196 FIFTH AVENUE AT 23RD STREET 161 BROADWAY, SINGER BUILDING

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th Sts.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for cash only.

Saleograph
Films the Fashions

Herkimer, Our Hero!
wears gloves in the house—"SHE" says they're natty. Washable Chamois gloves, $1.94

Her Pa—
Prefers plain white MADRAS SHIRTS because they have "no frills." $1.89
All sizes 14 to 17.

Our Adventurer
Considers a soft rolling Spring hat "so romantic."
"Lansdowne"
MOM
All Spring shades $4.89

Slip'ry Elm, Our Villain,
Feeling his prestige slipping, purchased a pair of
NEVER-SLIP-GARTER
MOM
All plain shades 48c

Our Comeejen
Remarked, "For evening wear give me a suit of high grade Madras Pajamas." $2.44.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street.

Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

THREE DIVISIONS HOMEWARD BOUND

Units of 30th, 36th, and 37th Already on Way to New York and Newport News.

SEVEN VESSELS SOON DUE

General Kilbreth on the Finland—85th Division Reported Assigned for Early Convoy.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The homeward movement of three additional National Guard divisions, the 30th, (Tennessee, North Carolina, and South Carolina); 36th, (Texas and Oklahoma,) and 37th (Ohio) has begun. Several units of these organizations were included among the 600 officers and 12,000 men whose departure from France on seven transports was announced today by the War Department. The vessels are due at New York and Newport News between March 17 and 24.

The Southern troops will land at Newport News and go to camps in Virginia and Texas while the Ohio units will land at New York and proceed to various camps. Other units of these divisions are expected to sail from France soon.

The transport Harrisburg, due at New York March 17, has on board detachments of the 147th Infantry, totaling nine officers and 565 men; casual companies of Pennsylvania, New York, California, and Idaho troops; the 1st and 2d Air Service Construction Companies, and four convalescent detachments.

The Zacapa is due at New York March 21 with three convalescent detachments, a portion of the 26th Engineers, and 23 casual officers.

The Haverford is due at Philadelphia about March 20 with the 318th Field Battalion Signal Corps, complete, most of which will go to Camp Upton, and Mobile Hospital No. 103, for Camp Funston. This ship has also three casual companies of Pennsylvania troops, three of Ohio, and one each of Michigan, California, Minnesota, North Dakota, Illinois, Oklahoma, Montana, and Alabama, (colored.)

The Ryndam will arrive at Newport News March 21 with the 133d Field Artillery complete, for Camp Bowie, the 114th Machine Gun Battalion (old 1st Tennessee Cavalry) and seventeen casual officers.

The Princess Maitoka is due at Newport News March 21 with the 57th Engineers complete, most of which will go to Camps Sherman, Kearny, and Upton; 12th Balloon Company for Camp Lee, and the 34th Balloon Company for various camps. On board also are the 806th Trench Mortar Battery and casual companies of Iowa, Illinois, and Georgia troops, the 3d Trench Mortar Battery, 423d Telegraph Battalion, and four convalescent detachments.

The Finland, due at Newport News March 22, has a number of units of the 80th Division, including headquarters of the 55th Field Artillery Brigade, Battery A and the 1st Battalion headquarters of the 115th Field Artillery, the 114th Field Artillery complete, the 115th Machine Gun Battalion complete, and part of the 114th Machine Gun Battalion. Among the casual officers is Brigadier General John W. Kilbreth, Jr., commanding the 55th Field Artillery Brigade. This ship also has five convalescent detachments.

The Polarland is due at New York March 24 with a few casuals.

Assignment of the Eighty-fifth (Michigan and Wisconsin National Army) Division and nine ambulance sections to early convoy is announced. The ambulance sections are the 501, 509, 546, 586, 594, 565, 657, 635, and 642.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 12.—The transport De Kalb, formerly the German ship Prince Eitel Friederich, completed an eleven-day voyage from St. Nazaire today, landing here about 1,200 soldiers, of whom 600 were wounded.

Units aboard were the 61st Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters, headquarters company of the 131st Field Artillery, both part of the old Texas National Guard; and the 111th Trench Mortar Battery. Lionel Williams, one of seventeen wounded marines, has eighteen bullet wounds he received at Château-Thierry.

27TH ARTILLERY IN TODAY.

Brigade Composed Almost Entirely of New York Men.

The entire artillery brigade of the 27th Division, comprising the 104th, 105th, and 106th Regiments, will arrive here today on the transport America and will be assigned to quarters at Camp Mills to await the parade of the Division on March 25. The last radio message reaching the Cruiser and Transport Force last night was that the ship would reach her pier at the embarkation station at Hoboken about 8:30 A. M.

Maj. Gen. John F. O'Ryan, commanding the 27th Division, announced last night that he and several members of his staff would go down the bay on the Patrol, the boat of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to the Homecoming Troops, to greet Brig. Gen. Albert Wingate and his men. All tickets for relatives who wished to go down the bay had been given out at the Mayor's Committee headquarters in the Hall of Records early yesterday afternoon. It was announced that the boat probably would leave Pier A at the Battery about 7:30 this morning, its time of sailing depending upon the last radio messages received from the transport.

General Wingate will establish his headquarters at Camp Mills, where all three of the regiments will be quartered. It is expected they will reach the camp early in the afternoon. There will be no loss of time in getting the regiments off the ship, because they have left all their field pieces, horses, and heavy equipment in France. The only equipment left with the units is that needed for the care of the individual soldiers.

Including the staff of General Wingate the number of officers in the 52d Artillery Brigade is about 190 men. The enlisted personnel now is about 4,450 men, and nearly all of them are from this State, in contrast to the large numbers of men from other States, representing replacements, in the other combatant units of the division. The arrival of this brigade puts the total of men in the division already landed here at about 20,000, with the remainder of the division already on ships en route from France.

TO AID MEN OF 27TH.

Employment Agency Will Serve Both Employers and Men.

An employment agency for soldiers of the 27th Division, who will be mustered out of the service within three weeks, was established yesterday in the 7th Regiment Armory at Park Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street by Lieutenant E. L. Mullaney, a member of the advance party of the division. Thirty-five opportunities in civilian employment for soldiers were reported to the bureau within three hours after its opening.

Assurances were received by the bureau that the Buffalo Chamber of Commerce and other organizations in upState cities would assist in finding work for the discharged soldiers. Branches of the bureau probably will be established in all towns in this State where units of the division were formed for service in the National Guard.

It is the intention of the men to guarantee the honesty of every man who is sent from the 27th Division to take a civilian job, and company commanders will furnish confidential reports to employers upon any men whom they wish to hire. Estimates of the ability and training of the men will be given, and it is probable that confidential information will be furnished about professional men who served with the National Guard regiments. Information about each of the 26,000 soldiers in the division has been tabulated, and all the names will be put into a card index for quick reference, so that all requests for men may be handled without delay.

SOLDIERS THREATEN TO SINK TRANSPORT

Fretting at Delay, Americans Who Fought with British Demand to be Landed.

ANXIOUS TO GET BACK HOME

Fifty, with Funds, Will Be Landed at Halifax, the Rest Continuing Voyage Here.

HALIFAX, March 12.—When the transport Toloa docked here today, with her Captain reporting a threat by 293 British troops in her steerage to sink the vessel unless they were put ashore and given transportation to their homes in the United States, steamship officials went aboard to interview the complaining soldiers.

They found that fifty of the men had sufficient funds to cover their railroad fares and immigration head taxes, which were reported to have been insisted upon by American immigration authorities. The others, it was stated, would be held aboard the ship, which will sail Friday for New York, whither she was bound, after discharging Canadian troops here, when a wireless message recalled her to Halifax to coal, because of the harbor strike at the American port. This order, keeping the men aboard, was issued in spite of fears expressed by Captain Jackson of violence by the soldiers.

The troops, most of whom enlisted in the British forces from the United States and 81 of whom are Americanborn, were discharged from the army with $20 and an order on the British Consul at New York for transportation to their homes, the ship's officers said. Gambling among the men, they added, had left most of their funds in the hands of a few.

Captain Jackson told the authorities that he had no guns aboard and that his ship was at the mercy of the soldiers. He said his orders from the British Admiralty were to take the men to Halifax and disembark them there, but the military authorities at Ottawa refused, it is stated, to furnish transportation for the men to their homes in the United States. After having started for New York and being forced to return the men complained bitterly of being held up in their journey, and their threats resulted. They say that after serving in the British Army for various terms of from two to four years it would almost seem they were citizens of no country. Most of them came to Canada during the early months of the war and enlisted in the British Expeditionary Force.

The American immigration officials were appealed to on behalf of the men, but they took the ground that they possessed no papers proving the men to be American citizens or residents, and that in the absence of these they would have to pay their entrance fee of $8 and the amount of money stipulated by the American immigration laws, in addition to transportation, before being passed for entry into the United States.

SUM UP IN MORTIMER CASE.

Prosecutor Accuses Defendant of Disregarding Others' Rights.

Miss Edith Mortimer, daughter of Stanley Mortimer of Wheatley Hills, L. I., who is on trial before Justice Aspinall in the Queens County Supreme Court at Long Island City on the charge of manslaughter in the second degree, for having killed Nathan Wasserberger at Flushing on Oct. 19, while driving her automobile, was declared to be a creator of Bolshevism by Assistant District Attorney William J. Morris yesterday afternoon as he closed his plea to the jury to find Miss Mortimer guilty.

"Miss Mortimer's management of her big racing automobile on the afternoon of this accident was with absolute disregard of the rights of any one else," declared Mr. Morris. "She saw the automobile truck, and, although the driver of that truck had the right of way, she made up her mind to go around it, and she went around it, throwing on speed to thirty-five miles an hour on a crowded street to do so. She by her actions said, 'If you are in the way, get out. The law was made for you to obey, not for me.' It is this attitude on the part of persons like Miss Mortimer which creates Bolshevism. If we can't get a conviction of this young woman on the testimony that has been given I declare that it is an open invitation to automobile drivers to come to Queens and kill and maim whomever they choose."

"You will have to find Miss Mortimer guilty of wanton, reckless conduct to find her guilty of this charge made against her," said John B. Stanchfield, in summing up for the defense. "You will have to show that she had a reckless disregard of human life. Her conduct must have indicated to her that it would result in the taking of human life. It is apparent from the testimony that no such thought was in her mind. You will also have to find that the death of this man resulted wholly and exclusively from the manner in which she drove her car."

After the counsel had finished their summing up Justice Aspinall asked the members of the jury if they wanted to hear the charge of the court at once, or if they preferred to wait until this morning. The jurors decided that they would prefer to have the trial go over, and court was then adjourned.

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK

Introducing the

GREAT PARIS SUCCESSES

as fast as they arrive from the victory-inspired collections shown at the Spring Openings of the Foremost Parisian Designers

SMART TAILORMADE SUITS
TRIG STREET FROCKS
DINNER AND EVENING GOWNS
AFTERNOON DRESSES
DAY AND EVENING WRAPS

"Sing to Serve the Crippled Soldier who Fought to Serve You."

TONIGHT, at the High School of Commerce, 155 West 65th Street, a rehearsal will be held for *all who wish* to sing in the great chorus of the

CRIPPLED SOLDIERS' POPULAR MASS MEETING

AT NEW YORK HIPPODROME, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 25

Rehearsals also Monday night, March 17, at the National Board Building, 52nd Street and Lexington Avenue, and on Thursday night, March 20, at the High School of Commerce.

ALL WELCOME TO JOIN.
BE ON HAND TONIGHT.

AMERICAN RED CROSS
New York County Chapter, 589 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

A high grade, snappy drink, healthful, economical and delicious—
INSTANT POSTUM

HEINZ
OVEN BAKED BEANS

tempt the appetite
because they are really oven-baked, and have that delicious taste which only oven-baking gives.

cut down expense
because beans are just as nutritious as beefsteak and their cost is so small in comparison.

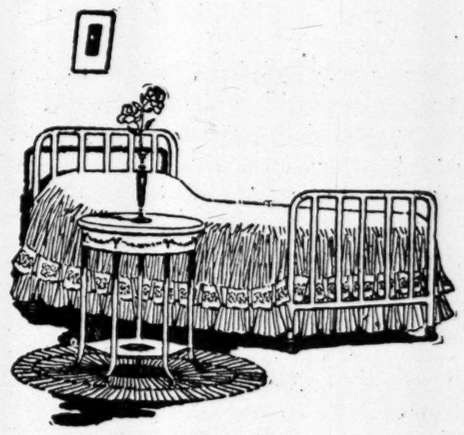
healthy and wholesome
because we ought to eat less meat, which is easy to do if we have Heinz Baked Beans on the pantry shelves.

no trouble to prepare
because putting the can in hot water fifteen minutes is all the preparation they need before serving.

plenty of nourishment
because Heinz Baked Beans are hearty. They satisfy the appetite and build up the body. You can live well on them.

One of the 57 *four kinds*

Why do Some Folks Dream All Night



IF you are one of those healthy individuals who "never dream," be sure you are a deep sleeper. Your sleep does you lots of good.

If your sleep is light or broken—if you dream all night—you can't build up strength and health.

You'll never get sound, refreshing sleep unless you *relax*. You can't relax in a bed that rattles or groans—or on a spring that squeaks every time you move.

The least noise keeps the nerves on edge. You may not wake up—but your nerves will. That's one reason you dream.

o o o

WHAT you need for deep, dreamless sleep all night is a perfectly *quiet bed* and a spring that invites complete *relaxation*.

That is why folks sleep so much better on a Simmons Metal Bed and a Slumber King Spring.

The Simmons Bed is *noiseless*. It locks firm at the corners. The corner locks are made of pressed steel—have much longer bearing surfaces than the average—fit true and snug—not a creak, rattle, or feeling of unsteadiness.

The Simmons Pressed Steel Corner Lock is protected by basic patents. It is the most fundamental invention of modern bed manufacturing—*exclusive with Simmons*, not to be duplicated or imitated.

And this patented corner lock has made possible the *Three-piece Bed*—the new Simmons idea—the spring forming a single unit with the side rails.

o o o

THE Slumber King Spring really *does* what you have always wanted a spring to do.

It is a new and advanced idea. It is a system of elastic steel strips with spirals of high test spring wire—so combined that the spring action is *equal in all directions*.

The Slumber King Spring yields to the weight of the body, but supports it. It fits square on the bed. It does not sag or hump—does not wear soft or slack. It invites sound, health-giving sleep.

The Slumber King Spring is finished in oxidized silver. It is rustproof. It has no loose ends or rough corners—cannot wear or tear the ticking.

o o o

ONE great cause of the restlessness that leads to dreams is sleeping with someone else.

The most advanced thought of the day about sleep is "a separate bed for each sleeper," either in a separate room or in a *Twin Bed*.

Physicians have been urging Twin Beds for years—and Simmons Company has long made a specialty of Twin Beds.

They are welcomed by people of nice feeling everywhere.

o o o

ALL leading merchants have Simmons Metal Beds and Slumber King Springs.

A wonderful choice of brass, and enamel in colors and in beautiful natural wood effects to match your bedroom decorations.

If you like, we will send you the names of merchants in this community who can give you Simmons Beds and Slumber King Springs.

San Francisco, Cal. Newark, N. J.
Montreal, Canada

SIMMONS COMPANY
Kenosha, Wisconsin

New York City—882 Third Avenue

SIMMONS BEDS
Built for Sleep

CASUALTIES NOW TOTAL 277,214

Four Army and One Mnrine List Add 286 to the Overseas Total

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Four army casualty lists, containing 256 names, were issued by the War Department today, bringing the total for the army up to 271,387, including 4,504 prisoners released and returned. One Marine Corps casualty list, containing 30 names, was also issued, bringing the total for that arm up to 5,824. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 277,211.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 25 killed in action, 13 died of wounds, 113 died of disease, 35 severely wounded, 43 wounded to a degree undetermined, 34 slightly wounded, and 3 missing in action. The Marine Corps list contained the names of 14 killed in action, 9 died of wounds, 2 died of disease, 2 wounded severely, 2 wounded slightly, and 1 missing.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported March 12.	Total.
Killed in action	31,401	25	31,426
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	13,286	13	13,299
Died of accident	3,154	..	3,154
Died of disease	20,784	113	20,897
Total	69,357	151	69,508
Wounded	191,182	102	191,284
Missing	6,088	2	6,001
Total	266,627	256	266,883

Summary of Marine Corps Casualties to Date.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	97	2,237
Wounded	121	3,104
In hands of enemy	..	25
Missing	..	240
Total	218	5,606
Total, Marines		5,824

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

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PARISH, B. A., Cortland, Neb.	(KA)	(MA)
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Joseph Hofmann

October 17, 1918.

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TWO BOSTON PLAYERS WIN

Mrs. Wightman and Miss Zinderstein Represent Hub in Struggle for Final Round Honors.

Four sturdy feminine wielders of the racquet, Mrs. George H. Wightman, Miss Clare Cassel, Mrs. H. S. Green, and Marion Zinderstein, yesterday reached the semi-final round of the women's indoor national tennis championship competition at the 7th Regiment Armory, leaving New York and Boston still equally represented in the tournament. They play today in the order named, giving either city a chance to monopolize the finals, with the possibility also of a real interurban climax.

Boston appears to have a little the better of the argument on paper, for both Mrs. Wightman and Miss Zinderstein played in wonderful form yesterday. The former Miss Hazel Hotchkiss, three imes a national champion, had no mercy on Miss Phyllis Walsh, chopping the ball relentlessly to the corners of the Philadelphian's court and volleying whenever the opportunity offered, so that the match went in straight sets, 6—1, 6—3.

Miss Zinderstein put out the remaining Philadelphia representative, Mrs. M. B. Huff, using every variety of stroke, with a particularly effective backhand drive, strongly undercut and accurately placed. Against such play Mrs. Huff did well to capture two games in each set.

Miss Cassel, who meets Mrs. Wightman today for the upper final bracket, disposed of Mrs. E. C. Sohst without difficulty, 6—2, 6—1. Her well-rounded game has not yet been tested to the limit and she may have a surprise in reserve for her opponent this morning.

Yesterday's hardest struggle resulted from the meeting of Mrs. H. S. Green and Miss Caroma Winn, the former eventually earning a well deserved victory at 6—0, 4—3, 6—2. Miss Winn was slow to start, but seemed to acquire every shot in the game, once she got under way. She followed her serves to the net and scored with brilliant volleys and half-volleys. Mrs. Green, however, saved the day by her headwork and accurate placing, forcing her opponent into a succession of errors which accounted for five straight games and the match.

The second round of the doubles produced one sterling contest, when Mrs. Green and her sister, Miss Natalie Browning, ran into the stonewall defense of Mrs. Godfrey and Mrs. Cabot. The Boston pair crowded the net whenever possible and were driven back by the most subtle of lobs. The Ardsley team went after everything and finally wore out the opposition in two long deuce sets, 7—5, 10—8.

Good progress was made in the consolation singles, Mrs. Godfrey, Miss Holden, Mrs. Pritchard, and Mrs. Morse reaching the semi-finals.

The summaries:

WOMEN'S INDOOR NATIONAL TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP SINGLES.

Third Round—Mrs. George H. Wightman defeated Phyllis Walsh, 6—1, 6—3; Clare Cassel defeated Mrs. E. C. Sohst, 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. H. S. Green defeated Caroma Winn, 6—0, 4—6, 6—2; Marion Zinderstein defeated Mrs. M. B. Huff, 6—3, 6—2.

Consolation Singles.—First Round—Bessie Holden defeated Hazel Gardner by default; Florence Pond defeated Mrs. George Stanwix, 6—4, 6—4; Mrs. Morse defeated Mrs. Wilbourn, 6—4, 6—3; Margaret Taylor defeated Helen Simpson, 6—3, 6—3.

Second Round—Mrs. Morse defeated Miss Taylor, 6—2, 6—3; Mrs. Godfrey defeated Anna Morse, 6—0, 6—0; Mrs. Pritchard defeated Mrs. Dain, 6—1, 6—0; Miss Holden defeated Miss Pond, 6—0, 6—1.

Doubles.—Second Round—Mrs. Weaver and Miss Goss defeated the Misc Hooker, 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. Wightman and Miss Zinderstein defeated Miss Walsh and Mrs. Cassebeer, 6—1, 6—1; Mrs. Green and Miss Browning defeated Mrs. Godfrey and Mrs. Cabot, 7—5, 10—8; Mrs. Humphries and Miss Holden defeated Mrs. Pritchard and Miss Gott, 6—0, 6—1.

SQUASH TITLE AT STAKE.

National Tournament Begins at Squash Club Saturday.

Play for the national squash tennis championship title will begin Saturday at the Squash Club, where the annual tournament will commence under the auspices of the National Squash Tennis Association. Thirty-two players are entered, making an entry list which compares favorably with those of other years.

The draw for the first round follows:

National Amateur Squash Tennis Championship—First Round—Upper Half.—Prentice Sanger, Harvrad Club, vs. F. H. Davis, Harvard Club; N. F. Torrance, Crescent A. C., vs. C. J. Maguire, Yale Club; H. W. Carhart, Yale Club, vs. J. C. Tomlinson, Jr., Yale Club; W. H. Vanderpool, Squash Club, vs. H. S. Sproul, Yale Club; E. J. Clapp, Yale Club, vs. Donald Mackay, Yale Club; Fred S. Keeler, Columbia Club, vs. T. Livingston Platt, Yale Club; R. E. T. Riggs, Heights Casino, vs. Harold Tobey, Princeton Club; A. G. Blaisdell, Yale Club, vs. Stuyvesant Wainwright, Yale Club.

First Round—Lower Half.—Edward W. Putnam, Columbia Club, vs. I. H. Cornell, Columbia Club; L. I. Grinnell, Harvard Club, vs. H. R. Mixsell, Princeton Club; William Adams, Jr., Yale Club, vs. John W. Appel, Jr., Harvard Club; W. J. Knapp, Squash Club, vs. A. D. Mittendorf, Princeton Club; J. B. Cornell, Yale Club, vs. S. H. Johnston, Yale Club; H. D. Harvey, Princeton Club, vs. M. L. Cornell, Columbia Club; G. E. Cruse, Squash Club, vs. A. E. Ells, Harvard Club; R. G. Coburn, Harvard Club, vs. H. D. Bulkley, Columbia Club.

REDUCE CLUB MEMBERSHIP.

Wykagyl Forced to Change by Congestion of Golf Course.

On account of the congested condition of the course at the Wykagyl Country Club at New Rochelle, the membership of the club has been reduced by an amendment to the constitution. It was decided to bring about a gradual reduction of the regular membership from 450 to 360 through the adoption of a policy of not filling the places of resigning members with new candidaes, except in certain instances.

CREWS CALLED TO HUDSON.

Columbia 'Varsity to Get First Out-of-Door Spin Saturday.

Although Columbia's rowing authorities were still apparently as far away as ever from a settlement of the coaching problem yesterday, preparations were made for boating the 'Varsity and freshmen squads on Saturday for the first actual practice on the river. If the weather is favorable, both squads will desert the rowing room, and under the guidance of Fred Plaisted, who is acting head coach, will take to rowing on the Hudson. The date will be earlier by a week or more than any on which Columbia has started outdoor practice for several years past.

WHITE DEFEATS NEUSTADT.

Class C Champion Loses Handicap Billiard Match.

A handicap of eighty-five points failed to avail Joseph Neustadt, national amateur Class C 18.2 balkline billiard champion, in his game against Charles E. White last night in the amateur handicap 18.2 balkline tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn.

White, who was playing for 225 points against Neustadt's 140, was victorious by a count of 225 to 115.

MORRELL IS LUCKY GOLFER.

Makes Seventh Hole in One Stroke at Palm Beach Course.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 12.—The first round at match play in the annual golf tournament for the Palm Beach championship was completed today. The feature was the low medal score of Alfred Morrell, Hackensack, whose card of 74 was helped out somewhat through his having negotiated the seventh hole in 1.

He beat J. T. Smith of New York 2 up and 1 to play. Driving the seventh hole of 185 yards in one, he cleared a bunker directly in front of the green by not over a foot and had just enough life left into his ball to roll slowly into the cup.

J. B. Elwell, Apawamis, who was up with the leaders in yesterday's qualifying round, was badly beaten, 7 and 5, by Artemas Holmes, New York. Another upset was the elimination of A. J. Mendes, Siwanoy, by C. S. Reed, Thornylee, 1 up.

The summaries:

First Division.—R. A. Stranahan, Inverness, defeated R. N. Hickson, Toledo, 4 and 2; G. W. B. Bartlett, Anchor Hill, London, defeated O. W. Smith, New York, 6 and 4; Artemas Holmes, New York, defeated J. B. Elwell, Apawamis, 7 and 5; Alfred Morrell, Hackensack, defeated J. P. Smith, New York, 2 and 1; George Kingsland, New York, defeated J. C. Palmer, Trenton, 4 and 3; J. B. Larkin, Piping Rock, defeated W. J. Black, New York, by default; H. C. Clark, Myopia, defeated P. R. Pyne, 2d, 2 and 1; C. S. Reed, Thornylee, defeated A. J. Mender, Siwanoy, 1 up.

VETERAN BOWS TO YOUTH.

Shongood Defeats Osborne in Pocket Billiard Title Play.

Charles Shongood defeated Harry S. Osborne, Connecticut State champion, last night in the third game of the national amateur championship pocket billiard tournament at the New York A. C. The score was 125 to 94 in seventeen frames. Shongood had high runs of 13 and 11, while the veteran Osborne made runs of 12 and 11.

Osborne started as if he would make a runaway match of the competition. He gathered in twelve points in his opening frame, and by the sixth frame had advanced to an apparently comfortable lead of 40 points. At this stage Shongood began to get the ivories rolling in his favor, and started to overhaul his veteran rival. The local youngster solved many difficult layouts in the closely bunched balls before him, and managed to pick just the right shot. His position play was wanting, but with brilliantly executed long table and combination shots Shongood repaired this seeming damage and steadily gained on his rival.

Runs of eleven, ten, and thirteen with other substantial clusters enabled Shongood to gradually decrease Osborne's advantage until at the fourteenth frame the local lad drew up on even terms with the Nutmeg State champion. In the next frame a run of nine put Shongood in front, and he led thereafter to the finish, closing his string with two runs of eleven as his final efforts.

Two games will be played today. In the afternoon Albert C. Crowe and J. J. Maloney will be opponents. J. Howard Shoemaker, title holder, will compete in his first game of the tournament in the evening, when he clashes with Shongood.

The score by frames:

Charles Shongood, Jr.—2 1 5 3 2 11 9 11 8 6 10 11 6 13 9 11 11—125. Scratches—4. High runs—13 and 11.

Henry S. Osborne—12 13 9 11 12 3 5 3 6 8 4 3 8 1 5 3—94. Scratches—12. High runs—12 and 11.

Gardner and Newman Victors.

Gus Gardner and A. Newman were the victors last night in the final matches of the preliminary round of the New York State amateur three-cushion carom billiard championship tournament at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. Gardner defeated J. R. Langdon by a score of 30 to 22 in sixty-three innings. Gardner had a high run of three and Langdon one of four. In the second game J. Howard Shoemaker, national amateur pocket billiard champion, was defeated by Newman. The score was 30 to 28.

Greenleaf Increases His Lead.

Ralph Greenleaf further increased his lead over William Weston yesterday in the two blocks of their pocket billiard match at Daly's Academy. Greenleaf took both sessions, winning in the afternoon by 100 to 64 and in the evening by 100 to 25. Greenleaf made his best showing in the evening match, when he returned clusters of 41 and 39 as his best efforts. In the afternoon his highest run was 38. The total score now favors Greenleaf by 600 to 279.

ORATORICAL BOUT OVER BOXING BILL

West and McCue Clash at Hearing of Gibbs Measure in Albany.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 12.—George H. West, reformer and opponent of restoration of legalized boxing in the State through legislative enactment, and Assemblyman Martin G. McCue of New York, one-time pugilist and advocate of boxing, were principals in a short, snappy bout this afternoon before the Senate Judiciary Committee, and then, lacking a decision on the outcome, united in tearing apart provisions of the Gibbs bill, which would effect legalization of the sport.

Old-time boxers, including Jack Skelly, Sam Kelly, and Jim Barclay, joined with McCue and a delegation of sporting writers from New York and Buffalo in support of some measure to bring the game back into the good graces of the law, but differed among themselves as to the provisions to be incorporated in a bill, and particularly over the question of whether decisions should be rendered.

Reformer West wasted no time in getting down to business when he entered the "ring." He led with an attack on the brutality of boxing, and quickly followed with a blow at official decisions, which, he declared, would open the door for the carrying on of brutal fights. McCue contented himself with sparring. West continued his attack, saying that professional boxing is not conducive to good health or longevity of participants, and pointed out that there have been forty-seven deaths in the United States directly attributable to the game.

Mr. West also objected to the Gibbs bill, because, he said, if it is passed, he assumed that Tex Rickard would try to arrange to stage the Willard-Dempsey title match in New York State, which, according to Mr. West, would be an incentive to gambling. He declared that the New York Civic League, which he represented, was not opposed to amateur boxing, but he pleaded with the Legislature "to cut out professionalism in the sport and those who want to make big money out of it."

McCue countered strongly when he said that "any man who opposes boxing is a mollycoddle, and a mollycoddle is not fitted to trail around with decent company." He declared that boxing is a real man's sport, enjoyed by real men, and warned the members of the Judiciary Committee that the men who fought the Hun are coming back and want boxing, and that if they don't get it, "they are going to have something to say next Election Day."

Mr. McCue declared that the Gibbs bill would not receive favorable action in the Legislature, unless it was amended, and he offered some suggestions. He declared himself against the provision in the measure for a one-man commission to supervise the sport. Three paid Commissioners, with several deputies are needed, he said, to assure proper supervision. Mr. McCue would also limit the number of clubs in cities based on their population, and said five clubs should be enough for New York City. According to McCue, the State should get at least 7 per cent. of the gross receipts, instead of five as provided for in the Gibbs measure. The Assemblyman would also deny licenses to clubs having a seating capacity of less than 1,000.

Mr. McCue also expressed himself as favoring a referee empowered to give decisions, and not the two judges and a referee provided for in the Gibbs bill.

"You must have decisions to have honest boxing," he declared. He added that if professional boxing is barred, there will be no boxing at all.

Mr. McCue pointed to himself, Jack Skelly, Sam Kelly, Jem Mace, the late John L. Sullivan, Mike Donovan and other of the elder stars of the ring of by-gone days in refutation of Mr. West's charge that boxing shortens a man's life.

William A. Rafter of Brooklyn pointed to the late ex-President Theodore Roosevelt as a physical product of boxing. Other sport writers from Buffalo and New York City spoke in favor of some kind of measure to restore the game, but all had some fault to find with some of the provisions of the Gibbs bill, which may be further amended to meet some of these objections before the lawmakers are given opportunity to vote on it.

Cosgrove Best at Three Cushions.

In the A. A. B. A. three-cushion carom billiard tournament at Dayl's Academy last night J. Cosgrove defeated Don Porter by 35 to 34 after a close game. Both players made high runs of 4 points.

RICKEY MAY SWING BIG BASEBALL DEAL

Lavan and Robertson in Trade Which Would Bring Hornsby to the Giants.

Branch Rickey, manager of the St. Louis Cardinals, came to town yesterday, and according to reports he is trying to swing a three-cornered deal with the Giants and Washington. It was stated late last night that Rickey's gigantic scheme is to get Doc Laven, who is on Washington's retired list, back to St. Louis. In the same deal Hornsby would go to the Giants, while the Giants in turn would give Davey Robertson to the Washington Club.

McGraw and Rickey had several conferences yesterday, but neither of them even intimated that any such deal as this was in the wind. When McGraw was asked if he was after Hornsby, he said: "Our chances of getting Hornsby are about a thousand to one," and by that remark he may have meant that those were the chances of Rickey's deal going through.

Lavan used to play for the Browns and he was a favorite of Rickey when he was with that club. Lavan was in the navy, and announced some time ago that he was through with baseball. Rickey evidently thinks he can coax Lavan back into the game. Washington has already given up all hope of Lavan returning to that club and got Hal Janvrin from Boston. Janvrin is ill and Washington is trying to get Bert Niehoff of the Giants for the infield.

Robertson says he will not play in any other city but Washington. Manager McGraw tried to get him out of the National League for Griffith, but more than one club refuses to waive claim to his services. Optimistic Mr. Rickey evidently believes that enough influence can be brought to bear to get Robertson out of the National League.

As for Hornsby coming to the Giants, Manager McGraw would undoubtedly be greatly pleased if he could get him at a reasonable consideration.

The numerous worries of Manager Miller Huggins of the Yankees were lessened yesterday when Roger Peckinpaugh, shortstop and captain of the club, sent his signed contract to the club offices. Peck is the first member of the left side of the infield to fall into line, and Pratt and Baker are yet to be heard from.

Peckinpaugh ranks as one of the best shortstops of the American League, and the fact that he was a holdout caused some consternation in the local camp.

Colonel T. L. Huston, who has been in the West, had a telephone conversation with Peck a couple of days ago, and the player agreed to terms.

Another player who signed with the Yanks yesterday was George Mogridge, one of the club's best southpaws. Sam Vick, a recruit outfielder, who has been in the army, has been discharged from service and has come to terms with the club.

The mysterious case of Charley Herzog has yet to be solved. Herzog has asked the Boston Club for his release, but George W. Grant, who owns the Boston club, has refused to grant the request. The Boston club goes South on its training trip on Saturday, and Herzog is expected to go along, as the player has been advertised as one of the attractions of the exhibition tour of the Braves and the Detroit Tigers.

The International League may use the Federal League Park in Harrison, N. J., during the coming season, if the major leagues give their consent. The old home of the Federal League in Newark is held jointly by the National and American Leagues, as a provision of the settlement of the Federal League war. They are paying Harry F. Sinclair a yearly rental of $10,000 for ten years for the park, although it has never been used by the leagues.

President Fultz announced after the meeting of the International at the Hotel Imperial yesterday that the Newark Club could get good financial backing if they could secure the park. He stated that his league was prepared to make a good offer to the majors for the use of the park.

The season's plans of the International League are still held up because of the unsettled conditions in Newark and Syracuse. Offers from Montreal and Ottawa for the Syracuse franchise were rejected yesterday. The club owners do not want to take in any cities which will necessitate the lengthening of the circuit on account of the high railroad fares.

FAST RACE GOES TO ROSS.

Takes 250-Yard Swimming Eevnt in New York A. C. Pool.

Clarence Ross of the Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn, scholastic furlong swimming champion, defeated Leo Giebel in the New York A. C. pool last night. Ross, aided by a handicap of 24 seconds, managed to touch off about three yards ahead of the young New York A. C. star in a handicap race at 250 yards. The schoolboy champion's time was 3:07 1-5. Giebel, although starting with a handicap of 7 seconds, was virtually the scratch swimmer in the final heat. The handicaps, however, proved too great for him to overcome, despite the fact that he was closing fast on Ross at the finish. Giebel's time for the distance was 2:54 2-5.

Arthur McAleenan, Jr., son of the New York A. C. Captain, easily captured first prize in the fancy diving contest, after an impressive exhibition of diving skill. McAleenan, from scratch, scored 91.93 points. George Dahm, a fellow New York A. C. diver, was second with 78.83 points, including a handicap of 8 points.

In an obstacle race, Hal Vollmer, former Columbia swimmer, scored a close victory, his margin being 3 seconds better than that of Leeming Jelliffe. Vollmer's time was 1:11 1-5.

The summaries:

250-Yard Swim, Handicap.—Won by Clarence Ross, Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn, (24 seconds;) Leo Giebel, New York A. C., (7 seconds,) second; G. B. Nodine, United States Naval Reserve Forces, (1 minute 10 seconds,) third; Norman Buck, New York A. C., (19 seconds,) fourth. Time—3:07 1-5.

50-Yard Swim, Novice.—Won by Robert Fitz Gibbon, De Witt Clinton H. S.; Isidor Schiff, unattached, second; E. A. Spies, United States Navy, third. Time—0:26 3-5.

Fancy Diving Contest, Handicap.—Won by Arthur McAleenan, Jr., New York A. C., (scratch,) with 91.93 points; George Dahm, New York A. C., (8 points,) 78.83 points, second; Rudolph Saacke, New York A. C., (8 points,) 78 points, third; P. Sponberg, New York A. C., (16 points,) 73.76 points, fourth.

Obstacle Race.—Won by Hal Vollmer, New York A. C., 1:11 1-5; L. Jelliffe, New York A. C., 1:14 1-5, second; J. Curren, New York A. C., 2:12 3-5, third.

Water Polo Contest.—New York A. C., 25; City College of New York, 1.

Crimson to Play Havana Nine.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 12.—The Harvard University baseball management has arranged for a game with the University of Havana on Soldiers' Field on April 19. Richard Grant, a former Harvard miler, is director of athletics at the Cuban college. Harvard is also to play Brown on June 3 instead of May 31, as previously arranged.

Yale Foilsmen Beat Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 12.—Yale fencers today won from Harvard five matches to four. Beardsley, the Yale substitute, who was sent into the meet for the last bout, won the decisive match from Ordway after he had replaced Miles. Captain Gay of the Harvard team was the best of the competitors, winning all three of his bouts.

Sharpe May Coach Yale Eleven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 12.—A report was current on the Yale campus today that Al Sharpe, veteran athletic coach at Cornell University, will coach the Yale football team next Fall, replacing T. A. D. Jones.

YALE SCHEDULE IS ON PRE WAR BASIS

Blue Nine Has 25 Games Listed Against Usual Opponents—Easter Trip Omitted.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 12.—Aside from the omission of an Easter trip, Yale's baseball schedule for 1919 is a duplicate of before-the-war diamond dates. A total of twenty-five contests has been slated by Assistant Manager Weir Sargent, three of them, the games with Wesleyan, Columbia, and Fordham, coming before the Easter recess. Games with Trinity and Johns Hopkins will be played on Yale Field during Easter week and with the New York Giants on the Polo Ground also during that period. Several additional matches are being considered.

The customary series with Harvard and Princeton have been booked, Yale meeting Harvard in the Commencement games on two consecutive days. Brown, Pennsylvania, Cornell, and Holy Cross have been scheduled for two games each.

The schedule is as follows:

April 5, Wesley University at Yale Field; 9, Columbia University at Yale Field; 12, Fordham University at Yale Field; 16, Trinity College at Yale Field; 19, Johns Hopkins University at Yale Field; 22, New York National League on the Polo Grounds; 26, University of Pennsylvania at Yale Field; 30, Tufts College at Yale Field.

May 3, Brown University at Providence; 7, University of West Virginia at Yale Field; 9, University of Virginia at Yale Field; 10, Holy Cross College at Worcester; 14, Brown University at Yale Field; 17, University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; 21 Williams College at Yale Field; 24, Cornell University at Ithaca; 26, Amherst at Yale Field; 31, Princeton at Yale Field.

June 4, Holy Cross at Yale Field; 7, Cornell at Yale Field; 11, open; 14, Princeton at Princeton; 17, Harvard at Yale Field; 18, Harvard at Cambridge; 21 Princeton, in case of tie, place undecided; 24, Harvard, in case of tie, place undecided.

FOLWELL WILL COACH PENN.

Football Instructor Decides to Hold Spring Practice.

Bob Folwell, who has coached University of Pennsylvania football teams for the past three years, is expected soon to assume his duties with the Red and Blue eleven for the 1919 season. It is expected that Folwell will affix his signature to a contract just as soon as George H. Frazer, Chairman of the Pennsylvania Football Committee, returns from France.

With the selection of Folwell as coach comes the announcement that the Red and Blue eleven will undergo a season of Spring training. The decision for Spring training was adopted at a meeting held recently. It is understood that Bert Bell is expected back from France in time for the eleven leader to participate in the Spring training. Bell went to France with the U. of P. hospital unit. He was elected Captain of the Red and Blue eleven two years ago.

FIVE GOALS FOR HOPPING.

Meadowlarks Beat White Owls in Fast Polo Match.

Aided by a handicap of three goals, the Meadowlarks defeated the White Owls last night in the Winn Cup polo tournament at Durland's Riding Academy. The score was 11 to 8. At the end of the first half the Meadowlarks were leading by 6 to 5. They increased their efforts in the second half and easily swept aside the comparatively weak defensive efforts of the White Owls.

Earl Hopping was the principal factor in the Meadowlarks' victory. Hopping engineered most of his team's successful offensive plays and accounted for five goals. H. Guggenheim, playing at back, scored three goals for the Meadowlarks. The bulk of the scoring for the White Owls was done by Herbert Winn at No. 2. He registered four goals.

The line-up:

Meadowlarks. (11.)	White Owls. (8.)
No. 1—W. Loeb.	No. 1—M. Wilder.
No. 2—E. Hopping.	No. 2—H. Winn.
Back—H. Guggenheim.	Back—O. Coleman.

Goals: First period—Hopping, (2,) Guggenheim, Winn, (3,) Coleman, (2.) Second period—Hopping, (3,) Guggenheim, (2,) Wilder, Winn, Coleman. Referee—Archie Kinney. Timekeeper—Lieutenant V. Grimwood. Scorer—Mr. Korminsky. Time of periods—10 minutes.

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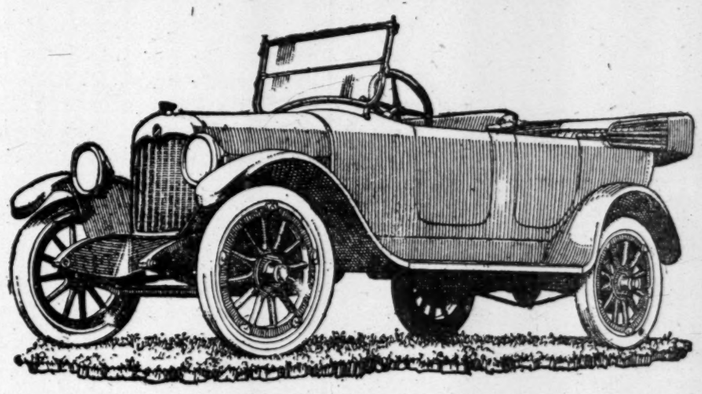

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OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

A Triple Bill at Metropolitan.

The stage of the Metropolitan Opera House last night was strewn with corpses. Such a naughty holocaust! American composers and librettists seem given over to gore and horrid violence at a time when the world craves the peace that passeth all misunderstanding. The "Curious Impertinent" who studies these variations of the operatic weather must have asked himself the question after hearing and seeing Manager Gatti-Casazza's new triple bill: "The Legend," book by Jacques Byrne, music by Joseph Carl Breil; "The Temple Dancer," book by Jutta Bell-Ranske, music by John Adam Hugo, and a revival of "Shanewis," the pleasing Indian operetta, book by Nelle Richmond Eberhart, music by Charles Cadman, which saw the light in this house last season. Follows the cast of the tonal "Triptych":

THE LEGEND.

Carmelita.....Rosa Ponselle
Marta.....Kathleen Howard
Stephen.....Paul Althouse
Lorenzo.....Louis d'Angelo

THE TEMPLE DANCER.

Yoga.....Carl Schlegel
The Temple Dancer.....Florence Easton
The Temple Guardian.....Morgan Kingston

SHANEWIS.

Shanewis.....Sophie Braslau
Mrs. Everston.....Kathleen Howard
Amy.....Marie Sundelius
Lionel.....Paul Althouse
Philipp.....Thomas Chalmers
Old Indians.....Angelo Bada, Pietro Audisio, Mario Laurenti, Giordano Paltrinieri
High School Girls.....Cecil Arden, Helena Marsh, Mary Mellish, Kitty Beale.

Conductor—Roberto Moranzoni.

"The Legend" Heavy as Dough.

It would be idle to deny after a first hearing that "The Legend" was not legendary, but as heavy as unleavened dough; that "The Temple Dancer" was more viable both vocally and musically, and that "Shanewis," by contrast, almost seemed a classic. Candor—which is the short, ugly word in criticism—compels us to state that the three works would shine to advantage across the street from the Metropolitan Opera House; in a word, at the Casino, the nome of light operatic entertainment.

But the sanguinary element in these new librettos is arresting. Rose Ponselle stabs Paul Althouse in "The Legend," to save her stage father, Louis d'Angelo. He in turn is shot and Rose is bowled over by soldiers' bullets. Florence Easton poisons Morgan Kingston—possibly because of his chaotic phrasing in "The Temple Dancer," and is slain by the jealous god, Mahadeo, who looks like a glorified Vantine special sale in exotic brasses. And death stalks the finale of Mr. Cadman's score. Pan Richard Ordynski, who managed the production, must have had a busy time sweeping up the remains of murdered humans. Prominent "Morticians," which over in the City of Cemeteries means undertakers, should leave their professional cards with Signor Guardi at the Thirty-ninth Street entrance to the house. Who can tell? Something may happen sometime and genuine tragedy supervene.

The stories of the two novelties have been related in these columns. We refuse to repeat them, except to say that they are neither better nor worse than the average. Sung in the vernacular, they might as well have been sung in Choctaw. The words for the most part were unsingable. Ponselle and Easton disguised the horror of the dentals, sibilants, and gutturals, lending emphasis to the labials. So did Sophie Braslau. By all means let us have opera in English, but let us have English that is singable.

Both Lack Style and Structure.

It is not necessary to dwell at length upon the merits of the new music. The Breil score is melodious and commonplace. It ambles along and chokes the action whenever it can. That effective stage setting deserved stronger situations. "The Temple Dancer" sounded more like the real thing—in Mr. Hugo's case, Richard Wagner. The glow of the mock sun saves the operetta from palling like the Breil score. At least there is orchestral color, rhythmic variety, part writing, and free tonal modulations. From the sandy soil of the tonic and dominant we are rescued, even though the hands are those of Mr. Hugo and the voice that of Richard of Bayreuth. Neither Mr. Breil nor Mr. Hugo writes "gratefully" for the singers.

Miss Ponselle had to perform a lot of vocal stunts and only her extraordinary voice enabled her to compass some of the long-breathed phrases. She possesses a magnificent bellows. Miss Easton, in addition to dancing, which she did charmingly, had a fatiguing vocal part, inasmuch as it was an unrelieved excursion into lofty altitudes. But she is an artist of the first rank and she not only was a lovely apparation as one of the "sacred" cocottes—the libretto is explicit on this point—but she sang and acted with intensity. Rose Ponselle, too, deserves praise for her mimique. This young woman is striding to her goal with seven-league boots. She is the only satisfactory "find" of the present opera season. Both operettas lack style and structure. In "The Temple Dancer" the gravest defect is the absence of the protagonist. We hear of him, but he fails to put in an appearance.

Mr. Althouse had a chequered evening, and, as usual emerged with honors. Like Thomas Chalmers he possesses voice and personality. Roberto Moranzoni was as dynamic as if he were conducting the Puccini operatic triplets. Manager Gatti-Casazza informs us that the two operettas were selected from two dozen and more sent in to competent judges. We confess we can't say that the prospect of original native opera is cheerful, although moving picture houses may have cause for rejoicing.

Novelties Heartily Received.

The reception of the two novelties was hearty. Mr. Breil and Mr. Hugo were called before the curtain with the singers and Mr. Moranzoni. The pseudo-Orientalism of "The Temple Dancer," with its echoes of Wagner, Verdi, Puccini, Mascagni—even Dvorak was present for a few phrases, the motto of the New World symphony—pleased. Miss Easton was applauded after her first air, and the duo was liked, despite Mr. Kingston's cold. The Serpent ballet was duly appreciated. The lobbyists decided that the Hugo work had better chances for life than "The Legend." But we resent a "certain critical condescension" among our own when such expressions were often heard like this: "Surprisingly good for an American composer, isn't it?" That way lies perdition. Either—Or? as the Norwegian mystic asks; either the music is good or it is bad! When that is settled then the patriotic motive may be blared on the trombones of America. No taint, however, of "modernism" was to be detected in these native compositions; all was safe, sane, and—soporific.

MUSIC NOTES.

Frieda Hempel and Leo Ornstein assisted at a popular concert of the Philharmonic Orchestra last evening at Carnegie Hall.

"Shulamis," a Biblical opera, will be sung for the soldiers at Fort Totten tonight under the auspices of the Jewish Welfare Board.

Rosa Raisa, before sailing for Italy late in April, is to be heard in a special Sunday afternoon concert at the Hippodrome.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock
Hear Selections from the Opera
"SHANEWIS"
Played by the composer
CHARLES WAKEFIELD CADMAN
And reproduced by the
DUO-ART PIANO
Admission without charge
THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
29 West 42nd Street — Fourth Floor

DRAMA

By John Corbin

Shaw Champs His Bit.

AUGUSTUS DOES HIS BIT. G. Bernard Shaw's Latest Trifle, in one act.

Augustus.....Hubert Druce
Lady.....Merle Maddern
Clerk.....Norman Trevor

George Bernard Shaw's "latest trifle," as the program calls it, was produced last night for the first time on any stage at the Comedy Theatre as a curtain raiser to "Toby's Bow." It is entitled "Augustus Does His Bit," and it is chiefly remarkable as showing its author in the act of champing his own.

Augustus is of the tribe of Britannicus in "Caesar and Cleopatra" and the English minister in "The Great Catherine," being one more effigy of complacent vanity and stupidity. But the play lacks the atmospheric milieu, the salient character and the dramatic movement of its predecessors, and Augustus shrinks in proportion. He is an officer who has been sent back from the front for gross incompetence and is now engaged with equal fertility in recruiting. In his possession is a list of anti-aircraft guns throughout England, and the action consists in a manoeuvre by which a female emissary wheedles it out of him—to the manifest delight of his Secretary, a presumably humorous sketch of a slacker.

Shavian farce has two phases. In one it plays horse with ideas and with quite freshly conceived characters. Nothing of the kind was ever more laughable or intellectually stimulating. In the other it harks back to all the old spoofs and wheezes of the Victorian stage. As far as Augustus is a satire on English military incompetence, (and that is its main purport,) it is singularly mal apropos. When it implies a contrast with German intelligence and efficiency, (as it does throughout,) it is even more so. As unmilitary England has beaten the boche at his own game, it is fair to assume that somewhere and somehow a certain savoir faire has crept into the army, though it will no doubt always puzzle the professional Irishman to account for the phenomenon.

As far as the play is a revival of time-worn gags, it may amuse those who have a passion for such things. Augustus goes through all the familiar motions of tumbling over his sword, getting it skewered between his legs and sitting on it. He puts his feet on the table and to summon his Secretary rings the bell with his heel. He even relates that a German bullet hit him on his bald head and that he has the flattened remains of it now in his pocket. As popular amusement goes, all this is innocent enough.

But amid such japes, Augustus booms oratorically about "our brave boys dying in the trenches," and makes blundering reference to the fact that they leave widows and orphans in England. Instinctively one gags in the throat, and loses the power of even the most accustomed laughter. To impute to Shaw a lack of intelligence is impossible; but the fact makes it only the more certain that in matters of taste and human feeling (to use the politest terms) his deficiency is abysmal. In spite of his champing at restraint, "Augustus Does His Bit" might safely have been left to find its first production in Berlin, with the modern mood of which it is most closely in sympathy.

DROP BEETHOVEN CONCERT.

Friends of Music Abandon "Army Tribute" After Protests.

The Society of Friends of Music has abandoned its proposed concert on April 13, originally announced as "a nation-wide tribute" to the officers and men of the United States Army and Navy. The Secretaries of War and of the Navy, who had consented to act as patrons, withdrew their names on account of protests against the giving of a Beethoven program, officers of the society explained.

Mrs. Lanier, the President, in a further statement, said that the Friends of Music were asked to change their program to one of international character, but added that she and her associates were "unwilling to be dictated to in this matter by Mrs. William Jay and others, and abhorring controversy and disturbance, preferred to abandon the concert."

The statement also said that "Walter Damrosch is giving a Beethoven concert on Thursday and Saturday of this week. We leave judgment to an intelligent public." The two concerts referred to are performances of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony, led by Mr. Damrosch. It was this work that the Friends of Music also had intended to produce under the direction of Artur Bodanzky.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Penny Wise" will be withdrawn from the Belmont Theatre Saturday night and Maeterlinck's play, "A Burgomaster of Belgium," will play its New York engagement at this house instead of the Little Theatre, as originally planned. The premiere will take place next Tuesday night.

"The Melting of Molly" will end its run at the Broadhurst this week and "The Kiss Burglar," seen here in the Spring, will begin an engagement at the Broadhurst next Monday night. Marie Carroll will have the leading role.

Lester Lonergan, now acting in "East Is West," will produce Galsworthy's "The Mob" in New York some time next season.

Daisy De Witt will join the Midnight Whirl on the Century Roof next Saturday night.

Crowded Out

FREQUENTLY it is necessary to omit advertisements from The New York Times in order that the space allotted to news may not be encroached upon.

March		Columns Omitted.	Columns Published.
3	Monday,	6	122
4	Tuesday,	20	110
5	Wednesday,	22	100
6	Thursday,	32	115
11	Tuesday,	18	113
12	Wednesday,	22	112

Today 20 columns of advertisements are omitted and 114 columns printed.

Careful discrimination in the assignment of advertising space is forced upon The Times by this condition. Preference is given, therefore, to advertisements having news value and to those for which copy is delivered at an early day and hour before publication.

It is suggested that orders for the insertion of advertisements give The Times an option on the date of publication. There is reasonable assurance that all advertising accepted will be published on Saturday, Sunday or Monday, but it is difficult to give promise of publication on other days of the week.

Orders for the insertion of advertisements of a general character, so far as possible, should include the words "or first available day," as well as the date when publication is preferred.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times
William Gillette | BARRIE'S BEST PLAY. —Herald. | Dear Brutus

Cohan & Harris' 4 Big Hits
Cohan&Harris' Theatre, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Biggest Success Since the "Merry Widow"
The Royal Vagabond
A COHANIZED OPERA COMIQUE
Geo. Cohan Thea., B'y, 43 M. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
The Cute Little Play That Turns 'em Away
"A Prince There Was"
GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince
Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
MRS. FISKE in Mis' Nelly of N'Orleans
A comedy of moonshine, madness and make-believe
Longacre W. 48 n'r B'y Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written
Three Faces East
With Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:20.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20.
FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

Harris W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
The Play of 1000 Thrills
THE INVISIBLE FOE

GAIETY B'way & 46 St. LIGHTNIN
Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TOMORROW, 2:30.

CRITERION B'way 44 St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. 3 WISE FOOLS

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE B'way and 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Saturday & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!

HIPPODROME, NEXT SUN. NIGHT MAR. 16th, at 8:15. Concert by JOHN McCORMACK
TICKETS NOW AT BOX OFFICE.

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Mar. 23, at 3. PIANO RECITAL—JOSEF HOFMANN
SEATS NOW AT CARNEGIE HALL.

RITZ, Sunday Aft., March 16, at 3
Friends of Music
Vocal Music of XV. and XVI. Centuries. Selected Chorus from Met. Opera Co.
Ernest Bloch.....Conductor
Tickets $2.50, of Miss Helen Love, 1 W. 34th St.

Manhattan Op. Ho., 34th, at 8th Av. Evgs. Mat. Sat. & Wed., 2:15. 8:15.
Funniest Comedy of Recent Years
LAST 12 TIMES A TAILOR-MADE MAN
With GRANT MITCHELL
Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00

Aeolian Hall, Friday Eve., Mar. 14, at 8:15. PIANO RECITAL
ARTHUR Loesser
Mason-Hamlin Piano
Tickets .50 to $2. Mgt. Winton-Livingston.

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Eve., Mar. 18, at 8:30.
FREDERICK PALMER
"THE MEUSE-ARGONNE BATTLE."
$2 to 50c at Box Off. Mgt. W. B. Feakins, Times Bldg

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mats. Daily 25c-$1. | ROCK & WHITE NAVY JAZZ BAND, Yip, Yip Yaphankers, MARIE NORDSTROM.
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St. | ROCK & WHITE Herman Timberg, Yvette Rugel, Nelson & Chain.
GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE, 4th St. & 7th Av. Phone Spring 6409. Take 7th Ave. Subway to Christopher St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
HOBOHEMIA A Comedy of Greenwich Village
OPERA TICKETS Seats for tonight, Caruso and all operas. Subscriptions bought, sold. 1438 B'way (40-41 St.) Phones Bryant 7877-7878.
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily. | Pop. Prices CHEER UP AMERICA with Miss Frankie Niblo

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. at 8:15
MATINEES SATURDAY & WED., 2:15.
The Season's Heartiest Laugh
VICTOR HERBERT'S SMARTEST MUSIC
Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Hilarity
The VELVET LADY

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
TWO ENTIRELY DIFFERENT SHOWS
Next Week ROCK & WHITE Farewell to America

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:20.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS
DADDIES

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri. & Sat., 2:30.
STUART WALKER Presents MAT. TO-DAY, 2:30
The Book of Job
& Lord Dunsany's "The Tents of the Arabs."

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
"Ulio! 'ere's a 'it."
The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Last Matinee Sat., 2:30.
Last 4 Times at This Theatre
LEO DITRICHSTEIN
The MARQUIS de PRIOLA

NEXT MONDAY NIGHT, 8:30. Seats Today
Henry Miller, Blanche Bates, Holbrook Blinn, Estelle Winwood
in a new play by Philip Moeller. "MOLIERE"

GLOBE B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Last 4 Last Matinee Sat., 2:20. Times
JULIA SANDERSON, JOSEPH CAWTHORN
Sam Hardy, Maud Eburne "The CANARY" Doyle & Dixon
NEXT MONDAY—Seats Today
OTIS SKINNER
in the 4 act play after Balzac
The Honor of the Family
Prices: Evs. (except Sat.) & Mats. $2 to 50c. Sat. Nt. $2.50 to 75c

STANDARD, Broadway & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25-50c. FROCKS & FRILLS
NEXT MON. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "The Marquis de Priola."

Yvette Guilbert
and
The Neighborhood Players
Will give a special performance of
"Guibour"
A French Miracle Play of the XIV. Century (Played in English)
For the benefit of
The Visiting Nurse Service of Henry Street Settlement
on
Sunday Evening, March 16, 1919
at
The Eltinge Theatre
(Generously donated by Mr. A. H. Woods)
Orchestra, $2.50; First Balcony, $2.00, $1.50 and $1.00; Second Balcony, 50 cents.
No war tax.
Tickets may be obtained at the Eltinge Theatre or from Miss A. B. Morgan, 11 East 44th Street, New York (Telephone Murray Hill 6849), to whom checks should be made payable.

McBride's
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
Our charge for service is 50 cents per ticket over the box office price. No exceptions.
UPTOWN OFFICE: 1497 Broadway. DOWNTOWN OFFICE: 71 Broadway.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., March 15, at 3. Second Piano Recital
ARTHUR RUBINSTEIN
Mgt. R. E. Johnston, 1451 B'way. Seats now on sale at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE Next Sun. Night SEATS NOW
LIEUT. JIM EUROPE and 369th U. S. INFANTRY BAND ("HELL FIGHTERS")
(Formerly 15th New York).

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"OLIVES," DOROTHY BURTON & All Seats Reserved
CO., Julian Hall, 6 others. In Theatre
H. B. Walthall, "The False Faces." $5, 35, 50

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A LIVING and breathing art has endowed the Knabe with soul and distinctive individuality. Possessing a tone of ethereal beauty—enchanting to the player and to the audience—the Knabe expresses the highest inspiration of music.

"The Piano for a Lifetime,"
Mignon Grand, $1075, in Dull Mahogany
Convenient Terms of Payment Arranged.

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WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th St. Evenings 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
"A diamond mine of entertainment." —Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.
MONTE CRISTO, JR.
Winter Garden's Mid-Winter Extravaganza.
Sunday Night Concert
BIG BILL OF FAVORITES

CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Thea. MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL at 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 8800

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MATINEE TO-DAY Broadhurst Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15
RIOTOUS MUSICAL COMEDY
MELTING OF MOLLY
BEGINNING NEXT MON. EVE. SEATS NOW
The Smacking Musical Hit
THE KISS BURGLAR
with MARIE CARROLL | DENMAN MALEY | HARRY CLARKE

COMEDY Thea., 41st, E. B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:10. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:10.
"TOBY IS PRICELESS."—Times.
TOBY'S BOW
with NORMAN TREVOR
George Marion—Doris Rankin, etc.
PRECEDED BY
G. BERNARD SHAW'S LATEST TRIFLE
AUGUSTUS DOES HIS BIT
Norman Trevor, Hubert Druce, Merle Maddern

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. MATINEE TODAY, 2:30.
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

48TH ST. MAT. TODAY Theatre, E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
THE NET

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30.
IN THE FUN HIT COURTENAY & WISE "CAPPY RICKS"

LITTLE Thea., W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Next Matinee Sat., 2:30.
Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce.
PLEASE GET MARRIED
with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro.
Moves to Fulton Theatre Next Monday.

44TH ST. THEATRE, just west of Broadway. Evs. 8:00, Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:00.
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in
2ND YEAR in N. Y. Sinbad 2ND YEAR in N. Y.

BELMONT 48th, E. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last 4 Last Matinee Sat., 2:30. Times
PENNY WISE with MOLLY PEARSON

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bryant 413. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
The Laugh Play KEEP IT TO YOURSELF
"A ROARINGLY FUNNY FARCE HIT."

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD
FRIENDLY ENEMIES

REPUBLIC THEA., W. 42nd St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
(by Arrangement with A. H. Woods) in
"THE FORTUNE TELLER"

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Sat., 2:30. LAST 4 TIMES
A. E. Anson, Chrys- tal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning. "The Riddle: Woman"
Next Week—"PLEASE GET MARRIED."

! EAST IS WEST
with FAY BAINTER
ASTOR THEA. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

Central 47th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
A Musical Play—Different.
Somebody's Sweetheart

Casino B'way & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Jolly Musical Romance Some Time with ED. WYNN

PRINCESS Mats. Wed. & Saturday, 2:15. Evenings at 8:20.
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes OH, MY DEAR!
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY!'"—N. Y. Herald.

NORA BAYES Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
LAST 4 TIMES
NORA BAYES
in Her Joyous Musical Play
LADIES FIRST
Sun. Eve. Concert—All-Star Bill

ONE WEEK ONLY, Beginning MONDAY NIGHT
New York Syncopated Orchestra of 50
WILL MARION COOK, Conductor. Seats Today

VANDERBILT THEATRE, 48th St., East of B'way. Phone Bryant 134. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
A LITTLE JOURNEY
By RACHEL CROTHERS
with CYRIL KEIGHTLEY and ETHEL DANE.

EX-PRES. TAFT Saw This and Said: "I ENJOYED THIS PLAY IMMENSELY. MY HANDKERCHIEF IS WET AND MY SIDES ARE ACHING."

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:4a. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:45.
"Hilarious doings and some blushes."—Herald.
A New Farce Comedy. A SLEEPLESS NIGHT
"I shrieked with laughter."—Alan Dale.

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A Tabasco Dash of Musical Comedy
GOOD MORNING, JUDGE
All Girls, Music, Dancing and Fun. With George Hassell, Mollie King, Charles King.

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THE SEASON'S HIT | With RICHARD BENNETT | 7TH BIG MONTH
UNKNOWN PURPLE
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers

PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30 LAST 4 Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30 WEEKS
JOHN BARRYMORE In Tolstoi's REDEMPTION.

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30.
WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
"THE BEST HAMLET OF A GENERATION."
—J. Ranken Towse, Eve. Post.

PARK Columbus Circle. 59th 9500 Col. | Phone | Eres. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
SOCIETY OF AMERICAN SINGERS.
TONIGHT 8:15 & Sat. Mat. Friday & Sat. Evs. 8:15 Bohemian Girl Robin Hood
Mar. 17, Orville Harrold will sing Irish ballads between acts of Robin Hood.
Tues. Night—Gilbert & Sullivan's "PATIENCE"

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way, 97th. Mat. Today, 50c
Little Simplicity with Walter Catlett & Marjorie Gateson
Next Week, Walker Whiteside, The Little Brother

Original Monologues
BEATRICE HERFORD
MONDAY MATS. at BOOTH THEATRE
NEXT MAT. MAR. 17th AT 3:30 P. M.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mt. Today & Sat., 2:15.
THIS WEEK LA VEINE

SELWYN HITS
JANE COWL IN THE CROWDED HOUR
100% HUMAN
Selwyn Theatre W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
TEA for THREE
FOR IN AND OUT OF TOWNERS
Maxine Elliott's W. 39th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30

GET SEATS TODAY!
FOR THE FAMOUS CLEF CLUB JAZZ CONCERT
50 Joy-Whooping Sultans of Syncopation
SELWYN THEATRE
W. 42 St., nr. B'way. Tel. Bryant 47.
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Special Features Include:
Josh Beaumont, Noted Kentucky Songster, who sez Louisville "Jeony" with his ragtime flute; George Hines, world's champion trap-drummer. Clef Club Quartet in Southern Folk Songs.
PRICES 50c to $2.
Seats on Sale at Selwyn Theatre and at Tyson, McBride and Bascom Agencies.

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Walker Whiteside in "The Little Brother," with Tyrone Power.
Next Week—Florence Reed, "Roads of Destiny."

44th Street Theatre, Sun. Eve., March 16 at 8:30
SECOND RETURN APPEARANCE OF
PHILIP GIBBS
Correspondent for N. Y. TIMES and LONDON CHRONICLE. The Greatest of All War Correspondents.
In a New Lecture
THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS
OWING TO THE WIDE DEMAND FOR THIS TOPIC CAUSED BY MR. GIBBS'S ARTICLE IN THE TIMES OF MARCH 7TH. Boxes $18 and $15. Tickets $2.50 to 75c. Box Office, Agencies, or the Managers.
Management J. B. POND LYCEUM BUREAU.
Established by Major J. B. Pond in 1873 - - - 50 East 42d St., New York.

Tonight—8:30—Aeolian Hall
KATHLEEN BURKE
In a strikingly "different" lecture.
THROUGH TEARS AND SMILES TO VICTORY
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Seats $1.00 to $3.00 (Tax included) at Box Office.
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BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
PHILIP GIBBS
of the Staff of The London Chronicle and The New York Times
FRIDAY EVE., MARCH 14, AT 8:15
Subject:
THE SOUL OF THE WAR
Tickets Now On Sale, 75c-$2.50.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
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America's Veteran War Correspondent on Gen. Pershing's Staff
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THE TRUE LEAGUE AND THE FALSE.

It may be doubted whether Senator LODGE would be persuaded to change his mind about the League of Nations plan by anything Mr. TAFT could say in its favor. Nevertheless, since the Senator is to confront President LOWELL in public debate on March 19, it might be imprudent for him to examine with overmuch care the ex-President's argument in behalf of the League before the Economic Club on Tuesday evening. We do not see how he could read Mr. TAFT'S argument without some shaking of his faith in the entire badness of the League plan, and, of course, he ought to do nothing to impair his belief in the soundness of his cause before he goes forth to meet such a champion of the League as President LOWELL.

With Senator KNOX it is different. Mr. TAFT'S address was in purpose and detail a reply to his criticism of the League plan on legal and Constitutional grounds. Mr. KNOX is not bound to admit anything, but since he really desires the creation of a League of some kind, we believe he will be much comforted in learning from Mr. TAFT that his objections to the Paris plan are groundless. Mr. KNOX, like the other critics of the plan, interprets the committee draft of the Constitution as an instrument that puts the United States, with diminished sovereignty and seriously impaired control over its own acts and policies, in the position of a dependent nation compelled to do the League's bidding. On previous occasions Mr. TAFT has met these objections. He disposed of them effectively in his address before the Economic Club.

The Executive Council of the League is not the super-sovereign power Mr. KNOX imagines it to be. For instance, if a member of the League violates the covenant it commits an act of war against the other members, but that does not compel them to go to war. It does not produce a state of war "unless the nation acted against chooses to declare and wage war." The obligation of the other members is to declare a boycott against the offending nation. This is very different from Mr. KNOX'S construction that under Article XII. "we must fly to arms to protect the covenants." Again, when the Executive Council recommends what military or naval force each member shall contribute, Mr. KNOX assumes that that would be an assumption of the power to declare war. This the ex-President describes as "a palpable non sequitur," since a recommendation is certainly not a command.

Mr. TAFT has made it very clear indeed that the ratification and acceptance of the League agreement would be a perfectly proper exercise of the treaty-making power. That is a Constitutional power, it permits the President and Senate to ratify contracts with other nations, but such contracts may not change the form of Government, they may not alienate territory from a State without the consent of that State. He points out that the making of war, embargoes, limitations of armament, and agreements of arbitration are frequently the subject matter of treaties. But by such treaties we do not bargain away the power of Congress to do anything it is empowered to do by the Constitution. "It therefore follows," said Mr. TAFT, "that whenever the treaty-making power binds the United States to do anything, it must be done by the branch of the Government vested by the Constitution with that function." Congress must in all cases be consulted and "it is for Congress itself to decide in good faith whether or not the breach of the covenant upon which the obligation arises has in fact occurred, and finding that it has, to perform the obligation." The decision whether the covenant has been violated, whether the cause of action exists, is fundamental, and that decision Congress must take. Control over the judgment of Congress is in no case delegated to the League, although it is to be supposed that Congress would always act in good faith, and not in immoral disregard of national obligations. And it would rest with Congress to declare whether this Nation should accept the limitation of armaments recommended by the League.

Sovereignty does not confer the power to do wrong. As Mr. TAFT says, it must be a sovereignty "consistent with the sovereignty of any other nation," and it "should be a sovereignty limited by international law and international morality." That is precisely what the League plan intends. It protects the sovereignty of nations by restraining abuses and assaults. It is a self-denying ordinance in the interest of good morals and of peace. Since we agreed to a limitation of armaments on the Great Lakes we have had more than one hundred years of peace with Great Britain; that slight sacrifice of sovereignty has helped us to be at peace. Our signature to the League agreement would have precisely the same effect, would do us no greater injury.

Mr. TAFT'S expositions of the meaning of the League's Constitution, his reply to criticisms, his candid and convincing arguments, have been of immense service to a cause which is perhaps the greatest that has ever made an appeal to the nations for support and acceptance. All save the most headstrong and heedless opponents of the plan have seen the danger of their position and have of late shown a tendency to take safer ground. To oppose a League of Nations altogether is to espouse the cause of war, to defend and desire the continuance of the old, barbarous, horrible conditions under which the maintenance of great armies was essential to national security. A Senator blinded by partisanship might take that position, it is not one which a reasonable man with some care for his future can safely occupy.

FREEDOM OF RIOT.

The Socialist bill introduced at Albany to prohibit the employment of armed guards by employers for the protection of property during strikes is a specious proposal. Professional guardsmen of this sort are sometimes responsible for the bloodshed that attends labor disorders, and their use may accentuate the likelihood of trouble. But Mr. CLAESSENS and his colleagues leave several phases of the argument discreetly untouched. The use of armed guards is for the protection of property, and destruction of property by riot, under our present laws, is a criminal offense. The alternative to the use of armed guards is adequate protection by the police. We know the attitude of the Socialists and of some labor leaders on that question; they fought bitterly against the establishment of a State police to give adequate protection to the rural districts, for fear that it might be used to protect property during strike riots. There is still another possible course, giving up the privilege of riot and disorder, but our Socialists would hardly consider such a surrender of their sacred principles.

That is to say, the objections of Mr. CLAESSENS and his colleagues are to any sort of protection against anything that a mob might decide to do. This attitude, well established from the record of Socialist opinion on these matters, throws some light on his easy talk of "the volcano on which we now live," and his promise of an early eruption. It also has some bearing on the threatenings and slaughter breathed forth by two miners' unions in West Virginia. That State, which is largely rural and mountainous, is talking of establishing a State police, which experience has shown to be the only sort of organization competent to maintain the public safety in the country districts. This stirs the miners' unions to the declaration that if things get much worse they will "meet their enemies upon the battlefields, amid the roar of cannon and the groans of the dying and the crash of systems," and so on. The roaring cannon must be all their own; these bloody battles will be fought, by their preference, with an enemy whom they have previously disarmed by due process of law. Our revolutionists are thirsting for blood, but they want to be sure before they start their revolution that their enemies' guns are not loaded.

KEEPING THE RAILWAYS SOLVENT

The adjustment between the Treasury, the railways, and the bankers is probably the best practicable solution of a difficult problem, and therefore one that it is not necessary to criticise or oppose. Nevertheless the only ones having reason for enthusiasm in approval are those who will get their dues, after delays for which the politicians are responsible and at the cost of those who are put to unjust and unnecessary expense. The Treasury cannot be proud that it is compelled to issue its warrants upon an understanding that they will be borrowed upon instead of paid. The railways cannot rejoice that they are driven into the money market instead of receiving what is owed to them. The banks are not looking for this business, and have other uses for their credit, both in routine commercial ways and in assistance to the forthcoming Victory Loan. Worst of all, the adjustment is temporary, not a settlement, and the trouble may recur at a season less convenient than now.

Seven hundred millions is an amount considerable enough to embarrass the Treasury, and still more the banks, who must rely upon their own resources, and cannot ask for patriotic indulgence or assistance. After the banks take over their part of this business there is no escape for them from carrying it until it is shifted to the taxpayers. The bills will not be paid from the earnings of the railways within any period which can be foreseen, and meanwhile their accounts are entangled indefinitely. One company is carrying on its balance sheet debits and credits on account of current and deferred items approximating three hundred millions, the largest items being Government business. Another company with one of the longest dividend records in the country has just been called upon to repay a Government "advance" of sixteen millions, and has had to issue bonds to meet it. Surely there can be no difference of opinion that the sooner Government finance and railway finance are separated the better.

The politicians will try to unload the blame on one another, and thereby suggest that both sides are entitled to it. The obstinacy of opinion which caused the defeat of the Railway bill as one item is tainted with fanaticism. No three men are entitled to block the nation's business on any such issues as were involved in the filibuster. But if the Republicans are to blame on this count, the Democrats are to blame for allowing the public business to be in such backward condition that the filibuster could succeed. Back of this lies the root of the trouble in the difference of opinion between the railways and the Government operators. There are 171 leading railways, and only forty-five have reached an agreement regarding the amounts payable to them after the Government has operated the roads more than a year. One road was spending many millions on betterments which were not productive during the test period. Another road lost several millions of revenue owing to State rates judicially decided to be confiscatory, and which are a reproach to the conflict of laws and slowness of adjudication. These are examples of hardships which call for adjustment in a broad-minded way, but which are met in a narrower spirit.

The railways, having been starved for years, have the excuse of irritation and necessity in getting the most they can from the Treasury. The Director General, contemplating many deficits, has the excuse of letting the companies' need for current funds inspire them with readiness to take his views of their special demands. The result of the deadlock is that dividends are being declared subject to payment when the Government pays its bills. Such dividends are detrimental to both Government and railway credit. Arrears of that sort have a way of piling up and making it difficult to meet other problems entitled to solution on their own merits. If the railways and the Director General cannot agree, they should arbitrate in the manner characteristic of business men who want only their rights, and are open to reason about what their rights are. Litigation is a last resort, and is especially objectionable when the Government is a party. The Government cannot escape from the spirit of the President's proclamation of generosity toward the owners of the property taken over against their will and used none too considerately ever since. It has been a costly experience, but it has one merit—that of disillusionment regarding Government operation. Cost what it may, the experiment has been cheaper than going over that precipice without the prospect of getting back again.

HUNKER REPUBLICANISM.

If the wisdom of the Republicans in the next House of Representatives is to be judged by the forces in control of this House, the numerous persons who are accustomed to growl at "Democratic stupidity" may have to change their adjective. Having made a concession to public opinion by throwing overboard Mr. MANN'S candidacy for Speaker, the Republicans proceed to show that he is the idol of their hearts. He refuses to be floor leader, but he and other congenial hunker spirits will govern the next House. Mr. FRANK W. MONDELL of Wyoming, who takes the post of floor leader disdained by Mr. MANN, has great parliamentary experience and high abilities. Judged by his votes in the Sixty-fourth and Sixty-fifth Congresses on the great bills for preparedness in the war, his record is worse than Mr. MANN'S. The latter's error was in voting against tabling the McLemore resolution. His substitute seldom deviated into a sound American vote on these cardinal measures. He voted wrong on the McLemore resolution, the Kahn amendment to enlarge the Regular Army, the Brandegee amendment increasing the Army from 140,000 to 250,000, on the provision for a Volunteer Reserve Army solely under Federal control, on the increase of the Navy, on conscription.

Mr. MONDELL will be Chairman ex officio of the Committee on Committees. Next to him in order of seniority is Mr. J. HAMPTON MOORE of Pennsylvania, a gentleman never conspicuous for discretion or sagacity of speech. He is remembered for many curious utterances before the country went to war. In the matter of votes he was a little more prudent. He voted wrong on the McLemore resolution, the Volunteer Reserve Army provision, the Cooper amendment forbidding American ships to transport arms and ammunition. Mr. MADDEN of Illinois, who may be described, not uncourteously, as a sort of amateur Mr. MANN, voted wrong on the McLemore resolution and the Volunteer Federal Reserve Army. Mr. DUNN of New York has a clean record on all these measures. While his service has given him a place among the potent, wise, and reverend seniors of the House, he is probably little known to most of his fellow-citizens of this State outside of his own district. His Republicanism is of the ancient Bourbon and Cannon style. It is resurgent Cannonism that comes back to power in the Republican party. To new voters, to young voters, to progressives, this triumph of stagnant and outworn Republicanism, touched in the case of some of its conspicuous leaders with a reminiscence of antagonism to the war, must bring weariness and disgust.

Mr. LONGWORTH of Ohio, though he made the great partisan mistake of voting against tabling the McLemore resolution, has worked faithfully and unavailingly against the seniority rule and for the modernization of the party. He and Mr. WINSLOW of Massachusetts, the other two members of the Committee on Committees, will presumably have no great influence in that "steering" of legislation which will be its business.

Mr. KNUTSON of Minnesota will be the Republican "whip." In the Sixty-fifth Congress, his first, he voted against the declaration of war. An agreeable introduction and omen. He is further recommended as "a Cannon pupil."

Mr. CANNON and Mr. MANN, masters of the Republican House, are to be congratulated. The Republican Party is entitled to condolences.

WE DO NOT WANT SMYRNA.

The report that certain influences are striving to persuade our peace delegation that the United States should assume a mandate for Smyrna and Western Asia Minor, which is to some extent supported by other evidence, should stir the American people to realization of what such a proposal means. The district in question is claimed by Greece; it is inhabited by about a million Greeks and by a somewhat larger number of Turks. As everywhere in the dominion of the old Turkish Empire, the Christians are the progressive and active element of the population—they are in a great majority in many districts, including Smyrna itself—and the Turks are the inert residue. The Greeks have for many years cherished the hope of a reunion with the rest of the Greek race, in the State now governed by Mr. VENIZELOS; it is an ancient aspiration, fortified by patriotism and national pride, and by the vivid memories of the outrages practiced on the Greek population by the Turks, which in the last five years have been particularly numerous and atrocious. One would think that such an aspiration would meet with general approval.

The report in question attributes the force behind the movement to dispossess the Greeks and subject them to an American suzerainty, desired neither by them nor by us, to the influence of American Protestant missionaries who have had their difficulties with the Greek ecclesiastical authorities in times past. It is hardly to be believed that missionary resentment could take such serious form. The reason for the lack of favor with which Protestant activity was regarded by the Greeks was chiefly in the system obtaining under the Turks by which nationality and religion were identical; if a Greek left the Greek Church he lost his nationality, he ceased to be a Greek.

The outspoken support of Bulgaria, coupled too often with rather untempered attacks on other Balkan nations, which some missionaries have shown during the past two years, may have sharpened the antagonism; but the chief basis for the difference will disappear when the Greeks are reunited in their own State. It should not be difficult to reconcile the claims of religious toleration with those of nationalism.

In any event, it is hard to believe that any responsible missionary authorities would desire to see the United States creating a Greek Alsace-Lorraine under American rule, in order to facilitate the spread of religious propaganda from the United States. To annex a million unwilling people of a civilized and Christian race, who are eagerly desirous of reunion with their kinsmen, would be a proceeding more reprehensible than any of the annexationist programs which are at present causing controversies in the Peace Conference, and would lack the justification of national profit which has been raised in their favor. That the sentiment favoring such a step is to be taken seriously is most difficult to believe; we do not want to see America take the place of the Turk in opposing the aspirations of the Greeks.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Animosities Purely Academic.

Coming over here with the prestige established by his magnificent war dispatches, PHILIP GIBBS has been welcomed with a warmth which his personal qualities are sure to maintain for the whole of his stay, no matter how long that may be. What he will have an opportunity to discover, therefore, will be, not what he discussed in the article by him printed on this page—the general feeling, that is, of the United States for England—but the feeling of individual Americans for individual Englishmen, which has always been a very different thing.

He has been told about our school histories and their tendency to perpetuate the animosities of the Colonial and post-Colonial periods, and the statements he has heard are true. As a matter of fact, however, the survival of those animosities has been for many years theoretical rather than actual, and about their only effect has been to acerbate a little any resentment that may have been felt by Americans as the result of particular acts by the British Government or by tactless travelers from England.

In our hearts we long have realized present affinities between this country and Great Britain far more than their past differences, and the British visitor or resident has been judged entirely on his merits as a neighbor or an acquaintance, and that, of course, is all that anybody has a right to expect. Certainly it is all that any foreigner gets, even though he be from a land with which the United States was ever on amicable terms.

He'll Find Never an Enemy.

Of "prejudice" a man like Mr. GIBBS will encounter not a trace, even from the few Americans whose profession or favorite sport it is to denounce the British Government as an exponent of tyranny and oppression. He will find that even they will be ready enough to admit that he is an exceptional Britisher, and that they have no grievance against him. They would do the same for any other Briton of like or similar sort, and those of us whose knowledge—or memory—of Revolutionary history is limited to a vague impression left by reading in childhood about the Hessians and the prison ships are instinctively aware of the fact that our "hatred" is of the Pickwickian variety, and not at all incompatible with kindliness and good feeling in the ordinary conduct of life.

There is no European country that Americans of the older stocks—those in whom the ancient hostilities are supposed to be strongest—visit with more of pleasure and interest than England, and none where they feel more nearly at home.

While Mr. GIBBS is engaged in this investigation he might inquire—of himself, for instance—whether or not there does linger in England something of the feeling for "colonials" that exists in every mother country. Probably it is at least as strong as is the supposititious prejudice here against the English.

Reorganizing to Meet New Conditions.

As a basis for discussion of the changes now making in the military aviation service it will be judicious to take the assumption that the purpose of the Government is to get in peace whatever of advantage is possible from the vast expenditures made during the war for the manufacture of airplanes and the training of aviators. It will be necessary, of course, greatly to reduce the number of fliers and of flying fields, and much of the material accumulated will go to what seems like waste. It is not waste, however, for it all did its part in convincing the Germans that the time to give up and call the war lost had come.

Necessarily, too, there will be changes in the executive personnel, partly in the way of restoration to former branches of the army of men no longer needed in the air service, and partly in the way of putting in their right places men who have developed notable capacities and competencies in this field. The aviation department, like so much else of the new armies, was hurriedly organized. That mistakes in selection would be made was inevitable, and now is a favorable time for remedying them. It can be done without bringing any adverse reflections on anybody unless misguided friends insist on seeing grievances where none exists.

Meanwhile, out of the army as well as in it, there should be a determined effort to advance the progress of aviation and to utilize its potentialities, as yet too little known, especially in this country. This need is felt widely, and one of its expressions was in the recent adoption by the New York State Chamber of Commerce of a resolution asking that landing places for airplanes and hydroplanes be established close to the business districts of our leading cities. They are required if commercial aviation is to prosper as it should.

Restlessness May Be His Undoing.

It would be interesting to know with just what emotions it was that the sometime German Emperor brought himself to the point of seeking permission from the Allies to change his place of exile from cold and gloomy Amerongen to some gentler clime—the Riviera, for preference. If, as is reported, he has caused this desire to be intimated to the masters of his destiny, he must have been making rapid progress in learning to be humble.

He made frequent journeys in the past, but they were vastly different from what this one will be if, as seems most improbable, it is allowed. Then he was the mighty Emperor, going where he chose in lofty state, and taking good care always to present himself to the impressed multitudes not only for the much he was, but also as the more he thought he was. Now he is a beggar for favors, and well aware that nobody holds him worthy of them.

He lost his war and he ran away from its consequences as soon as they endangered himself! Of the two disgraces, the latter is by far the worse, and from it there is no possibility that he will ever recover. If wise he will stay where he is, or rather he will not try to go away. He is as safe in Holland as he can be anywhere, and though the climate is not ideal, it is far from intolerable. Does he want to live forever?

UNDER WHICH FLAG?

"If the Saviour of mankind should revisit the earth and declare for a League of Nations, I would be opposed to it. That is my position."—Senator Borah. See Congressional Record, Jan. 31, 1919.

Then picture forth this dreamed-of day,
With Christ on earth again:
Bleeding and maimed, in dark dismay,
He finds the sons of men;
And from their hearts the cry rings out,
"Stabish Thy kingdom, Lord";
And with them, on its last redoubt,
He stands with sheathèd sword.

But Borah—where does Borah stand?
And what is Borah's boast?
"I will not join this Christ-led band,
This Saviour-marshaled host!
Why heed a distant, dying cry
O'er countless leagues of sea?
Behold my banner flaunted high,
The flag of Us and Me!"

And you and you, now choose ye true,
By no false lure enticed;
The flags fly free for all to view—
Choose ye, Americans, choose true,
'Twixt Senator and Christ!

M. A. DE WOLFE HOWE.

THE IRISH QUESTION.

Lord Charnwood Urges Consideration of Practicable Solution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The settlement of the Irish question now depends upon Irishmen far more than upon anything that the British Government can do. Since the opinion of Irishmen in America may have a great influence upon Ireland, it is very desirable that they should understand the elements of the present situation.

In offering some observations on this subject I may explain that I do not approach the matter from the standpoint of the Unionist. On the contrary, I first entered political life solely from my interest in the cause of home rule, have been a supporter of home rule ever since, have been very closely associated with Irish Nationalists, and count it an honor to have numbered among my friends the late Nationalist leader, John Redmond.

It seems to me imperative that Irishmen who wish well to their country should give up the habit of dwelling upon the history of the past and begin to recognize frankly the existing facts. To raise a cry on behalf of Irish freedom without indicating a practical way of meeting practical difficulties is to do cruel harm to Ireland.

It is, of course, natural that Irishmen should cherish bitter recollections of the past, and no Englishman wonders at this or resents it. It is undeniable that England long ago inflicted great wrongs on Ireland, and the greatest of these wrongs, the crime and blunder of the otherwise illustrious Cromwell in driving the bulk of the population into the barren regions of the west coast, has had so visible an effect on the country till quite recent years that it is hard to forget. But when it is remembered that this was an incident in the religious wars which then prevailed throughout Europe, and that far worse atrocities were committed during those wars in every European country, it becomes absurd as well as ungenerous to treat this and other painful facts of the past as proving any settled propensity of the British Government to oppress Ireland. Again, though it is true that religious intolerance continued long after Cromwell's time to be shown toward the Irish Roman Catholics, it is undeniable that the English grew out of this habit of intolerance earlier and not later than other people, and, in particular, earlier than the American colonists.

To turn to the present—Ireland today is not only fully represented in Parliament, but considerably over-represented; for a full generation Ireland has enjoyed a larger share of the attention of Parliament than any other department of affairs; and remedial legislation intended to alleviate the various causes of discontent in Ireland has been one of the most constant subjects of attention. Moreover, this legislation has been strikingly successful. Ireland is today a prosperous country, and it may safely be said that the improvement of conditions there during the last thirty years has been greater than in any other agricultural portion of Europe. This progress is largely the result of legislation. The relation of landlord and tenant which had worked successfully in England had been unsatisfactory in Ireland, and accordingly by far the larger part of the agricultural tenants have been transformed into freeholders by the unsparing use of the credit of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland as a whole. Great efforts have also been made to increase the prosperity of the "congested districts" of the west by public works and by State-aided migration to richer parts of the country. Undoubtedly the improvement has been very great indeed. Undoubtedly also it could not have been effected if Ireland had been detached from Great Britain and had not benefited by the financial strength of Great Britain, whose natural resources are greater than those of Ireland.

This does not in the least do away with the reasons which make a very large measure of self-government for Ireland desirable, and in fact all parties in Great Britain are now united in the desire that such a measure shall be passed. There are, however, very great difficulties in framing a measure of home rule which would work well, and an ill-devised scheme of home rule would certainly be disastrous to the country. The greatest difficulty lies in the fact that the Protestant people of the northeastern portion of Ireland, forming as they do about one-quarter of the whole population of the island, are as passionately, stubbornly opposed to home rule as their neighbors are to the union. It might seem a simple matter to separate the northeastern counties from the rest of Ireland, but the Nationalists have been hitherto extremely averse to any such proposal, not merely on grounds of sentiment but because the counties in question, which may for short but inaccurately be called Ulster, are the richest part of the island, and the Nationalist portion of Ireland would, if started as a separate self-governing community, stand at first in a position of great financial difficulty.

I frankly believe that the opposition of Ulster to home rule has been unwise, but it is a fact, and the claims of this very large minority not to be separated from Great Britain are entitled to the same respect from Englishmen and Scotchmen as the claims of the Nationalists to be in some degree separated. In 1914 the British Parliament passed a Home Rule act giving to Ireland in effect a position within the United Kingdom similar to that of an American State within the Union. The operation of this act had to be suspended for the war, but the passing of it had brought Ireland to the verge of civil war. There can be no doubt that such a civil war would have been stubborn and sanguinary and would have ruined the prospects of advantage to be derived from home rule.

It is unnecessary and would merely import unnecessary bitterness into the discussion for me to dwell upon what has happened in Ireland during the war. But the result has been to intensify the opposition of Ulster to home rule and to give it more apparent justification. During the war the British Government has strenuously endeavored to bring the different sections of Irish opinion together and to arrive at some scheme which would be generally acceptable. The effort has failed.

What, then, should Great Britain do? One point only is clear—we ought not to enact a civil war in Ireland. It is absolutely idle to tell us that we ought to give Ireland home rule in the absence of any known plan which would satisfy Ireland and not produce ruinous consequences there. The essentials of a home rule scheme are that its practical details should be satisfactory to the Nationalists themselves, that it should not expose Great Britain to great peril in any future war, and that it should either be accepted by Ulster or deal so fairly with Ulster that Englishmen and Scotchmen could conscientiously impose it on Ulstermen. It is obviously now the part of Irishmen who desire home rule to concert some settlement which would fulfill those conditions. The threatened revolutionary move on the part of the newly elected Sinn Fein majority of Irish members, obviously, does not help to this end. Friends of Ireland in America have, in my opinion, been justified in the past in exhorting Englishmen to take a more liberal attitude toward Ireland. There is no longer occasion for them to do so. Their influence could now be better used in inducing the Irish people themselves to consider the practical question in a practical spirit. This is the one great service that they can render to their old country, for it is certain that the cause of self-government in Ireland is now blocked by the attitude of the Irish politicians themselves.

CHARNWOOD.

New York, March 10, 1919.

FEWER LIBRARY READERS.

Ledyard's Report Gives Absence of Soldiers as a Cause.

War, brought a decrease in the number of readers who used the branches of the Public Library and in the number who took books out to read, according to the annual report of the New York Public Library made public yesterday. Lewis Cass Ledyard, President, in his section of the report assigned this falling off as primarily due to the fact that hundreds of readers had gone into the service of the country, and thousands into voluntary war work.

Another cause for the falling off in the number who visited libraries was that toward the end of January, 1918, it was necessary, because of the shortage of coal, to close a number of the branch libraries. Still another reason, this not connected with the war, from Oct. 26 to Nov. 6 the circulation of all books at all branches was discontinued by order of the Health Commissioner because of the influenza epidemic. The number of branches closed because of the shortage of coal is given as 21, some for a few hours and others for forty-two days.

These are the figures given in President Ledyard's report:

Readers to the number of 764,537 are recorded as using books in the reference department (Central Building) during 1918. They were supplied with 2,063,201 volumes. The total number of visitors to the building was 2,528,657.

In the circulation department (the branch libraries, Extension Division, and Library for the Blind) the number of volumes issued for use at home was 9,627,505.

At the end of the year there were 1,091,797 books and 319,263 pamphlets in the reference department. There were 1,187,139 books in the circulation department.

The effects of the war is noted in two other items in the report. One is the increase in the number of books on history taken out and used in the main reading room of the library at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street.

The Treasurer's report showed that the city's contribution in the 1919 budget is $72,467 less than in 1918, and this at a time when funds are needed.

FOR WALTON-FEARSON BILL.

Lawyers Approve Convention Plan for Nominating Judges.

The Committee on the Judiciary of the Association of the Bar, in a report presented at a meeting of the association held on Tuesday, approved the Walton-Fearson bill introduced in the Legislature and providing, among other things, for the nomination of Judges of the Court of Appeals and Justices of the Supreme Court by nominating conventions instead of by the present direct primary system.

The committee cited the United States Supreme Court as proof of its contention that Congress has no power to impose and collect an income tax on the salaries of State Judges. The committee resolved to recommend that the association offer to undertake the conduct of such litigation as might arise in connection with any attempt to impose such a tax on the salaries of Judges in view "of the important and far-reaching principle of public policy involved."

Attention was called by the committee to the fact that at the end of the current year the term of Justice Newburger will end, after fourteen years' service in this district as a Justice of the Supreme Court. It was recommended that steps be taken to bring about his renomination. The committee also recommended that the association seek the renomination of Justice Smith of the City Court, whose term expires this year.

The Committee on the Judiciary is headed by William D. Guthrie. The association adopted the report and approved the recommendations.

DISAPPROVE PORT TREATY.

Trade and Transportation Board Opposes Present Form of Plan.

The Board of Trade and Transportation, after a long discussion yesterday, adopted an adverse report on the proposed treaty between New York and New Jersey for the creation of the joint port authority to control port development on both sides of the Hudson River. A motion to ask Julius Henry Cohen, counsel for the commission, to appear before the board and explain the features to which objection was made was voted down.

The report of Chairman Charles F. McLean of the special committee named to investigate the plan, disapproving the interstate treaty "in its present form," was adopted by a majority of about five to one, fifty-three members being in attendance. The principal objection was that the treaty would place in the hands of representatives of New Jersey the power to veto projects originating in New York for improvements exclusively on the New York side of the harbor. The board adopted a resolution favoring the plan to build a vehicular tunnel between New York and New Jersey under the Hudson River.

AIRPLANE DELIVERS GOODS.

Household Furnishings Carried from Garden City to Mount Vernon.

Lord & Taylor's made the first step yesterday in commercializing the use of the airplane when they sent a load of household goods, consisting of a bed, floor lamp, rug, carpet sweeper, fireless cooker, and linens from their substation at Garden City to C. R. Shipley, a customer living at 177 East Lincoln Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Rowland Rohifs, experimental pilot for the Curtiss Engineering Corporation, loaded the goods in his JN-4 plane, equipped with a K6 motor, at 10:30 yesterday morning, and he landed with the bulky goods on the Pelham golf course, near Mr. Shipley's home, at 10:55. The experiment was a success in the estimation of the firm, but it has not decided to what extent this method will be utilized.

Fifteen Nurses Get Diplomas.

In the reception hall of New York Hospital last night, diplomas were presented to fifteen nurses who graduated from the Training School for Nurses of the hospital. A large number of relatives and friends of the graduates and officials of the institution attended the exercises. Howard Townsend, President of the Hospital Society, introduced as a speaker Lieut. Col. E. H. Pool, who spent two years in France, stationed at Base Hospital No. 9. He was attached to the Fifth Army Corps, 47th Division.

At the conclusion of the exercises stereopticon views, showing the nurses at work at the base hospital, were shown by Dr. George W. Hawley of New York Hospital, who was with Colonel Pool in France.

Sees Religious Rebirth in France.

Rev. Joseph H. McMahon delivered his last lecture yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Catholic Library Association at Delmonico's. In his address, "The Hound of Heaven," he said that there has been a "marvelous rebirth of religion among the decadent dilettantes of literary France, as well as elsewhere." He pointed out how God had hunted for souls in the trenches, the quarry being notably followers of Anatole France, Ernest Psichari, Ernest Renan, Charles Paguy, and Joseph Lotta. "It has been truly the French miracle," he said.

RHODE ISLAND PLANS TO DISPUTE DRY LAW

Resolution Offered in General Assembly to Test Federal Prohibition in Supreme Court.

LEGALITY IS QUESTIONED

Amendment Is Held to Alter the System of Government Provided by the Constitution.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 12.—A proposal to have Rhode Island dispute the legality of Federal prohibition was made in the General Assembly today. A resolution was introduced in the lower branch which would authorize the Attorney General to take steps necessary to obtain prompt determination by the Supreme Court of the United States of the constitutionality of the act of Congress proposing the prohibitory amendment.

The resolution, introduced by Representative Jacob A. Eaton of this city, was referred to the Committee on Judiciary. It is understood that it will have the support of leaders in the lower branch.

The resolution reads in part:

"Whereas, There has been proposed by Congress an Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which amendment has been submitted to the Legislatures of the several States, and, according to a proclamation of the Secretary of State, has been ratified by the necessary three-fourths of the States in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the United States;

"And, whereas, the State of Rhode Island from the earliest days of its history has fought the battle of human freedom, declaring by legislative acts its independence of Great Britain two months before the action taken by the National Congress, and compelling the inclusion in the Constitution of the United States of the first ten amendments constituting the national bill of rights, and has never failed to take its stand in defense of constitutional government and in the safeguarding of American liberty;

"And, whereas, it believes that this attempted amendment of the Constitution by Congress has created the following among other grave questions of constitutional rights, to wit: in that it does not amend the system of government erected by said Constitution, but completely alters and transforms said system; in that the amendment invests Congress with police powers in the States hitherto exclusively exercised by them, and thus constitutes a revolutionary transformation of the Government by reason of the extension of the power of the United States, and a compulsory acceptance by the States of a national police rule to be enforced within their borders; and in that such an amendment is contrary to the spirit and system of the dual form of government erected by the Constitution, and instead of being a proper amendment of the Constitution is destructive of it;

"And, whereas, two successive Legislatures of the State of Rhode Island have refused to ratify said Eighteenth Amendment;

"And, whereas, it is of incalculable benefit alike to the State and the nation, as well as to every citizen, regardless of his individual opinion concerning the subject of prohibition, that there should be a prompt, definite, and conclusive determination by the highest courts of the issues involved, that public sentiment thus directed into orderly channels may patiently await the judicial outcome of these proceedings, and sane submission to legal processes be substituted for dangerous unrest; therefore be it

"Resolved, that the Attorney General of the State of Rhode Island be and is hereby authorized and directed, in the name of the State or otherwise, to commence such suits or proceedings, or to take such other steps as may be necessary in the premises, for the purpose of securing as promptly as possible a determination of the Supreme Court of the United States upon the question of the constitutionality of the action of Congress in proposing the said Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States."

WILL DEMOTE 279 GENERALS

76 Army Officers Have Already Lost Wartime Rank.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Demobilization of the army from November to March 1 had resulted in the elimination of seventy-six general officers, a table issued by the War Department today discloses. Further demobilization in immediate prospect will cancel the wartime rank of an additional 203 general officers, leaving only 125 men in the grade of Brigadier General and above out of the 404 who were on duty when the armistice was signed. Only sixty-one permanent general officers are authorized.

The majority of those affected by demobilization are regular army men who held commissions as general officers for war purposes only.

The table of expected strength shows six Lieutenant Generals. It was explained at the War Department that this was founded on the terms of the bill for reorganization of the army reported by the House Military Committee which provided for five corps commanders with the rank of Lieutenant General and a Chief of Staff of the same rank, doing away completely with the rank of General on the active list.

TO STORE ARMY AIRPLANES.

Sixteen Flying Fields to be Kept—Instruction at Two.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The decision of the War Department to maintain sixteen flying fields and three balloon fields as a part of the permanent military establishment was announced today by Acting Secretary Crowell. The department also has practically decided, Mr. Crowell said, to store for possible future use the hundreds of elementary and advanced training planes used during the war.

Secretary Crowell said that department experts did not believe the training machines would deteriorate, if carefully stored, even after a period of years, nor did they believe that improvement would be made in these types which would make them useless.

Fields to be retained and now leased will be purchased by the Government. Actual instruction in flying will be conducted at only two fields. The fields to be retained have not yet been decided, but the Secretary said that two would be near Newport News, three on the Pacific Coast, one near New York, three in Texas, two in Florida, one in Mississippi, one on the Great Lakes, and one each in Georgia and Oklahoma.

CAMP UPTON MEN TO MARCH

Two Trainloads Coming for St. Patrick's Day Parade.

Roderick J. Kennedy, Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, yesterday received word that so many soldiers at Camp Upton wished to take part in the St. Patrick's Day parade that two trains had been arranged for to bring the men to the city. The soldiers will be commanded by Major Michael Heaney,

HYLAN OPPOSES SOME SCHOOL BILLS

Says Measures at Albany Would Increase Pay of Higher Officials.

TEACHERS WILL GET MORE

Total of $3,000,000 by Board's Action Will Go to Workers in Elementary Grades.

Mayor Hylan made public yesterday a letter which he had sent to the members of the Senate and Assembly assailing certain bills now before the Legislature which he said had "for their real purpose an increase in salary for the higher paid employes of the Department of Education.

In one paragraph of his letter the Mayor said that the "Superintendent and his associates should give less time to building up a personal machine" and more time to their educational duties.

In his letter the Mayor disclosed the fact that Superintendent Ettinger had refused to permit the Commissioner of Accounts to proceed with an investigation of the Auditing Bureau of the Department of Education. This matter also came up yesterday at the meeting of the Board of Education. The right of the Commissioner of Accounts to subpoena Auditor Cook was disputed. The final outcome was that President Somers granted a request of the Commissioner to make an investigation.

The Board of Education yesterday took action in favor of salary increases for teachers in the system. It found that the greatest need for the increases was in the salaries of teachers in the elementary grades. It declared itself in favor of a minimum salary of $1,000. Increases were ordered which are to go into effect on Aug. 1. Present salaries and increments, incident thereto, are not to be reduced by the adoption of the revision. Male teachers in Grades 1A to 6B are to be eliminated, and the salaries of women in these grades raised. Equal salaries are to be paid to men and women in Grades 7A to 9B, with additional pay for boys' classes.

The board decided to disapprove of the teachers' bills now before the Legislature. On motion of Anning S. Pratt the Special Committee on Teachers' Salaries was discharged, and arrangement will be made for a conference with the Board of Estimate to consider jointly with the Board of Education legislative matters affecting the Department of Education.

In his letter to the members of the Legislature Mayor Hylan said in part:

"There are several bills before the Legislature," the Mayor wrote, "which have for their real purpose an increase in salary for the higher paid employes of the Department of Education of the city of New York.

"There are those high up in the educational department who are giving very little of their time and attention to the duties for which they are paid and who seem to be more interested in raising the salaries of those who are now well-paid, which would place additional burdens on the rent and taxpayer, than they are in providing proper educational advantages for the children and providing sufficient school accommodations for the thousands of children now on part time.

"The present Superintendent of Schools, who is now receiving $10,000 annually, several thousand dollars more than he received before his promotion a short time ago, is slated for an increase of $5,000 per year.

"Some time ago I directed the Commissioner of Accounts to make an investigation of the Auditing Bureau of the Department of Education for the benefit of the members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment; the Board of Education and the people generally.

"Superintendent of Schools Ettinger refused absolutely to allow the Commissioner of Accounts to proceed with the investigation and examination.. If there is nothing wrong in this bureau, why did the Superintendent fear the investigation? If there is wrongdoing in this bureau it should be investigated, if not by the Commissioner of Accounts under the Mayor then by a legislative investigation."

GIBBS TO TALK ON LEAGUE.

Lecture by Noted War Correspondent on Sunday Evening.

Philip Gibbs, the war correspondent whose dispatches appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES and the London Daily Chronicle, will lecture on the "League of Nations" on Sunday evening at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre. He will speak from the viewpoint of the returning soldier.

Of the League of Nations, Mr. Gibbs says: "The alternative to a League of Nations, democratic in its foundations, and powerful by the understanding and faith of peoples—is Bolshevism. America today has the supreme chance of any power in the world because she is looked upon by the peoples of Europe as a fair, unselfish and democratic arbitrator. If the League of Nations fails then the world will, in my belief, crash into the gulfs of wide spread anarchy."

EVA GAUTHIER IN SONGS.

Niece of Late Ex-Premier Laurier Gives Works of Modern Writers.

Eva Gauthier, the Canadian soprano, a niece of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, gave her only recital in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, an event unique in more than the ordinary sense of the word. She is a singer who has before brought forward interesting novelties from the Orient; yesterday she discovered an entire new group of composers nearer home. A score of songs by modern writers, both British and French, included two Hebrew melodies harmonized by Ravel, old Cornish pieces done by Cyril Scott, airs of Albert Roussel, Gabriel Dupont, Erik Satie, and Fred Barlow, the last named an American naturalized in France. Joseph Holbrook was in the British group, with Norman Peterkin and John Ireland, men whose work deserves to be better known.

Miss Gauthier's audience was frankly interested in all these, and it also welcomed back her accompanist, Lieutenant Frank Bibb.

SELL JAPANESE PRINTS.

$14,229 Paid for 210 Items at Auction.

There was a notable sale of Japanese color prints, the collection of the late Frederick W. Hunter, at the Walpole Galleries last evening, which drew a crowd of buyers which filled every seat and the stairway leading to the salesroom. There was brisk bidding, with applause when the prints were knocked down for exceptionally high prices, and the 210 numbers brought $14,229. Both the Metropolitan Art Museum and the Brooklyn Museum were represented by buyers.

The highest price, $975, was given by Miss Osborne, a well-known buyer of Japanese prints, for No. 204 in the catalogue, a kiraraye or mica ground print, a nocturne, the actor Sakata Hongoro as a Ronin in "The Ronin's Revenge," a flawless print with the title and date added in the hand of Sharaku.

A second mica or silver ground print, the actor Arashi Riuzo as Amakawaya Gihei, with signature and seal, No. 200, went to Fukushima for $800.

NEW YORKERS WIN CROSS FOR BRAVERY

Four Members of Company I, 107th Infantry, Get Citations.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The commander in chief in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following named officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

Mechanic Edwin W. McLaughlin, Co. I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211454.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, Sept. 29, 1918. While the rest of his company was being held up by intensive machine gun fire of the enemy, Mechanic McLaughlin advanced alone and put the guns out of action. On several other occasions he volunteered and accompanied patrols in attacks against enemy nests, each time proving himself of the greatest assistance, successfully accomplishing his mission, despite great hazards. Home address, Miss Margaret McLaughlin, sister, 1,386 Ogden Avenue, Bronx, New York, N. Y.

Sergt. William Dausch, (deceased,) Co. I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211430.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, Sept. 29, 1918. During operations against the Hindenburg line Sergeant Dausch rendered valuable assistance and demonstrated rare courage in attacking and destroying two enemy machine gun nests by the accurate fire of his rifle. Even after being mortally wounded in the head, he continued in the combat until he collapsed. Next of kin, Mrs. Katherin Dausch, mother, 35 East Ninety-third Street, New York, N. Y.

Sergt. Philip Garey, Co. I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211451.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, Sept. 29, 1918. Organizing a platoon of survivors of a battalion, Sergeant Garey led them in attack against the enemy. Under terrific shell and machine gun fire he advanced against an enemy machine gun nest and by the effective use of hand grenades killed or wounded the crew and destroyed the gun. Home address, Mrs. Willis R. Garey, mother, 154 Ralston Avenue, East Orange, N. J.

Corporal Merritt D. Cutler, Co. I, 107th Infantry (A. S. No. 1211452.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, Sept. 29, 1918. Although suffering from wounds, Corporal Cutler went forth under treacherous enemy fire and dragged two wounded comrades to safety. Later the same day he organized a stretcher party and brought in three wounded comrades under machine gun fire which was so severe that it stopped the advance of neighboring troops. Home address, Timothy R. Cutler, father, 101 Park Avenue, New York, N. Y.

RELIEF CAMPAIGN EXTENDED

Appeals for Work in Near East Will End March 22.

The campaign for New York's quota of $6,000,000 for relief work in the Near East will be continued until midnight of Saturday, March 22, it was decided yesterday, according to announcement of Director Harry G. Hoak at New York headquarters, 124 East Twenty-eighth Street. This is done, Mr. Hoak said, in order that the workers may be able to complete their work in each district, and make collections for pledges made to them by individuals and families.

Up to 9 o'clock yesterday morning, when the last report was made, total subscriptions in cash and pledges amounted to $2,715,217.99. Staten Island has raised $14,000 of its quota of $30,000, and Brooklyn $125,000 of its quota of $700,000. W. G. Willcox, Chairman for Staten Island, says that the Island will practically finish its work by the end of this week. Brooklyn reports, through John D. Creighton, Chairman, that there is not the least doubt that the citizens of the borough will subscribe the full quota and probably more.

BLAKES TO RETURN HERE.

Col. Joseph A. Coming from Paris Before Bringing His Wife.

Colonel Joseph A. Blake and Mrs. Blake, who for the last four and a half years have lived in Paris, will return to New York next Autumn. Owing to the armistice and peace the American Red Cross Hospital of which Dr. Blake was the head is closed and leaves him free.

The Blakes have disposed of the lease of their apartment in Paris and purpose spending the Summer at their country estate, the Château Fortoiseau, Dammarie les Lys. Meanwhile Dr. Blake is coming over here for a couple of weeks, and Mrs. Blake will arrange the packing and removal of their household goods from Paris to the country and, with the three children, Katherine, Joan, and Joseph, will go to the château, where Dr. Blake will join them on his return from New York.

Dr. Blake has been indefatigable in his surgical work in the various hospitals, and as the head of the American Red Cross Hospital has accomplished remarkable results. Mrs. Blake has also been deeply engaged in hospital and other war work.

MRS. FAIRBANKS MARRIES.

Divorced Wife of Screen Star Weds James Evans, Jr., a Broker.

Mrs. Beth Sully Fairbanks, who obtained her final decree of divorce from Douglas Fairbanks, the motion picture star, on March 3, was married yesterday at noon to James Evans, Jr., a broker, of Pittsburgh. The ceremony was performed at the Church of the Ascension, the Rev. Percy S. Grant officiating. Only a small group of relatives and intimate friends witnessed the ceremony, including Daniel Sully, the bride's father, and Alan S. Evans, a brother of the bridegroom. Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., the eight-year-old son, also attended. The absolute custody of the son was awarded to Mrs. Fairbanks when she was granted her divorce. She was married to the screen star on July 11, 1907.

Mr. Evans is a member of the University and Duquesne Clubs of Pittsburgh. His father died some time ago, and his mother is spending the Winter in California. He spends most of his time in New York, making frequent trips to Pittsburgh on business.

Gen. and Mme. Tauffileb's Reception

General and Mme. A. E. M. Thauffileb, who are sailing on the Leviathan on Saturday for France, will give a reception and tea this afternoon at the Hotel St. Regis for about 300 guests. General Tauffileb has been in New York for a month on leave of absence. His wife, who was formerly Mrs. Chauncey Mitchell Depew of this city, was decorated with the Croix de Guerre for her war work.

Miss Garraway Wed to Dr. Miller.

The marriage of Miss Pauline Garraway, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Garraway of this city, and Dr. Hudson Russell Miller of Lewiston, Me., which took place on March 8 in the Madison Avenue Baptist Church. Mrs. Carlos E. Perez attended her sister, and Mr. Perez acted as best man. Dr. Miller recently returned from overseas, being with Base Hospital No. 37, and is now stationed at Camp Upton as a member of the Demobilization Board. He was formerly a member of the Bellevue Hospital staff, and later was with the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.

DOUGLAS H. THOMAS DEAD.

Leading Baltimore Banker and Politician Dies at 72 Years.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 12.—Douglas H. Thomas, President of the Merchants-Mechanics' First National Bank of this city, and one of the leading bankers in this part of the country, died here today.

Mr. Thomas was born in Baltimore Jan. 1, 1847. He was Finance Commissioner of Baltimore from 1886 to 1892, Commissioner of Public Parks from 1890 to 1901, and in 1914 became a member of the Paving Commission. He was Captain and then Major of the Fifth Regiment, Maryland National Guard, from 1870 to 1877. Mr. Thomas was Maryland Commissioner to the Centennial Exposition in 1876, and the Jamestown Exposition in 1907.

He was a member of the Society of Colonial Wars, Society of the Cincinnati, Mayflower Society, and also of the Maryland and the Baltimore Country Clubs.

John E. Hanrahan, Inventor.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 12.—The death is announced of John E. Hanrahan, a pioneer founder and inventor of the compositype, at the age of 59 years.

Mr. Hanrahan began work as errand boy in a type foundry at the age of 13 years and worked his way through all the mechanical branches of the industry, finally inventing the compositype about sixteen years ago. He had previously made for Otto Mergenthaler, inventor of the linotype, the first type matrix ever used in the modern typesetting machine.

Commodore F. G. Bourne's Funeral.

Private funeral services were held yesterday morning for Commodore Frederick G. Bourne at his home, Indian Neck Hall, Oakdale, L. I., where he died Sunday. The services were conducted by Bishop David H. Greer, and the choir of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine sang the music. A number of close friends and associates of the financier went from New York by special train to attend the funeral. Interment was in Greenwood Cemetery.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE E. BAILEY, a civil war veteran and until seven years ago in the customs service, died yesterday at his home, 435 Macon Street, Brooklyn, in his seventy-seventh year. Mr. Bailey was a member of U. S. Grant Post, 327, G. A. R., and of the Masonic Veterans.

JOHN BROWN MUIR, who died in the Odd Fellows' Home at Hollis, L. I., on Monday, was a veteran of the Crimean war and had received a medal from the English Government for bravery in action. Mr. Muir was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, and for many years had been a lithographer with the Colton Map Publishing Company. He had been a Noble Grand of Gowanus Lodge, 229, I. O. O. F. He was 83 years old.

Mrs. REBECCA WEBSTER, widow of Lewis C. Webster, a fire appraiser here for many years, died of apoplexy on Tuesday at her home, 712 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, in her sixty-ninth year. Mrs. Webster had lived in Brooklyn for thirty years.

GEORGE CREEFORD BROWNE, an architect, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at his home in South Nyack, N. Y. He was born in Montreal sixty-six years ago. Mr. Browne took a course at the South Kensington School of Art, and won prizes at the international competition in the class of design.

Mrs. ELLA A. BARTOW, widow of the Rev. George A. Bartow, died yesterday at her home on the Floral Park Road, Little Neck, L. I. She was 61 years old.

WILLIAM J. COLLINS, formerly in the stationery business in New York City, died yesterday at his home, 440 South Third Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., at the age of 83 years. Mr. Collins was a thirty-third degree Mason.

GEORGE O. FIELDS, a member of the Society of Friends, died Tuesday at his home, 413 Ocean Avenue, East Rockaway, L. I. Rejected for service in the army because of a defect of one of his ears, Mr. Fields was later accepted as a Government photographer.

WILLIAM J. VOLZING, 34 years old, who was in the real estate business in New York, died Tuesday at his home, Boulevard and Eleventh Street, Whitestone, L. I.

ARTHUR L. McCRUDDEN, 37 years old, for several years engaged in road construction, died yesterday after his home, 550 West 172d Street. He was born in Providence, R. I.

Mrs. CATHERINE MARY STANTON, wife of William H. Stanton, who is Vice President of the General Refractories Company, died yesterday at her home, 155 Riverside Drive. She was born in Buffalo, N. Y., fifty-nine years ago.

Lieutenant HARRY C. ZIESENIS of Lawrence, Kan., was reported yesterday as having died in an American base hospital in France on Feb. 12. When he joined the army he was a student at the University of Kansas. He was wounded at Romagne, Oct. 29 last, while commanding Company C, 314th Signal Battalion, in the Eighty-ninth Division.

CHARLES E. PATTERSON, manager of the Automatic Sprinkler Company of America, died Monday at his home in Maplewood, N. J. He was born in Ohio sixty-two years ago and was a member of the Lotos Club, New York Athletic Club, and Baltusrol Golf Club.

CHARLES HOFFMAN, senior member of the firm of Hoffman & Rothchild Company of New York and San Francisco, died Sunday at his home, 39 West Eighty-ninth Street, at the age of 69.

Miss EDITH JACOBUS, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jacobus of 19 Parkhurst Road, Verona, N. J., died Tuesday night in Mountainside Hospital following an operation on her throat, meningitis being the cause.

Captain PETER WILDE HARTS, father of Brig. Gen. William W. Harts, personal aide to President Wilson, died Tuesday night at his home in Springfield, Ill., at the age of 81.

CHARLES F. BACHMAN, master mechanic of the Essex County Division of the Public Service Railway Company, died Tuesday night at his home, 402 William Street, East Orange, N. J., at the age of 53. He was born in Wilkes-Barre, Penn., and was graduated from the School of Mechanical Engineering at Cornell University

Mrs. CHARLES D. BARNEY, wife of the former head of the firm of Charles D. Barney & Co. of New York and Philadelphia, died yesterday at her home at Ogontz, Penn. Mrs. Barney was the only surviving child of the late Jay Cooke, who handled the finances of the United States Government during the civil war.

THOMAS SOULICE DRAKE, 83 years old, a descendant of the Huguenots who founded New Rochelle, died at his home, 60 Burling Lane, that place, Tuesday night. He owned a large pickle factory in New Rochelle and was a Director of the New Rochelle Trust Company.

Sergeant CHARLES LESTER JOHNSTON of 328 Argyle Road, Brooklyn, attached to Headquarters Company, 102d Ammunition Train, died of pneumonia on board the Mount Vernon shortly after leaving Brest on March 4. He enlisted in Battery B, 2d Field Artillery, in May, 1916, and served on the Mexican border.

WILLIAM BABCOCK DOWD, son of the late William and Maria E. Dowd, died yesterday at his home, 26 East Fortieth Street. The funeral will be held Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock at St. George's Chapel, Stuyvesant Square and Sixteenth Street.

Mrs. ROSINA GRUMWALD, 55 years old, of 2,103 Metropolitan Avenue, Middle Village, died Tuesday in St. Mary's Hospital, Jamaica, L. I., following a shock when she had a tooth extracted four days previous in a dentist's office.

Mrs. ABBIE STIMSON INGALLS, widow of Melville E. Ingalls, lawyer and ex-President of the "Big Four" Railway, who died in 1914, died yesterday in her apartment at Hotel Plaza. The funeral and burial will take place Friday in Cincinnati, Ohio, where Mr. Ingalls is buried.

The Rev. PATRICK B. PHELAN, pastor of the Sacred Heart Church at Holyoke, Mass., for thirty-nine years, died there last night. Father Phelan was born in St. Johns, N. F., seventy-two years ago, and was ordained at St. Joseph's Seminary, Troy, N. Y., in 1872. Holy Cross College conferred the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws upon him.

Corporal SHELDON CLARKE HOUSTON, 27 years old, member of Company H, 310th Infantry, was killed in action in France Nov. 3, 1918, according to word which has just been received from the War Department by his mother, Mrs. Imogen Bryant, at Haworth, N. J. He was buried at Verrieres Ardennes, France. His father was the late Alexander Clarke Houston, editor of The Lowell (Mass.) Times.

BRUCE D. HITT, 50 years old, employed as a salesman by a skirt and suit concern and who lived at the Prince George Hotel, died of heart disease last night, after climbing six flights of stairs at 516 West 135th Street.

Mrs. SARAH L. CUSHING, 100 years old, one of the first women to take up the practice of medicine in the United States, died in Lockport, N. Y., yesterday. She was at one time associated with Miss Elizabeth Blackwell of New York, another pioneer of the profession.

Born.

COHEN.—To Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Cohen, a daughter, March 11, at the Bedford Private Maternity, Brooklyn.

STERNGOLD.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sterngold, (nee Goldie Rabiner,) 629 West 135th, announce the arrival of a daughter, 9 lbs., March 12.

Died.

APPLETON.—At the Faulkner Hospital, Jamaica Plain, Boston, March 10, on her return from service in France, Edna Turner, wife of William Channing Appleton of Cohasset, Mass.

BAILEY.—Max M. of Arverne, L. I., suddenly, March 12, beloved husband of Dora, father of Harry, Leo, Elsie, Rose Kroll. Funeral from his late residence, 10 South Remington Av., Arverne, L. I., Friday, March 14, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

BANGS.—At his residence, 150 East 72d St., on Monday, March 10, Fletcher H. Bangs. Funeral service at St. James's Church, Madison Av. and 71st St., on Thursday, March 13, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

BARNEY.—Laura E. C., beloved wife of Charles D. Barney, eldest daughter of the late Jay Cooke, at Elldon, Ogontz, Penn., on Wednesday, March 12, 1919. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Ogontz, Penn., Saturday, March 15, 1919, at 3 P. M.

BISCHOFF.—On March 12, Joseph, in his 74th year, beloved husband of Margaret Bischoff, (nee Shafer.) Funeral services on Friday, March 14, at 8 P. M., at his late residence, 526 West 113th St.

CALHOUN.—Mabel, daughter of Mrs. H. Snyder, sister of Mrs. Laura De Gratresse, March 12, at her residence, 536 West 111th St. Funeral services Saturday, March 15, at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway at 66th St., 1 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery. Philadelphia papers please copy.

CARLEY.—On Tuesday, March 11, 1919, William R. A. Carley, M. D., in his 56th year, husband of Emily A. and father of E. Albert Carley. Funeral service Friday, March 14, at 8:30 P. M., at his late home, 34 Linden St., Brooklyn.

CILLIS.—March 12, 1919, after a lingering illness, Lina Cillis, (nee Scarry,) in her 67th year, beloved wife of Hubert Cillis. Funeral services on Friday, March 14, at her late residence, 3,232 Mott Av., Far Rockaway, L. I., on arrival of train leaving Pennsylvania Station, N. Y., at 1:26 P. M.

CLARK.—Suddenly, at Cleveland, Ohio, Sunday, March 9, 1919, Mary E. Spencer, beloved wife of William L. Clark of Passaic, N. J. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 133 Lafayette Av., Passaic, N. J., on Thursday, March 13, 1919, at 3 P. M.

COHEN.—Morris, in his 68th year, father of Freda, Mollie, Mrs. Cody, and Emanuel Cohen. Funeral from his late residence, 285 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, Thursday, March 13, at 2 P. M. Interment Union Fields Cemetery.

COLLINS.—At his home, 440 South 3d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., March 12, William J. Collins, aged 83 years. Funeral services at the Masonic Temple, Friday evening, 7:30 o'clock.

CONNICK.—The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick in the City of New York announces with deep regret the death of Andrew J. Connick, a life member of this society. Members are requested to attend the funeral services at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, at Broadway and 71st St., on Thursday, March 13, at 10:30 A. M.

VICTOR J. DOWLING, President.
JAMES J. HOEY, Secretary.

CONNICK.—Members of the Catholic Club of the City of New York are requested to attend the services at the Church of the late Andrew J. Connick at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and 71st St., on Thursday morning, March 13, at 10:30 o'clock.

THOMAS F. FARRELL, President.
EDWARD A. ARNOLD, Secretary.

DE NOYELLES.—At Haverstraw, N. Y., Tuesday, March 11, 1919, Daniel De Noyelles, in his 83d year. Funeral services Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the home of his son, Frank De Noyelles, Haverstraw, N. Y. Carriages will be in wating on arrival of train leaving West Shore, 42d St., at 12:15 P. M.

DOWD.—Suddenly, at his residence, 36 East 40th St., William Babcock Dowd, eldest son of the late William and Maria E. Dowd. Funeral service 3 P. M., Friday, at St. George's Chapel, Stuyvesant Square and 16th St.

DRAKE.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., March 11, 1919, Thomas Soullece Drake, in his 84th year. Funeral services at Trinity Church, New Rochelle, on Friday, at 3 P. M.

DUNSTAN.—Lillian C. Dunstan, entered into rest March 12, 1919. Funeral from her late residence, 154 Vermilyea Av., Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock, thence to the Church of the Good Shepherd, Broadway, near 207th St. Please omit flowers.

EDELHOFF.—On March 12, 1919, Charles A., beloved husband of Augusta Edelhoff, in his 68th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 720 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J., on Friday, March 14, at 8 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

ENGEL.—Suddenly, at his residence, 69 East 92d St., on March 11, Emanuel Engel, beloved husband of Henrietta R. and father of Helen Ettinger, Meyer, Edward, and Emanuel, Jr. Funeral at the convenience of family.

FRIEL.—On March 11, at her residence, 139 East 52d St., Eliza A. Millett, dearly beloved wife of John J. Friel, and mother of Ida and Genevieve. Funeral on Friday, March 14, from St. Patrick's Cathedral, 50th St., and 5th Av., at 10:30 A. M., where requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Kindly omit flowers. Automobile cortege.

FERRIS.—Suddenly, March 11, 1919, Charles W., beloved son of Charles and Sadie Ferris, nee Chapman. Funeral from late residence, 463 West 57th, Friday, March 14. Solemn requiem mass at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, 59th St. and Columbus Av., at 11 A. M.

FIELD.—George O., March 11, East Rockaway, L. I., age 53 years, of pneumonia following influenza. Funeral services at his late residence, 413 Ocean Av., East Rockaway, L. I., Thursday, 8 o'clock. Fresh Pond Crematory, Friday morning, 11:30. Please omit flowers.

FRANK.—On March 12, at her residence, 970 Park Av., Emma, (nee Hecht,) beloved wife of Emil J. Frank and mother of Rita Katzenberg and Arthur Frank. Funeral from her late residence Friday morning, at 9:30.

GOMPRECHT.—On March 12, in her 64th year, Sarah, beloved wife of Jacob, and devoted mother of Charles and Blanche. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 560 West 163d St., on Friday, March 14, at 10 A. M.

GONDA.—Louis, in his 47th year, beloved brother of Gisela Simon. Funeral from Meyers Chapel, 228 Lenox Av., Friday, March 14, 9 A. M.

GRIFFITH.—At Port Richmond, S. I., Wednesday, March 12, 1919, Jay Forrest, son of Charles E. and Emma H. Griffith, in his 33d year. Service private.

HARRISON.—On Tuesday, March 11, Margaret, beloved wife of Jesse E. Harrison. Funeral services at her late residence, Farmingdale, L. I., on Friday, 2 P. M.

HECHT.—Suddenly, at his residence, 436 East 89th St., on March 12, Jonas Hecht, beloved husband of Ida, (nee Thalberg,) and father of Hattie. Funeral Friday, March 14, at 1 P. M.

HEILNER.—On March 11, at Atlantic City, N. J., Pauline Heilner, in her 75th year. Funeral services at Temple Israel of Harlem, Lenox Av. and 120th St., Thursday, March 13, at 1:30 P. M. Baltimore papers please copy.

HINE.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, on Tuesday, March 11, 1919, Marguerite R., wife of Harry Clark Hine and daughter of Peter T. and Nellie F. P. Radiker. Funeral services Friday, March 14, 11 o'clock, at her late residence, 21 Claremont Av., New York City.

HIRSCHLER.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, March 12, 1919, Simon, beloved husband of Josephine Hirschler, in his 68th year, father of Mr. Maurice Hirschler of Norfolk, Va., and Mrs. Joseph Kaltenbacher of Newark. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 204 Mount Prospect Av., on Friday, March 14, at 2 P. M. Interment B'nai Jeshurun Cemetery.

HOUSTON.—Killed in action Nov. 3, 1918, Corporal Sheldon Clarke Houston, Co. H, 310th Infantry, only son of Imogen F. Bryant and the late Alexander Clarke Houston, aged 27 years. Buried at Verrieres, Ardennes, France.

INGALLS.—Abbie Stimson Ingalls, wife of the late Melville E. Ingalls at the Hotel Plaza, New York City, on the 12th day of March, 1919. Funeral services will be held in Cincinnati, Ohio, Friday.

Died.

JOHNSTON.—On March 4, Charles Lester Johnston, 328 Argyle Road, Brooklyn, in service. Funeral services to be held at Flatbush Congregational Church, 18th and Dorchester Road, Brooklyn, on Friday evening, March 14, at 8:15. Interment private.

KOBILAK.—William F., on Monday, March 10, beloved husband of Edith M. Kobilak, (nee Schwimbersky.) Funeral from his late residence, 2,812 Church Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 13, at 12:30 P. M. Interment St. Michael's Cemetery.

LAHRHEIM.—On March 12, Anna Lahrheim, beloved wife of Henry Lahrheim. Funeral Friday morning from her late residence, 209 East 66th St.

LESTER.—Morris, beloved husband of the late Jennie Lester, and father of Mrs. T. F. Masterson, William, Celia, Rose, Fannie Lester. Funeral services Friday, 10 A. M., at residence, 240 West 122d St. Interment Mt. Carmel Cemetery.

LEVISON.—On Wednesday, March 12, Henrietta, beloved wife of Michael Levison, Tottenville, S. I. Funeral Sunday morning, 10:45, from South Ferry. Kindly omit flowers.

LEVY.—Louis, aged 33, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Levy and devoted brother of Mrs. G. Salant, Mrs. Philip Dallin, Mrs. Joseph Weil, A. E. Levy, and E. A. Levy. Funeral services at the New Synagogue, Broadway, between 76th and 77th Sts., Friday, March 14, at 10 A. M. San Francisco papers please copy.

McCUDDEN.—On March 12, 1919, Arthur L., after a short illness at his residence, 550 West 172d St. Remains lying in state at (Campbell Bldg.) B'way, 66th St. Funeral notice later.

MACHOLD.—March 10, 1919, William Machold, in his 57th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 828 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J., on Thursday, March 13, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

MEIEROWITZ.—Peppie Caul, aged 50, beloved daughter of Tony and the late Samuel Altman, devoted mother of Helen Altman, Phil, Sidney, and Irene, and beloved sister of Max Altman, at her residence, 1,635 Lake Front Av., Cleveland, Ohio, on Tuesday, March 11.

MINARD.—On Tuesday, March 11, 1919, William Edward, beloved husband of Katherine Edmiston and father of Ralph E., Douglas, Norman E., Gladys E., and Muriel K. Minard, in his 60th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 502 2d Av., Astoria, on Friday evening, March 14, at 8 o'clock.

MORRIS.—Cynthia M., wife of James E. Morris, Tuesday, at her residence, 2,138 64th St., Brooklyn. Requiem mass will be celebrated Friday at 9 A. M., St. Athanasius's Catholic Church, 62d St. and Bay Parkway. Take Sea Beach subway to 22d Av. station.

MULLEN.—The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick in the City of New York announces with deep regret the death of our fellow-member, Hugh Mullen. Members are requested to attend the funeral services at the Church of Our Lady, Queen of Martyrs, Forest Hills, L. I., on Thursday, March 13, at 10:30 A. M.

VICTOR J. DOWLING, President.
JAMES J. HOEY, Secretary.

MULLEN.—Members of the Catholic Club of the City of New York are requested to attend the funeral service of the late Hugh Mullen at the Church of Our Lady Queen of Martyrs, Forest Hills, L. I., on Thursday morning, March 13, at 10:30 o'clock. THOMAS F. FARRELL, EDWARD A. ARNOLD, President. Secretary.

MURPHY.—In Jersey City, on March 12, at her residence, 277 Central Av., Margaret Benedict, daughter of the late Margaret Howe and Eugene Ferris Murphy.

MYALL.—Doris, (nee Gunther,) on March 11, 1919, beloved wife of Percy A. Myall and devoted daughter of Harry and Julia Gunther. Funeral services St. John's Episcopal Church, Mott Av., Far Rockaway, N. Y., on Friday, March 14, at 11 A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Savannah papers please copy.

PFINGSTAG.—On Tuesday, March 11, Pauline, widow of the late Louis Pfingstag. Services at her late residence, 601 West 187th St., Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

PYATT.—On March 11, 1919, Augustus Stelle, beloved husband of Ida B. Pyatt and father of Lieutenant Kenneth R. Pyatt and Mrs. Harold Jung. Funeral services at the Frank E. Campbell FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., on Thursday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

PYLE.—On March 11, Brooke Sleet, widow of the late Stephen D. Pyle, Sr., at Stamford, Conn. Funeral services at Strong Place Baptist Church, Brooklyn, Friday, March 14, 2:30 P. M. Interment Greenwood.

ROBBINS.—On Tuesday, March 11, 1919, George Edgar, beloved husband of Annie Crane and father of Helen M. Robbins. Funeral from his late residence, 578 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, Friday, March 14, at 10:30 A. M. Interment in Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown, N. Y.

SCHWEINBURG.—Emil, March 8, at Atlantic City, N. J. Funeral services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway at 66th St., Friday, March 14, at 10 A. M. Friends and members of Empire City Lodge No. 208, F. and A. M., invited. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

SCRIBNER.—On March 10, La Baron D., beloved husband of Emma Scribner. Funeral was held at the Church of the Holy Faith, Trinity Av. and 166th St., near Boston Road, at 2 o'clock Wednesday. Interment at Linden Hill. Automobile cortege.

SMITH.—On March 11, 1919, Hetty, daughter of James Logan and Mary Couper Smith, at her home, in New Castle, Del. Funeral services will be held in the Presbyterian Church, New Castle, Del., on Friday, March 14, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

SONDHEIM.—Sol, suddenly, March 11, in Chicago, aged 52, husband of Lillie Schlesinger Sondheim, and brother of Sophie S. Sylvester. Interment at Somerworth, N. H.

SPURGE.—At his residence, 1,392 Bedford Av., on Wednesday, March 12, 1919, Robert M. Spurge. Funeral services at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 80 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 13, at 5 P. M. New Rochelle and Worcester (Mass.) papers please copy.

STANTON.—On March 10, 1919, Catherine Mary, wife of William H. Stanton. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 155 Riverside Drive, on Thursday morning, 11 o'clock. Private interment at Philadelphia, Penn.

STEINGUT.—Simon, on March 11, 1919, beloved father of Irwin Steingut. Funeral from Schwartz's chapel, 312 East 5th, at 10 A. M., on Thursday, March 13. Kindly omit flowers.

SUTTON.—Florence Morse, widow of Elphalet W. Sutton of Bloomfield, N. J., suddenly, March 10, 1919. Funeral services on Thursday, March 13, at 3:15 P. M., at her late residence, Brookdale, N. J. Interment at Buffalo.

THOMSON.—Suddenly on Wednesday, March 12, 1919, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. F. T. Southwick, Meriden, Conn., Jennie E. Thomson, widow of the late Almon B. Thomson, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral private. St. Louis, Mo., and Vicksburg, Miss., papers please copy.

TRAFFORD.—On March 9, after a lingering illness, Harry M., son of the late Colonel B. L. and Cecelia M. Trafford.

TURNER.—Frederic M., Monday, March 10, at 646 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn. Funeral Thursday, March 13, at 8 P. M., at Central Congregational Church, Hancock St., near Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

TURNER.—Sons of the American Revolution, Empire State Society. Compatriots are invited to attend the funeral of our late compatriot, Frederic Martin Turner, at Central Congregational Church, Hancock St., near Franklin Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, March 13, at 8 o'clock P. M.

LOUIS ANNIN AMES, President.
CHAS. A. DUBOIS, Secretary.

Died.

VOLZING.—At Whitestone, N. Y., on Tuesday, March 11, 1919, William J., beloved husband of Agnes L. and son of Emma K. and the late Frederick Volzing. Funeral services from his late residence, Boulevard and 11th Av., Whitestone, on Thursday, March 13, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

WAGNER.—On Monday, March 10, 1919, Philipp Wagner, in his 79th year, beloved husband of Marie Wagner, and father of Henry, Frederick, Charles, Philipp J., Theodore, William, Herman, and Christina Wagner, Mrs. Elizabeth Standermann, and Mrs. Frieda Habel. Funeral services on Thursday, March 13, 8 P. M., at his late residence, 540 Lefferts Av., Richmond Hill. Funeral private, at convenience of family. Please omit flowers.

WEIGT.—Suddenly, on March 11, Elizabeth, (nee Lamm,) widow of John A. Weigt, in her 71st year. Funeral services at 658 40th St., Brooklyn, on March 13 at 8 P. M.

WHITAKER.—March 11, John Whitaker. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday, 2 P. M.

WH

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 12.—Forty new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,215,045, were chartered today. They include:

Rex Metal Products Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $15,000; W. L. Bowman, L. E. McCuen, J. J. Hickey, 120 Broadway.

Metropolitan Record Sales Co., Inc., Brooklyn, musical supplies and novelties, $5,000; A. Levy, B. L. and W. Bloch, 111 Lee Av., Brooklyn.

The Academy of Commercial Research, Inc., Manhattan, advice on business practices and methods, 500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 500 shares common, no par value; active capital, $52,500; A. Fox, R. V. Ficker, L. Russell, 50 Pine St.

Maxwell-Chalmers Sales Corporation, Inc., Brooklyn, auto business, $100,000; M. Finkelstein, M. Mulvey, S. S. Myers, 60 Wall St.

R. & H. Strachan, Inc., Brooklyn, general commission dry goods business, $10,000; A. J., H. C., and R. M. Strachan, 395 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Louis Hoffman & Co., Inc., Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; M. F. Tilman, C. Meyers, A. H. Pincus, 200 West 54th St.

Wesco Realties, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Field, F. and E. Wenck, 251 West 87th St.

M. I. Mfg. Co., Inc., Bronx, make hooks and eyes, $10,000; M. Imershein, D. and L. Marinsky, 832 Whitlock Av., Bronx.

The New York Civil Service Employes Pub. Co., Inc., Manhattan, $50,000; F. J. Prial, W. R. Bradley, F. R. Mullin, 88 Albany Av., Brooklyn.

American Zylonite Corp., Manhattan, make celluloid and celluloid products, 2,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 2,500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $262,500; M. D. Lugash, A. Burke, C. H. Louis, 1 West 81st St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Merchant Marine House, Inc., Manhattan, $200,000 to $400,000.

Charles Whitcup & Sons, Inc., Manhattan, $75,000 to $200,000.

Interborough Lighting Fixture Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $8,000.

Peerless Mineral Products Co., Inc., Manhattan, $100,000 to $250,000.

Ayer & Taylor, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Henry & Williams, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $15,000.

Marine Operating Co., Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Nilsen-Boldrick Co., Inc., Brooklyn, to Lebanon Oak Flooring Co., Inc.

Fifth Avenue Novelty Shoe, Inc., to Grant Shoe Co., Inc.

AUTHORIZATION.

Chadeloid Chemical Co., Inc., West Virginia, capital not given; representative J. P. Floan, 100 William St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Bell-Carleton Stock and Fruit Farms, Inc., Brooklyn.

Axel-Loinger & Co., Inc., Manhattan.

Steamship Service Co., Inc., Manhattan.

Elmira Stove Co., Inc., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 12.—Charters filed:

American Bus Company, Clifton, to operate a bus line, $50,000; Ernest Bukscar and Joseph Pantis of Passaic and Peter Tonon of Clifton.

Franklin Improvement Company, West Hoboken, to deal in real estate, $100,000; J. E. Gilbert of New York, and Louis Silver and William P. Burks of the Town of Union.

General Realty Company, Atlantic City, to deal in real estate, $100,000; F. R. Palzowsky, William Bright, and L. E. Stern, all of Atlantic City.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., March 12.—Charters filed: Railway and Power Equipment Co., $5,000,000, deal in and with railway equipment and machinery; Kathleen I. Gartland, Bronx, N. Y.; Hilda Rubin, Manen Gross, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Western States Oil Co., $3,000,000, acquire oil lands and develop same; Charles P. Colton, Artemus Smith, M. E. Doto, Wilmington.

Southwestern Producing and Refining Co., $2,000,000, acquire oil and gas lands and develop same; T. L. Cortean, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, Wilmington.

Anglo-American Construction and Salvage Corp., $1,000,000, build airplanes, &c.; Alexander Thompson, W. C. Gibson, Christopher Smith, all of Philadelphia, Penn.

American Peat Fuel Corp., $500,000, acquire peat bogs for mining peat fuel, &c.; Michael S. Donovan, Detroit, Mich.; Earl N. Smith, Lansing, Mich.; Malcolm G. Ever, Birmingham, Ala.

Beaver Petroleum Co., $500,000, acquire oil lands and develop same; W. F. O'Keefe, J. H. Dowdell, George G. Steigler, Wilmington.

Ibex Bald Mountain Consolidated Mining Co., $500,000, general business; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell, Wilmington.

Horse Auto Trailer Corp., manufacture devices known as short trailer truck, &c., $250,000, George H. Beebe, Mary E. Hills, W. P. White, all of Buffalo, N. Y.

The Waclepo Mining Co., to manufacture and prepare washing and polishing materials of all kinds, $200,000; John C. Brown, Louis E. Kraft, Charles Mayo, all of Fort Wayne, Ind.

Broad Acres Farm, Inc., to deal in and with farm products of all kinds, $75,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

The American Bluffriesevocene, Inc., to carry on a general shipping business, $75,000; C. L. Rimilnger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Atlantic Auto Supply and Garage Co., to deal in and with automobiles and accessories, $20,000; Harry Brosgal, Edward G. Cook, George L. Townsend, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Petroleum Co. of Texas, to produce, store and sell petroleum, &c., $10,000; Henry C. Brooks, Walter L. Rathbone, Joseph W. Krokel, all of New York.

United Oil Purchasing Co., to do a general merchandising business, $10,000; M. C. Kelly, M. L. Horty, S. L. Mackey, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Petroleum Co. of Indiana, Inc., to produce and store petroleum and sell same, $10,000; Henry C. Brooks, Walter L. Rathbone, Joseph W. Krokel, all of New York.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BAFFIN SEAL Wanted.—H. & H.; also Peco plush; quantity, cash. Greeley 2030.

BEAVER Wanted.—2002 kersey, black and brown. Gramercy 143.

BOLIVIAS Wanted.—Eick worsted, all shades, also gabardines. Phone Farragut 9805.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—F. & H. navy, Copenhagen, and chinchilla. Med. Sq. 4451.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—All shades, any quantity. H. Markowitz & Son, Mad. Sq. 6896.

BOLIVIA SILVERTIP Wanted.—All makes. Farragut 3885.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—F. & H., all colors; cash. Madison Square 8408.

BRAID Wanted.—12 line 2; quantity for cash. Mark Perlman, Madison Square 6880.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Large or small quantities, all shades, spot cash; submit samples. Harris Coat Co., 1,115 Broadway.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—All colors, all qualities. Spring 4846.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted. — Poplins, high shades serges; seal plush. Farragut 9386.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—315, all colors, any quantity. Shapiro. Madison Square 3609.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Tan, copen, henna. H. Elson, 11 West 25th St. Farragut 9688.

CAPES, Dolmans, and Sport Coats Wanted. —Placing orders on better grade silks and satins. Wall mornings only. 16 West 25th, 4th floor.

CAPES AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing stock orders on new models on capes and dolmans. Call 4th floor, 48 West 25th St.

CAPES Wanted.—In big or small quantities. 4th floor, 45 West 27th.

CAPES Wanted.—Placing stocks orders; 1st floor, 137 W. 27th.

COATS Wanted,—Children's and juniors' wanted; jobber placing orders. Venus children's wear. 23 East 26th.

COTTON POPLIN Wanted.—Red only; quantity no object. 1,270 Broadway, Room 607.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—Silk mixed crepe de chines; also silk mixed changeable tussahs or Cantons; give colors, quantities and price. V 303 Times.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Quantity of Stewart's only; quality No. 2599; will pay spot cash. Marion Dress Co., 2 West 33d.

CREPE Wanted.—Serpentine crepe; at once; must be cheap. Madison Square 8671.

CRYSTAL CORD, Crystal Bolivia, and Silvertip Bolivia wanted. Call Madison Square 71.

DELHI Wanted.—Pekin and copen, for spot cash. Farragut 9543.

DELHI Wanted.—All colors; quantity. Phone Greeley 940. Dave.

DRESSES Wanted.—Buying jobs for cash in plain tailored and printed georgettes, foulards, taffetas, satins, and tricotines. 43 West 33d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for jobs silk and georgettes. Call with samples, Sol Spiro, 259 Fifth Av., formerly Spiro & Kutner.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs, any quantity, for cash and immediate delivery. 4th floor, 129 West 29th St.

DRESSES Wanted. — Jobber buying gingham and voile dresses. Room 815, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on silk and cotton dresses. 12th floor, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders better grade cotton and georgette dresses; bring samples. 120 West 27th St., 11th floor.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Waists wanted in jobs, for cash; highest grade. Phone Canal 1128.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber open for dresses. Apply with samples, all afternoon, 54 West 21st. Store.

DRESSES Wanted.—Wash; jobbers placing orders for summer dresses. Levine, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Summer wash dresses. Room 1800, 15 East 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Better grade; jobber open for quantities, 129 West 29th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DURA LUXE Wanted.—Conqueror and Eclant; open for 36 inch; any quantity. Phone 9332 Spring.

EVORAS Wanted.—All shades, any quantity. Madison Square 9388.

EVORA Wanted.—All shades. Phone Madison Square 6205.

FANTASI, Dew Kist, and Crepe Venus Wanted.—Can use half pieces or more; spot cash. Mad. Square 4360, Ext. 6.

FLUBETS Wanted.—Storey & Starkey, No. 815, Farragut 129.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Navy, Gera and similar, tan and pecan to exchange for navy. Madison Square 6798.

GABARDINE Wanted.—All colors; quantity. Phone Greeley 940. Dave.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Gera or Garfields, all colors, for cash. Mad. Sq. 2196.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Amoskeag and similar, plaids, stripes, checks and plain. United States Textile, 315 4th av. Gramercy 4814. Department 1.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—At once, Amoskeag, Renfrew; also other makes. Madison Square 8671.

FURS Wanted.—Manufacturer looking at fur trimmings in leading furs; call mornings only. 16 West 25th, 4th floor.

KHAKI WHIPCORD Wanted. — Will pay cash. Call 6566 Spring.

PANAMA Wanted.—We are open for Whitman's 227 blue, also gray Sicilian. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th St.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—In emerald, nile, mais, red and odd shades. Spring 7934.

PEAU DE CYGNES and Foulards Wanted for cash. H. Rosner, 122 East 25th St.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity for spot cash. Phone Mr. Philip, Farragut 9090.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Salt's peco; will pay cash. Phone Spring 3536.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Navy Garfield or similar twills; phone or bring samples. Harry Greger & Co., 25 West 31st. Madison Square 4878.

POIRET TWILLS, Tricotines, Gabardines, Serges Wanted.—Any quantity. Gramercy 6726-1899.

POIRET TWILL and TRICOTINE Wanted.—All colors, any quantity, spot cash; no phone calls. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29 St.

POIRET TWILL, TRICOTINE, GABARDINE Wanted.—All shades for cash. Madison Square 4180.

POIRET TWILLS, AND GABARDINES Wanted.—Any mills; also tricotines; will pay cash. Farragut 5759.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted.—Navies. Brous Bros., 1,115 Broadway.

POPLINS Wanted.—American navy, also serges, large quantities. American Piece Goods Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6540.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, navy, black, quantity; also 2001, 9058, 2002, 9302 serges. Haft. Farragut 9752.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, black and navy; 06077, black and navy. Greeley 1934.

POPLINS Wanted.—Will pay cash for 90610 navy. Mad. Sq. 3935.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610, black, navy; also colors. Farragut 2616.

RAYETTE Wanted.—Navy and black. Madison Square 8276.

RIBBON Wanted.—Peco edged white No. 5. Phone Spring 3545.

SATINS Wanted.—Peacock, good quality, 36 inches wide; also peau de cygne, henna and peacock. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

SECO Wanted.—For cash, at once; must be cheap. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use 50 pieces each in navy serge of any of the following qualities; Whitman's 104, 9, 99, 94, 3; Amoskeags 6301, 7301, 7614, 7120, 7512; U. S. 838 or 235; Garfield's 528 or 519; Andrew's 1464; Gilbert's 8200; Botany's 809, 11433; American's 0936, 09070. Phone Spring 6311 or 6312.

SERGES Wanted.—99 at $2.05; broadcloth, 315 at $2.25; velour, 5,884 at $1.65; many others, including 3, 104, 519, 528, 809; also shepherd checks. United States Textile, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4814. Department 3.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use 500 pieces of Botany and Garfield navy serge, at $1.50, spot cash. I. Rabinowitz Apparel, 37 West 28th St.

SERGES Wanted. — Americans, Whitman, Julliards or any others, any number and quantity, for cash. Burnstein, Gramercy 6669.

SERGE Wanted.—Can use 500 pieces of Botany and Garfield navy serge, at a price, spot cash. I. Rabinowitz Apparel, 37 West 28th.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, navys, will buy any quantity for cash. Heinlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway. Greeley 5653.

SERGES Wanted.—Storm navy 7301 or similar qualities. Stern-Miller Co., 22 West 32d. Mad. Sq. 8972.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity W. F. X., 7008, and 4421, all colors; cash if cheap. Farragut 3814.

SERGES Wanted.—M. F. L., 41, 1, 6362, 2698, 209; quantities for spot cash. Decatur 756.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity men's wear serge; spot cash. Dalvin C. & S. Co., 24 East 28th St. Mad. Sq. 8543.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 104, 99, at highest market prices for cash. F. S. L. Mfg. Co., Chelsea 7954.

SERGE Wanted.—Julliard 54289, navy; quantity no object. Rosenfeld & Son, 115 West 29th. Farr. 2449.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for all qualities, 54-inch French serge, black and navy, for cash. Chelsea 5376.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 780, 528, 519, 7008, 9056, 54289, 7120, 6120, 7122, 6122. Mad. Square 9279.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity of 54289, in navy only; must be cheap. Broder & Co., 48 West 25th St.

SERGES Wanted.—6120, 7120, 54289, 104, 99, 11433, 519, 47116, 3850 for cash. Gramercy 785.

SERGES Wanted.—French, mannish, storm, all qualities, quantities; good prices. Farragut 5028.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, 8200, 7301, 90302. V. S. L., 54292, 7302. Madison Square 5814.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy and black, 7120-6120-54292, 529, or similar. Farragut 8880.

SERGE Wanted.—11433, navy, 50 inches wide; open for quantities. Greeley 4563.

SERGES Wanted.—American 6234, Andrews 1464. The Big G. Chelsea 4571.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, black, navy. Farragut 2616.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, 7614, 3, 7302, Mellor. Farragut 3088.

SERGE Wanted.—Julliard 5427s or similar. Farragut 596.

SERGES Wanted.—Black 09070. Farragut 2477.

SERGE Wanted.—Open to buy quantity of black and navy WFX. Gramercy 6552.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 11433, 0609, 4632, 3850, 519, 1464; cash. Gramercy 1899-6726.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, 7301, 3, 94, 2004, for spot cash. 5397 Spring.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 99, 2205, or similar; spot cash. Greeley 1156.

SERGES Wanted.—7008, 10525, 3678; Geras 787, 7301, for spot cash. Gramercy 4783.

SERGES Wanted.—99 or similar, for cash. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, 3, 1166, 7301, 94, M. F. C. navy. David, Spring 8849.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, navies and blacks; spot cash. Greeley 528.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 3850 Stevens navy. Harry J. Schiffer, 10 E. 33d.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 2004. Spring 6569.

SERGES Wanted.—11433 and 54289, black and navy. Madison Square 3608.

SERGES Wanted.—3700, 3702, 10280, 104 navy. Frank & Frank, 141 W. 28th St.

SERGE Wanted.—235 or similar quality, for cash. Cohen & Plaks, Chelsea 590.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted in woolen, all kinds of patterns; will pay cash. Phone Farragut 9090. Phil.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All worsted and fifty-fifty. Z 296 Times Annex.

SILKS Wanted.—At once, crepe de chine, georgette, taffeta, foulards, shirtings; must be cheap. Madison Square 8671.

SILKS Wanted. — Plaids, stripes, flowers; clean up your odd lots. Invincible Cloak, 128 West 24th St.

SILKS, SATINS; STRIPED TAFFETA Wanted.—For cash. Madison Square 2311.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for odds and ends in any quantity, for cash. Mad. Sq. 2673.

SILVERTIP Wanted.—Deering-Milliken. Farragut 3885.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades; open for American, 40 West 27th, pekin; also velour checks. Farragut 5166.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Exchange our cash for your cloth. Invincible Cloak, 128 West 24th St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Arthur Joel's or similar; spot cash; in copen, gray, tan. Call Chelsea 5513.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pay cash, all colors, all makes. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SHIRTINGS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of shirtings in crepe de chines, satin stripes, and broadcloth silks; spot cash. Call, 9-12, Metropolitan Shirt Co., 584 Broadway.

SUITS, COATS Wanted.—Samples and closeouts, any quantity; cash. Albert Terrakin, 38 West 32d. Mad. Sq. 9049.

SUITS Wanted.—Placing large orders on dolmans and capes of better kind. 35 W. 31st, 7th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—High shades; quality up to $1. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar, navies, any quantity for cash. Heinlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway. Greeley 5653.

TRICOLETTES Wanted.—All shades; also in raw. Phone Madison Square 3313.

TRICOTINES AND GABARDINES Wanted.—Taupe, navy; light tan velours or Yalama. 38 West 32d, Room 1302. Mad. Sq. 7039.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy and all colors; any make. Kleinfield & Renner. Madison Square 5348.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Any mills; also poiret twills and gabardines; will pay cash. Farragut 3759.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, any make; H. & L. silvertones, shade 440, 453. Greeley 2030.

TRICOTINES Wanted. — Garfield's 5010 or 4718, color 451; velour, F. & H. 671; also Buckley & Cohen 453-3. Madison Square 8275.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, good quality; will pay good price. Morris Weingarten & Son, Greeley 4978.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Pay cash, navy, rookie, black. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

TRICOLETTES Wanted.—All colors, 36 inches wide. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

UNDERWEAR Wanted.—Open to buy big quantities of Government knitted shirts and drawers, rejects, for spot cash. Traders' Mfg., 94 Spring.

VELOURS Wanted.—For cash, high shades only, any mill, also Cox and Schreiber 216 range or similar. R. & W., 50 West 17th St. Farragut 5885.

VELOURS and Silvertones Wanted.—High shades; will pay cash. Crown Cloak, Chelsea 5561.

VELOURS Wanted.—High shades, any make; also delhi or burella in copen. Chelsea 9535.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open to buy quantity, high shades; spot cash. 36 West 27th, 8th floor.

VELOURS Wanted.—Terra cotta, henna, and reindeer; serges, 104, 7120; cash. Gramercy 2402.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light weight, Spring shades; also tan broadcloth 11433 serge. Farragut 2322.

VELOURS Wanted in all colors; spot cash; 4281; also any make. Chelsea 9513.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281; all colors. Harry J. Schiffer, 10 E. 33d.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for high shade velours. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St, selected "Columbian," also fancy plaids, 40 styles, 60/64, immediate delivery, 13 cents regular. Call Stevens, Broad 4880.

VELOURS Wanted.—Pekin, henna, victory red. Chelsea 9955.

VELOURS, Silvertones, and Serges Wanted. —Spot cash. Chas. Cohen Co., 315 4th Av.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Cox & Schreiber 216 range or similar; also cotton warp velours. R. & W., 50 West 17th St. Farragut 5885.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open for quantity of A. W. Co., 09070 navy or similar goods. Madison Square 920.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTOR equipped to manufacture high-grade silk and cotton waists. Box X X 614, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESS CONTRACTOR Wanted.—Also buying jobs. Call all week, Room 606, 39 West 34th.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BRAIDS.—3-end black braid, immediate delivery, 80c a ligne, 8 to 48 lignes. Franklin 4109.

BROADCLOTH AND KERSEYS.—Julliard's 118 and Julliard's kerseys 2002 in burgundy, navy, plum, green and black. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

BROADCLOTH.—Deering-Milliken 1587 Nile green. Chelsea 5099.

CAMISOLES, silk, $7.25; envelope chemise, $15; attractive prices to jobbers; immediate delivery. A. Stein, 220 5th Av.

CANTON FLANNEL, 6-oz. 33-35 inches wide, 45,500 yards; instant delivery. Stuyvesant 5243.

CAPES, dolmans, suits, tricotines, serge, silvertones, crystal cord, hand tailored; better grades; immediate delivery. A. Watterson, 510 6th Av.

CAPES, COATS, DOLMANS, SUITS.—Variety of styles and materials; lowest prices. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th.

CAPES, DOLMANS, SUITS, COATS.—New materials; latest styles; popular prices. Rubin, 12-14 West 32d St.

CAPES AND SUITS on racks; variety of styles and cloths. F. T. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th St.

CAPES, DOLMANS.—Suits at factory prices; immediate delivery. Feldman's, 54 East 13th.

CAPES, Dolmans, suits, coats; new materials; latest styles; popular prices. Rubin, 12 and 14 West 32d.

CAPES, SUITS, $7.75, on the rack for quick delivery. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—6 to 14, silks, $3.75 up. Greater N. Y. Silk, 44 East 23d.

CHIFFON VELVETS and Velveteens.—All shades; immediate deliveries. Madison Square 3313.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big values, Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, 6-14, $5 dozen up. Fazekas & Son, 103 5th Av.

COATS AND DOLMANS.—Pile fabrics now ready for jobbers only. Mezeritzky & Steilerman, 25 West 27th St. Farragut 3757.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

COATS.—Our line of pile fabrics for Fall 1919-1920 is now ready. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th.

COATS and SUITS at low prices for immediate delivery. M. J. Karesh, 290 5th Av.

COATS.—Dolmans, capes; highest grades; immediate delivery. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

CREPE DE CHINES.—100 pieces R. & H. Simons quality 1113, all shades, to close out. Madison Square 6860.

CREPE DE CHINE, powdered 3-thread, at a price. Altman & Grodin, 377 4th Av.

CREPE DE CHINES.—3-thread, 68 pick; all colors; 95c. D 93 Times.

DRESSES.—Immediate delivery; beaded georgettes, satins, taffetas, $6.75-$16.50; Bahnsen's jersey, silk braided, $7.75-$13.50; serges to close, $5-$10; see these, for "I want to be known for the values I give." Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—2,500 dresses for immediate delivery, at a price, consisting of Georgettes, taffetas, satins, crepe meteor, crepe de chine, and Schreiber jerseys. M. Lugerman, 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—On rack for immediate delivery, beaded georgette, satins, taffetas and crepe meteors; all colors and sizes; from $10 up. Regent Dress Co., 158 West 29th. Chelsea 8167.

DRESSES for immediate delivery; dainty new models in beaded and plain georgette, taffetas, georgette and taffeta combinations, at unusually low prices. Klif Dress Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Beaded and flower, georgettes; also foulards, wool jersey, taffetas, satin; immediate delivery; wonderful values. Perlman & Tiffany, 25 West 31st.

DRESSES.—500 snappy taffetas, satins, serges, georgettes; slaughtering prices, especially for bargain basements; also 300 stylish suits. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—1,000 newest Spring models in silk, wool, jersey, and serges; immediate delivery; exceptionally low prices. Balsani & Schirmer, 37 West 32d.

DRESSES.—5,000 silk dresses for immediate delivery at popular prices; also big jobs in French serges. Pan American Dress, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—8,000 on hand; Susquehanna poplins, $3.75; wool jerseys, $8.75; greatest values ever offered; see them today. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Have for immediate delivery snappy silk and cotton dresses; special numbers for misses. N. Y. Dress & Costume Co., 35 West 35th St.

DRESSES.—Job silk and serge dresses, to close out, very cheap. Jacob Lashin, 143 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—5,000 satin, georgette, taffeta, jerseys, crepes, serges; pick them off racks at a price. Daly, 9 West 30th.

DRESSES.—Beautiful styles georgette, plaid, wool jerseys, and serges to close out. 116-118 West 29th St., 9th floor.

DRESSES.—Silk, for immediate delivery, $6.50 up; job always on hand. Flower Dress Co., 19 West 24th St., 3d floor.

DRESSES.—Snappy taffetas, foulards, and georgettes; dissolving partnership. Vendome Costume, 141 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values taffetas, satins, $6.50 to $8.50; immediate delivery. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 West 23d St.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, satin, georgette, tricolette, serges; imediate delivery. Glockenstein, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—To close out several hundred taffeta and satin, $5.75 up. Paris, 18 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Serges; to close out; georgettes, taffetas; on racks. Floronelle Dress, 38 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Taffeta at $7.75; georgette at $10.50; snappy styles. Bernard Dress, 130 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, crepe de chines, satins, jerseys, serges; best grades in stock. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, and silks; close out at sacrifice. Gross-Liebowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, serge, and georgettes; close out at a price. Ehrensal Co., 54 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Susquehanna silk poplin dresses, $3.75. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Job all wool serges and silks, $5. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES, evening-dancing, to close out; reasonable. 142 West 29th, 5th floor.

DRESSES.—600 new Spring dresses to close. Kleva Kiad Dress Co., 261 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Jobs in silk dresses. Schwartz Bros., 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—200 serge, to close out at sacrifice. Bleecker & Weisel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES, jerseys, serges, silks, better grade, at sacrifice. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Tricotine, $19.75, for immediate delivery. Chas. J. Hirsch & Co., 334 5th Av.

FLAGS.—U. S.; wool and cotton bunting, also silk flags, at satisfactory prices; also all kinds of flag stands and novelties. Arthe Levy Bernhard Co., 37 Union Square.

FLANNEL.—White, 6/4 2d half wool; close out cheap. Room 213, 1,123 Broadway.

FOULARDS, all colors, below market price. Broder & Co., 48 West 25th St.

FRINGES.—For sale, eight-inch silk, black and tan. Mr. Chiat, Farragut 4846.

GABARDINES.—Gera 10764 in gray, pekin, copen., navy, black, brown, taupe, burgundy and green. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—All makes; wonderful assortment; big sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

GINGHAMS, plaids and checks, below market price. Broder & Co., 48 West 25th St.

HOSIERY.—Ipswich, style 3300, men's fibre hose in 50 packing; all colors; 40 cases. Canter & Koletsky, 239 Congress Av., New Haven, Conn.

JAP and SONG SILK, all colors and qualities in stock; right prices, plain and fancy cottons. Banner Mills, 27 West 24th. Chelsea 6316.

JAP SILKS, all weights and shades, immediate delivery, cheap. Canton Silk Mills, 432 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 2159.

LINING.—O. D. Lustre wool, 2,500 yards, spot delivery. Stuyvesant 5244.

MOIRE.—Taffeta, crepe meteor moire, all colors; immediate delivery. Gould & Neubert, Madison Square 3971.

PANAMAS.—Cotton warp and all worsted; immediate delivery. Salembier Levine Co., 334 4th Av.

PANTS.—knee; fine worsteds and cashmeres, $5.50 dozen; wool serges, lined, $13.50 dozen. Louis Friedman, 713 Broadway.

PERCALES.—Attention of apron and house dress manufacturers; percales, 30 cases, well selected "Columbian," also fancy plaids, 40 styles, 60/64, immediate delivery, 13 cents regular. Call Stevens, Broad 4880.

POIRET TWILLS.—Garfield 4978 black; cheap. Madison Square 1520.

POIRET TWILL.—Louis Walther's, black only. Phone Murray Hill 6907.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS.—774, 767, 777, 3, P. N. L., S. P. A., black and navy; also high shades N. T. A., H. W. P., 228, 230, 09077, navy; also plain and striped mohairs; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St.

POPLINS.—Copen, coverts, velours, in Fall shades; will sell reasonable. Brous Bros., 1,115 Broadway.

POPLIN.—Will sell style 90610 navy American poplin at $2.10 net, 60 days. Farragust 2885.

POPLINS.—Brightwoods 4768, pekin, $2.60; 4927 black and navy, $2.10, net 70 days. Gramercy 1482.

POPLINS, black and navy, Brightwood, to close out cheap. Phone Chelsea 5376.

POPLIN.—High shades, tan, gray, pekin, for sale. Chelsea 9535.

POPLINS.—Copen. and clay, also navy, all makes. Madison Square 651.

POPLIN.—T 81, navy only. Chauser, 19 West 21st St.

SECO SILK.—First quality, 22½c. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES.—Cleveland 9058, 9622, Julliard's 54292, 54249, 54280, Gera 7008, WFX., MFL., Whitman's 774, PPL., 228, Selden's poplins; also big variety fancy skirtings in plaids and stripes. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—We have about 10,000 yards of 40-inch all-wool navy serge in stock for immediate delivery; to quick buyer this is an unusual opportunity; price, 95c per yard net. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311-6312.

SERGES.—3, 896, 0696, V. S. L. 54289, 4061, W. F. X., F. S. G., C. S., C. S. G., W. S. G., S. B. G. L., T. P. S., 1717, K. S., 1209, 1210; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES.—54289, 6120, W. F. X., 764, 9056, 4002, black tricotine jersey cloth. J. Blumenthal & Co., 221 4th Av. Stuyvesant 3828.

SERGES, mannish; large quantity for immediate delivery at popular prices. Louis Livingston, 20 West 21st. Chelsea 5376.

SERGES.—09070 for immediate delivery; also American poplin 0326, Rookie 987 shade. Dover Woolen Co. Phone Far. 5390.

SERGES.—The following must be sold: W. F. X. 6122, 9056, 519, 11433, 809, 3850, 11554. Madison Square 4845.

SERGES, POPLINS, VELOURS.—Cutting-up trade; quick delivery. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—1464, 54289, V8L, WFX, Lorraine, Whitman poplins; reasonable. Farragut 9528.

SERGES.—6002 blacks, V. S. L., S. P. A., in black and navy. G. B. G. Mfg. Co., Mad. Sq. 7080. Ex. 12.

SERGES.—7301, 15 pieces navy; also other storm serges. Call at Berse & Schwartz, 40 West 22d St.

SERGE.—Cotton warp, 60 inches wide, will sell reasonable. Brous Bros., 1,115 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES.—780, 11433, 6120, V. S. L., 6122, 7302, other mannish numbers, reasonable. Weinstein Co., Madison Square 4622.

SERGE.—3850 at $1.80, 11433 at $1.85; also others. United States Textile, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4814, Department 3.

SERGES.—Very fine quality navy French serge, also 528 taupe and brown cheap. Louis Lazarowitz, 405 4th Av.

SERGES.—Storm & French all worsted and cotton warps; immediate delivery. Salembier Levine Co., 334 4th Av.

SERGES.—0936, 09070, 6301, black; 11433, 3850, 0696, 0609, V. S. L. navies; very cheap. Grossman Bros., Mad. Sq. 4620.

SERGES.—All kinds, big sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES.—7002, $1; 1464, $2.25 net, 70 days; also black mannish serges. Gramercy 1482.

SERGE, O. D. Parker Wilder, 23 pieces, spot delivery. Stuyvesant 5243.

SERGE.—528 Garfield, $1.90 net; quantity on hand. Phone Farragut 4444.

SERGES.—Garfield's 519, Botany 11433, navy. Madison Square 1520.

SERGES.—Gilbert's 9240, 25 pieces navy; will close out reasonable. Forsyth 9017.

SERGES.—3850, 0609, and Gilberts and Lorraine 3662. Chelsea 6018.

SERGES.—54289, 54221, W F X, Lorraines, all colors. Chelsea 3879.

SERGE.—711 checks and poplins to close out for cash. Madison Square 1387.

SERGE.—Whitman's 104, Botanys white 4247, Gera 9056. Farragut 6224.

SERGES.—Similar to 4609 black navy, cheap. Elco Mills, 404 4th Av. Madison Sq. 2639.

SERGES.—09070, 11433, 0696, 6121, 780. Madison Square 9426.

SERGES.—Quantity of 56-inch cream serge; good quality, to sell cheap. Greeley 6172.

SHANTUNGS.—Plain and printed, adaptable for sport skirts, coat linings, or similar uses. Madison Square 6860.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch; also imported Shantungs. Madison

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ROSEBUD MFG. CO.
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Suits, Capes and Coats
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Distinctly original styles in Tricotines, Poiret Twills, Fine Serges, Silvertones, Velours, Velour Checks, Shepherd Checks, Pencil Stripes, and Sports Silks.

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"Garments of Quality and Distinction"

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applies to every thing about our
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—quality, finish, color-range and VALUE.
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8,000 Dresses ON HAND

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Georgettes, Taffetas and Poplins
M. Kirschner & Sons
14-16 East 33d St., New York.

COLORED FANCY ORGANDIES

An unusual assortment of self stripes and checks in various grades and in standard colors—and—

THE PRICE IS RIGHT.

POTTER TEXTILE CO., Inc.
72-74 Madison Av., N. Y.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg
GEORGETTE DRESSES $13.75 to $20.00.
120-133 WEST 27TH ST.

⅛ Of An Executive's Life.

The average Executive spends 1/3 of his life in the office—why not have modern, comfortable furniture?

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Inspection invited.

U. S. DESK Co., Inc., 119 E. 34th St., N. Y.

ASSISTANT TREASURER AND CREDIT MANAGER

Thoroughly competent and well trained, experienced accountant, auditor and cashier, executive ability, desires connection with firm requiring the services of a young American of these qualifications. Highest credentials. City or out of town. K 218 Times.

MILLINERY

A man, age 32, married, who knows the trimmed hat business thoroughly, from manufacturing to selling, and who is well known to buyers in the South and East, is open for position with a large manufacturer or will start new business with investor. T 391 Times.

WOULD FORECLOSE ON SURFACE LINES

Only Alternative Is Higher Fare, Bondholders' Spokesman, Cobb, Tells Lawmakers.

URGE CARSON-MARTIN BILL

Roads Are Not Earning Interest, and Bondholders Have Decided to Wait No Longer.

HUGHES ALSO A SPEAKER

Declares at Hearing State Legislature Has Right to Supersede Fare Stipulated in Franchise.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 12.—Bondholders of the New York City Railways Company, which operates nearly all the surface lines in Manhattan, had a spokesman at the hearing this afternoon before the Senate Public Service and the Assembly Judiciary Committee on the Carson-Martin Bill to inform the lawmakers that unless that measure, which would vest in the Public Service Commission the right to increase fares, even where the rate has been fixed in the franchise, is enacted, there is grave danger that the company will go out of business.

The announcement was made by John C. Cobb of Boston, who announced that he had been elected Chairman of a Bondholders' Committee, which, at a meeting in New York City this week, had reached a decision to foreclose on the properties of the company unless relief could be had.

Mr. Cobb came into public notice some months ago by urging that the company be permitted to quit operating at midnight, in an effort to make the property pay the cost of operation. His announcement today seemed to make a decided impression on the members of the two committees.

The hearing brought to the Capitol ex-Justice Charles E. Hughes of the United States Supreme Court, ex-Judge Nathan L. Miller of the Court of Appeals, and an impressive delegation of bankers, business men and street railway employees from New York and other cities in the State to urge that the bill be enacted.

Mr. Hughes appeared as the representative of the New York Life Insurance Company, the Equitable Life, the Mutual Life, and the Metropolitan Life. His argument was on the questions of the law involved, and he impressed strongly on the lawmakers that decisions from the highest courts all pointed to the perfect right of the State in the exercise of its policy powers to supersede any contracts made by a city or any other political subdivision.

Corporation Counsel William P. Burr, ex-Controller Herman A. Metz, Stuart Brown, President of the United Real Estate Owners' Association; William P. Capes, Secretary of the Mayor's Conference, and representatives from some up-State cities, appeared to oppose the bill as an invasion of constitutional home rule rights possessed by municipalities. Controller Charles L. Craig of New York City attended the hearing, but did not get an opportunity to speak.

Mr. Cobb was one of the last speakers in favor of the bill. He was presented by A. W. Loasby, President of the First Trust and Deposit Company of Syracuse, who headed a large delegation of up-State bankers and business men appearing in favor of the bill and who acted as master of ceremonies for the bill's supporters.

Mr. Cobb, a typical American man of affairs, well past fifty, displayed in the course of his address a captivating smile and manner.

"The bondholders whom I represent held a meeting in New York City this week and decided that the time had come for them to look after their own interests," he said. "The lines of the New York City Railways Company at the present time are being operated at an absolute loss. The earnings do not even pay the interest on the underlying securities. There has been a lot of loose talk about large dividends and watered stock. We invite an appraisal of our property, which will enable the public to determine as to that. If you enact this bill we may be able to get such an appraisal. I will say to you solemnly that the properties are not paying, and that there is no reason to believe that they will be paying operating costs at the present rate of fare.

"Now, there is no power on earth that can force us to continue operation on a confiscatory basis. The Second Avenue line, which has been in the hands of a receiver since 1908, is likely to go into a receiver's hands again, as a result of its failure to pay interest on the present receiver's certificates, a thing that has never happened before in this country or anywhere else, so far as I am aware. Unless we can have relief we are going to quit."

"Is this the gentleman from Boston who proposed that we stop running our surface cars in New York City after midnight?" asked Assemblyman Mark Goldberg of New York, who had attempted to heckle a number of the speakers appearing for the bill, including ex-Justice Hughes.

"This is he," said Mr. Cobb, without the slightest trace of embarrassment. "I still maintain that in fairness we ought to be permitted to do just that and to decrease the number of cars run in the middle of the day, as well. We can give all the service wanted by 90 per cent. of those who use our cars, even if we are permitted to run on that basis. The other 10 per cent. can walk, unless they are willing to pay a cent extra."

Controller Craig was asked what he thought of Mr. Cobb's threat to put the surface lines out of business.

"That should not worry anybody," he said. "It would merely mean that the properties would be sold under foreclosure and bought by some company that would operate them at a profit on present rates, after the water had been squeezed out of the stock."

"Would New York City take over the lines if they were sold under foreclosure?" the Controller was asked.

"The City could do that, if the Municipal Ownership bill should be passed," he replied. "The city is a heavy creditor for the company is greatly in arrears in taxes."

Mr. Hughes, speaking in support of the bill, said the insurance companies he represented held $43,000,000 of traction securities, the value of which would be seriously impaired unless the relief sought were afforded.

"This bill," he said, "does not increase or reduce rates or fares. It merely vests in the Public Service Commission a power in the matter of regulating railroad fares which it was thought the commission possessed until the Court of Appeals rendered its decision in the Quinby case, where it was held that the commission could not alter rates provided for in contracts with or franchises granted by municipalities. This bill provides that, regardless of such contractual agreements, the commission shall have the right to fix rates. It merely rounds out a policy decided upon by this State many years ago for a purpose not peculiar to this State, but recognized in a number of our sister States."

Mr. Hughes said that, contrary to the contention in some quarters, the Quinby decision did not hold that the State did not have the power to change rates, even where contracts were in existence definitely fixing a rate, but merely that the State had failed to confer that power on the Public Service Commission.

"The rate-making power is part of the police power of the State," he went on, "and no one will contend that it can be contracted away or that the State is deprived of its right, or freedom, or duty, to exercise the power of supervising rates, determining what is a just and reasonable rate to be charged where an agreement with a local authority has been reached. The constitutional proviso regarding contracts cannot be held to impair the police power of the State, and that includes the regulation of rates for the welfare of its people."

A member of the committee asked Mr. Hughes if in his opinion the State would have the right to reduce fares below the five-cent rate established in some municipalities.

"I do not see how that question possibly could arise at the present time, but I have no doubt that if under different circumstances that rate was found unjust and too high, the State could lower it," he replied.

Mr. Hughes said that, so far as Court of Appeals decisions were concerned, the question had been settled beyond doubt. He pointed out that the United States Supreme Court invariably had sustained the police power of the State when in conflict with contractual agreements by localities.

"Would the Public Service Commission in New York City have the right to make a revision of the entire contract for the dual subway system?" asked Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, Chairman of the Senate Public Service Committee.

"I do not know that that question is involved, either," Mr. Hughes replied. "My opinion is that you have the right to revise it where it comes within the domain of the State's police powers, but not in other respects."

Chairman Thompson, who seemed bent on heckling, wanted to know if the Public Service Commission would have the right to change the clause in the subway contract which makes one-half of the salary of the President of the Interborough a charge against the city.

"I am not disposed to give you a legal opinion to the effect that you have the right to change the provision relating to the President's salary," said Mr. Hughes. "I am discussing broad principles and showing you that in conferring this power you are merely carrying out a fundamental policy of this State."

"You have been away so long you don't know what these commissions you created have been doing," suggested Senator Thompson.

"You will never make any progress in American Government if you permit dislike or distrust of personnel to influence you in establishing policies," said Mr. Hughes. "Sooner or later you will have to face the facts, and then you will realize that it is a question of revenues or a receivership. The bills must be paid. You will never deal satisfactorily with questions of this kind by burying your heads in the sand or listening to vague assertions."

Ex-Judge Miller of the Court of Appeals told the lawmakers that an acute situation existed in every city where there was a street railway in operation, and urged them not to hesitate to confer power to deal with such situations upon the commissions.

Charles A. Miller, representing the State Savings Banks Association, said a critical situation would arise if the value of public utility securities held by the banks were impaired.

"Do not be afraid of doing justice," he urged. "In fact, it would not be safe to refuse to do justice. This is your time to put in preventive work to avert another panic."

Corporation Counsel Burr, speaking for New York City, said that if the Public Service Commissions were to have power to establish new rates the entire question involving the subway and rapid transit contracts in New York City should be reopened.

"Do not think that the demand for this bill has grown out of wartime necessity, nor that its operation is limited to any period of crisis," said Mr. Burr. "I believe—well, I won't say the dishonesty, but the lack of square dealing on the part of the traction people has brought about the shortage that made them wince. I think it is the intent that the commission shall be given the right to change the rates permanently."

Among those who appeared for the bill were Samuel W. Fairchild, trustee of the Bowery Savings Bank; Edwin P. Maynard, President of the Brooklyn Trust Company; H. A. Schenk, President of the Bowery Savings Bank; George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., President of the Metropolitan Trust Company; George H. Hodges, banker; Eugenius H. Outerbridge, of the Chamber of Commerce, and A. E. Kelbach, receiver of the Second Avenue company.

Senator Abraham Kaplan, Democrat, of New York City, introduced a concurrent resolution today, providing for a legislative investigation of Interborough properties and finances for the purpose of determining whether the demand for an increase in rates is justified. The resolution was referred to the Senate Finance Committee.

HAVANA STRIKE BREAKING.

Street Cars Resume and Railroads May Today—Spanish Agitation.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, March 12.—The general strike situation improved this afternoon, with the street car company resuming normal service. The railroad men, however, continue out, but there are hopes that this service will be resumed tomorrow.

There is increasing evidence of foreign interference in the strike because of propaganda scattered everywhere to convince the workmen that they have been betrayed by their leaders, who have been endeavoring to get them to return to their jobs. It is understood that the foreign element is composed of a number of Catalans belonging to the Spanish I. W. W., and it is also understood that the Government will deport them as soon as caught.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ANDERSON, Ind.—Fair Department Store; N. Speier, general merchandise; 1,150 Broadway.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Novelty Hat Mfg. Co.; Mr. Fergament, millinery goods; Herald Square.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Brown-Hays Co.; Mr. Brown, novelty skirts, women's, children's cotton bloomers; 212 5th Av.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. Froshin, ready-to-wear, muslin underwear, corsets; 303 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. F. Krastel, factory department, shirts, overalls; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; H. A. Goodman, shoes; Penn.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; Mr. Van Tassell, dress goods, silks, wash goods; 404 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. R. Reid, dress goods; A. A. Dieterle, linens; C. Milliken, druggist sundries; B. W. Sebald, stationery; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Fribush Bros.; L. Fribush, Fall cloakings; 1,372 B'way; Knickerbocker.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss C. H. Fuld, children's wear; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Klein-Moffett Co.; H. H. Green, cotton piece goods; 1,270 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—McDowell & Co.; J. H. Elser, carpets; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—L. Grief & Brother; S. B. Waxman, manufacturers clothing; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Weinberg Mfg. Co.; I. Weinberg, coats, suits, skirts; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Oriole Dept. Store; Mr. Gunderaheimer, furn. goods; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; Alcazar.

BALTIMORE—Snow, Mecaslin & Co.; C. H. Snow, Jr., millinery; 379 B'way.

BALTIMORE—L. & I. Greenbaum; L. Greenbaum, mfrs. waists, dresses, house dresses; 1,182 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss R. Kaufman, waists; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—S. H. Rauneker, denims; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; M. E. Falk, men's, boys' overcoats, clothing, hats; Penn.

BARTLETTSVILLE, Okla. — H. Degan, waists; 212 5th Av.

BOSTON—Outlet Clothing Co.; S. Finkelstein, clothing; Gran.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss E. M. Kennedy, crepe de chine underwear; Miss Fitzgerald, gloves; Miss Kane, misses' suits, dresses; 25 W. 33d.

BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; Miss Minahan, children's, juniors' dresses, coats; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss L. Otis, women's suits; 230 5th Av.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Mrs. E. S. Adelson, silk waists; 244 5th Av.

BOSTON—Houghton & Dutton Co.; Miss E. A. Hand, infants' wear; Penn.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss Galbraith, trimmings; J. W. Kelley, art embroideries; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss Knight, sweaters; Miss Casey, waists; 25 West 33d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss M. F. Goodwin, jewelry, silverware; G. B. Suder, rugs, carpets; Miss N. C. Mackey, cotton underwear, negligees, petticoats; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Murphy, misses' suits; Miss McKevit, misses' inexpensive dresses; Mr. O'Brien, women's, misses' suits; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. G. Tarpy, misses' coats, suits; 470 4th Av.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Smith-Murray Co.; C. Kleindienst, domestics, piece goods; 105 Grand.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn. — Howland's; L. B. Withstanley, domestics, linens, white, wash goods; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss McFarland, misses' coats, suits, dresses; 2 West 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Goodman Millinery Supply Co.; M. Marks, millinery; McAlpin.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; J. J. Sullivan, domestics; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Flint & Kent; J. G. Edwards, representing; 220 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Hens & Kelly Co.; J. E. Breese, laces, trimmings, ribbons, hdkfs.; 1,133 B'way.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Sinclair, Rooney & Co.; W. Bone, flowers; 621 B'way.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss Treat, art goods; 2 West 37th.

CARTHAGE, N. Y.—Nolan's Boston Store; J. Nolan, coats, suits, dresses, waists; Grand.

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Solof Bros.; J. W. Solof, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.

CHICAGO—Hyland Bros. Co.; M. P. Hyland, millinery; 417 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Leschers; G. Ederheimer, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss Conway, gloves, neckwear; 225 5th Av.

CHICAGO—The Fair; H. A. Levy, jobs suits, capes, dolmans, cotton waists, dresses, (basement;) F. A. Brockman, hardware; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss J. I. Mann, cut glass; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Weiskopf Co.; C. A. Broad, millinery, silks, ribbons; 621 B'way.

CHICAGO — Moossler Clothing Co.; M. H. Mossler, men's, boys' clothing; Herald Square.

CHICAGO—W. D. Schmidt & Co.; S. Wohl, woolens; Commodore.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; L. A. Stahl, pile fabric coats; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO — Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. D. Clark, H. W. Hoch, men's overcoats, raincoats; H. Zeitsch, photographs, optical, phonographs; 115 5th Av.

CINCINNATI—Bischoff, Sterne & Stein Co.; L. Sinn, woolens, silks, furs; 404 4th Av., Room 1101.

CINCINNATI—Denton Co.; E. K. Denton, coats, suits; 1,270 B'way.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va.—Parsons, Sanders & Co.; A. Parsons, carpets; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Reed Bros. & Co.; J. L. Baller, flowers, feathers; 621 B'way.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; R. T. Montgomery, rugs; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; C. Mashek, general mdse.; 116 W. 32d.

CLEVELAND — May Co.; L. Moskowitz, waists, underwear, (basement;) 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. H. Tyroler, suits; Mr. Kaplan, waists, dresses; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—Reed Brothers & Co.; J. A. Henninger, millinery; 621 Broadway.

CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss Cohen, silk, Georgette dresses; Miss Vincent, waists; 470 4th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio—Elder & Johnston Co.; L. Miller, shoes; 230 5th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss Colner, millinery; 225 5th Av.

DALLAS—I. H. Weil, women's silk waists, hosiery, neckwear, bags, silk, muslin underwear, Spring suits 470 4th Av.

DENVER, Col.—Gano-Downs Co.; M. Guerra, men's clothing; Commodore.

DETROIT—Crowley Brothers; W. C. Crowley, wash goods; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT—Ernst Kern; Miss G. Ludwig, laces, ribbons, blankets; Miss F. Evans, gloves, leather goods; 116 West 32d.

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; L. Newbrik, toys, china, glassware; 116 W. 32d; Commodore.

DETROIT—A. Suffrin, silks, dress goods; Claridge.

EASTON, Penn.—J. Kline, hosiery, underwear; Commodore.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—The Stern Co.; Miss Goosman, waists; 470 4th Av.

HARRISBURG, Penn. — Ladies' Bazaar; M. Schondorf, women's wear; Imperial.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; Dolscheskie, toys; 404 4th Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; Mrs. R. M. Brazzel, ribbons; Miss S. I. Guilfoil, gloves; 141 Madison Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; F. H. York, clothing, furn. goods; 404 4th Av.; Latham.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; F. York, men's furn. goods; 404 4th Av.

HOUMA, La. — L. Hyman, dry goods; 43 Leonard.

HOUSTON, Texas—W. L. Foley; Miss L. Street, hosiery, notions, laces, ribbons; McAlpin.

INDIANA, Penn.—Indiana Hardware Co.; A. I. Rees, housefurnishings, hardware, toys; Imperial.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Kohn-Furchgott Co.; L. Elsbach, coats, suits; 141 Madison Av.; Hargrave.

KANSAS CITY—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; H. J. Koenig, coats, suits, skirts; 25 Madison Av.; Commodore.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Pollack Co.; J. Pollack, men's, women's garments; 339 5th Av.; Cumberland.

LOS ANGELES—Coulter D. G. Co.; W. L. Miller, white goods, linens; 1,170 Broadway.

LOS ANGELES—Palais de Modes; J. C. Haggerty, ready-to-wear millinery; 303 5th Av., R. 1706.

LOS ANGELES—Smith-Riddick D. G. Co.; W. A. Hancock, dress goods, silks; 72 Leonard.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Elite Garment Co.; J. M. Goldstein, woolens; Imperial.

MEMPHIS — Joseph Rosenfield & Co.; L. Rosen, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.

MEMPHIS—Jennings Furniture Co.; T. F. Derrick, carpets; McAlpin.

MEMPHIS — Lemmon & Gale Co.; J. M. Buckingham, notions, men's furn. goods; McAlpin.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; W. W. Daniels, notions, toilet, leather goods, umbrellas; Miss D. Van De Water, notions, jewelry, art goods; 404 4th Av.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; E. P. Schaefer, general mdse.; 404 4th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Young-Quinlan Co.; Miss A. E. Quinlan, corsets; 220 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; J. M. Pitcher, Miss C. B. Flaleter, millinery; G. L. Larson, millinery, basement; Mrs. Smith, coats; 225 5th Av.

MONTREAL—Toodike Bros.; F. C. Wolever, linens; Manhattan.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Steiger-Dudgeon Co.; Miss J. M. Dineen, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; T. H. Galligan, laces, gloves; 404 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—S. B. Horwitz & Co.; Mr. Zwirb, jobs ladies' Spring coats; 1,260 B'way, Room 402.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; E. H. Ella, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.

NORTH TONAWANDA, N. Y. — Cramer Hardware Co.; John N. Cramer, housefurnishings, hardware, toys; Imperial.

NORWICH, Conn.—Murphy & McGarry; T. Murphy, clothing; Imperial.

NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes; J. W. Bussey, wash goods, men's furn. goods; 404 4th Av.; Continental.

OGDEN, Utah—John Scowcroft & Sons Co.; J. W. Scowcroft, dry goods; 258 Church.

PHILADELPHIA — Frank & Seder; H. L. Birnbaum, coats, suits; 364 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—Miller & Greenberg; S. Miller, clothing; Alcazar.

PHILADELPHIA — N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss H. Darmstaedter, jewelry; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA — John Wanamaker; Miss M. McMahon, ladies', misses' coats, suits; B'way and 10th.

PHILADELPHIA—Cantor Bros.; S. Cantor, piece goods; 1,182 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA — Gimbel Brothers; G. R. Dunn, art needlework; B'way and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Mahoney, skirts; 15 East 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's;" Miss Weiss, silk petticoats; 15 East 26th.

PITTSBURGH—Herman Tailoring Co.; H. Liebowitz, clothing; McAlpin.

PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; Miss D. Herb, underwear; 470 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; Miss A. L. Conboy, corsets; Miss L. Hansen, waists; 23 East 26th.

PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; H. Koch, aprons, petticoats; Miss Loeb, waists; 470 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; M. E. Baer, millinery; L. M. Garson, clothing, (basement;) 116 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Miss C. Toole, girls, juniors' coats, suits, dresses; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. Cohen, capes, dolmans; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; J. D. Burnett, general mdse.; 23 E. 26th.

PORTLAND, Me.—Allen & Co.; W. C. Allen, clothing, furn. goods; Algonquin.

PORTLAND, Ore.—J. L. Bowman & Co.; J. L. Bowman, clothing, furn. goods; Imperial.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—Dutchess Mfg. Co.; H. E. Broas, denims; Commodore.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Gladding D. G. Co.; Miss M. Hannay, muslin underwear, infants' wear, corsets; 200 5th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; M. E. Daley, knit underwear; 230 5th Av.

PROVIDENCE—J. P. Mourin, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

RIDGEWAY, Penn.—Smith Bros.; W. T. Townsend, genl. mdse.; 105 Grand.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Boston Store; H. David, coats; Breslin.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; Mrs. Pfafflin, infants' wear; Mrs. McWilliams, children's wear; Mrs. Harlow, suits; Miss Feldman, jobs petticoats, silk, muslin underwear; 470 4th Av.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—S. Wolfson D. G. Co.; S. Wolfson, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Factory Stores; Henry Semeria, ladies', children's wear; York.

SAN FRANCISCO—Emporium; J. J. White, talking machines; 225 5th Av.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—Carl Co.; P. H. Baker, hosiery, underwear; 3 W. 32d.

SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; Miss M. A. Kelley, china, glassware; 23 East 26th.

STAUNTON, Va.—W. H. Wells; D. E. Evitt, notions; Grand.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Gordon & Ferguson Co.; E. D. Cook, lined coats, mackinaws; Penn.

ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; H. R. Kurtz, wash goods; 56 Worth.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; S. Sincoff, waists, underwear, (basement;) 37 W. 28th.

ST. LOUIS — S. Schultz Garment Co.; S. Schultz, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; A. A. Tucker, flowers, feathers; 303 5th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; R. Warner, hosiery, sweaters; 350 Broadway.

SYLACUSE, N. Y.—Chappell-Dyer Co.; H. Holmeren, housefurn. goods; 6 West 32d.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—S. Burdick & Sons; I. Burdick, men's, women's ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.

TITUSVILLE, Penn.—United Hardware and Supply Co.; C. C. Fritts, housefurnishings, hardware, toys; Imperial.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Conde Cloak Co.; M. R. Cohn, coats, suits; 1,133 Broadway.

TOLEDO — Hugo Stein Cloak Co.; Miss S. Goldberg, waists; 404 4th Av.

UTICA, N. Y.—F. W. Sessions Millinery Co.; J. V. Clement, silks, laces, ribbons, hats, millinery; 320 5th Av.

UTICA, N. Y.—Boston Store; A. H. Goldberg, jobs coats, capes, dolmans, suits, silk dresses; 37 West 26th.

VANCOUVER—Hudson Bay Co.; G. Sewell, books, stationery; 220 5th Av.

WACO, Texas—Goldstein-Migel Co.; S. Hirschberg, ready-to-wear, dress goods, silks; 1,150 Broadway; St. Andrews.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—E. D. Mayer, women's ready-to-wear millinery; Penn.

WATERVILLE, Me.—Squires; W. A. Squires, coats, suits, waists; Broztell.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Stone & Thomas; H. M. Helfrich, rugs; 1,270 B'way.

WILCOX, Penn.—Smith Bros.; N. L. Buck, genl. mdse.; 105 Grand.

WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; C. Sjoberg, notions, gloves, hosiery, laces, ribbons; 25 East 26th.

WILMINGTON, N. C.—Belk-Williams Co.; J. C. Williams, general mdse.; 116 W. 32d; Grand.

WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Begen Bros.; T. T. Guerin, genl. mdse.; Imperial.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; Miss Hickey, children's dresses; Miss O'Donnell, waists; 230 5th Av.

YORK, Penn.—Chas. H. Bear & Co.; Miss K. Mergenthaler, infants', children's wear; 6 W. 32d; Imperial.

In Town.

NEW YORK BLACKSTONE COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed here against the New York Blackstone Company, roadmaking material at Marlborough, N. Y., by James G. Graham, trustee of John B. Rose Company, bankrupt, a creditor for $6,722 and interest. Judge Knox has appointed Abner B. Hupel receiver in $1,000 bond. Assets said not to exceed $2,000.

CHESTNUT UPHOLSTERY AND DECORATING COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Chestnut Upholstery and Decorating Company, Inc., upholsterer and furniture dealer at 313 Lexington Av., by the following creditors: F. Schumacher & Co., $438; Hofstatter's Sons, $22, and J. H. Thorp & Co., $120. Liabilities said to be in excess of $2,500, and assets about $2,000. Judge Knox has appointed William J. James receiver in $2,000 bond.

MAX BERKOWITZ, a salesman at 2,095 Third Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,062 and no assets.

HYGRADE FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC., manufacturing furniture at 436 East Tenth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,390, of which $1,200 are secured claims, and assets of $1,550, the main item of which is machinery, fixtures, &c., $900. Among the largest creditors are Morris J. Felt, $1,000, and Hershkowitz Brothers, $1,100.

JESSE R. BOWMAN, women's suits at 549 Amsterdam Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $3,401 and assets of $3,581, the main items of which are stock, $2,557, and machinery, fixtures, &c., $920. Among the largest creditors are Real Silk Fabric Corporation, $366; Sig Rosenthal Company, Inc., $370, and Brown-Durell Company, $266.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 12.—Harry Goldman, grocer, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $11,847.47; assets, $812.59.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Albro, Steven Y., (Albro Music Co.)—Melophone Talking Machine Co., Inc.$555.93
Abel, Phoenix—A. Shwab.....418.98
Benn, Leon—J. Matthes.....1,777.55
Burke, John E.—G. Smith.....337.52
Barrett, Wm. M., Pres.—M. J. Cogan, costs.....113.65
Bradshaw, Leslie H.—C. B. Tools, et al.525.45
Clarke, George W.—P. Rahn.....158.46
Caligiuri, Frank—G. Antonacci.....5,083.81
Campbell, Paul T.—N. B. A. Miller..1,564.57
Calumet Hotel Co.—Park & Tilford..909.60
Day, James R.—Moelter Co., Inc.....156.20
Dunne, Vincent L.—F. W. Miller.....607.20
Freely, Mary, guardian—N. Y. Railways Co., costs.....111.45
Ellis, Phyllis—J. Weld.....187.00
Eisenberger, Emil—D. H. Woronoff...466.16
Farrell, Patrick—Piel Bros.....890.38
Fisher, Clifford O.—L. Nauer.....1,271.24
Georgia Fertilizer Co.—International Agricultural Corp.....20,972.13
Geisler, Albert—Sonn Bros. Co.....112.68
Hassell, George—J. D. Bagel.....178.10
Herman, Israel, guardian—N. Y. Railways Co., costs.....106.95
Isritz, Fannie—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs.....110.95
Hotel Traymore, Inc.—M. Waterman...444.27
Independent Columbia River Smoked Fish Co., Columbia River Smoked Fish Co., Inc. and Sigmund Eintees—I. Greenberg.....1,075.40
Jacobs, Heyman—United Dressed Beef Co. of N. Y.....716.41
Kuttler, Arthur A., Jr.—S. Shapiro...531.91
Kehlenbeck, Geo. R.—Park & Tilford..143.44
Kuhn, Frank and Julia—National Equipment Co., Inc.....462.63
Kronengold, Philip—H. Fischer.....760.90
Kocis, Tessie, and Anthony F. Yacenda—City of N. Y.....113.70
Kratz, Al. H., (Al. Henry Co.)—R. L. Polk & Co., Inc.....169.20
Lichtman, Michael—International Folding Paper Box Co.....107.98
Lawmor Improvement Co., Inc.—Lawyers Title and Trust Co.....1,900.20
Muller, Emily—E. Beckhuson.....2,648.46
Mets, Sadie—B. S. Coler.....125.20
Michaels, Charles—B. Mayer & Son....187.25
Nason, John M. or Nelson—F. Mark.436.12
Rothschild, Isidor, and Isaac Mayer—W. R. Walker et al.....2,913.94
Rothstein, Paul—Manhattan Card and Paper Co.....106.41
Richman, Anna, or Mrs. Samuel Richman—M. Levine.....126.06
Siebert, Julius H.—J. A. De Botelho.10,348.14
Shimel, Joseph—I. L. Rosenberg.....242.73
Schlegel, Solomon—Kobre Asset Corp.537.38
Samuels, Jacques—M. Dinitz Co., Inc..393.70
Sofield, Stephen B.—Duress Co.....875.00
Same—A. Katz.....875.00
Scheer, Ferdinand—P. Emanuel.....1,020.79
Shiraldi, Domenico R.—W. Otmanelli.1,074.86
Schechter, Isaac—K. O. Reselle et al..534.41
Schlank, Louis—A. Schwab.....251.58
Steltzer, Morris—H. Singer.....444.02
Steinfeld, Harry N.—A. S. Taylor.....237.65
Stoddard, Albert H.—Carnegie Hall....365.80
Tisch, Abe S.—L. Magidoff.....395.34
Taub, Max—H. M. Goldstein.....170.41
Urbach, Antoinette, (T. Urbank)—Rock Island Butter Co.....738.45
Vogt, Wm. F.—W. Byrne.....548.70
Workin, Abraham—I. Blumenthal.....123.10
Walsh, Daniel—N. Y. Rys. Co., costs...125.45
Wolf, Ernest—A. King.....283.98
Werner, Gustave H. and Joseph H. Gerathy—C. W. Jacobs et al.....4,272.29
Wessman, Joseph F.—C. A. Dards.....601.83

In Bronx County.

City Island Motor Bus Co.—L. S. Dittmar.....$68.72
Same—K. Dittmar.....123.72
Dewey, William C.—W. Martin.....105.72
King, Frank E.—I. Weinberger.....105.16
Kingston, John—A. Jacobson.....116.24

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They are secured by first and only mortgage upon rolling stock purchased at a cost of approximately 45% in excess of the face value of certificates.

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The New York Central and Michigan Central Railroads guarantee as to principal and interest the two issues we offer at prices to yield 5⅞%.

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Members New York Stock Exchange.

$25,000
Seattle, Wash., 4½s
DUE MARCH, 1927.
To Yield 4.80%

$25,000
King Co., Wash., 5s
DUE FEB., 1928.
To Yield 4.90%

$25,000
Port of Seattle 5s
DUE JAN., 1950.
To Yield 4.95%

Blodget & Co.
34 PINE ST., New York. 60 STATE ST. BOSTON.

New York City Bonds

Barr & Schmeltzer
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. Specialists. New York.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Reactionary Trend Marks Day of Heavy Trading—Tobacco and Auto Issues Strong.

The stock market became reactionary yesterday after the course of early business had appeared to indicate another general advance. While selling pressure against the steel, copper, and other of the so-called standard list was in evidence from the end of the first hour until the close, there were strong spots here and there among the tobacco, automobile, and railroad issues, which brought about a great deal of irregularity in final prices. Doubtless considerable profit taking was induced by the rise on preceding days of the week and at the same time the quality of trading in the steel stocks indicated that speculators were paying some attention to unfavorable factors contained in the day's news. Perhaps the delay which has occurred in conferences between steel makers and the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce moved short sellers to action, but, outside of this, steel trade reports for the week were by no means cheerful in respect to the current situation of business and the probability of sizable price reductions to be made in the near future. It is a matter of general comment in producing quarters that agitation for stabilized prices on a lower level has tended to head off new buying in an abrupt fashion. Thus The Iron Age notes that orders placed with independent companies so far in March have not been over 20 per cent. of capacity, while The Iron Trade Review states that the industry believes that the prices to be named at Washington will represent rock-bottom quotations on the basis of present costs. With such an expectation before them it is not surprising that consumers are waiting to see the new price list. Suggestions heard in trade quarters the last day or two that a cut of $5 or so a ton, on top of about the same reduction after the armistice was signed, would seriously affect the profits of high cost producers may have had some effect in taking the edge off the rise of steel stocks. It remains to be seen, of course, whether consideration of present developments and those of the near future will affect steel shares for any length of time. The advance which has been in progress since the middle of February has seemed to be based upon expectations of the longer future.

The tobacco stocks received considerable impetus from the unusual prosperity during 1918 disclosed by the annual statement of the American Tobacco Company. The automobile shares were again influenced by the thought of business expansion to come later in the year. In referring to the irregular trend of railroad stocks it would be well to keep in mind the fact that the financial problem of the carriers has yet to be worked out, and also that profit taking was furthered by the absence of fresh news of a positive character on this situation and by the advance since the movement upward began last week. Altogether the day's market followed the procedure of many other forward movements in past years. A rise without interruptions tends toward an ultimate top-heaviness which is likely to result in sudden breaks. Call money was unchanged from the day before at 5 per cent. and 4½ per cent., easing in the afternoon.

Prices Sustained on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, March 12.—Prices were sustained on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63 francs 50 centimes for cash; exchange on London 26 francs 10½ centimes; 5 per cent. loan 89 francs 75 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLATL'S.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5½
Low	4½	Low	5½
Renewals	5	Renewals	5½
Last	4½	Last	5½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances..... 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5½	Sixty days	5½@5¾
Ninety days	5½	Ninety days	5¾
Four months	5½	Four months	5¾
Five months	5¾	Five months	5¾
Six months	5¾	Six months	5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..... 4½@4¾
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 4¾@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 5½@5¾

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days..... 5½
4 to 6 months..... 5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months..... 5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.75¾	$4.75¾	$4.75¾	..
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	..
France—				
Demand	5.48¾	5.48¾	5.48¾	..
Cables	5.47⅞	5.47⅞	5.47⅞	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	—Yesterday's Demand or Checks.	Close.— Cables.	Fiscal Year.
4.8665 London	$4.75¾	$4.76⅛	
5.1813 Paris	5.48¾	5.47⅞	
5.1813 Belgium	5.74	5.72	
China—			
Hongkong	73.50	73.60	
Peking	117.00	117.75	
Shanghai	108.50	108.75	
40.20 Holland	41¼	41⅜	
19.30 Greece	19.35	19.40	
32.44 India—			
Bombay	35.43	*35.73	
Calcutta	35.43	*35.73	
5.1813 Italy	6.36⅞	6.35	
Japan—			
Kobe	51.00	51.75	
Yokohama	51.00	51.75	
19.30 Spain	20.73	20.85	
50.00 Philippine Islands—			
Manila	50.00	50.125	
26.80 Scandinavia—			
Stockholm	28.00	28.20	
Copenhagen	25.90	26.10	
Christiania	27.00	27.20	
South America—			
42.84 Buenos Aires	44.75	44.90	
44.42 Rio	26.125	26.25	
5.1813 Switzerland	4.86	4.82	
51.46 Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.	
100 rubles	14.30	14.50	
500 rubles	14.20	14.40	

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73¾	$4.71¾	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $629,552,078; balances, $56,389,085. Treasury credit balance, $461,154. Federal Reserve credit balances, $33,566,778.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@35c. discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $19.6875 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47¾d; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77⅛@80⅛c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 12.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$6,562,904	$110,726,080
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess profits taxes	20,182,326	779,138,704
Miscellaneous	42,660,754	838,677,849
Miscellaneous rev.	6,405,636	313,583,437
Total receipts	$75,811,622	$2,042,126,071
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	244,520,488	9,532,671,893
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	182,942,129	25,942,699
Total expenditures	320,332,110	11,574,797,465

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Merch. Disp. Trans.	1¼	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 24
Nat. Cloak & Suit.	$4.25	Q	Apr. 15	Apr. 8
N. Y. Central	1¼	Q	May 1	Apr. 8
Ohio Cities Gas pf.	$1.50	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Remington Typewr. 1st pf.	1¾	Q	....	Mar. 31
Do 2d pf.	2	Q	....	Mar. 31
Do 2d pf.	2	Acc.	....	Mar. 11
Sloss-Sh. S. & I. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Tidewater Oil	$2	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 21
Do	$2	Ex.	Mar. 31	Mar. 21
Tor., Ham. & Buff.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 25
United Drug	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
United Shoe Mach.	50c	Q	Apr. 5	Mar. 19
Do pf.	87½c	Q	Apr. 5	Mar. 19

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,195,400	244,681	373,353
Year to date	32,133,265	28,813,105	37,451,340

—Closing.— Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
39	42	200	Adams Express	40	40	39½	39½	–1
25⅜	26½	5,400	Advance Rumely	25½	27½	24⅝	26	+1 ½
63¼	63½	5,400	Advance Rumely pf.	62	64½	62	63½	+1½
..	..	1,200	Ajax Rubber	74⅝	74⅝	74	74	–1
38	4	2,900	Alaska Gold Mines	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	–⅛
2½	2¾	3,200	Alaska Juneau	2¾	2⅝	2¾	2¾	–⅛
35¾	35½	3,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	36	36	35¼	35¼	–⅝
89½	90	2,900	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	90¼	90¼	90	90	..
105⅜	106	4,600	Am. Agricul. Chem.	107	107½	105¾	105¾	–1½
73¼	74½	2,000	Am. Beet Sugar	75¼	75½	73⅝	73⅝	–1
47½	47⅝	5,500	Am. Can	48¼	48⅝	47⅜	47⅞	–⅝
93¼	93½	6,000	Am. Car & Fdry	93¼	94¼	93	93⅜	–⅞
115	116	200	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	115½	115½	115½	115½	+½
45½	46	1,600	Am. Cotton Oil	45½	46	45½	45½	–¼
13¼	13½	2,900	Am. Druggists	13½	13½	13½	13½	..
87	89	200	Am. Express	88	88	88	88	–1
19	19¼	1,800	Am. H. & Leather	19⅜	19⅜	19	19	–⅛
99½	99⅝	6,000	Am. H. & L. pf	100¼	100¼	99⅛	99⅝	–1⅛
46⅜	47	2,000	Am. Ice	47½	47⅝	46¾	47	..
62⅞	63	200	Am. Ice pf	63	63	63	63	–⅜
67½	68¼	13,000	Am. International	68⅝	69	67	67¼	–⅝
46½	47¼	2,000	Am. Linseed	47¾	48	47	47⅜	–⅝
89½	90½	200	Am. Linseed pf	90	90	90	90	+1
67¼	67½	5,800	Am. Locomotive	68½	68⅝	67½	67⅜	–⅛
1¾	1⅞	200	Am. Malting	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	–⅛
49	50	200	Am. M.1st pf.c.of d.	50	50	50	50	–1
70	70⅛	6,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	70⅝	71¼	70	70	–1
104½	105	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	104½	105	104½	105	+1½
114½	119	300	Am. Steel Fdries	112½	115	112½	115	+4
86	86⅜	2,700	Am. Steel Fdries pf.	86⅞	87½	86¾	86¾	–1¼
119	120	1,900	Am. Sugar Refin.	119⅝	120½	119⅝	119⅝	–⅜
116	116¼	6,600	Am. Sumatra Tob.	116⅞	118	116	116¾	–⅜
107½	107½	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel.	107⅞	108	107¼	107¼	–⅝
209½	210	600	Am. Tobacco	215	215	210	210	–1¾
100½	102	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	101	101⅞	101	101½	+⅜
65⅜	66¼	2,900	Am. Woolen	66¾	67⅞	65½	66	+¼
99¾	102	200	Am. Woolen pf.	101	102	101	102	+2
38½	39	2,100	Am. Writing P. pf.	39	39½	39	39	–⅛
12	12⅜	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12¼	–⅛
62	62½	3,500	Anaconda Copper	62⅝	62⅝	62	62	–¼
1½	2	200	Assets Realization	2	2	2	2	+⅛
24½	25	500	Asso. Dry Goods	24½	25	24½	24½	–⅛
93	93⅝	1,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	93¾	93⅞	93½	93½	–⅜
97¼	98	100	Atlantic Coast Line	97	97	97	97	+½
108	109	8,100	At., Gulf & West I.	108⅜	110⅛	108⅜	108½	–⅞
88½	89	63,300	Baldwin Loco.	88½	91½	88½	88⅝	+1
49½	49⅝	3,000	Baltimore & Ohio	50⅛	50⅛	49½	49½	–½
56	57	200	Baltimore & O. pf.	57	57	56⅝	56⅞	..
122	123	3,200	Barrett Co.	123¼	125	121¾	122½	–⅞
113	115	200	Barrett Co. pf.	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	114½	+2⅝
1⅝	1¾	900	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	–⅛
66½	67	100	Beth. Steel x d.	68⅞	68⅞	68⅞	68⅝	+1⅝
66⅜	67	24,100	Beth.S..class B x d.	69	69½	66⅜	66⅝	–1¾
104⅜	104⅞	300	Beth. S. 8% pf. x d.	104½	104⅝	104½	104⅝	+⅜
19⅜	20⅛	600	Booth Fisheries x d.	20⅝	20⅝	19¾	19⅝	+⅜
98½	99⅜	20	Bklyn Edison Elec.	99	99	99	99	..
24	24¼	500	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	24⅜	24⅜	24	24	..
24	24⅜	200	Do. cfs. of dep.	24¼	24¼	24	24	..
142½	145	100	Burns Brothers	142⅝	142⅝	142⅝	142⅝	–2⅝
18⅝	19	400	Butte & Superior	19⅝	19⅝	19	19⅛	..
56⅜	57	2,900	California Packing	57⅝	57⅝	56⅜	57	–⅛
27¼	27⅜	3,500	California Petrol.	27¼	28	27	27⅜	+⅛
74½	74⅝	1,300	California Pet. pf.	74½	74⅝	74½	74½	+⅜
163	163⅜	300	Canadian Pacific	164⅛	164⅛	163¼	163¼	+2⅜
92½	93⅜	300	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	93⅜	93⅝	93⅜	93⅜	+⅛
67⅛	68	8,600	Central Leather Co.	68⅜	68⅝	67¾	68	..
104½	107	100	Central Leather pf.	106¼	106½	105½	105½	+1½
113	115	100	Cent. & So. Am. Tel.	110½	110⅝	110½	110½	..
126½	127	7,500	Chandler Motor	124½	128⅝	124½	127	+2
59½	59⅞	5,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	60⅛	60⅝	59⅝	59⅝	–⅜
87	89	400	Chi. Great Western	88	88	88	88	–⅛
26	26⅜	100	Chi. Great West. pf.	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	–⅛
39½	40	6,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	41	41⅛	39⅞	40	+⅛
73¼	73½	3,400	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	74⅛	74⅞	73¾	73¾	–⅛
97	98	500	Chi. & Northwest n.	98	98	97	97	..
129	132½	25	Chi. & Northw. pf.	132	132	132	132	..
25	25½	1,800	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	25⅛	25⅜	25	25	..
77¼	77¾	1,800	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	77⅝	77⅝	77	77⅛	–⅝
66⅛	67	100	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	66⅞	66⅞	66⅛	66⅛	–⅝
72½	78	200	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	73⅛	75	73⅛	75	–3
188	188¾	1,500	Chile Copper	188	188⅜	188	188⅜	–⅛
34½	34⅝	700	Chino Copper	34⅝	35	34⅜	34⅜	–⅛
35	38	200	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	35	35	34⅜	34⅜	–⅛
41½	41⅜	2,500	Col. Fuel & Iron.	42	42⅜	41½	41½	–⅛
25⅜	26	1,800	Col. & Southern	27¼	27⅜	26	26	–1¼
45½	46	5,600	Columbia Gas & El.	46	46⅝	45½	45⅜	–⅛
95	96	400	Consolidated Gas	95⅞	95⅞	95½	95½	+⅛
79	79¾	4,100	Continental Can	80½	80⅝	79¾	79½	–⅛
49⅝	50	45,400	Corn Products Ref.	50⅛	50⅜	49	49⅜	+⅛
106	110	85	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	108	108	108	107	..
67½	67⅞	13,100	Crucible Steel	67⅞	68¼	67	67¼	..
94½	100	100	Crucible Steel pf.	95	95	95	95	..
23½	23⅝	2,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	23⅞	24	23½	23½	–⅛
74⅜	75¼	800	Cuba Cane S. pf.	75⅝	75⅝	74⅜	74⅜	–⅛
175	180	500	Cuban-Am. Sugar	179	179⅝	179	179⅝	+2⅝
107	108	200	Delaware & Hud.	109½	109½	109½	109½	+1½
175	180	400	Del., Lack. & West.	176	176	176	176	–1½
8	8½	400	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	8	8⅛	8	8	–⅛
86	100	200	Detroit United Ry.	89	89	89	89	–9
62	62¼	20,800	Distillers' Secur.	63⅝	63⅝	62	62¼	–1⅛
12⅞	13	100	Dome Mines	13	13	13	13	–⅛
59	62	100	Elec. Storage Bat.	62	62	62	62	+3
17½	17⅝	1,200	Erie	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	–⅛
29⅝	30	900	Erie 1st pf.	30½	30½	30	30	–⅛
20	21	200	Erie 2d pf.	21	21	20⅞	20⅞	+⅛
39	40	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+⅛
61	63	700	Fisher Body	63	63⅝	62	62	–⅝
32⅛	32½	2,000	Gaston, W. & W.	32⅜	32⅝	32	32	–⅝
103	105	50	Gen. Chemical pf.	104	104	104	104	..
53¼	55	5,000	General Cigar	55	55⅝	53¼	53½	–1¼
158	158½	700	General Electric	159⅝	160⅝	159½	159½	+⅜
160½	161	20,800	General Motors	161	162½	160	160½	+⅜
87	88	1,100	General Motors pf.	87⅛	88	87⅛	87⅛	+⅛
85	85½	1,250	General Motors deb.	85	85½	85	85½	+⅛
68	68½	2,100	Goodrich Co.	68⅝	69	68½	68⅝	+⅛
70	71	200	Granby Consol.	70	70	70	70	–⅛
94	94½	1,800	Great Northern pf.	94½	95¼	94½	94½	–⅛
43⅞	44	20,200	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	43¾	44¼	43¾	44	+1
43½	43⅝	1,100	Greene-Can. Cop.	44⅜	44⅝	43⅝	43⅝	..
57	59	200	Gulf States Steel	58	58⅝	58	58⅝	–2¼
59	61	200	Hartman Corp.	60	60	59½	59½	–⅛
44½	44⅞	800	Haskell & Barker	44½	44⅞	44½	44⅞	+⅛
47½	47⅝	2,600	Inspiration Copper	47½	47⅝	47	47	–⅛
6	6	600	Interboro Consol.	6	6	6	6	–⅛
20	20½	300	Interboro Con. pf.	21	21	20	20	–⅛
15	16½	300	Int. Agricultural	16	16	15⅜	15⅜	–1½
60	60½	500	Int. Agricultural pf.	60⅞	60⅞	60½	60½	+⅛
117⅛	118	800	Int. Harvester new	118	118	117⅛	118	+1
23⅝	25⅜	11,600	Int. Mer. Marine	25½	26⅛	23⅝	25⅜	–⅛
107⅛	107⅞	30,800	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	107⅜	108⅜	107	107⅞	+⅛
25½	25¾	3,000	Int. Nickel	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	+⅛
46⅜	47	5,300	Int. Paper	46⅞	48¼	46⅞	47	–⅛
74½	75	200	Int. Paper pf., sta.	74½	75	74½	75	+2½
38	39	500	Jewel Tea	39	39	38	38	–1
20⅛	20⅜	1,100	Kan. City South.	20⅝	20⅝	20¼	20⅜	+⅜
52	54	100	Kan. City South pf.	53	55	53	55	–⅛
118½	119	5,100	Kelly Spring Tire	119	120¼	118	119	–⅜
30⅛	30⅝	4,400	Kennecott Copper	30⅜	31	30⅜	30⅜	–⅜
103	106	100	Kress (S.H.) Co. pf.	106	106	106	106	–1
69	70	3,000	Lackawanna Steel	71⅜	72½	70¼	70¼	–⅞
25	26	1,200	Lee Rub. & Tire	26	26	25¼	25¼	–⅝
55⅜	55⅞	3,300	Lehigh Valley	56	56	55⅜	55¼	–⅛
219	220	700	Ligg. & Myers	220	220	219	219	–1
43	48	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	48	48	48	48	..
160	163⅛	1,100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	160	163⅛	160	163⅛	+1¼
36⅜	37	1,200	Maxwell Motors	36⅜	37⅜	36¼	37¼	+⅝
61½	62½	600	Max. Motors 1st pf.	60¼	61½	59½	61½	+1½
60	69½	300	May Depart Stores	70⅛	70⅛	70	70	–1
186½	187	74,600	Mexican Petroleum	188½	193¼	186⅜	186⅝	–2⅝
23⅛	23⅝	1,000	Miami Copper	23⅝	23⅝	23½	23½	–⅛
46½	46⅝	10,700	Midvale Steel	47	47⅝	45⅝	45⅝	–1¼
11	12	2,500	Minn. & St. L. new	12⅛	12⅜	12	12	–⅛
6⅜	6⅝	1,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6⅜	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝	..
11⅞	11⅞	600	Mo., K. & Tex. pf.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	–⅛
25⅛	25⅜	5,700	Mo. Pacific pf.	25⅛	25⅜	24⅞	24⅞	–⅜
53½	53⅝	700	Mo. Pacific pf. ctfs.	53½	53⅝	53	53	–⅛
75⅞	76	100	Montana Power	75⅞	75⅞	75¾	75¾	+⅛
30¼	31½	500	National Acme	31	31	31	31	–⅛
16	16¼	400	Nat. Cond. & Cable	16½	16½	16	16¼	–⅛
51	51¾	1,200	Nat. En. & Stamp.	51¼	51⅝	51	51	–⅛
68¾	68¾	1,000	National Lead	69¼	69¾	69	69	–⅛
100	111	300	National Lead pf.	107	107	107	107	–1⅜
111½	111½	3,200	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	12	12½	11½	11½	–1½
49	51	400	Nevada Cons. Cop.	41	41½	39⅞	40	+⅛
73¼	73½	3,400	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	74¼	74⅞	73¾	73¾	–⅛
97	98	500	Chi. & Northwest n.	98	98	97	97	..
129	132½	25	Chi. & Northw. pf.	132	132	132	132	..
25	25½	1,800	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	25⅛	25⅜	25	25	..
77¼	77¾	1,800	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	77⅝	77⅝	77	77⅛	–⅝
66⅛	67	100	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	66⅞	66⅞	66⅛	66⅛	–⅝
72½	78	200	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	73⅛	75	73⅛	75	–3
188	188¾	1,500	Chile Copper	188	188⅜	188	188⅜	–⅛
34½	34⅝	700	Chino Copper	34⅝	35	34⅜	34⅜	–⅛
35	38	200	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	35	35	34⅜	34⅜	–⅛
41½	41⅜	2,500	Col. Fuel & Iron.	42	42⅜	41½	41½	–⅛
25⅜	26	1,800	Col. & Southern	27¼	27⅜	26	26	–1¼
45½	46	5,600	Columbia Gas & El.	46	46⅝	45½	45⅜	–⅛
95	96	400	Consolidated Gas	95⅞	95⅞	95½	95½	+⅛
79	79¾	4,100	Continental Can	80½	80⅝	79¾	79½	–⅛
49⅝	50	45,400	Corn Products Ref.	50⅛	50⅜	49	49⅜	+⅛
106	110	85	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	108	108	108	107	..
67½	67⅞	13,100	Crucible Steel	67⅞	68¼	67	67¼	..
94½	100	100	Crucible Steel pf.	95	95	95	95	..
23½	23⅝	2,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	23⅞	24	23½	23½	–⅛
74⅜	75¼	800	Cuba Cane S. pf.	75⅝	75⅝	74⅜	74⅜	–⅛
175	180	500	Cuban-Am. Sugar	179	179⅝	179	179⅝	+2⅝
107	108	200	Delaware & Hud.	109½	109½	109½	109½	+1½
175	180	400	Del., Lack. & West.	176	176	176	176	–1½
8	8½	400	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	8	8½	8	8	–⅛
86	100	200	Detroit United Ry.	89	89	89	89	–9
62	62¼	20,800	Distillers' Secur.	63⅝	63⅝	62	62¼	–1⅛
12⅞	13	100	Dome Mines	13	13	13	13	–⅛
59	62	100	Elec. Storage Bat.	62	62	62	62	+3
17½	17⅝	1,200	Erie	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	–⅛
29⅝	30	900	Erie 1st pf.	30½	30½	30	30	–⅛
20	21	200	Erie 2d pf.	21	21	20⅞	20⅞	+⅛
39	40	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+⅛
61	63	700	Fisher Body	63	63⅝	62	62	–⅝
32⅛	32½	2,000	Gaston, W. & W.	32⅜	32⅝	32	32	–⅝
103	105	50	Gen. Chemical pf.	104	104	104	104	..
53¼	55	5,000	General Cigar	55	55⅝	53¼	53½	–1¼
158	158½	700	General Electric	159⅝	160⅝	159½	159½	+⅜
160½	161	20,800	General Motors	161	162½	160	160½	+⅜
87	88	1,100	General Motors pf.	87⅛	88	87⅛	87⅛	+⅛
85	85½	1,250	General Motors deb.	85	85½	85	85½	+⅛
68	68½	2,100	Goodrich Co.	68⅝	69	68½	68⅝	+⅛
70	71	200	Granby Consol.	70	70	70	70	–⅛
94	94½	1,800	Great

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SUGAR EARNINGS INCREASE IN 1918

American Refining Company Reports an Equivalent of $11.74 on Common Stock.

OPERATING PROFITS LOWER

This Is Offset by Higher Income from Other Sources of $1,750,000—Reserves Decrease.

The annual report of the American Sugar Refining Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1918, which was made public yesterday, showed that although the United States Food Administration controlled the sugar industry of the country during the year, earnings improved slightly. After operating expenses and other charges, the company had a balance of $8,434,375, which was equivalent to $11.74 a share earned on the $45,000,000 common stock after the deduction of preferred dividends. In the preceding year the surplus was $8,212,787, which was equal to $11.25 a share earned on the same stock.

The report also shows that the company's profits from operation in 1918 amounting to $6,661,684, after provisions had been made for income and other taxes, were $3,393,608 less than in the preceding year. This was more than offset by the item of other income, which increased more than $1,750,000, and a large decrease in reserves. A brief résumé of the company's income account follows:

	1918.	1917.
Operating profit	$6,661,684	$10,055,291
Other income	5,925,802	4,157,946
Total income	12,587,486	14,212,787
Depreciation and reserves	4,153,111	6,000,000
Balance	8,434,375	8,212,787
Dividends	7,312,469	6,299,972
Year's surplus	1,121,906	1,912,815
Profit and loss surplus	21,383,432	20,261,526

The balance sheet of the company as of Dec. 31, 1918, showed an increase in the item of inventories to $13,199,709 from $9,142,074 in 1917, while cash on hand decreased to $23,658,102 from $40,493,254 in the preceding year. Accounts and bills receivable were set down as $6,658,102, which compared with $3,322,489 in 1917, and there was an item of miscellaneous funds amounting to $7,167,515 which comprised funds for the improvement of plants and for trademark advertising and for employes' insurance. In his remarks to stockholders, Earl D. Babst, President of the company, said:

"While the total business of the company, including sugar, syrup, molasses, cooperage, timber, railroad and tank car operation, was again in excess of $200,000,000, yet the net profit from operation of $6,661,633 was substantially smaller than that for 1917. The profit of about 3¼ cents on each dollar of sales is one of the smallest returns in the manufacturing and merchandise field.

"The high price of raw sugar and of other supplies and materials necessary for the refining operation makes increased demand on capital resources during extended periods of the year, not accurately reflected in a balance sheet coming at the end of the year when operations are at low ebb under present conditions. The trend of world sugar conditions of the probable international readjustment contnues so uncertain as to justify a policy of keeping strong in quick assets.

"Four new beet sugar plants have been added during the year, bringing the number in this industry to a total of 101 factories in the United States owned by forty-five beet sugar companies. The number of cane sugar refineries continues at twenty-two, owned by fifteen refining companies. The additional refining capacity completed by competitors during the year, and notably by the California-Hawaiian, is very substantial. The new Revere refinery at Boston, replacing an old one, is also now ready for operation."

Touching on the control exercised by the Food Administration in 1918, Mr. Babst said:

"In carrying out the plans of the Food Administration for the allocation of territory among all domestic sugar interests, your company extended its co-operation, notwithstanding the loss to it of vast markets formerly available. The company placed its sales organization in various sections of the country at the service of the Food Administration whenever requested, and did all in its power to make effective the plans of the Food Administration to distribute fairly and equitably the sugar supply of the country.

"The number of stockholders has increased from 19,758 to 20,877, one-half of whom are women, with an average holding of forty-three shares for each stockholder."

EARNINGS.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR TRACTION CO., for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Gross	$1,665,909	$1,021,952	$1,407,511
Net aft. tax..	276,831	439,973	423,425
Total income..	297,407	462,408	440,343
Bal. aft. chgs..	119,056	285,797	268,001
Pf. dividends..	60,000	60,000	60,000
Com. dividends	105,000	70,000	.....
Deficit	45,944	*155,797	*208,001

*Surplus.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE—

	1919.	1918.	Decrease.
Feb. gross	129,412	134,479	5,067
Net aft. tax..	44,975	58,654	13,679
Sur. aft. chgs. and divs.	15,870	30,282	14,412
2 mos.' gross.	261,378	270,998	9,620
Net aft. tax..	91,287	116,264	24,977
Sur. aft. chgs. and divs.	32,761	11,117	*21,644

*Increase.

SLOSS-SHEFFIELD STEEL AND IRON CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	*1917.	†1916.
Oper. profits..	6,195,527	3,370,614	2,230,000
Coke ov. loss..	2,502,959	.....	.....
Interest	142,500	227,500	239,325
Dep. and depl.	577,997	665,741	.....
War taxes	1,000,000	325,000	.....
Balance	1,972,071	2,152,373	1,990,675
Pf. dividends..	469,000	573,881	469,000
Com. dividends	1,050,000	148,869	.....
Surplus	453,071	1,429,869	1,521,675

*Thirteen months. †Nov. 30. ‡Loss due to war-time construction of by-product coke oven.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buf. R. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5-6	6.00	5.50
Can. Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.60
C. & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.60	5.25
C., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.90
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.90	5.50
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.50	7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.25	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.90	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.80
Illinois Central	1919-'28	4½@5	5.65	5.30
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.65	5.30
Mich. Central	1919-'32	5 @6	6.00	5.50
Minn. & St. L.	1919-'27	5	6.50	5.75
M., K. & T.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	.....	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.75
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1919-'28	4½@5	5.90	5.50
N. Y. Cent. R. R.	1919-'32	4½	6.00	5.70
Norf. & West.	1919-'24	4½	5.55	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@5-6	6.30	5.95
Penn. G. Freight	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.60	5.20
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½	5.65	5.30
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Stucklair Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.25
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.40
Southern Railway	1919-'24	4½@5	6.10	5.85
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.00	5.50

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Airplane	1½	1¾	La Rose	.30	37
Amer Oil	8	8½	Iron Bloss	.44	50
Bay S Gas	6	8	Iron Cap	11¾	12
Bos Ariz	..	1¼	Jer Verde	.68	75
Boston Ely	.95	1¼	Majestic	.17	19
Bos Mont	.49	50	Mex Metals	.28	28
Bohemia	.75	90	Moj Tung	.7	8
Begole	..	50	New Baltic	1	1¼
Butte Lon	.13	15	Nat Z & L	.14	16
Calaveras	1	2	Nixon Nev	.38	43
Champ. old	2	3	Nev Doug	.20	25
Chief Con	3¾	3¼	Oneco	.25	40
Con Ariz	1¼	1¼	Onondaga	.10	15
Cons Copper	4¾	5¼	Pilgrim	.55	60
Cortez	.13	15	Rainier	.60	65
Crystal	.24	25	Seven Mets	.58	60
Crown Res	.48	52	3 W Miami	..	..
Denbigh	.30	31	full paid	.75	1¼
Earle Eagle	..	2	Texana	.37	39
Eagle B B	2¼	2¾	Truro	.25	75
Fortuna	2	4	Un Ver Ext	32½	33¼
Gold Lake	3	6	Vic Mines	1¾	1¾
Houghton	.30	60	Yukon Gold	.75	95
Homa Oil	.44	45			

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	63.92	63.18	63.25	— .18
25 industrials	92.32	90.46	90.69	— .37
50 stocks	78.12	76.82	76.97	— .27

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Mar. 11	77.51	76.16	77.24	+ .79
Mar. 10	77.27	75.89	76.45	+ .49
Mar. 8	76.13	75.39	75.96	+ .70
Mar. 7	75.60	74.73	75.26	+ .67
Mar. 6	74.71	73.70	74.59	+ .89
Mar. 5	74.66	73.58	73.70	— .77

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

March.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919.	78.12	Mar. 12	73.58	Mar. 5	76.97
1918.	80.78	Mar. 11	66.40	Mar. 23	67.40
1917.	86.17	Mar. 21	79.42	Mar. 1	84.55
1916.	90.73	Mar. 14	85.49	Mar. 1	87.52
1915.	65.83	Mar. 31	59.86	Mar. 1	64.95

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919.	78.12	Mar. 12	69.73	Jan. 21	76.97
†1918.	70.95	Feb. 19	64.12	Jan. 15	68.71
Full Years.					
1918.	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	57.42	Dec. 20	65.83
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915.	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues 77.57	+.04	—.50	+1.20

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Mar. 11	77.53	—.12	Mar. 4	77.78	—.15
Mar. 10	77.65	+.08	Mar. 3	77.93	..
Mar. 8	77.57	+.01	Mar. 1	77.93	—.08
Mar. 7	77.56	+.11	Feb. 28	78.01	—.07
Mar. 6	77.45	—.15	Feb. 27	78.08	+.06
Mar. 5	77.60	—.18	Feb. 26	78.02	—.02

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919.	79.01	Jan. 3	77.45	Mar. 6	77.57
†1918.	77.43	Jan. 31	76.32	Mar. 7	76.37
Full Years.					
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916.	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

COTTON MARKET STRONG.

Local Spot Figures Up 125 Points on Expectation of Early Peace.

Thanks to a general belief that peace will soon be concluded and that the blockade of the Central European nations will be lifted, along with all other trade and economic barriers, yesterday's cotton market was highly excited and tremendously strong. This confidence was not generally entertained in the financial district, but it predominated the cotton market and sent prices up in some cases as much as 150 points. The local spot market was up 125 points and at several Southern points, notably Galveston, Augusta, Memphis and Houston, spot prices were advanced 25 to 75 points from the previous day.

The buying, which was in larger volume than any seen in some time, was well distributed. New York commission houses, the so-called Wall Street houses and firms with extensive Southern connections were all conspicuous as buyers, and Liverpool also bought on balance. It would be hard to say just where the selling came from. Part of it was undoubtedly professional, and then there was a lot of profit-taking by the bulls of last week and those who had bought earlier this week.

The peace talk, which followed the reports circulated on Tuesday of huge foreign orders about to be placed, was probably inspired by private advices from Liverpool and other European centres. Certainly others here yesterday were in possession of no news to bear out the cotton market's optimism, and in stocks there was little of the sort said or believed. But the cotton trade took seriously the reports from Liverpool that peace would be re-established by April 1, or April 15 at the very latest, and that immediately thereafter exports would be allowed anywhere.

At the start of business the market was slightly above where it left off on Tuesday. Then there was a brief decline, brief both in point of time and in market loss, and then the advance set in and continued practically right up to the closing gong. The prices established on the advance were the highest seen here in some weeks and the advances were well held, so that at the close the level was 90 to 150 points higher for active old contracts and 100 to 135 points up for active new contract options.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

OLD CONTRACTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
March	25.00	26.25	24.76	26.25	24.85
May	22.75	24.00	22.60	23.92@24.00	22.65
July	21.95	23.25	21.95	22.80@23.00	21.90
Sept.	..	20.50	20.90	21.30	20.90
Oct.	20.30	21.85	20.30	21.60@21.75	20.48
Dec.	..	21.80	20.65	21.75	20.50
Jan.	..	21.10	21.00	21.60	20.50

NEW CONTRACTS.

May	22.85	24.35	22.80	24.05@24.10	22.80
July	22.15	23.49	22.10	23.35@23.40	22.03
Oct.	20.82	22.20	20.80	21.98@22.00	20.81
Dec.	20.70	21.90	20.56	21.65@21.70	20.61
Jan.	20.95	21.60	20.65	21.55@21.60	20.62

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 125 points up to 28.10c for middling upland; sales, 100 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 27.60c; New Orleans, 27.25c; Savannah, 27c; Augusta, 26c; Memphis, 27c; Houston, 27.50c; Little Rock, 26.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	16,425	16,828	17,063
Exports	2,455	33,517	.....
Exports, season	3,087,347	.....	2,849,014
N. Y. stocks	86,020	.....	137,422
Port stocks	1,367,305	.....	1,540,783
N. Y. arrivals	904	.....	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was fairly active at 15.68d for middling and 18.95d for good middling; sales, 3,000 bales, of which 2,000 American. Imports: 8,000 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet, unchanged to 5 points down and closed steady 24 to 41 points up. Prices: March, 16.08d; April, 15.22d; May, 13.80; June, 13.63. Manchester: Yarns and cloths more active.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98⅝	99¼	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99½	99⅝	5.73
Gov. of N. F.	6	July, 1919	99½	99⅞	5.25
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99¾	100½	5.75
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98½	99½	5.50
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	64	66	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'28	126	131	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	58	60	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅝	100½	4.90

Company Issues.

A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan. 15,'22	99	100¼	6.70
Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99⅝	5.50
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	96	9.00
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1923	101	102	5.75
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1924	99½	99⅝	6.10
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100⅜	101¼	5.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	100½	102	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102½	102½	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅜	103¼	6.20
Am. Tob. Co.		Nov. 1923	103½	103⅞	6.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98	100	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99½	99¾	5.70
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100½	100⅝	5.35
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	101	101⅛	6.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	101⅛	101⅜	6.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	101½	101⅞	6.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	101	101¼	6.70
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100¼	100⅝	5.85
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	88½	90	7.70
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98½	99¼	6.20
Chi., B. & Q.	4	July 19,'21	95⅝	95⅞	5.75
C., R. I. & P. R.	6	Feb., 1922	98	98½	6.55
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100¼	5.45
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅜	5.70
Cud'hy P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	101⅝	102⅛	6.50
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅜	99⅛	5.70
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98⅜	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	98	99	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98¼	99¼	5.75
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1919	100¼	100⅛	5.35
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1920	100¼	100⅝	5.50
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98½	99⅛	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅜	99	6.00
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
M. V. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	85½	87½	9.25
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99⅜	5.75
Old. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	100	6.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
Ott. Ry. & L. 1st & reg.	5	June, 1924	89	91	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15,'21	97	97¼	5.75
P. S. C., N. J.	7	Mar., 1922	98	99	7.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	101⅞	5.05
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102	102½	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102½	103	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103¼	103⅝	5.95
Roch. R. & L.	7	Sept., 1921	99½	100½	..
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing, W.	6	Dec., 1919	103½	104¼	..
St. G. & E. sec.	7	Sept., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	99½	99⅝	6.15
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99¾	100⅜	6.60
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	97	99	7.25
U. L. & Ry. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	97	99	7⅞
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sept.15,'22	90	91	10.20
W. E. & M.	6	Feb.19,'20	99¾	100¼	5.90

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	1.41¼	1.36½	1.40⅝	1.36⅝	1.27⅛
July	1.36½	1.30⅞	1.35⅝	1.31¼	..
September	1.32½	1.27⅞	1.32¼	..	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
March	63	61⅛	63	61⅞	91⅝
May	64¾	63⅛	61½	63⅝	89
July	64⅜	62⅝	64	63	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 73½c; No. 2 white, 73½c; No. 3 white, 72½@73c; No. 4 white, 72@72½c; ordinary clipped, 72½@73½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	27.62	27.62	27.62	27.12	26.07
July	26.97	26.97	26.97	26.45	26.27
Ribs—					
May	25.27	25.27	25.27	24.77	24.92
July	24.02	23.97	24.02	23.52	25.30
Pork—					
May	46.00	45.95	46.00	45.00	48.50
July	...	...	43.05	42.05	...

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Clos. Bid.	Prev. Clos.
May	15.42	15.35	15.41	15.40
July	14.75	14.74	14.75	14.75
September	14.46	14.40	14.40	14.40
December	14.12	14.07	14.12	14.12
March	14.05	14.05	14.05	...

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last
March	$1.49½	$1.49	$1.49
May	1.50⅝	1.53	1.53⅝

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Jacket	.04
Alta	.01	Mexican	.19
Andes	.07	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.05	Ophir	.34
Bullion	.02	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.08	Potosi	.05
Challar	.05	Savage	.11
Con. Imperial	.02	Seg. Belcher	.01
Con. Virginia	.25	Sierra Nevada	.07
Exchequer	.01	Union Con.	.18
Gould & Curry	.03	Mexican dollars	.77½
Hale & Norcross	.19		

TONOPAH.

Alto	.15	Booth	.14
Belmont	3.25	Crackerjack	.07
Brougher Divide	.78	Florence	.24
Cash Boy	.05	Goldfield Cons.	.19
Divide Extension	.23	Goldfield Merger	.05
Gold Zone	.34	Great Bend	.04
Halifax	.17	Jumbo Extension	.13
Jim Butler	.35	Kewanas	.05
McNamara	.50	Lone Star	.17
Midway	.31	Silver Pick	.06
Mizpah	.06	Spearhead	.14
Monarch Pitts.	.08	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.08	Big Four	.07
Rosetta	.08	Manhattan Cons.	.05
Tonopah Divide	4.75	Mayflower	.13
Tonopah Extension	2.10	Nevada Hills	.02
West End	1.07½	Packard	.27
West Tonopah	.13	Rochester	.17
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.43
Atlanta	.05	United Eastern	4.75
		White Caps	.16

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4⅛	4⅞	Isabella	5	5¼
Dr. J'pot.	4	4½	McKinney	7	8
Elkton	5½	6¼	Portland	75	95
El Paso	15	30	U. Gold M.	14¼	14⅜
Golden O.	176	177	Vindicator	41	50
Granite	17	50	Rose Nicol.	13	15½

SAYS SUBWAY WORK ONLY AWAITS FUNDS

Public Service Commission Prods Estimate Board to Make Appropriation.

COMPLAINS OF THE DELAY

Letter States Plans Cannot Be Prepared Until Money for Labor Is at Hand.

Two letters were sent to the Board of Estimate yesterday by the Public Service Commission, one asking for an appropriation of $557,060.50 for the expenses of rapid transit construction during the second quarter of the year, and the other complaining of the delay of the board in not making the necessary appropriation for the Bureau of Rapid Transit Operation. Both letters indicate that the situation between the commission and the board has not been entirely remedied by the recent intervention of the Governor.

In the letter asking for money for rapid transit construction the commission calls attention to various statements by members of the board that the city's debt margin was sufficient to insure the completion of the dual system, and that the board would make the necessary appropriation whenever the contracts were ready. The commission explains that plans cannot be prepared for the contractors until there is money at hand to pay for the labor, and that any delay in furnishing working plans after the contracts were let might result in heavy claims against the city by the contractors on the ground of delay.

In explaining the amount of the appropriation asked for, the letter says that it is based on the statements of the board that no obstacle would be put in the way of the commission in expanding its organization to the point of permitting the completion of the dual system at the earliest possible moment.

Opposes Quarterly Plan.

The plan of dividing the appropriations into quarterly installments is complained of by the commission, because it "does not lend itself to the greatest efficiency in the enlargement of the organization, or to securing the attention of competent engineers. Men of ability and experience are reluctant to take civil service examinations and accept appointments when appropriations may be subject to reduction every three months." It is suggested that an understanding be reached between the commission and the board which would insure the necessary appropriation at least for a year.

In the second letter the commission refers to the meeting of the board on Jan. 31, when an appropriation was made permitting the reinstatement of engineers who had been dismissed because of the curtailment of the figures in an application for appropriations. The letter says that the matter of appropriating money for the Bureau of Rapid Transit operation was laid over for a week so that Acting Chairman Travis H. Whitney of the commission and Controller Craig might confer on the matter. Then the letter explains that Mr. Whitney failed in his attempts to arrange such a conference, but that he had forwarded to the Controller the data which the latter had demanded.

After describing the need of adding to the personnel of the Bureau, the letter says that the payroll of the few employes left in the bureau had been held up by the Controller. It states further:

Commission Loses Men.

"The arbitrary action of the Controller in withholding any recommendation and in the holding of the payroll is having the effect of driving from the employ of the commission men adequately qualified to perform the work. At the same time such action is in the interest of the two operating companies."

This is explained by saying that under the dual contracts revenues from all sources are pooled and deductions are then made for operating expenses, maintenance expenses, fixed charges of the city and the companies, and the preferential of the companies. The city has the right to object to any expenditure by the companies with the right of examination of the accounts. Therefore, it says, if the Auditing Bureau of the commission is inadequate to make the necessary examination it will be impossible for "the commission to prevent 'padding' of expenses," which would result in reducing the city's credits. This pooling began Jan. 1 last.

The letter also says that during the war the work of the bureau fell in arrears because it was undermanned and because the bureau had to examine the books of the various contractors in order to ascertain their losses, due to the situation. In conclusion it is asserted that it is essential that the bureau should be completely and fully manned, to the end that the interests of the city may be protected.

NEW ISSUE

$5,000,000

CONSOLIDATED GAS ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY OF BALTIMORE

7% Secured Convertible Gold Notes

Dated February 1, 1919 **Due August 1, 1922**

Authorized and Outstanding, $5,000,000

Convertible, par for par at any time, at holder's option, into First Refunding Mortgage 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the Company, due February 1, 1949. If called for redemption the convertible privilege may nevertheless be exercised up to 30 days before the redemption date.

MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, BALTIMORE, Trustee

The Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Company of Baltimore does the entire gas, electric light and power business in the City of Baltimore. Its operations also extend into the suburbs and surrounding counties, serving a total population of about 750,000.

From a letter of Mr. Herbert A. Wagner, President of the Company, we further summarize as follows:

Security: These $5,000,000 Notes will be secured by pledge with the Trustee of $6,000,000 mortgage bonds, viz., $2,500,000 First Mortgage 5% Bonds of The Consolidated Power Company of Baltimore, due August 1, 1937, and $3,500,000 First Refunding Mortgage 6% Bonds of Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore, due February 1, 1949.

The Right of Conversion, par for par, into the 30-year First Refunding Mortgage 6% Bonds of the Company is an attractive privilege, as in normal times high-grade bonds of this character sell above par.

Earnings:

| Year ended June

Uruguay

Uruguay occupies a unique position in international trade. The war, contrary to the usual result, has placed importers of that country on a firmer financial footing than ever before. The market is open and easy of access.

Through our branch in Montevideo we are in a position to assist American business men by financing shipments or in any other financial capacity where a direct banking service can be of use.

Our officers will be glad to consult with you on your export banking needs.

Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
New York Agency
60 Wall St.

$10,000,000 in cash

is now being put back of the Preferred Stock of CITIES SERVICE COMPANY by the sale of additional Common Stock: this on top of property values that were already earning over five times the Preferred dividends.

Monthly Dividends

Write for Circular T 106

Henry L. Doherty & Company
60 Wall Street, New York

Edmunds & Jones Co.
New Mex. & Ariz. Land Co.
Spicer Mfg. Co.
Gillette Saf. Raz. Stk. & Nts.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Co. Stks.
E. W. Bliss Co. Common
McCrory Stores Pfd.
Stern Bros. Pfd.
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.
Standard Gas & Elec.
Bought, Sold, Quoted
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Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., New York. Tel. Rector 9970

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N. Y.
We Specialize in
Standard Gas & Electric Co.
Common & Preferred Stocks
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston.

National Park Bank Stock
CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

RUSSIAN CURRENCY AND BONDS
Bought & Sold On Order.
Shuman & Seligmann
Members New York Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7270

Wire Wheel Corp. of America.
Hendee Manufacturing.
Splitdorf Electrical Co.
Butterworth-Judson Corp.
FILOR, BULLARD & SMYTH
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
61 BROADWAY NEW YORK.
Telephone Bowling Green 9840

LIBERTY BONDS
Bought & Sold for Cash
Recommended for Investment
Crawford, Patton & Cannon
Established 1903
Members N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchanges
61 Broadway, New York
Philadelphia Office, Morris Building.

STOCKS—BONDS
Complete facilities for the execution of orders in any amount.
Hartshorne, Fales & Co.
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Investment Securities
120 Broadway, New York
Boston Cleveland
Philadelphia Pittsburgh

ENEMY SHIPS IN CHILE ALLOCATED TO US

Acceptance, Hurley Says, Depends on Terms of Grant and Condition of Vessels.

MAY BE IN BAD SHAPE

Examination Ordered to Determine Extent of Repairs That Will Have to be Made.

WASHINGTON, March 12. — Official information has reached the State Department that the German ships laid up in Chilean waters have been allocated to the United States by the Allied Shipping Commission. There is a possibility, however, that the Government will not accept them. Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board said tonight that final action would depend upon both the condition of the grant and the ships.

Mr. Hurley explained that the original proposal, made when he was in Europe, was for the United States to take over the ships and use them until the peace treaty was signed, when title to them would be determined. This offer was refused by Mr. Hurley, who believed that their use for so short a period would not justify the board in standing the expense of the repairs.

Immediately on receipt of the information that the ships finally had been allocated to this country, Mr. Hurley ordered an examination to determine the extent of repairs that would have to be made. Since the vessels have been tied up for more than four years, most officials believe that their engines are in very bad shape, and that their hulls also have been more or less damaged.

Three hundred thousand tons of German transatlantic shipping now in German ports have been allocated to the United States. Most of the ships are in good shape and they will be utilized as soon as the American crews can be assembled and sent to Germany. German ships which were laid up in Peru and Uruguay were chartered some time ago by the United States and are now in operation.

SANTIAGO, Chile, March 12.—An official statement, issued by the Chilean Government, is in accord with the decision of the Allied Council to have Chile deliver the German ships now in these waters to the United States.

German ships self-interned in Chilean ports at the outbreak of the war numbered thirty-six steamers of 126,507 net tons, and fifty-two sailing vessels of 114,579 tons, a grand total of eighty-eight vessels, aggregating 241,186 net tons, according to a list compiled by the South American in February, 1918. The largest of these ships is the Yorck, 5,117 tons, interned at Valparaiso.

BRITISH SAVINGS GROW.

War Certificates' Total Is Now More Than $1,162,500,000.

LONDON, March 11.—Sales of war saving certificates have reached a grand total of more than 300,000,000. As each certificate represents an investment of 15 shillings and sixpence, the total investment in this form of security is more than £232,500,000.

This is a result of three years' work. In spite of the great facilities provided for cashing certificates, the total value of those turned in, including interest, during the three years has amounted to only £11,000,000, or less than 5 per cent. of the value of the certificates sold.

Plans are now being formulated for placing the organization for selling these certificates on a permanent peace footing.

Britain Admits Raw Materials.

LONDON, March 12. — Official announcement was made today that all raw materials are now exempted from the ban on imports into the United Kingdom. These materials include all kinds of wood and timber, hewed, sawed, planed, and dressed.

TOBACCO EARNINGS GROW.

American Company Shows Increase of $54,549,819 Over 1917.

The annual report of the American Tobacco Company, which has just been issued, shows that the total sales amounted to $144,470,068, an increase of $54,549,819 over 1917, this increase being within $10,000,000 of equaling the gross sales for 1915. After deduction for depreciation and Federal taxes the net earnings of the company were $17,496,733 as compared with $9,785,361 in 1917. Other income brought the total for last year up to $19,034,761. From this there was a reduction of $2,421,722 for interest and bond premium. The balance of $16,613,039, after the deduction of preferred dividends, was equivalent to $33.42 a share on the common stock. This is approximately $8 a share better than was reported for last year.

The income account follows:

	1918.	1917.
Total sales	$144,470,068	$89,920,249
*Net earnings	17,496,733	9,785,361
Other income	1,538,028	3,778,304
Total income	19,034,761	13,563,665
Int. and bond prm.	2,421,722	252,860
Balance	16,613,039	13,310,805
Preferred dividends	3,161,982	3,161,982
Com. scr. divs.	8,048,480	8,048,480
Surplus	5,402,577	2,100,223
Profit and loss surp.	44,584,333	39,181,756

*Net earnings after all charges, expenses, and Federal taxes.

The balance sheet shows that the company's working capital is in round figures $75,000,000. Cash on hand amounts to nearly $11,000,000 and bills and accounts receivable to $11,276,832. Stocks and bonds in the company's possession total $30,710,102, and the inventory, largely made up of leaf tobacco, is $74,624,822. This makes total current assets approximately $125,000,000 against which are current liabilities of slightly less than $50,000,000, even taking into consideration the issue of $25,000,000 7 per cent. serial gold notes now outstanding.

The reservation for Federal taxes is heavy as compared with the same reservation in 1917, $9,002,231 being set aside for this purpose. In the preceding year the tax reservation was $2,544,041.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

White, Weld & Co.; Kissel, Kinnicut & Co.; William R. Compton Company, and Stacy & Braun are offering $1,500,000 Cleveland (Ohio) 5 per cent. school district building bonds, due serially 1920-1939, at a price to yield 4.70 per cent. for any maturity.

Wood, Gundy & Co. of New York and Toronto and the Dominion Securities Corporation, Ltd., of Toronto, are offering a new issue of $3,000,000 twenty-year 5½ per cent. gold bonds of the Province of British Columbia at par and interest.

The Railway Steel Spring Company is analyzed in a circular published by Coggeshall & Hicks.

The Bankers' Trust Company has announced that the New York Central-Michigan Central equipment certificates offered last Saturday by the Bankers' Trust, the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, and Hallgarten & Co. have all been sold.

The City of Schenectady yesterday awarded $130,000 of registered bonds to Sherwood & Merrifield. The bonds are being offered to yield 4.40 per cent.

Liggett & Drexel have prepared a circular letter on the Baldwin Locomotive Works in which they present comparative figures from the company's annual report and urge that the company is in a position to resume the payment of common stock dividends.

It was announced yesterday that the offering of 300,000 Cities Service Company bankers' shares by Henry L. Doherty & Co. and Montgomery & Co. had been heavily oversubscribed.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

39 shares Enlow Co., Inc., $50 each, $50 per share.

$7,500 Adams Express Co. Coll. Trust 4 per cent. registered bonds, due 1948. Interest, March and September, 57.

40 shares American Druggists Syndicate (old stock, certificate dated June, 1910,) $10 each, $12 per share.

10 shares North American Liquidation Co., $5 per share.

30 shares Bank of New York, $100 each, 450.

$415,000 San Antonio Land and Irrigation Co., Limited, 1st mtg. 6 per cent. bonds, due May 1, 1923; £20,000 San Antonio Land and Irrigation Co., Limited, 2 year 7 per cent. notes, dated Jan. 2, 1913, $10,000.

2,050 shares Hudson Companies Preferred, $100 each, $1 per share.

5,973 Chicago Elevated Railways Coll. Trust Preferred Participation Shares, $100 each, $5.

$36,300 Chicago Elevated Railways 10-year 6 per cent. debenture bonds, due July, 1924. All unmatured coupons attached. 36 of $1,000 each and 3 of $100 each, 25.

70,000 shares Mexican Producing and Refining Co., $1 each, $500.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri.; mild temperature.

Fla.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Ala. and Miss.—Partly cloudy, with mild temperatures, Thurs. and Fri.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri., cooler Fri.

Ohio and Ind.—Fair Thurs. Fri. partly cloudy and colder.

Mich.—Cloudy and colder Thurs. Fri. probably snow.

PLAN TO FINANCE MEXICO.

Proposal That Land Rights Be Sold to Defray National Debt.

The President of the United States of Mexico will be asked to consider a plan for the refinancing of that republic which it was asserted yesterday would put Mexico on a sound financial basis without the aid of outside financial liability. The plan is the joint work of T. W. Osterheld, a specialist in Mexican finances; Lansburgh Brothers, members of the New York Stock Exchange, and H. Randolph Guggenheimer of the law firm of Guggenheimer, Curtin, Coyle & Glynn, and calls for the transfer by the Mexican Government of oil, mining, and agricultural lands to either the National Railways of Mexico or a commission, which would grant sufficient rights to return an income great enough to take care of the interest and create a sinking fund for the national debt of Mexico. The bonds of the National Railways are also to be included under the plan.

The plan, which is addressed to "The Mexican Government, holders of bonds of the Mexican Government, and holders of stocks and bonds of the National Railways of Mexico," proposes that if a commission is favored such a body should be composed of five bankers acceptable to the Mexican Government, as managers to grant rights, and five members to represent Mexican interests, the ten to appoint one additional member who will hold the balance of power and be Chairman of the commission.

Liberty Bonds
BOUGHT & SOLD
STOCKS & BONDS
OUTRIGHT
OR ON THE
Small Payment Plan
E. F. Coombs & Co.
20 Nassau St.,
New York.

THE MARINE TRUST COMPANY OF BUFFALO
Sixty-ninth Year of Service
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS

GALENA SIGNAL OIL
Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 14 Wall St., N.Y.

Interborough Rapid Transit 7s
Kingston Gas & Elec. 5s
Keokuk & Des Moines 5s
Peerless Truck & Motor 6s
St. Paul, Kansas City S. L. 4½s
MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO.
PHILADELPHIA LAND TITLE BUILDING Tel SPRUCE 381
NEW YORK EQUITABLE BUILDING Tel RECTOR 5354

We own and offer, subject to previous sale, the unsold balance of a new issue of

$3,000,000

Province of British Columbia

Twenty Year 5½% Gold Bonds

Dated 5th March, 1919 **Due 5th March, 1939**

Interest payable 5th March and September.

Principal and Interest payable in Gold at the Canadian Bank of Commerce in Toronto, Montreal and Victoria, and at the Agency of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, New York.

Denominations $1,000, $500 and $100. Bonds may be registered as to Principal.

Interim Bonds will be issued pending the delivery of Definitive Bonds.

Legal Opinion of Messrs. Malone, Malone & Long.

Financial Statement

Total Funded Debt (including the present issue)	$27,571,936
Less Sinking Fund	4,209,284
	$23,362,652
Annual Dominion Government Subsidy	648,135

Population estimated at 450,000

In addition to the Funded Debt mentioned above, the Province has contingent liabilities in the form of railway guarantees and agricultural loan guarantees amounting to $63,790,863. Of these $40,157,530 were given in respect to the bonds of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway, which is now owned and controlled through stock ownership by the Government of the Dominion of Canada; $20,160,000 were given in respect to the Pacific and Great Eastern Railway Company which is now owned and operated by the Government of the Province of British Columbia.

Price: 100 and Interest, Yielding 5½%

Payment in United States funds.

Orders may be telegraphed or telephoned at our expense.

Wood, Gundy & Company
34 Pine Street
New York
Telephone John 850

Dominion Securities Corporation, Limited
26 King Street East
Toronto, Canada

Now Ready

Forms for Corporation Returns for Income and War Profits and Excess Profits Taxes

ALL corporations, except those specifically exempt, must file a return of income under the New Revenue Law.

Forms (No. 1120) for reporting to the Government are now ready and may be obtained at any of our offices.

We have also reprinted for distribution the new *War Profits and Excess Profits Tax Regulations* issued by the Treasury Department.

Other forms which have been issued to date may also be obtained on request.

We shall be pleased to give you desired information regarding the preparation of your return.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway
FIFTH AVENUE OFFICE Fifth Avenue and 43rd Street MADISON AVENUE OFFICE Madison Avenue and 60th Street
Capital and Surplus - - $50,000,000
Resources more than - $700,000,000

Taxable vs. Tax-Exempt Securities

We have prepared a chart which shows graphically the net income, according to the new Federal Income Tax Law, derived from taxable securities as compared with tax-exempt issues. This chart covers net incomes of from $3,000 to $150,000 and will be forwarded upon request.

Kean, Taylor & Co.
5 Nassau Street, New York
Chicago Pittsburgh

A Suggestion as to Future Tax Returns

THIS COMPANY acting as agent can be of great assistance in making out Income Tax Returns during the years to come. Such an arrangement will furnish relief from detail and responsibility, and afford protection against loss. Through our Trust Department we:

Assume the care of securities
Collect interest and dividends
Execute ownership certificates
Remit or credit income
Collect investments at maturity
Furnish investment information
Purchase and sell securities
Render periodical statements

The varied facilities of our Trust Department are clearly set forth in a recently published book, "Estates and Trusts," *a copy of which will be sent on request.*

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY
Capital *and* Surplus $6,000,000
55 Cedar Street
Broadway at 73d St. Madison Ave. at 75th Street 125th St. at 8th Ave.

Exchange on Bohemia and Moravia

Importers of Bohemian Products may now purchase Foreign Exchange on Bohemia and Moravia at very advantageous rates.

We will establish credits abroad for reliable firms and individuals, to be drawn against at any future time.

JOHN NEMETH STATE BANK,
Second Avenue at 83rd Street, New York.
Telephone Lenox 2221. Foreign Department.

NEW ISSUE

$1,800,000

THE AUTOCAR COMPANY

FIRST MORTGAGE 6% SERIAL GOLD BONDS

To Be Dated April 1, 1919 **Due in Semi-Annual Installments from April 1, 1920, to April 1, 1925**

Coupon Bonds of $1,000, registerable as to principal. Callable as a whole, but not in part, on thirty days' notice, at 102½ and interest until October 1, 1922, and at 101 and interest thereafter. Interest payable April 1st and October 1st, without deduction of Normal Federal Income Tax of 2%.

FREE OF PENNSYLVANIA PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX OF FOUR MILLS

The Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Philadelphia, Trustee

We summarize from a letter of David S. Ludlum, Esq., President of the Company, as follows:

The Company was incorporated in Pennsylvania in 1899, and is engaged in the manufacture and sale of commercial automobile trucks of 1 to 2 tons capacity. The general offices and plant of the Company are located on the Main Line of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Ardmore, Penna.

Over 90% of the Company's output is sold direct to the consumer through its Branch Sales and Service Stations located in twenty-two cities. Its trucks are owned and operated by over 7,000 firms and corporations. The American Railway Express Company alone owns and operates over 600 Autocars. Other large fleets of Autocars are owned and operated by

Air Reduction Sales Company	Clark Thread Company	Gerhard Lang Brewing Company	Remington Arms Company
American Agricult'l Chemical Co.	Cobb, Bates & Yerxa Company	Gimbel Brothers	Ricker & Sons Company, Hiram
American Int. Shipbuilding Corp.	Coca-Cola Company	Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.	Shepard-Norwell Company
American Bridge Company	Consolidated Gas Company	Heppe, C. J., & Son	Shults Bread Company
American Posting Service	Cox Stove Co., Abram	Hyatt-Roller Bearing Co.	Simmons Hardware Company
American Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals	Crane Ice Cream & Baking Co.	Indian Refining Co.	Singer-Sewing Machine Co.
American Tin & Terne Plate Co.	Crew-Levick Co.	Johns-Mansville Co., H. W.	Snellenberg & Co., N.
Armour & Co.	Crown Cork & Seal Company	Jordan-Marsh Company	Standard Brewing Company
Atlantic Refining Company	Crucible Steel Co.	Kolb Bakery Company	Standard Oil Co. of New York
Atlas Powder Co.	Cudahy Packing Company	Lippincott Company, J. B.	Standard Oil Co. of California
Baldwin Locomotive Works	Curtis Publishing Co.	Lit Brothers	Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey
Barrett Manufacturing Company	Devoe, F.W., & C.T. Raynolds Co.	Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company	Staples Coal Company of Boston
Batchelder Brothers	Disston & Sons Inc., Henry	Los Angeles Transfer Company	Strawbridge & Clothier
Bell Telephone Company	Doelger Brewing Company, Peter	McNichol Paving & Con. Co.	Sun Company
Bethlehem Steel Company	Du Pont Powder Company	Mercer Automobile Company	Supplee Alderney Dairy
Breyer Ice Cream Company	Edison Electric Illuminating Co.	Morris & Co.	Texas Company
Caldwell & Co., J. E.	Electric Boat Co.	National Aniline & Chemical Co.	United Gas Improvement Co.
Chester Shipbuilding Co.	Emergency Fleet Corporation	National Biscuit Co.	United States P. O. Department
Chilton Company	Emerson Drug Company	Newton Coal Co., The George B.	United States Tire Company
City of Los Angeles	Evening Bulletin	Pacific Telephone & Teleg. Co.	Van Buren & N. Y. Bill Post Co.
City of New Rochelle	Fairmount Creamery Co.	Pennsylvania Railroad Company	Wanamaker, John
City of New York	Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.	Peoples Refining Company	Warren-Ehret Company
City of Pensacola	Florida East Coast Hotel Co.	Philadelphia Public Ledger	Whitman & Sons, Inc., Stephen F.
City of Philadelphia	Fleischmann Co.	Pierce Company, S. S.	Wilbur & Sons, H. O.
City of Tampa	Friehofer Baking Company	Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.	Wilson & Co.
	General Baking Company	Porter Co., C. B.	Yale & Towne Manufacturing Co.

The bonds will be secured by a first closed mortgage on real estate, buildings and machinery of the Company in Ardmore, Pa., carried on the books of the Company as of December 31, 1918, at $1,801,003.49. Day & Zimmerman, Inc., Engineers, have examined the plant and books of the Company, and report that in their judgment the book valuation of the property is conservative even on the basis of normal costs.

The Company will covenant to maintain quick assets in excess of all liabilities (other than this issue and encumbrances totalling $100,000 on property in Washington) of not less than one and one-half times the principal amount of bonds of this issue at any time outstanding, of which not less than 50% shall consist of cash, accounts and notes receivable.

The Company's balance sheet as of December 31, 1918, shows net quick assets of over $2,400,000. Upon completion of the present financing, it is estimated that the Company will have net quick assets of over $3,200,000.

The annual net factory sales of the Company have grown steadily from $1,017,052.76 in 1909 to $7,999,394.81 in 1918.

The books of the Company, as audited by Messrs. Lybrand, Ross Brothers & Montgomery, show net earnings in each of the past three years of over $770,000, after ample allowances for depreciation, but before interest and Federal taxes.

The Company's capital stock is $2,000,000, full paid, upon which dividends at the rate of 10% per annum are being paid.

Legalities subject to approval of George Wharton Pepper, Esq., counsel for the Company, and Messrs. Roberts, Montgomery & McKeehan, counsel for the Bankers.

IF, WHEN AND AS ISSUED AND DELIVERED TO US

PRICES RANGING FROM 100 TO 97½ AND INTEREST, ACCORDING TO MATURITY.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

133 South Fourth Street
Philadelphia

14 Wall Street
New York

This information and these statistics are not guaranteed, but have been obtained from sources we believe to be accurate.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

March 8, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the copartnership of Morris Diamond and Jacob Soud, trading as D. & S. Dress Co., has this day been dissolved and said business will be continued by the undersigned.

(Signed) JACOB SOUD.

DIVIDENDS.

RAY CONSOLIDATED COPPER CO.

25 Broad St., New York, March 6, 1919.

The Board of Directors of the Ray Consolidated Copper Company has this day declared a capital distribution of $.50 per share, payable March 31, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 14, 1919.

E. P. SHOVE, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION

Preferred Stock Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Corporation for the quarter ending March 31st, 1919, payable April 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15th, 1919.

H. P. KROYER, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

CHINO COPPER COMPANY.

25 Broad St., New York, March 6, 1919.

The Board of Directors of Chino Copper Company has this day declared a capital distribution of $.75 per share, payable March 31, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 14, 1919.

C. W. PETERS, Treasurer.

We Specialize in

Lackawanna County Coal Stock

The Company is reported to have made plans for extensive operations and acquisitions of new property. A unique sinking fund has been provided which should operate to distribute extra dividends from time to time to stockholders.

New Circular Upon Request

Traded in on New York Curb

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We Specialize in

Philip Morris

BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.

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MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO.
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
COSDEN AND CO.

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American Road Machinery

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$1,000,000 6% Bonds
$1,102,700 7% Preferred
$2,000,000 Common

Information on request.

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Pub. Serv. Corp. of N. J. 7s, 1921
Amer. Road Mach. 6s, Com. & Pfd.
Reading Co. Equip. 4½s, 1919-27
United Nat. Util. 6s, 1920
Buff. & Susq. 1st 4s, 1963

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Remington Typewriter Stocks
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil

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Caddo Oil & Refining
Lima Loco. Pfd.
Nat'l Aniline & Chem. Com. & Pfd.

Gwynne Bros.

Phones Broad 8230 to 8235. 25 Broad St., N.Y.

Lone Star Gas
Remington Typewriter
Nat'l Aniline & Chemical

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.

Phone Rector 6340. 74 B'way, New York
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100¾	100¾	100¾
4½s June, 1965	100¾	100¾	100¾
4½s Mar., 1963	100½	100¾	100½
4½s Nov., 1957	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
4½s Mar., 1957	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	95⅞	96½	95⅞
4¼s Mar., 1964	95⅞	96½	95⅞
4¼s Mar., 1962	95⅞	96½	95⅞
4¼s Apr., 1966	95⅞	96¼	95⅞
4¼s Sept., 1960	95⅞	96½	95⅞
4s May, 1960	90¾	91⅝	90⅝
4s Nov., 1958	90⅜	91⅜	90⅜
4s Nov., 1957	90⅜	91⅜	90⅜
4s Nov., 1956	90¾	91	90¾
4s Nov., 1955	90¾	91	90¼
4s Nov., 1936	92	94	92
4s May, 1919	99½		99½
3½s Nov., 1955	81		81
3½s Nov., 1954	81½	82½	81½
3½s May, 1954	81½	..	81½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4¼s 1924-1931	4.60	..	4.60
4¼s 1921-1923	4.60	4.60	4.60
4¼s 1919-1920	4.60	..	4.60
4½s 1919-1923	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1924-1932	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s 1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s 1930-1930	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s 1922-1929	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s 1919-1921	4.65	4.50	4.65
3s 1940-1958	4.65	4.50	4.65
3s 1926-1930	4.65	4.50	4.65

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
765	Cities Service	350	347	347	350
1,890	Cities Service pf	80⅛	79½	79⅝	79¾
7,040	Cities Ser. Bankers' shrs	37	36½	36⅝	37
$58,500	Cities Service deb. B 7s	131	120	120	130
105,500	Cities Service deb. C 7s	102¾	101¼	101⅜	102

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	12	14
Adiron Elec Power pf	70	74
Am Gas & Electric	120	123
Am Gas & Electric pf	42	44
Am Light & Traction	242	245
Am Light & Trac pf	99	100
Am Power & Light	60	61
Am Power & Light pf	77	80
Am Public Utilities	10	15
Am Public Utilities pf	34	38
Am W W & Elec	6	6⅝
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	85	88
Am W W & E partic	10	13
Carolina Power & L	30	33
Colorado Power	24	26½
Colorado Power pf	95	100
Columbus Electric pf	72	76
Com Power, Ry & Lt	18½	19½
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	40	42
Conn Power pf	73	..
Consumers' Power pf	80	83
Eastern Texas Electric	53	57
Eastern Texas Elec pf	73	78
El Paso Electric	82	85
Electric B & S pf	94	96
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	71
Federal Light & Trac	9	11
Federal Lt & Trac pf	42	45
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25
Galveston-Hous El pf	57	60

Am W W & E col 5s	68	70	
Appalach Power 1st 5s	70	73	
Arizona Power 6s, 1933	85	90	
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95	
Cities Fuel & P 7s	99¾	100¾	
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	
Col Power 5s, 1953	87	90	
Conn Power 5s, 1963	87	90	
Consumers Pow 5s, '36	87½	89	
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93	
East Tex Elec col 5s	85	88	
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	98	99	
El Paso Elec col 5s	83	90	
Empire Gas & F 6s	85	90	
Empire Refining 6s	94	97	
Gt West Power 5s, '46	85	86	
Gt West Power 6s, '25	88	92	

Middle West U 6s, '25	86	92	
Miss Riv Power 1st 5s	77	79½	
Nor Ont Lt & Pow 6s	77	80	
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	94	96	
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88	91	
Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85	
Omaha & C B 5s, '28	75	80	
Pac Gas & El 6s, 1931	88	95	
Puget Sd Trc, L & P 7s	97½	99½	
So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88½	91½	
S W Power 5s, 1943	82	85	
Twin S G & E 5s, '53	80	86	
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	85½	87½	
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	85	90	
Un Util cv 6s, '43	88	92	
U S Pub Svc 6s, 1927	84	94	
Utah Securities 6s, 1922	80	91	

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,500	‡Aetna Expl.	9¼	9⅜	9⅜
15	‡ Do pf	64	59	64
100	‡AmBoschM.	64¼	64¼	64¼
100	Am-B Mfg	3½	3½	3½
100	‡ Do pf	25	25	25
900	‡Am Road M	28	25½	27
800	‡Am W P	5	5	5¼
200	B-AmTobreg	24¼	24¼	24¼
400	‡ Do coupon	25	24⅜	25
300	‡Bucyrus	16	15½	15½
500	‡Dicto Prod	12	12	12
3,000	‡Gen Asph	66½	66⅜	66
100	‡Gen Asph pf	100	100	100
7,000	‡Hupp M Car	8¾	8⅝	8½
5,100	Intercon Rub	19¼	18⅜	18½
1,370	‡Jones B Tea	27½	27	27½
21,000	Key T & R	82⅜	77½	81½
8,033	‡Lack Co C	27	23	26½
500	‡Lake T B	2	1⅝	1⅝
500	‡LibMcN&L	27⅞	27½	27½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

40	‡Gal-Sig Oil	102	98½	102
20	‡Ill Pipe L	172	172	172
50	‡Ohio Oil	330	325	329

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

15,000	‡Allen Oil	2¼	1⅞	1⅛
11,300	‡Boone Oil	4	3½	4
12,000	‡Bos-Wyo O	29	28	28
8,000	‡Com P W 1	47⅞	47½	48½
700	‡Cont O & R	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000	‡Cos & Co	7⅞	7⅜	7⅜
6,400	‡Crown Oil	33	29	30
3,635	‡Crystal Oil	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
300	‡Drillers Oil, (new)	⅜	⅜	⅜
25,000	‡Esmer Oil	7½	6¼	7
3,000	‡Federal Oil	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
3,800	‡Glenrock Oil	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
6,000	‡G I Pet	2½	2¼	2½
700	‡Home Oil, ref. w. i	15¾	15½	15¾
800	‡Houston Oil	82	80	81
13,775	‡Hudson Oil	1¾	1½	1⅝
1,200	‡Inter Pet	21⅞	21⅝	21⅝
20,000	‡Isl'd O & T	8¾	8	8
4,200	‡Kenova Oil	9	8	8½

MINING STOCKS.

4,200	‡Alaska-Brit Col Metals	38	36	38
200	‡America	1	1	1
7,000	‡Am Tin & T	⅞	⅝	⅞
800	Ariz B'gham	1	1	1
400	‡Ariz Butte	60	60	60
4,500	‡Atlanta	6	5½	5⅝
900	Big Ledge	⅞	⅞	⅞
8,000	‡Bos & Mon	50	45	49
15,000	‡Butte Det	5	4	5
3,500	‡Caledonia	31	30	31
35,000	‡Calu & Jer	½	⅜	⅜
2,000	Canada Cop	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
5,200	‡Candelaria	61	59	61
2,500	‡Cashboy	6½	6¼	6½
800	‡Cerbat Sil	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
700	Con Ariz Sm	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	Con Copper	5⅝	5	5¼
800	‡Creason Con	4¾	4¾	4¾
200	El Salvador	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,500	‡EurekaCroe	1½	1¼	1¼
1,500	‡FlorenceSil	78	77	78
4,300	‡GoldenGates Explor	3¼	3¼	3⅜
700	‡GoldenRule	½	½	½
3,200	‡Goldf'd Con	21	19	20
5,400	‡Goldf'dMer	6½	6½	6½
1,700	‡Gt Bend	5	4½	4½
500	‡HamiltonM &Sm.(pros)	67	67	67
650	Hecla Min	4⅞	4⅝	4¾
2,500	‡Jim Butler	37	36	37
4,300	‡Jumbo Ext	14	13	14
125,000	‡Lone Star	20	12	18
78,000	‡M'Namara	50	46	50
14,900	‡MacmaCh	⅞	⅞	⅞
4,500	‡Moth Lode	38	36	38
4,000	‡Nixon Nev	42	39	42
500	Nipissing	9¼	9¼	9¼
200	‡Onondaga	3	3	3
5,400	‡Ray Hecu	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
2,700	‡Roch Mines	18	17	18
2,000	‡Silver Pick	6½	6½	6½
3,000	‡Stewart	15	15	15
500	‡SuccessMin	4½	4½	4½
1,750	Tono Ext	2¼	2⅛	2¼
1,560	‡Tuolumne Riv Placer	45	40	45
11,000	‡U S Cont	11	9½	11
500	‡UnitedSulph	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000	‡U Verde Ex	33½	33	33½
5,500	‡Wash Gold Quartz	94	92	93
1,500	‡W End Con	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
6,500	‡White Caps	16	¼5	15

BONDS.

$20,000	Am T&T 6s	99¾	99½
20,000	Anacon 6s	97¾	97⅝
15,000	Beth Steel 7s, 1919	100¾	100⅝
1,000	Do, '23	101¼	101¼
10,000	‡CanGov 5s	99½	99½
5,000	‡FederalFarm Loan 5s	103⅞	103⅞
15,000	‡Int R T 7s	91	90½
10,000	‡IllCent 5½s	96½	96½
10,000	‡Liggett&M 6s, 1921	100¼	100¼

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Tuesday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Air Reduction	50	60	50
Am G Prod	32	35	32
Drill Car Co	36	37	36
Carbon Steel	85	95	85
Car, L & P	2½	2¾	2½
Claimers M	5	6	4½
Do pf	25	40	25
Colum Wool'n	11¼	11⅞	11¼
Curtiss Aero	11	13	11
Do pf	45	55	45
Emer Phono	4	4¼	4
Fairbanks	55½	57	55½
Free Texas	42	44	42
G S Razor	129	132	129
Havana Tob	1⅝	2¼	1⅝
Do pf	2	2½	2
Holly Sug pf	92	97	92
Imp T Gt B	16⅞	17¼	16⅞
Kirby Lumber	25	30	25
Lima Loco	34	36	34
L Val Coal	85	90	85
Man Transit	½	⅝	½
Mitchell Mot	20	25	20
N Y Shipbldg	34	37	34
N Y Transp	14¾	17	14¾
Pearson Coal	3½	3⅝	3½
Peer T & M	23½	24½	23½
Penn C & C	22	24	22
Poulsen Wire	4½	6	4½
Rem Type	45	47	45
Rep Motor T	35	38	35
St Joseph L	11	12	11
Smith M T	⅛	¼	⅛
Steel Alloys	7½	8¼	7½
Stewart Mfg	39½	39⅝	39½
St L R M&P	40	..	40
Todd Shipyd	98	100	98
Tungsten	4¼	4⅝	4¼
Triangle Film	⅛	¼	⅛
Union Carb	61½	62½	61½
Wright-M pf	65	69	65
U S L & H	2	2¼	2
Do pf	3	3½	3

OIL STOCKS.

Caddo Oil	13	15	13
Cosden pf	4¼	4½	4¼
Curran Pet	1	1¼	1
Elk Basin Pet	6¼	6¼	6¼
Homa Oil	42	46	43
Kinney Oil	70	72	70
Mexican Gulf	20	30	20
Midwest O pf	1¾	1¾	1¾
Pitts O & G	8	8½	8
Royal Oil	⅛	⅜	¼
Savoy Oil	7¾	8	7¾
Sinel Oil war	38	40	38
Wayl O & G	4	4¼	4

MINING STOCKS.

Austin-Am	⅞	⅞	⅞
Booth	15	17	15
Hattie Gold	40	45	40
Ton Belmont	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	18	18⅝	18
Atlantic Refining	1200	1230	1150
Borne-Scrymser	500	515	500
Buckeye Pipe Line	90	93	90
Cheebrough Mfg	320	340	320
Continental Oil	535	550	530
Crescent Pipe Line	38	40	38
Cumberland P L	175	185	175
Eureka Pipe Line	165	170	165
Galena Signal Oil	100	103	98
Do pf, new	102	105	102
Do pf, old	130	150	130
Illinois Pipe Line	170	175	170
Indiana Pipe Line	99	102	98
Int. Pet. Co.	21½	22	21½
National Transit	22	23	22
N Y Transit	185	195	185
Northern Pipe Line	108	115	108
Ohio Oil	327	329	324
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	56	59	57
Prairie Oil & Gas	650	660	645
Prairie P. L.	266	270	266
Solar Refining	335	345	335
Southern Pipe L	166	170	168
South Penn Oil	296	303	295
S W Penn	95	100	95
Stand Oil of Cal	270	275	264
Stand Oil of Ind	770	780	770
Stand Oil of Kan	580	595	580
Stand Oil of Ky	390	400	390
Stand Oil of Neb	540	560	540
Stand Oil of N J	678	684	675
Stand Oil of N Y	333	335	330
Stand Oil of Ohio	465	480	465
Swan & Finch	98	102	98
Union Tank	114	116	114
Vacuum Oil	415	420	410
Washington Oil	35	40	35

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CAYUGA POWER CORPORATION.
First Mortgage Sinking Fund 6% Gold Bonds Due March 1, 1935.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under indenture dated March 1, 1915, securing the above issue, hereby invites offers for the sale to it, of as many of the above bonds as can be purchased for the sum of $2,680, at prices not exceeding 102½ and accrued interest.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Trust Department of the undersigned, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, March 17, 1919. Bonds accepted are to be delivered the following day.

The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated February 28, 1919.

82nd CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND

LAWYERS TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY
160 Broadway, New York
March 12, 1919.

A dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared this day, payable Tuesday, April 1st, 1919. Transfer books will be closed on Saturday, March 15th, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, and re-opened on Wednesday, April 2nd, 1919, at 10 A. M.

ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.

CHARMING FROCKS.

Beautiful designs of evening gowns by Parisian dress artists specially photographed for the Spring Fashion Section of The New York Times next Sunday. —Advt.

DIVIDEND NO. 4.

Towar Cotton Mills, Inc.

The Board of Directors has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of Three and One Half Per Cent. (3½%) on the Preferred Stock of this company, payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record, March 27, 1919.

HENRY M. TOWAR, Treas.
Niles City, Michigan, March 8, 1919.

HAT OF DISTINCTION.

One of the hats shown in the Spring Fashion Section of The New York Times next Sunday is described as of gray satin with darker gray ostrich tips and a gray ribbon. It will delight every woman who sees it.—Advt.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Net losses from a fraction to more than a point were recorded at the close of an active session yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Final prices in standard issues, both in the rails and industrials, were about the lowest for the day. Substantial gains made as the result of a heavy demand in the morning session were wiped out or in a few instances reduced to a minimum. The decline toward the close was as sharp as the advance at the outset. Most of the selling represented profit-taking, but this was so extensive in character that it weakened the list and made it vulnerable to a bearish attack.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alaska Gold	4¼	4	4
210	Alaska Jun	2⅝	2¼	2⅜
100	Allis-Chalm	36¼	35	35
350	Am B Sugar	75⅞	73⅜	73⅜
750	Am Can	48¼	47¼	47¼
100	Am C & F	94	93½	93½
70	Am Cot Oil	46¼	45½	45½
100	Am Druggists	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜
190	Am H & L	19	18⅝	19
200	Do pf	100½	99	99
150	Am Ice	47⅝	46⅝	46⅝
250	Am Internat	69¼	67	67
10	Am Linseed	47¼	47¼	47¼
60	Am Loco	68⅝	68¼	68⅜
530	Am S & R	71⅜	70	70
80	Am Sugar	120¼	119½	120¼
400	Am Su Tob	118	116¾	116⅝
20	Am T & T	101¼	100½	100½
50	Am W P pf	39	39	39
50	Am Woolen	66⅜	66¼	66¼
150	Anac Cop	62½	61⅝	61½
190	A, G & W	110⅝	108⅜	110⅝
5,855	Bald Loco	91½	88⅜	89⅜
50	Balt & Ohio	41¾	40⅝	40⅝
1,960	Beth St'l B	69¼	67¼	67¼
80	B'klyn R T	24⅝	24	24
110	Cal Petrol	28	27½	27½
20	Do pf	74½	74½	74½
90	Cent Leather	68⅛	68	68⅝
429	Ches & Ohio	60⅜	59½	59½
660	C, M & St P	41	39⅜	39⅜
30	Do pf	74½	74¼	74½
50	C, R I & P	25⅝	25¼	25¼
60	Chino Copper	34⅞	34½	34½
40	Columb Gas	46⅜	45⅝	46⅛
50	Col F & I	42½	42¼	42¼
660	Corn Prod	50⅝	49¼	50
1,210	Crucible St'l	69¼	67	67
210	Cuba Cane S	24⅜	23⅜	23⅜
20	D & R G pf	7½	7½	7½
850	Dist Secur	63⅝	61⅝	61⅝
70	Erie	17⅜	17¼	17⅜
70	Do 1st pf	30⅝	30	30
80	Gas W & W	33	32½	33
30	Gen Cigar	55⅜	55¼	55¼
400	Gen Motors	162⅝	159⅜	160⅝
60	Goodrich Co	69	68⅜	68⅜
30	Gt Nor pf	95	95	95
250	Gt Nor Ore	44⅝	43⅝	44½
80	Inspir Cop	47⅜	46⅞	46⅞
30	Int Mer Ma	26	25½	26
1,920	Do pf	109	107¾	107¾
50	Int Nickel	25⅝	25¾	25¾
270	Int Paper	48½	46⅝	47⅜
10	Interb Cons	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
20	Do pf	21	21	21
10	Kan City So	20½	20½	20½
35	Kelly-S Tire	120	118½	120
119	Kenne Cop	31	30⅜	30⅜
30	Lack Steel	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜
150	Lehigh Val	56	55½	55½
50	Marine Bank	41	41	41
59	Md Casualty	94	94	94
285	Un Rys	19½	19½	19½
55	Wash, B & A	26½	26½	26½
7,450	Mex Petrol	19⅝	18½	18⅝
10	Miami Cop	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜
880	Midvale Steel	44½	43½	45½
20	Mo, K & T	6½	6½	6½
30	Do pf	12	12	12
800	Mo Pacific	25¾	25	25
110	Nat Conduit	16½	16¼	16¾
40	Nat Enamel	51⅝	51	51⅜
20	N Y Air B	110	110	110
70	N Y Central	77½	76⅝	76⅝
110	NY, NH & H	33¾	32⅝	32⅝
50	Nor Pacific	94⅜	93⅝	94
190	Ohio C Gas	39⅝	38⅜	38⅝
250	Okla Gil	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝
10	Oni Silver	1¾	1¾	1¾
990	P A P & T	84¼	82⅜	82⅝
92	Pennsylvania	45¼	44¾	44¾
40	Phila Co	35¾	35⅜	35⅜
210	Pierce-Arrow	45	44	45
1,225	Pierce Oil	18½	17½	18
120	P & W Va	38⅜	37⅝	37⅝
30	Ry St'l Spgs	78½	78½	78½
10	Ray Copper	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
1,200	Reading	86⅝	84⅝	84⅝
200	Rep I & S	86¾	83	83
330	Royal Dutch	96¾	94¾	95
110	Saxon Motor	10	10	10
900	Sinclair Oil	37⅝	36⅝	36⅝
550	So Pacific	103⅞	102⅜	102⅝
220	So Railway	30	29⅝	29⅞
10	Do pf	69	69	69
4,400	Studebaker	64⅝	61¼	64
100	Stutz Motor	52⅜	52	52⅜
30	Tenn Copper	13	13	13
595	Texas Co	208¼	197¼	205¼
630	Tex & Pac	34⅞	33¾	33¾
640	Tob Prod	90⅛	87⅜	88⅝
130	Union Pac	131⅛	130⅜	130⅝
475	Un Cig St	135⅞	134⅜	134⅝
1,940	U S Ind Al	128½	123¼	127¼
380	U S Rubber	83⅜	81⅞	81⅞
25,525	U S Steel	98¾	96⅝	96⅞
160	Utah Copper	73⅜	72¾	73
110	Va-Car Ch	59	58	58
60	Wab pf A	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜
50	Wilson & Co	76	76	76
30	West Md	11⅝	11⅜	11⅜
560	Westing El	47½	46⅜	46⅜
30	White Motors	54⅜	54¼	54¼
430	Willys-Over	28⅜	27½	28⅛

RIGHTS.

30	Ohio Cities Gas	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
200	Tob Prod	7	6⅝	6⅝

*LIBERTY BONDS.

$1,850	Lib 3½s	99.30	99.26	99.30
950	1st 4¼s	95.52	95.50	95.52
2,150	2d 4¼s	95.18	95.08	95.10
1,800	3d 4¼s	97.22	97.16	97.22
3,450	4th 4½s	95.60	95.50	95.50

*Prices include interest.

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Consden	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
25	Con Power	110	110	110
15	M&MistNBk	29½	29½	29½
15	Mercantile Tr	187	187	187
50	Marine Bank	41	41	41
59	Md Casualty	94	94	94
285	Un Rys	19½	19½	19½
55	Wash, B & A	26½	26½	26½

Bonds.

$8,000	Cos 6s A	91½	91½	91½
3,000	Do 6s B	91½	91½	91½
6,000	Canton 5s	97	97	97
$2,000	Un Fdy 5s	75½	75½	75½
3,000	Un Ry inc 4s	55	55	55
2,000	Do 1st 4s	72½	72½	72½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Ahmeek	68¾	68½	68¾
145	Allouez	41	41	41
10	Anaconda	62¼	62¼	62¼
4	Calu & Hec	405	405	405
10	Chino	34¾	34¾	34¾
74	Cop Range	41¾	41¾	41¾
170	Dav

[Charter No. 7203.]
[Reserve District No. 2.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE COAL AND IRON NATIONAL BANK

At City of New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on March 4, 1919.:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts		$11,722,384.10
Deduct:		
1d Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 57a)	2,416,374.57	$9,306,009.53
Overdrafts secured	$3,868.00	
Overdrafts unsecured	35,463.89	39,331.89
Customers' liability on account of drafts paid under letters of credit, and for which this bank has not been reimbursed.		3,694.24
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank and now outstanding		302,528.52
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds, but including U. S. certificates of indebtedness):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$415,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	400,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable	1,370,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	334,500.00	2,519,500.00
Liberty Loan Bonds:		
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., unpledged	$231,733.50	
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure U. S. deposits	50,000.00	
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure postal savings deposits	120,000.00	
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure State or other deposits or bills payable	730,000.00	1,131,733.50
Bonds, securities, etc. (other than U. S.):		
Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$701,200.00	
Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure postal savings deposits	375,500.00	
Bonds loaned (other than U. S. bonds)	59,000.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	1,109,111.51	
Collateral Trust and other notes of corporations issued for not less than ONE YEAR nor more than THREE YEARS' time	220,455.50	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.		2,465,267.01
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		45,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		1,610,760.98
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		729,250.94
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		946,928.21
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14 or 15		118,606.47
17. Exchanges for Clearing House		618,406.61
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)		71,500.57
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $2,484,692.80.		
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		3,667.10
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		20,750.00
Interest earned but not collected—approximate—on notes and bills receivable not past due		6,836.31
Total		$19,039,261.88

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund	500,000.00
Undivided profits	$672,397.13
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	49,792.54 622,604.59
Interest and discount collected or credited, in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)	37,967.35
Amount reserved for taxes accrued	4,748.12
Amount reserved for all interest accrued	4,054.14
Circulating notes outstanding	415,000.00
32. Net amounts due to National banks	1,358,256.43
33. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in Item 32)	506,122.45
34. Certified checks outstanding	144,192.80
35. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	68,866.83
Total of Items 32, 33, 34 and 35, $2,077,438.51.	
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
36. Individual deposits subject to check	11,427,755.65
37. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	6,814.97
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 36 and 37, $11,434,570.02.	
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days' or more notice, and postal savings):	
44. Postal savings deposits	401,741.00
45. Other time deposits	7,150.00
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, Items 44 and 45, $408,891.00.	
United States deposits (other than postal savings):	
War loan deposit account	755,000.00
Other bonds borrowed for which collateral security was furnished	59,000.00
Bills payable, other than with Federal Reserve Bank, including all obligations representing money borrowed, other than rediscounts	50,000.00
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank	2,187,310.00
Letters of credit and travelers' checks sold for cash and outstanding	4,172.24
Acceptances executed by this bank for customers	300,575.69
Contingent account	68,930.22
Total	$19,039,261.88

57a. Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d) $2,416,374.57

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ADDISON H. DAY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
ADDISON H. DAY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this Eleventh day of March, 1919.
E. LEWIS JOHNSON, Notary Public.
143 Liberty St., N. Y. City.
[Seal.] Notary Public Kings Co. No. 13.
Certificate Filed New York Co. No. 38.
Correct—Attest:
J. L. KEMMERER,
S. P. JADWIN,
G. O. WATERMAN,
Directors.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 36.
New York, March 12, 1919.
A regular quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) on the issued and outstanding COMMON capital stock of American Gas & Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending March 31, 1919, payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business March 20, 1919.
FRANK B. HALL, Treasurer.

National Bank of Commerce in New York

Established 1839
STATEMENT OF CONDITION
MARCH 4, 1919

Resources		Liabilities	
Loans and Discounts	$228,599,189.54	Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits	$50,651,770.23
U.S. Liberty Bonds, U.S. Ctfs. of Indebtedness and Loans secured by U.S.Lib'ty Bonds	179,605,522.51	Deposits	350,236,565.52
Other Bonds, Securities, etc.	12,588,530.94	U. S. Bonds Borrowed	4,203,250.00
U. S. Bonds Borrowed	4,203,250.00	Letters of Credit and Acceptances	38,058,699.85
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank	1,350,000.00	Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank	107,000,000.00
Banking House	2,600,000.00	Reserved for Taxes, etc.	3,699,840.93
Due from Banks and Bankers	4,269,843.87	Unearned Discount	1,627,960.59
Cash, Exchanges and due from Federal Reserve Bank	85,882,906.44	Time Drafts of this Bank Outstanding	2,306,250.00
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	37,732,566.42	Other Liabilities	475,763.13
Interest Accrued	1,128,290.53		
	$558,260,100.25		$558,260,100.25

PRESIDENT
JAMES S. ALEXANDER
VICE-PRESIDENTS
J. HOWARD ARDREY, R. G. HUTCHINS, Jr., JOHN F. ROVENSKY
GUY EMERSON, LOUIS A. KEIDEL, PARIS R. RUSSELL
HERBERT P. HOWELL, D. H. G. PENNY, STEVENSON E. WARD
CASHIER
RICHARD W. SAUNDERS
DIRECTORS
JAMES S. ALEXANDER, CHARLES E. DUNLAP, CHARLES H. RUSSELL
WILLIAM A. DAY, HERBERT P. HOWELL, VALENTINE P. SNYDER
HENRY W. de FOREST, R. G. HUTCHINS, Jr., Pt. B. THAYER
FORREST F. DRYDEN, A. W. MELLON, THOS. WILLIAMS

[Charter No. 2608. Reserve District No. 2.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

LINCOLN NATIONAL BANK

at City of New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on March 4, 1919:

RESOURCES.

1a. Loans and discounts, including rediscounts		$13,631,803.28
Deduct:		
d Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 57a)	1,689,450.63	$11,942,352.65
Overdrafts, secured, unsecured, $518.18	$1,998.57;	2,516.75
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds, but including U. S. certificates of indebtedness):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$210,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable	1,500,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	569,000.00	2,279,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., unpledged		1,850.00
Bonds, securities, &c., (other than U. S.):		
Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$1,857,938.60	
Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	1,350,924.64	
Collateral trust and other notes of corporations issued for not less than one year nor more than three years' time	55,000.00	
Total bonds, securities, &c., other than U. S.		3,263,863.24
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		60,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		2,071,471.22
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		553,378.09
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		1,662,202.77
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, or 15		755.44
17. Exchanges for clearing house		793,584.09
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)		154,389.17
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $3,164,303.46.		
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		171.86
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		57,500.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate) on notes and bills receivable not past due		84,740.43
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned		1,017.50
Total		$22,928,787.11

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund	1,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,101,006.27
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	33,973.90 1,067,032.37
Interest and discount collected or credited, in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)	87,641.85
Amount reserved for taxes accrued	129,571.26
Circulating notes outstanding	209,907.50
32. Net amounts due to national banks	739,626.72
33. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies, (other than included in Item 32)	697,837.40
34. Certified checks outstanding	38,454.66
35. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	286,047.91
Total of Items 32, 33, 34, and 35, $9,756,966.63.	
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
36. Individual deposits subject to check	15,250,081.14
37. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	72,441.30
40. Dividends unpaid	55.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 36, 37, and 40, $15,322,577.44.	
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):	
42. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	40,000.00
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, Item 42, $40,000.00.	
United States deposits (other than postal savings):	
War loan deposit account	815,000.00
Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank	1,500,000.00
Total	$22,928,787.11

57a. Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank, (see Item 1d).. 1,689,450.63
Total contingent liabilities.. 1,689,450.63

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, JOHN S. SAMMIS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN S. SAMMIS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1919.
[Seal.] J. N. TIMMERMANN,
Notary Public, Bronx County, 6, Register File 908; Certificate filed in New York Co., 1, Register File 9037; Certificate filed in Kings Co., 24, Register File 9001; Certificate filed in Westchester Co. Certificate filed in Suffolk Co.
Correct—Attest:
EDWARD L. ROSSITER,
WILLIAM S. HAWK,
EDWARD W. BROWN,
Directors.

DIVIDENDS.

The Chase National Bank of the City of New York.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of 4% on the capital stock of this bank payable April 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 25, 1919. The transfer books will not close.
A. C. ANDREWS, Cashier.
March 12, 1919.

[Charter No. 8922. Reserve District No. 2.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

SHERMAN NATIONAL BANK

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on March 4, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts		$5,973,546.80
Overdrafts, unsecured		3,089.84
U. S. Bonds (other than Liberty bonds, but including U. S. certificates of indebtedness):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation, (par value)	$165,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	396,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable	683,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	43,000.00	1,287,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds:		
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent. unpledged	$361,793.65	
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure postal savings deposits	10,000.00	
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure State or other deposits or bills payable	637,200.00	1,008,993.65
Bonds, securities, etc. (other than U. S.):		
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	$25,427.08	
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State or other (postal excluded) or bills payable	20,341.67	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	90,500.00	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.		136,268.75
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		19,500.00
Furniture and fixtures		38,180.77
Real estate owned other than banking house		5,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		829,607.53
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		$73,075.31
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		457,872.66
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, or 15		18,260.67
Total of Items 14, 15, and 16, $848,488.64.		
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		516.40
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		9,250.00
Interest earned but not collected—approximate—on notes and bills receivable not past due		1,249.98
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned		300.00
Other assets, if any:		
Safe deposit vault		26,000.00
Liberty Loan stamps		1,500.00
Accrued interest on bonds, securities, etc.		18,534.21
Total		$10,206,440.68

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$500,000.00
Surplus fund	150,000.00
Undivided profits	$79,792.06
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	42,495.47 37,256.59
Interest and discount collected or credited in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)	35,568.02
Amount reserved for taxes accrued	2,060.00
Circulating notes outstanding	163,300.00
32. Net amounts due to national banks	138,604.79
33. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in Item 32)	64,449.57
35. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	21,147.38
Total of Items 32, 33, and 35, $224,201.74.	
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
36. Individual deposits subject to check	6,720,869.73
37. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	2,150.00
38. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank	39,000.00
40. Dividends unpaid	160.80
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 36, 37, 38, and 40, $6,762,179.23.	
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days' or more notice, and postal savings):	
44. Postal savings deposits	30,026.00
45. Other time deposits	68,758.10
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, Items 44 and 45, $98,784.10.	
United States deposits, (other than postal savings):	
War loan deposit account	304,000.00
U. S. bonds borrowed, including Liberty Loan and certificates of indebtedness, without furnishing collateral security for same	637,200.00
Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank	1,274,000.00
Total	$10,206,440.68

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, E. C. SMITH, President of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. C. SMITH, President.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of March, 1919.
[Seal.] C. R. LEAKE, 2nd,
Notary Public, Nassau County, N. Y.
Certificate filed in N. Y. County Clerk's No. 884.
N. Y. County Register's No. 10267.
Commission Expires March 30, 1920.
Correct—Attest:
WILLIAM J. TAYLOR,
CHARLES G. COLYER,
MAX RADT.
Directors.

DIVIDENDS.

WILSON & CO., INC.
Preferred Stock Dividend.
The Board of Directors of Wilson & Co., Inc., has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on its Preferred Stock, payable April 1, 1919, to the preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on March 24, 1919. Checks will be mailed.
GEORGES D. HOPKINS, Secretary.
Dated, New York, March 12, 1919.

[Charter No. 1231. Reserve District No. 2.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE IMPORTERS & TRADERS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on March 4, 1919:

RESOURCES.

1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts (except those shown in b)	$28,418,357.00	
b Acceptances of other banks discounted	350,000.00	
Total loans	$28,768,357.00	
Deduct:		
d Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 57a)	1,415,500.00	$27,352,857.00
Overdrafts, unsecured		480.56
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank and now outstanding		762,935.81
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds, but including U. S. certificates of indebtedness):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$51,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable	1,600,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	3,712,000.00	5,363,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds:		
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., unpledged	$590,900.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure State or other deposits or bills payable	3,100,000.00	3,690,900.00
Bonds, securities, &c., (other than U. S.):		
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	$99,500.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	262,361.00	
Collateral trust and other notes of corporations issued for not less than one year nor more than three years' time	70,000.00	
Total bonds, securities, &c., other than U. S.		431,861.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		225,000.00
Value of banking house, owned and unincumbered		700,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		3,464,040.87
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		1,102,147.54
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		738,763.17
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, or 15		13,228.55
17. Exchanges for Clearing House		1,701,187.76
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)		171,385.17
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $3,726,681.99.		
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		103,039.15
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,550.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate) on notes and bills receivable not past due		114,223.76
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned		678.58
Bonds sold with agreement to repurchase		130,000.00
Total		$46,068,253.72

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,500,000.00
Surplus fund	6,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$2,275,017.19
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	111,228.86 2,163,788.33
Interest and discount collected or credited, in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)	219,008.89
Amount reserved for taxes accrued	144,182.88
Amount reserved for all interest accrued	7,952.76
Circulating notes outstanding	51,000.00
32. Net amounts due to national banks	7,154,540.42
33. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in Item 32)	3,504,127.70
34. Certified checks outstanding	213,300.51
35. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	133,754.96
Total of Items 32, 33, 34, and 35, $11,005,723.59.	
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
36. Individual deposits subject to check	17,485,784.72
38. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank	45,206.64
40. Dividends unpaid	6,700.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 36, 38, and 40, $17,537,-711.76.	
United States deposits (other than postal savings):	
War loan deposit account	1,756,000.00
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank	4,700,000.00
Acceptances executed by this bank for customers	762,935.81
Bonds sold with agreement to repurchase	130,000.00
Total	$46,068,253.72

57a. Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d) $1,415,500.00

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, E. P. Townsend, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. P. TOWNSEND, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1919.
[Seal.] CHAS. E. McCARTHY,
Notary Public 2, N. Y. Co.
Correct—Attest:
H. H. POWELL,
EDWARD VAN VOLKENBURGH,
WM. HAMLIN CHILDS,
Directors.

DIVIDENDS.

THE PIERCE-ARROW MOTOR CAR CO.
A quarterly dividend of two per cent. has been declared on the preferred stock of this Company, payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record March 17, 1919.
WALTER C. WEIR, Treasurer.

The AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

128 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

COMPTROLLER'S CALL, MARCH 4, 1919

RESOURCES

*Loans, Discounts and Investments		$78,315,500.85
*U. S. and Liberty Bonds	$9,347,495.71	
*U. S. Ctfs. of Indebtedness	8,513,262.46	
Loans on Liberty Bonds	13,065,557.56	30,926,315.73
Cash and Due from Federal Reserve Bank		18,078,390.76
Exchanges for Clearing House		25,710,223.98
Due from Banks and Trust Companies		2,730,799.63
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances		9,475,273.18
Redemption Fund and Due from U. S. Treasurer		300,000.00
Interest earned but not collected		235,783.05
Other Assets		100,000.00
		$165,872,287.18

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$5,000,000.00
Surplus Fund	4,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	2,167,168.64
Interest and Discount Collected, not earned	329,317.49
Reserved for Taxes	640,582.33
Deposits	121,212,042.23
U. S. Deposits	6,199,000.00
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	9,792,976.49
Circulation	4,900,500.00
Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank	8,000,000.00
Bonds Borrowed	530,700.00
Other Liabilities	100,000.00
	$165,872,287.18

*Includes those securing Circulation, Postal Savings, U. S. Deposits and Federal Reserve Bank.

Documentary Letters of Credit issued but not used or drawn against $4,261,421.66

OFFICERS

LEWIS L. CLARKE, *President*

W. H. BENNETT *Vice Pres.* THEO. H. BANKS *Vice Pres.* GEO. C. HAIGH *Vice Pres.* L. S. TIEMANN *Vice Pres.* M. P. MOSELEY *Vice Pres.*
ARTHUR P. LEE..... *Cashier*
A. K. de GUISCARD....*Asst. Cashier* HUGH S. McCLURE....*Asst. Cashier* ALEX. G. ARMSTRONG..*Asst. Cashier* ARTHUR D. BRIGHT....*Asst. Cashier*
ELBERT A. BENNETT..*Asst. Cashier* WALTER B. TALLMAN..*Asst. Cashier* ROY MURCHIE.....*Asst. Cashier* CHARLES E. MEEK....*Asst. Cashier*

DIRECTORS

WILLIAM M. BARRETT, LEWIS L. CLARKE, STEPHEN B. FLEMING, EDWARD C. PLATT, ELBRIDGE G. SNOW
WALTER H. BENNETT, R. FULTON CUTTING, GEORGE LEGG, JOSEPH A. SKINNER, CLAUS A. SPRECKELS
JOHN S. BROWNING, WILLIAM P. DIXON, EDGAR J. NATHAN, JAMES A. SMITH, JOHN T. TERRY

We are equipped to take care of your banking business in all its branches

Commercial Accounts — Reserve Accounts — Time Deposit Accounts — Certificates of Deposit
Foreign Exchange — Commercial Credits — Acceptance Credits — Travellers Letters of Credit

1829

Condensed Statement
At the Close of Business March 4, 1919.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$13,549,185.79
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	2,294,957.54
Other Bonds, Securities, Etc.	1,211,180.05
Due from Banks and Bankers	503,853.49
Cash, Exchanges and Due from Federal Reserve Bank	4,701,806.33
Interest Accrued	35,255.76
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	807,143.45
	$23,103,382.41

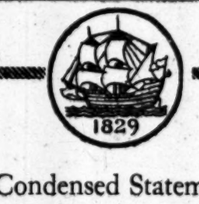
LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	958,208.94
Unearned Discount	69,848.61
Reserved for Taxes, Expenses, Etc.	36,414.24
Deposits	19,288,467.17
Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank	800,000.00
Circulation	143,300.00
Letters of Credit and Acceptances	807,143.45
	$23,103,382.41
Commercial and Travelers' Credits issued but not drawn against	$919,296.56

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

257 BROADWAY

Founded 1829 — Nationalized 1865



THE GIRARD NATIONAL BANK

PHILADELPHIA.

March 4, 1919.

RESOURCES

Loans and Investments	$71,577,273.09
Accrued Interest	223,893.73
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	5,889,705.76
Exchange for Clearing House	2,474,375.50
Due from Banks	12,869,242.75
Cash and Reserve	6,459,193.17
	$99,493,684.00

LIABILITIES

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits	6,066,865.54
Discount Collected but Not Earned	344,920.99
Reserve for Taxes	344,338.53
Circulation	1,069,200.00
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	5,889,705.76
Bills Payable, Due Federal Reserve Bank	13,000,000.00
Deposits	70,778,653.18
	$99,493,684.00

JOSEPH WAYNE, JR., President
Evan Randolph, Vice Pres. & Cashier — Alfred Barratt, Asst. Cashier
A. W. Pickford, Asst. Cashier — David J. Myers, Asst. Cashier
Walter F. French, Assistant Cashier

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF The Green-Wood Cemetery will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Wednesday, March 19th, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the annual report of the Trustees.
ALFRED L. SEAVER, Secretary.

[Charter No. 2370. Reserve District No. 2.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The Chase National Bank of the City of New York

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on March 4th, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts		$242,920,908.70
Acceptances of other banks discounted		2,383,301.17
Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it		415,953.53
*Total loans		$245,720,253.40
Deduct:		
Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise	$5,777,023.70	
Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank	555,406.00	6,332,429.70 $239,387,823.70
Overdrafts, secured, $5,524.86; unsecured, $5,419.55		10,944.41
Customers' liability on account of drafts paid under Letters of Credit, and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		14,930.69
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank and now outstanding		9,471,921.88
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds, but including U. S. certificates of indebtedness):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$1,100,000.00	
U. S. certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits borrowed	2,500,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	4,294,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure postal savings deposits (par value)	650,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable	38,675,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness loaned	1,000,000.00	
U. S. certificates of indebtedness, borrowed, loaned	2,000,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	14,916,800.00	
U. S. certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure bills payable repledged from customers' loans	2,617,000.00	
Premium on U. S. bonds	21,373.01	65,773,973.01
Liberty Loan bonds:		
Liberty Loan bonds, 4¼ per cent., borrowed, loaned	$1,150,000.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., unpledged	491,454.87	
Liberty Loan bonds, 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure U. S. deposits repledged from customers' loans	6,696,050.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure postal savings deposits repledged from customers' loans	1,605,000.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½, 4, and 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure postal savings deposits	472,400.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure postal savings deposits, borrowed	1,850,000.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, 4¼ per cent., pledged to secure bills payable borrowed	2,057,850.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½ and 4 per cent., pledged to secure bills payable repledged from customers' loans	20,677,850.00	35,998,604.87
Bonds, securities, &c., (other than U. S.):		
Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$8,117,350.80	
Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure postal savings deposits	3,115,235.96	
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	5,395,901.17	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	23,094,461.99	
Collateral Trust and other notes of corporations issued for not less than ONE YEAR nor more than THREE YEARS' time	3,936,553.50	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.		43,659,503.32
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		499,550.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		600,000.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		25,563,749.43
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		4,095,725.90
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		7,908,023.13
Net amounts due from banks, bankers and trust companies		1,457,556.06
Exchanges for clearing house		27,647,528.66
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank: Total, $56,025,961.00.		330,469.83
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		265,060.10
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		582,000.00
Interest earned but not collected—approximate—on notes and bills receivable not past due		338,478.93
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned		1,781.17
Other assets		113,000.00
Total		$477,906,891.64

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$10,000,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$8,900,742.16
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	1,330,013.19
	7,570,729.97
Interest and discount collected or credited, in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)	957,465.79
Amount reserved for taxes accrued	2,500,000.00
Suspense account	732,501.00
Circulating notes outstanding	1,100,000.00
Net amounts due to national banks	45,029,441.41
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies	61,247,850.13
Certified checks outstanding	11,896,306.94
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	7,451,850.74
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
Individual deposits subject to check	148,375,632.49
Certificates of

EXPECTS TO OBTAIN AID FOR RAILROADS

Director Hines Confers with Glass, Harding, and War Finance Corporation Officials.

EARNINGS STILL DROPPING

Income for January $56,100,000 Short of Monthly Rental of $75,000,000 Government Must Pay.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—After discussing the matter today with Secretary Glass, Governor Harding of the Reserve Board, Eugene Meyer, Jr., and other officials of the War Finance Corporation, Director General Hines said that a definite plan for financing the railroads would be decided upon inside of a week or ten days, and he appeared apparently quite confident that the $701,000,000 he told the railway executives yesterday was needed would be obtained.

While the Director General would not commit himself definitely to the scheme of issuing Government warrants to be used as collateral for loans to the railroads, which he suggested in his recommendations, still the idea is prevalent that he will urge this plan very strongly.

Mr. Hines's statement of yesterday that the resources of the War Finance Corporation should be held to protect "special cases" was taken to mean today that these "special cases" referred to railroads whose financial condition was weak, and which would have difficulty in obtaining money in the open market. With proper safeguards and restriction the War Finance Corporation would probably give assistance to these systems.

It was learned that the idea proposed by some railway executives of forming a financial syndicate to provide between $100,000,000 and $500,000,000 has been by no means abandoned, and is considered as one of the alternatives. There is a possibility that the railroads will be encouraged to go ahead and ask bankers to form such a money pool.

The Director General tomorrow will confer with the special committee from the railway executives headed by Howard Elliott. The different plans presented yesterday by Mr. Hines will be discussed in detail, and the committee will offer its suggestion.

Continued Loss in Operation.

Figures covering the operation of the railroads under Government control during January, which will be made public within a few days, will show that, after paying expenses and taxes, the net operating income during that month was only $18,900,000. This is $56,100,000 short of the monthly rental of $75,000,000 that the Government is obligated to pay to the owners of the roads. It is $36,000,000 short of the monthly average of $55,000,000 for January in the three years before the roads were taken over by the Government.

The January returns have been eagerly awaited, as it is the first month in which it has been possible to test fairly the effect of the increased wages and higher freight and passenger rates on the revenue of the carriers, because it is the first month since the Government took over the roads in which all the wage increases so far allowed have been in effect. Those familiar with railroad finances assert that the showing of only $18,900,000 net operating income for January, 1919, means that the Government will face a heavy deficit in the operation of the railroads for the first half of 1919.

The wage advances granted in 1918 estimated at $900,000,000 a year were all effective during January and for the first time since last June there were no back wages included in the expenses.

The operating receipts of the roads under Government operation during January, 1919, amounted to $395,000,000. The operating expenses for January, 1919, were $360,000,000. The net operating revenue for January, 1919, was $35,000,000. But the net Federal income for January, corresponding to standard returns guaranteed by the Government, was only $18,900,000. The operating expenses of $360,000,000 in January, 1919, was 91 per cent. of the revenues, or the highest operating ratio since the roads were congested with traffic in the blizzard of a year ago.

BANKERS FAVOR HINES PLAN

Approve Government Warrants to Finance Railroads.

Leading bankers were inclined to favor yesterday the program for financial relief of the railroads laid out on Tuesday by Director General Walker D. Hines. The fact that the roads are to be given something concrete in the form of a Government warrant, recognizing the Government's obligation to the roads, was accepted as the proper step. In fact this has been advocated by some of the New York bankers for several days, and on Monday one prominent financier explained that it was about the only way most roads could be placed in possession of collateral upon which they could secure advances from the banks or from the War Finance Corporation.

It is recognized, however, that a great deal remains to be done, and that a good many details are still to be worked out. Not the least of the bankers' worries has to do with the legal status of the proposed Railroad Administration warrant. Bankers are anxious to know whether this will be a Government obligation or whether it will be considered "railroad paper," in which latter case it would not be eligible for rediscount at the Federal Reserve banks. It also remains to be determined whether the warrant will be considered "marketable collateral," as defined in the War Finance Corporation act. It is understood that the Directors of the War Finance Corporation are inclined to regard the warrant as coming within the law, and no serious trouble is contemplated from that quarter. These are questions, though, which will have to be answered before the matter can be completely adjusted.

Some railroads are now trying to borrow money for tax payments due on Saturday, and it is understood several of them have been referred to the War Finance Corporation. The amount required, however, is relatively small, as few roads have to make excess profits payments and there is only a nominal amount of maturities due on that date. The real test of the railroads' ability to finance themselves will come on April 1, when something between $75,000,000 and $100,000,000 will be needed.

Every effort, it was said yesterday, will be made to solve the railroad finance problem by that time, and bankers here now are making preparations for action. It is expected the War Finance Corporation will try to confine its activities to the weaker roads which would be apt to experience difficulty in making private arrangements, while the roads of better credit will be expected to deal with bankers first.

CHINESE RAILWAY SCHEME.

Japanese Would Pool with French and American Interests.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKIN, March 12.—The Yokohama Specie Bank and other Japanese interests have approached French and American railway interests in China with the view of pooling their programs. Their object is to offset the Franco-Belgian Lung railway scheme, which, although partly constructed, depends for its success on the creation of a great sea terminus at Haschow at the mouth of the Yang-tse-kiang. The plan of the Japanese is to secure an extension of their lines in Shantung in order to draft the whole commerce of Central Northern China through Tsing-tao.

No reply has yet been made to such overtures, but it is understood that an investigation is proceeding.

All such moves and countermoves demonstrate more clearly the necessity for a Chinese National Railway Board which will end the system of bargaining between various corporations for exploitation of territory and make the Chinese railways part of the territory of the country.

PRESIDENT OUSTS CIVIL SERVICE MEN

Appoints Morrison and Wales in Places of Craven and Galloway.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—President Wilson's determination to reorganize the Civil Service Commission, together with the fact that he had asked for the resignation of two members, Herman W. Craven and Charles M. Galloway, became known today with the announcement at the White House of the appointment of two new Commissioners, Martin A. Morrison of Indiana and George R. Wales of Vermont.

One vacancy in the commission already existed, John A. McIlhenny having resigned several weeks ago to accept a place in Haiti, but as Mr. Galloway's resignation has not yet been received at the White House the appointment of the third member was not announced.

The letters asking for the resignations of Commissioners Galloway and Craven were dispatched just before the President sailed on his last trip to France, and were said to have contained no reason for the request. Mr. Galloway would make no statement tonight, but said he might have something to say tomorrow.

Friends of the Commissioner in Congress communicated with the President by wireless in an effort to have Mr. Wilson withdraw his demand for Mr. Galloway's retirement, but it was said at the White House today that an entirely new commission would be appointed. No explanation of the President's decision to reorganize the commission was given.

Mr. Morrison was a Democratic member of the House of Representatives from 1900 to 1917. His home is in Frankfort.

Mr. Wales, a Republican, has been connected with the Civil Service Commission since 1891. He has held the position of chief examiner for nine years.

BUYING OF STEEL CHECKED.

Expectation of Price Reductions Said to be the Cause.

The expectation of price reductions under the supervision of producers and the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce has materially checked new buying of steel, according to comment coming from trade centres this week.

"A concrete example of the tactics of delay now being practiced by buyers," says The Iron Trade Review," is the action of the Navy Department in rejecting bids on 20,000 tons of steel for battleship and fuel ship construction recently received, and the readvertising of these requirements for a future date. The trade generally, in view of the change in its attitude since the full possibilities of the Redfield plan were revealed at the meeting at the Waldorf last week, expects that the prices to be named at Washington will represent rock bottom on the basis of present costs. They must be low enough, it is felt, so that they will carry with them the assurance, which everybody agrees that buyers must have, that further declines will not occur immediately."

Sentiment leads to a reduction of $5 a ton, The Iron Age notes, on leading rolled products. Continuing, the periodical says:

"The country's large output of steel in February has been held up as proof that conditions in the industry are more favorable than has been represented. The fact is that the February rollings of the Steel Corporation and those for January represented considerable tonnage, much of it rails, booked in 1917 at low prices, deliveries on which were suspended to make way for war orders.

"New business has come in in the past few weeks at only a fraction of the February rate of operations. With most independent companies March orders have not been over 20 per cent. of capacity. It is also to be considered that in some districts, notably Pittsburgh, large rollings for stock were made in January and February."

Sloss-Sheffield Steel Report.

The report of Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1918, issued yesterday, shows a surplus after Federal taxes and interest and other charges of $1,972,071 which was equal to $15.03 a share earned on the $10,000,000 common stock after the payment of preferred dividends. In the preceding year $15.78 was earned on the same stock. The report showed operating profits of $6,195,527 which compared with $3,370,614 in the 13 months ended with December, 1917. From this there was a deduction of more than $2,500,000, a loss experienced due to wartime construction of by-product coke ovens.

Sell $5,000,000 Power Co. Notes.

New security offerings announced yesterday included $5,000,000 convertible gold notes of the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Company of Baltimore, bearing 7 per cent. interest, and falling due Aug. 1, 1922. The notes were brought out by a syndicate comprised of Lee, Higginson & Co., Brown Brothers & Co., Hallgarten & Co., Brown, Bros. & Sons, and Jackson & Curtis. The issue was sold in an hour at par and interest, according to announcement made in the afternoon, Montgomery & Co. are offering $1,800,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. serial gold bonds of the Autocar Company maturing in semi-annual installments from April 1, 1920, to April 1, 1925. The prices for the several maturities range from 100 to 97½.

KINGS COUNTY COURTS.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Cruz<Furlong. Lombardo<Gallizia.
C. P. Finch & Co<Paul Gallagher Co. Liberti<Spafford.
G Gottlieb Co<Illions. Re Perillo.
People ex rel. N Y< Abraitis. Mankivel<Gaston Williams & W.
Sorensen<Sorensen. Simon<Keiger.
Bklyn Tr Co<Meyers. Zirinsky<Zirinsky.
Tierney<Lannon. Re Roehr Pub Co<
Moore<Sen. Sheld<Smith.
Bellanino<Barenbiatt. Budlong<Sperry.
Williamstown Glass Co<Munch Brew, &c. Solomon<Del Papa.
Farmers Feed Co<
Lyon Vent Mach Co.
Archbold<Archbold.
Wilde<Cramblin. Kleppe<Dumbowsky.
Hilpert<Hilpert. Wilson<Van Dorn Iron Wks Co.
Bartkus<Goodyear T & R Co. Re Siegel.
Nelson Bros Coal Co< Hud Mills & L Co. Goldfaden N Y Rys.
Hornaday<same.
Strianeto<Carebaldo. Cohen<same.
Fischer<Fischer. Berkowitz<same.
Dunn<Hall. Kambeseles<same.
Marston<Westinghouse, &c, Co.

PART II.—Faber, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Trials—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re CNY and Barbadoes Creek. Rubel Bros, Inc< Kasher.
Marks<Fletcher. Zimmerman<Zimmerman.
Hart<Hart. Oest<Bartenhagen.
Richter<Ecock. Broessler<Broessler.
Snyder<Snyder. Parkerton Wire Wks< Co.
Kane<John. Virzi<Virzi.
Meyerson<Meyerson. Realty Traders<McOlin<Mankowich. Keon.
Colvin<Colvin.

The remaining cases marked "ready" on the previous call, March 12, 1919, will be added to this day calendar for trial from day to day, as preceding cases are disposed of.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Van Siclen, J.; Part III., Scott, J.; Part IV., Kelly, J.; Part V., Davis, J.; Part VIII., Calaghan, J.

Meckenberg<Zinn. Scannevin<B H RR.
Trotter<Union Rys Co. Santis<Turner & Blanchard.
McNally<Samuel Appel Co. Trotta<Shurack.
Foster<B'way Wine & Liquor Co. Levy<Beltchman.
Brown<Pierce-Arrow Trucking Co. Belcher<Lovett & Co.
Reilly<McGowan and ano. Leddy<Leddy.
Zulawski<Shewan & Sons. O'Dougherty<Reilly.
Bailey<Coney Island & B R R. Vowk<Morganthau.
Nahem<B H RR. Potts<NY Tel Co.
Caciatore<B H RR. Carney<NY Rys.
Harte<Knickerbocker Milk Co. Romich<B H RR.
Zeiger<Brunner. Jokubinas<McCollum.
Pendleton<NY Con RR. Janowski<Alexander.
Shepherd<City of NY. Winnik<Hegeville Rty.
Davis<Salster & ano. Neubauer<Nassau RR.
Williams<Welz & Zerweck & ano.
Mead<B, Q C & S RR.
Pattison<Nas RR & ano.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Corrigan<Edison El Ill. Kennedy<Pilgrim Steam Laundry Co.
Davis<Healey & Co.
Demme<Ebinger Baking Co.
Strosensky<Nassau RR. Clifford<Ccoper.
Layne<City of NY. Sunde<B H RR.
Rogan<Madsen. Ibery<United Cities Realty Co.
Frautfield<Pynchon et al. Messer<B, Q Co & S RR.
Gasteiger<Westchester Fuel Co. Ajello Co<California Products Co.
Gunn<City of N Y. Fetter<B H RR.
Saya<B H RR. Koronofsky<Lepom Realty Co.
Mulligan<MacAuley Co. Auditore Cont'g Co< St'd Com SS Co.
Cleary<Ford. O'Toole<Anderson.
Solberg<Savage. Doyle<NO RR.
Dinneen<Gimbel Bros. Page<same.
Billotti<Gimbel Bros. Holme<McCann.
Sklavenitis<N Y Rys. Leary<Kasper.
Fleming<3d Av. Ry & ano. Ragona<Newman.
Hotz<City of N Y. Weberman<Schmertz.
Stern<Mardi Gras Theatre Co. Gwatmey<Smith St Wharf Co.
Fleming<Makowsky. Farrington<Pine.
Deforte<Bush Terminal Co. Cuhran Co I & B RR.
Braunstein<Shults Bread Co & Nassau RR. Levin<B H RR.
Levine<B, Q Co & S RR. Engleman<Goodman.
Behrens<Israel.
Moberg<Man Sands Co

Highest number reached on regular call, 7546.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—MacMahon, J.—At 10 A. M.

Crew Levick Co<Bkln Packard Auto, &c. Maloy<Parento.
Jacobs<Nas El RR. Ruppert<Mulstein Co.
Rimsha<B H RR. Goldberg<NY Cons RR
McEntire<same. Tivoato<Bklyn Union Gas Co.
Lebowitz<same. Kerlevsky<Berad.
Otis<Gasau Thompson Co. Knit Goods Mfg Co< Long Island RR.
Hanson<Roth-Bell.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—At 10 A. M.

Wills of: Martha Skidmore,
Wm Barker. Jeremiah Reid,
Basilisto Pius, Arthur Sullivan,
Elizabeth Duffy, Leon Israel,
Chas Sauter. Howard Von Tassel,
Administration of: Sarah Kingsley,
Frank Baldwin, Elizabeth McFerren.
James Phibbs. Estates of:
Guardianship of: Chas Lang,
Strietfield infants, Jane Bates,
Gordman infants. Peter Cirrina,
Accountings of: John Smith,
Abraham Berger, John Byers,
David Glow, Ellen Dolan,
John Weilkenkamp, Francis Brodel.
Myles McKeon,

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—William M. Parke of New York was admitted to practice.

201—The United States, aplt., v. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co.—Argument continued for appellant, for appellee, and concluded for appellant.

216—I. K. O'Pry, etc., et al., apits., v. The United States.—Argued.

219—F. K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, apit., v. J. T. Darlington, et al., trustees, &c.—Argued.

220—St. Louis Poster Advertising Co., plain., v. City of St. Louis, et al., and No. 2.—The St. Louis Poster Adv. Co., apit., v. City of St. Louis, et al.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for March 13.—Nos. 220 (and 2), 204, 225, 226, 227, 228, 230, 231, 234, and 238.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Before Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, Circuit Judges. Court opens at 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, Post Office Building.

NY C RR<Lloyd. Lucas<SS Westmeath.
Prebensena<Munson. Silver<Sternau, (2.)
Re Scow Adah. Feder<US.
Manners<Morosco. Rensslaer<Del & Hud.
P & R Coal, &c, Co< Egner<Parshelsky.
Kever.
Janssen<SS Italien.

Southern District.

DISTRICT CCURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 3, Woolworth Bldg. twelfth floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Figliera<SS Havo and T Horgan. Det Forneda Damps, &c<Mid Lin Prod. Boston Provision Co< SS Guyane.
Melito<same. Del Venito<same.
Kankuen<SS Dipton. Standard Oil Co<Tug Wm H Taylor.
Mosquero<SS Mohawk Imperato<Atlantic Stevedoring Co. Flannery<Tug Greenwich.
McDonald<Barnstable Co. Merritt & Chapman, &c, Co<SS Argonne.
Smith<L'ter Chester. Mid Linseed Prod Co< Scnr O C Curtis.
Bond<same. Smith<SS Lady of Gage.
Same<D, L & W RR. Dailey & I<CNY. Scott<Grace & Co.
Helbrook<Tug Charles D Crawford. Frederick<SS St Louis
Reinhart Tow Line< Tug Hiawatha. Erie RR<Stmr Whitehall.
Esterton Tow Line< Tug James Roy. L V Transp Co<Tug Chas P Crawford.
Embiricos<Stuyvesant Ins Co. Glisensleeve<Clarke.
Franks<NY, N H & H RR. L V Transp Co<Bklyn E R Trans Co.
Lehigh & Wilkes Coal Co<Tug A Moran. Nelson<SS Lassell.
Murray Litge Co< Scran & Sc Coal. Allis<SS Larenberg.
McWilliams Line< Barge Ettina. Yale Mig Co<SS Africanic.
Same<Pt Reading RR. Acti, &c, Tricolor< Barge Charles D.
Ar9lb & H<SS Aspraea. Sargent<Pt Reading RR. (2.)
Kennelly<Hughes. Hastorf Oil Co<Standard Oil Co
Keeler<SS Robt M Thompson. Owners, Lighter Valvoline, Limitation, &c
Lehigh & S Coal Co< Tug Wm Tracy. Cleary<Penn RR.
Acti, &c, Sverstad< Moran T & T Co. O'Boyle<same.
Forsythe<SS Ancona. Hammond<Barge Burns Bros 34.
Lamport & H Line< Am Car, &c, Co. Huddleston Mahog Co
Henrickson<Acti, &c, Hektor. Lucas<SS Westmeath.
Antioquat Com Co< Cuba RR. Silver<Sternau, (2.)
Same<Lane. Feder<US.
Wachulis<Mallory SS. Rensslaer<Del & Hud.
Egner<Parshelsky.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M. Naturalizations. At 10:30 A. M.:

Bleakley<Steam tug John D. Dailey and another. Olsen<Barge City of Nwe Bedford.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Common law calendar for call March 17:

Palmer Rubber Co< Franciscus. Johnson<Mallory SS.
Scudder<J C Curtin. Peterson, as recr<Nat City Bk of Bklyn.
Same<F J Curtin. Kerbacher<Knickerbocker Ice Co.
Petkunas<D, L & W. Weidenfeld<Pacific Improvement Co.
Bray & Batt RR. Saffier<Eppens Smith Co. Inc. Us<Palmiere & Canelos.
Simmons<Hartford & NY Transp Co. De Loeuw & Zoner< Amer Mfg Co.
Dantuone<Luckenbach SS Co. Waldo<Aronson.
Kupresavage<Millikan Bros. Braunschweig<Richmond Light & RR.
Taylor, as trustee< Ponoroff et al. Anderson<Reid & ano.
Grinstad, as admx<N Y Cent RR. Jorgenson<Atl Stevedoring Co.
Hoff<Richmond Light & RR Co. Donovan<Int Mer Mar
O'Reilly<same.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 12:

Phillips<West Rockaway Land Co. et al. Lynch et al<Orient Ins Co.
Danilshefsky<Borden's Cond Milk Co. Rose<Rodgers & Haggerty, Inc.
Colon & Co<Smith et al. Stubbs<City of Rochester.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Smith, and Merrell, JJ.—No day calendar.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Litigated motions.

Tszyska<Long Isl RR. Re CNY, (Zerega.)
Conn Alloyed Metals< Earle. Farzone<Collins.
Burnham<Universal Pfim Mfg Co. Citizens Savings Bank<Stein.
Shapiro<Casino Waist Co. Chambers<Elliott.
Bedat<Finck. Holcomb<Soehlke.
Citron<Cohen. Clark<Hochstater.
Zlonick<Zlonick. Horwitz<Kornblum.
Mutual Life Ins Co< Sutherland. Weiner<NY N H & H RR.
Meagher<Meagher. Louis<Louis.
Ginseto<Hudson Trading Co. Curtis<Hixon.
Nash<Baehm Paper Co. Snyder<Snyder Mfg Co.
Rose<Rose. Wilson<Int R T.
Pomery<Kaskel. Horton<same.
Riesel<Riesel. Baumoehl<same.
Meissner & Co< of North America. Kaifetz<same.
McDonnell<Gerken. Duffy<same.
Orawn<Metropolitan Syring Co. Sullano<Adriano & Co. (2.)
Olswang<James Butler, Inc. Conner<same.
Davis<Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank. Zunino<Parodi Cigar.
Macyko<Metropolitan News Co. Toomey<Adler Bros & Co.
Thayer<Sonken Galamba Iron & Metal. Konashefsky<Konashefsky.
Oriental Amer Traders, Inc<Slocum Avram & S Trad Co. Hoyt<Hoyt.
Lincoln<Schaefer. Re Kaplan, (Well
Gardner<Henry W Savage, Inc (2.) Made Cloak Co.)
NY Trust Co<Cunningham. Rose<Barnard.
Rehwer<Hickory Cont Co. Harlog<Corn Products Refining Co.
Clark<Reid Ice Cream. Blum<Marx.
Trachtenberg<Kalbach. Bradford<Dunn.
Schorneck<Kalbach (2.) Allen<Read.
Rychlyke<same. Lord Forrest Co<Ross.
Hausner<same. Emar Amuse Co<Corner Amuse Co.
De Fezio<Kalbach. Vogel<Rosenberg.
Werner<Dachslager. Bendit<Bendit.
McKevett<Rovett. Bloomingdale<Bloomingdale.
Lawyers Title & Trust Co<Wyler Const Co. Phillips<Lesser.
Re Freund<Davison.
Cooper<Norove.
Re Hotel Majestic< Malgill, (Carter.)
Kutz<Traverso Twine & Cordage Co.
Vogel<Rosenberg.
Clarke<De Stackelberg.
Kantor & Co<Karp Kirsch Co.

PART II.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Frank<G. Reis & Bro. (2.) US Grand Lodge Br Abraham<Friedman.
Colton<Stratton. Hass<Saperstone.
Day<Day. Nat Import & Trading Co<Hershovitz.
Buononato<Buononato Jacobs<Walsh
Travis<Cronkhite. Franke<Meth & Metals Nat Bank.
Mandle<Ullman. Quaid<Ratowsky.
Preferred causes: Fletcher<Fletcher.
Univida Gold Mining Co<Ralston. De Martini<McCalder.
General calendar: Josephowitz<Josephowitz.
Tisch<Dub. Bourasse<Bourasse.
Godley<Crandell & Godley Co. At 2 P. M.:
Levis<Glaser. Culgin<Culgin.
Haggerty<Haggerty. Case on.
Structural Eng Corp< Kennard.

PART IV.—Tierney, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Kings Co Lighting Co< Lewis.

PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Nat Smelting Corp< Cutler. Cohen<Globe Indemnity Co.
Huebahman<Svirsky. East River Nat Bank< Bauman.
Pratt<Gibbons. Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter, Inc<Hechtkopf.
Isunin<Sontag.
Lownes<Silverstein. Crisafulli<Marno.
Bernheimer & Schwitz Pfl. Brew<Windolph. Case on.
Frants Premier Dist Co<Pettit.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STROUBE & POTTER, Bankrupt.

Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, March 13, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cut leather, comfy kits, pocketbooks, oilcloths, velvets, adding machines, motors, typewriter, time clerk, chairs, desks, safe, wall cases, fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM V. GOLDIE, Receiver.

JOFFE & JOFFE, Attorneys for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq—Elliott<3d Av Ry Inq—McCallum< Harder.
Cohen<Cohen.
Hamburger<Cohen, (3)
Fried<Schoenfeld.
Schindler<Horn.
Gerard<Rosenbaum (2.)
Kelly<Dykes.
Mossberg<N Y Con RR
Siegel<Comet Amuse.
Thomas<N Y Rys.
Meaney<3d Av. R.R.
Perel<NY Rys.
Birnham<same.
Sadacca<N Y Rys.
Adkine<same.
Markey<N Y Rys.
Flynn<Albert Volk Co. inc.
S. Weisser<Murray.
N. Weisser<same.
Stellato<New England SS Co.
St'd Accident Ins Co of Detroit<Knight.
Waters<same.
Waldron<N Y Rys
M. Bell<same.
E. Bell<same.
Ripoli<CNY.
Unkrich<West Farma Const Co.
Sheiner<N Y Rys.
Roth<Jeremiah Skidmore Sons Corp.
Weinstein<B H RR.
Levine<Rubin.
Passlof<Cohen.
Maldaker<Jackson, (2)
Wood&Strauss.
Rabbit<Union Rys.
Lucas<N.Y., N.H. & H. RR.
Weinhait<Pabst.
Horowitz<Int. R. T.
Jabs<Union Ry.
Rothenberg<Int. R. T.
Beloff<Cohen.
King<Dudley, Jr.
Jerome<N. Y. Rys.
Perlmutter<Int. R. T.
Aaronson<Int. R. T.
Darr<City of N. Y.
L. Cooper<Leary.
B. Cooper<Leary.
Cletto<Levine.
Hartnett<Runkel Bros
Jaffer<Baumann, (2.)
Samson<S I Mid RR.

PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.

Stange<Walker.
Lewin<Rolinik.
Colgan<Agnew.
Murphy<Holmes.
Herman & Herman, Inc<Partola Mfg Co.
Stiles<Weber.
Incandescent Supply Co<Federal Sign System.
Tunis<Brescher.
Franklin<Hoadley.
Gatti<Galewitz.
Rundback<Am Bureau of Foreign Trade.
Kisch<Quality Amuse Co.
Bendo<Bass.
Matheson<Bankers' Service Co.
Trades Reporting Bureau<Madero Bros, Inc.
Murphy<Mendelson. (2.)
Lockham<Foster.
Futes<Gotham Auto Body & Paint Co.
Mattossian<Reitman-Pilcer Co.
F. B. Stearns Co, N Y<Sire.
Adler<Hungarian Workmen H & E Society.
Valerino<Hooker Electro Chem Co.
Daczis<Lesser.
Hancock<Int Film Service, Inc.
Stephanidis<Transoceanic SS Co.
Pietrowski & Konop Co, Inc<Conners Brothers.
Ridings<Martin.
Sartolus<Seckel.
Wallach<Brenner.
Berger Metal Mfg Co< Schneider
Adelman<Bishop Sons & Co, Ltd.
Dillon<Harrington.
Auditore Stevedoring Co, Inc<Kerr.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VIII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IV.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—Emerson, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART VIII.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART IX.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Hoffman<Herman.

PART X.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Folda<Jordan.

PART XII.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XIII.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XV.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Clear.

PART XVIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estate: Herman Schlesinger,
George Persad, (2.) Max Simson.
Wills for probate: Bernard C Blair,
George Wilson. Thomas J Davies,
Adolph R Hilbert, Morris Scholmer,
Isaac Wendrosky, Carrie L Allen,
Charles W Bryden, Grace E Kendall.
Kate Flynn.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested will:

Estate: Margaret L Kingsley
Harriet A Curtiss.(2)

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M. Litigated motions.

Rockland Silk Co< Lorenz. Garber<Knick Ice, (2.)
Davidson<Fraenkell. Stamping Prod Co< Sanz Can Co.
Meyer<Shaw. Debardfeld<Peerless Heater Co.
McFetridge<Udell. Katz<Kollerman.
Angel<Berkman. Col Trust Co<Fitzgerald.
Kirsch<Mittenthal. Gilbert<Layng.
Halpern<3d Av Ry. Werner<Tower.
Hemenling<Belt L Ry. Beinach<Ferguson.
Bowman<4th St, &c, Ry Co. Berkshire Mills< Abrams.
Lincoln<Schaefer.
Gardner<Henry W Savage, Inc (2.)
NY Trust Co<Cunningham.
Rehwer<Hickory Cont Co.
Clark<Reid Ice Cream.
Trachtenberg<Kalbach.
Schorneck<Kalbach (2.)
Rychlyke<same.
Hausner<same.
De Fezio<Kalbach.
Werner<Dachslager.
McKevett<Rovett.
Lawyers Title & Trust Co<Wyler Const Co.

PART II.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Frank<G. Reis & Bro. (2.)
Colton<Stratton.
Day<Day.
Buononato<Buononato
Travis<Cronkhite.
Mandle<Ullman.
Preferred causes:
Univida Gold Mining Co<Ralston.
General calendar:
Tisch<Dub.
Godley<Crandell & Godley Co.
Levis<Glaser.
Haggerty<Haggerty.
Structural Eng Corp< Kennard.

PART IV.—Tierney, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Kings Co Lighting Co< Lewis.

PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Nat Smelting Corp< Cutler.
Huebahman<Svirsky.
Pratt<Gibbons.
Isunin<Sontag.
Lownes<Silverstein.
Bernheimer & Schwitz Pfl. Brew<Windolph.
Frants Premier Dist Co<Pettit.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STROUBE & POTTER, Bankrupt.

Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, March 13, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cut leather, comfy kits, pocketbooks, oilcloths, velvets, adding machines, motors, typewriter, time clerk, chairs, desks, safe, wall cases, fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM V. GOLDIE, Receiver.

JOFFE & JOFFE, Attorneys for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York.

SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—Motion calendar.

Re CNY (Scribner Av)
Re same, (Westchester Av.)
Hickie<Glenns Falls Insurance Co.
Newman<Goldstein (2)
Selden<B T Babbitt, Inc.
Brown<Fernciiff Bldg Corp.
Pinkelstein<Schacht.
Re Bailly.
Coster<Estates Dev Co

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J.
Nelson Tool Co, Inc< Stokes Carburetor.
Pruschik<Pruschik.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.
Rodgers<Hellman.
Lipack<Katzew (2.)
Watts<Peloso.
Amato<Uvalde Asp Pav Co.
Curliss<Bush.
Dougherty<Slayton.

Highest number reached in regular order, 250.

PART II.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10 A. M.

Nelson<Nyberg. Slason<Haverhill.

Also for the hearing of motions.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Young, J.; Part II., no Justice; Part III., Keogh, J. Parts filled until Monday.

No calendar call until Monday, March 17.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

COLUMBUS AV, 72, all, Patrick Kiernan to Catharine M. and Herman E. Winkler, firm M. C. Winkler & Son, 72 Columbus Av, 3 years from May 1, 1919.....$3,200

FRONT ST, 51, first and second floors; S. Alexander Schonbrum to Edwin H. Nordlinger, 45 East 80th St, and Sigmund Hirsch, 54 West 89th St, firm Henry Nordlinger & Co., 3 years, from May 1, 1919; attorneys, Nordlinger & R., 11 John St..$1,900

DELANCEY ST, 64 to 68, all; Margaret A. Mahoney, executrix, &c., to Long's Hat Stores, 200 Greene St, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1919; attorneys, Baker & O., 34 Nassau St.....$4,000

STANTON ST, 54 and 56; Essex St, 5; Broome St, 739, all; Mary Hilbert et al. to Long's Hat Stores, 200 Greene St, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1919; attorneys, Baker & O., 34 Nassau St.....$4,000

SUFFOLK ST, 124, store and basement; Rose Epstein to Isidore Hamburger, on premises, 2 years, from Sept. 15, 1918; attorney, J. A. Horowitz, 179 Rivington St.....$432

2D AV, 2,303, store and part of cellar; H. & A. Stoff to Barbara Laberheim, 2,303 2d Av, 5 years, from Jan. 1, 1918.....$729

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, 2,062, store; Mary Gumbinger to

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

CONVENT AV, 334, w s, 24.11 ft s of 104th St, 24.11x94.5; Mabel S. Arbuthnot to David J. Power, 504 West 112th St., b. and s., all liens, Feb. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

COOPER SQUARE, 30, (390 Bowery,) w s, begins at 388 Bowery, runs n 22.9x w 36x s w 78.5 to alley x s 23.3x s e 78.10x e 43 to beginning, with rights to alley; Katharine B. Lorillard, individually et al., trustees under deed of trust by Louis L. Lorillard, to Browning, King & Co., 16 Cooper Square, b. and s., all liens, Feb. 18; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St.....$21,000

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, 75 ft s of centre line of 153d St, if projected, 99.1x200 to e s of St. Nicholas Place; Orinoco Realty Co. to Katharine M. Watters, 241 11th St, Brooklyn; attorneys, Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.....$100

FRANKFORT ST, 25, e s, 21.10x68.10x20.11x68.11; Ferd. R. Minrath, trustee, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, mtg. $20,500, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, March 12.....$200

FRONT ST, 121, e s, 18.6x110, and Front St, 125, s e 18.6x108.2x18.6x100.9; Lagrosip Interests to Edwin Groves, Summit, N. J., et al., mtg $45,000, all liens, Feb. 21; attorneys, Nlebrugge & M., 233 Broadway.....$100

MADISON AV, w s, 25.5 ft s of 65th St, 75x 95; Alliance Realty Co. to Sconset Realty Corporation, 115 Broadway, mtg $130,000, b. and s., c. a. g., Feb. 24; attorneys, Babbage & S., 111 Broadway.....$100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, n e corner of 104th St, 36x100; 86th St and West End Av Co. to 15a Marks on the premises, mtg $70,000, all liens, March 5; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

SOUTH ST, n s, 23.2 ft n of Dover St, 69.6x 22.9x irregular; Mary M. Drischman, trustee, to Daniel F. Farrell, 11 West 102d St, one-third part, all title, March 4; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$6,500

ST NICHOLAS AV, 961, n w cor 158th St, 203.6 ft to s s 159th St x 41.11x190.10 to 158th St x 78.5; Ararat Realty Corp. to Fannie Blumenthal, 1,915 Davidson Av., Bronx, mtg. $200,000, all liens, March 7; attorney, Denwood Realty Co., 509 Willis Av.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Fannie Blumenthal to Denwood Realty Co., 509 Willis Av., mtg. $200,000, all liens, March 8.....$100

WEST BROADWAY, 77, e s, 100 ft s of Leonard St, 21.8x irreg x35.6 and rights of alley; Alma Schnuitz to Dorothea S. Poetzsch, 474 4th St, Brooklyn, and another, mtg $10,000, March 10; attorney, Darwin J. Meserole, 190 Montague St, Brooklyn.....$1

WEST END AV, 301, n w corner of 74th St, 24x100; Ernest Smellie to 301 West End Av Corpn., 128 Broadway, June 12, 1918; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

2D AV, 1,544, e s, 101.11 ft s of 81st St, 25.5x 100; Josephine Dahn to Kouwenhoven Estates, 3 Bridge Plaza, L. I. City, mtg $24,250, all liens, March 4; attorneys, Williams, H. & R., Long Island City.....$100

72D AV, s e corner of 66th St, runs e 162x s 100.5x w 60x n 50x w 100 to avenue, x n 50.5 to beginning; Far Hills Land Corpn. to 845 5th Av Corporation, 62 Cedar St, mtg $360,000, March 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

89TH ST, 452 West, s s, 100 ft e of 10th Av, 25x98.9; Solomon Miller to Mid-Manhattan Realty and Leasing Corporation, 1,750 Broadway, mtg $10,500, March 11; attorney, Sigmund Rubin, 238 Broadway.....$100

73D ST, 227-29 East, n s, 50x102.2; E. Rosenbaum to Ivan Josephs, 170 East 93d St, one-half part, mtg $12,000, March 10; attorney, Ernest N. Adler, 1,506 1st Av.$100

94TH ST, n s, 225.6 ft w of Central Park West, 17.6x100.8 John C. McArthur to Maude M. Strauch, 25 West 94th St., b. and s., c. a. g., March 10; attorneys, Davis, Dodge & Tard, 1 Liberty St.....$1

99TH ST, 164 West, s s, 15.4x75.4; John J. Harrington to Aug. E. P. Kaeufer, 653 Amsterdam Av; Adelle C. Frank, 681 Eagle Av, Bronx, and Dolphis Allard, 647 Mead St, Van Nest, Bronx; attorneys, Peterson, S. & K., 309 Broadway.....$100

122D ST, 506-508 West, s s, 95.11x50 irreg.; N Y. Life Ins. and Trust Co., trustee, to Arrow Holding Corp., 217 Broadway; attorneys, Emmet & Parish, 52 Wall St.$80,000

SAME PROPERTY; Arrow Holding Corp. to Albert Oliver, New Castle, N. Y., mtg. $74,000, all liens, March 11; attorneys, same.....$100

141ST ST, 170 West, s s, 27.10x99.11; David Schwartz to Black-Star Co., 16 Bible House, N. Y. C., all liens, May 4, 1917...$1

151ST ST, 286 West, s s, 37.6x99.11; Isidor and Benjamin Rogatz to Harry Rotman, 18 East 108th St, mtg $35,000, all liens, Feb. 24; attorney, Frederick Lese, 35 Nassau St.....$100

178TH ST, 595 West, n s, 26x100; Burton Tompkins to Service Realty Co., 7 East 42d St., mtg. $21,500, all liens, March 1; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Service Realty Co. to Maude B. Mitchell, 44 South Columbus Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., mtg. $21,500, all liens, March 11; attorney, same.....$100

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 2,230, n e corner of 182d St, 100x96.7; Albert H. Vitale, referee, to Aetna Mortgage Co., 1,896 1st Av, March 10; attorneys, Rosenthal & F., 2 Rector St..$9,500

CARPENTER AV, 4,529, w s, 25x94; Abr. Watsky to Joseph A. Wylie, 204 Globe Av, Jamaica, L. I., mtg $2,000, March 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

CITY ISLAND AV, e s, 100 ft n of Ditmars St, 50x100; John W. Miller to Bertram M. Smith, 2,527 Hughes Av, mtg $2,000, March 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

CLINTON AV, 1,075, w s, 16.8x100; Antonio Borrelli to Felix Pellegrino, 28 East 106th St, mtg $2,000, Feb. 10; attorneys, Brooker & S., 4,205 3d Av.....$100

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, n e corner of 163d St, 113.7x185.9x109.4x182.9; Elizabeth A. Diller to Frank J. Mailfeld, 960 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, March 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOT 213, map of Haight estate; Charles Hamel to Cath. Hamel, his wife, 1,913 Edison Av, mtg $2,600, March 12; attorney, H. S. Leube, 3,011 Westchester Av.....$1

MACOMB'S ROAD, s w corner of Cromwell Av, runs w 43.8x s 33.9xn e 73.10x n 108.2; Flo Realty Corp. to Jacob Bloom Realty Corp., 787 East 176th St, mtg $5,000, Feb. 25; attorney, M. Barkowitz, 74 Broadway.....$100

MARION AV, n w corner of 197th St, 50.6x 111.4; Sophia M. Moody to Nicola D'Agostino, 556 Morris Av, March 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

PLOT, begins 340 ft e of White Plains Road and 895 ft n of Morris Park Av, runs e 100 xn 25xw 100xs 25; Bertha Frey to Elizabeth Donner, 470 East 141st St, mtg $3,500, Jan. 28, 1912; attorney, C. Fischer, 1 Liberty St.....$100

STEBBINS AV, s w corner of 170th St, 28x 100; Sara Cohn to Bessie Albert, 1,373 Franklin Av, mtg $28,400, March 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

TELLER AV, n w s, 258.6 ft n e of 169th St, 25x100; Mary Thuman et al. to Loretta Farrell, 2,060 Bathgate Av, Jan. 3, 1918; attorney, D. Zitinsky, 399 Bushwick Av, Bklyn.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Edw. Farrell to same, Aug. 13, 1918; same attorney.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Loretta Farrell to Charne Katz, 392 Bushwick Av, Brooklyn, Nov. 2, 1918; same attorney.....$1

WEBSTER AV, 2,246, e s, 43.8x90; Emma Schwab to Helena F. Stein, 1,256 Brook Av, 1-10 part, Nov. 5, 1915; Henry M. Flateau, 51 Chambers St.....$100

136TH ST, n s, 47 ft w of Brown Pl, 48x100; Rose Lipman to Vim Realty Co., 235 Broadway, Jan. 31; attorney, Vim Realty Co., 233 Broadway.....$100

139TH ST, 345 East, n s, 25x100; Eliz. Eisele to Annie Donohue, 486 Amsterdam Av, mtg $19,000, March 11; attorney, I. I. Steinberg, 41 Park Row.....$1

148TH ST, n s, 143.3 ft e of Railroad Av, 50x106.6; Norton Co. to Conrad Stein, Stamford, Conn., mtg $13,000, March 15; attorneys, Bauerdorf & T., 111 Broadway..$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CONVENT AV, 334, w s, 24 ft s of 144th St, 24.11x94.5, P. M., March 8; David J. Power to Mabel S. Arbuthnot, 40 Prince's Gate, London, Eng., due March 1, 1924; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St.....$12,000

COOPER SQUARE, 30, w s at n s 388 Bowery, runs n 22.3x w 36x n 78.5 to alley x s 23.3x s e 78.10x e 43 to beginning, with rights to alley, P. M. March 11; Browning, King & Co. to Kath. R. Lorillard, Newport, R. I., et al, trustees under deed of trust by Louis L. Lorillard, due March 4, 1922; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St.....$10,000

FIFTH AV, s e corner of 66th St, runs e 162x s 100.5x w 60x n 50x w 102 to av x n 50.5 to beginning, building loan, March 11; 845 Fifth Avenue Corporation to William H. Barnum, 133 East 60th St, et al., due Oct. 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,200,000

SAME PROPERTY, March 1; same to New York Trust Co., trustee for bond holders, due March 1, 1929, 6 p. c., prior mtg $1,200,000; amount advanced $350,000; attorney, same.....Gold bonds $500,000

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 161st St, 102x147x99.11x125; 161st St, s s, 125 ft w of Broadway, runs s 99.11 x w 124.4 to e s of avenue x n 102.2 to st x 0 145.1 to beginning, March 11; Leonette Realty Co. to H. S. Holding Co., 319 East 8d St, due Aug. 24, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $420,000; attorney, Nathan Friedman, 309 Broadway.....$18,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, n e corner of 104th St, 36x100, P. M. March 5; 16a, wife John Marks to 86th St and West End Av Co., 103 Park Av, installs, 6 p. c., prior int, $70,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$15,000

WEST END AV, n w corner of 74th St, 23x100, P. M., March 12, 301 West End Avenue Corporation to Union Dime Savings Bank, 701 Sixth Av, due and mtg as per bond; attorneys, Butcher, Tannen & P., 1 Madison Av.....$50,000

2D AV, 121, mtg on lease, March 7, Samuel Werner and another to Samuel Mann, 90 1st Av, due as per notes, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. M. Franklin, 309 Broadway.....$1,400

50TH ST, 3 West, n s, 31x100.5, leasehold, March 6; Sol. Kalvin to the Trustees of Columbia University, 63 Wall St, due March 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, John B. Pine, 63 Wall St.....$18,000

99TH ST, 164 West, s s, 15.9 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 15.4x75.4, P. M. March 11; Aug. E. F. Kaeufer, Adele C. Frank, and Dolphis Allard to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; due and int as per bond.....$4,000

122D ST, 506 and 508 West, s s, 95x50 x irregular, P. M., March 10; Arrow Holding Corporation to N. Y. Life Insurance and Trust Co., trustee, 52 Wall St. 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Emmet & Parish, 52 Wall St.....$74,000

151ST ST, 286 West, s s, 37.6x99.11, P. M., Feb. 24; Harry Rotman to Isidore Rogatz, 78 East 91st St, and another, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $30,000; attorney, Louis A. Saber, 51 Chambers St.....$5,000

178TH ST, 595 West, n s, 24x100, P. M., March 1; Service Realty Co. to Burton Tompkins, 260 Valentine Lane, Yonkers, N. Y., 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $18,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$3,500

Bronx.

CITY ISLAND AV, e s, 100 ft n of Ditmars St, 50x100; Bertram M. Smith to John W. Miller, 156 Horton St., City Island, March 12, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,000

MARION AV, w corner of 197th St, 56x 104.4x50.6x111.4; Nicola D'Agostino to Sophia M. Moody, 228 West 72d St, March 11, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Henry W Kiraffy, 391 East 149th St.....$6,500

169TH ST, 802 East, s s, 18.8x86.1; Edward Liebertz to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 12, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,000

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS
North Shore of Long Island Property
Finlay Realty Company
Phone 5921 Greeley. 1 West 34th St.

MONEY FOR FIRSTS—$10,000 UP.
Will cash good second mortgages on Manhattan and Bronx flats and loft buildings from $5,000 up. Will finance substantial propositions. Brokers protected.
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N.W. cor. 118th St. & 2d Av.
20x90. Three story store and apartment building. Can be bought at a bargain. Full commissions to brokers.
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave. Tel. 6200 Murray Hill

Altering Old Buildings
TO INCREASE INCOME
WE are expert in this work and will be glad to examine and give guarantee cost of Alteration.
GILLIES, CAMPBELL CO.,
101 PARK AV. N. Y.
Telephones 1788-9 Murray Hill.

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36 feet 8 inches by 98 feet 9 inches. Two three-story dwellings. Close to New Pennsylvania Hotel. Can be bought at a bargain. Full commissions to brokers.
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PROFITABLE ALTERATIONS
BUILDING EXPERT Bachelor Apartment vs. Private Dwelling. Material Prices are now dropping daily. Services at moderate charges. Advices and guarantees cost estimates gratis.
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ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS
FOR SALE, property taken by foreclosure. Will let mortgage stand for five, ten, or fifteen years. For full particulars, communicate with Arthur Prager, 56 Fine St., New York. John 4929.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

YOU NEED A HOME
Send for particulars of our cozy 7-room Brick Homes; glass and screen inclosed porches; ready to occupy; on Brooklyn Subway, 30 minutes from Times Square, 8 minutes from Beaches, 5c. fare.
ALCO BUILDING CO.,
217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

Investment Properties
A home can now be purchased at a price that makes it a real investment.
Houses
ON ST. FELIX ST.
Opposite Academy of Music, 3-story brick, 10 rooms and bath, for $8,500.
ON SOUTH OXFORD ST.
Opposite Elks' Club, 3½-story, brownstone, 11 rooms and bath, for $7,500.
ON RUTLAND ROAD
Three-story limestone, 11 rooms and bath, parquet floors, electric light, for $8,500. And many others on easy terms.
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Opportunities offering speculative possibilities.
ON GREENE AVE.
Two 4-story brick. Rent, $4,092 and $4,344 per annum; together or separately; want offer.
ON WOODRUFF AVE.
FLATBUSH
Four-story brick; 12 families; rent, $5,772; mtg., $26,000; open for cash offer; and others in various sections.
Call, write or phone Main 6480
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Largest Operators in B'klyn Real Estate
162 Remsen Street, Brooklyn

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island.
15 Minutes from Penn. Station.
Kew Gardens Construction Co. is
Now Building Houses
for sale or on order
from plans of distinction
Edgeworth Smith, Sales Manager. 1 W. 34th St. Greeley 5250.

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15 Minutes from Penna. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

Two Exceptional Hotel Sites
BROADWAY
40th & 41st Streets
31,600 Square Feet
BROADWAY
6th Ave. & 36th St.
23,000 Square Feet
Horace S. Ely & Company, 21 Liberty Street. Telephone John 222
New York will soon be in dire need of more high-class hotels, centrally situated.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN
Colonial house, located in finest section of Westchester, must be sold to close estate. First floor, reception hall, library, living room, dining room, kitchen, and enclosed porch. Second floor, 5 master bedrooms, 2 baths; third floor, 4 servants' rooms, and bath. Hot water heat, gas, electricity; excellent condition. Garage for 4 cars, with man's room and bath; 6 acres, lawn and wood land. Price $47,000.
Griffen, Prince & Ripley,
18 East 41st St., New York City.
Telephone, Murray Hill 9326.

MODERATE COST HOUSE
Realizing the unprecedented demand for moderate cost houses, I have made a careful canvas of the Hudson River section as far north as Tarrytown, and I have photographs of a dozen or more houses that can be bought on easy terms. If you will telephone any day from 9 to 12 I will advise you where to find what you want. Ask for Mr. Lent, manager, telephone Murray Hill 9826.
Griffen, Prince & Ripley,
18 East 41st St., N. Y. City.

ON CHESTER HILL
Mt. Vernon's beautiful restricted section, 28 minutes from Grand Central. A fine modern home. Four rooms on first floor. Six bedrooms; two baths. Garage. 100 foot plot, trees and shrubs. Near station. Price $20,000.
ANDERSON REALTY CO Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

$28,500
will buy this complete five-acre country home, minutes from Grand Central; views for miles to Long Island Sound; attractive little home with three baths, sun porch, and carefully planned landscape work, including rose garden, complete outbuildings. A real bargain.
EDWARD M. WEST, INC.
Opposite Station, White Plains, N. Y. 'Phone 413.

PELHAM MANOR BARGAIN
Beautiful stucco and frame dwelling, 10 rooms, 3 baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat, large living room, white enamel trim, mahogany mirror doors, 3 open fireplaces, big enclosed sun porch lot 100x125; 6 minutes to station.
BIG VALUE, $15,000.
N. E. VAIL & CO., INC. Tel. 1664
1st Nat'l Bank Bldg. Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Tuckahoe, N. Y.
Westchester County.
ATTRACTIVE ALL-YEAR HOME
5 bedrooms, 3 baths, sleeping porches; modern in every detail; large grounds; garage. Rent $135 per month. Sale price $18,000. Terms. For particulars address
F. E. STURGIS, 14 Wall St. Rector 8575

Will Sell My Country Home
Below value; particularly attractive large house; expensively decorated; 3 tiled bath-rooms; piazzas of imported Welsh tile; solarium; sun parlor; summer arbor; 3-horse barn; carriage house; 3-car garage, with chauffer's living quarters; beautiful grounds; magnificent view; all improvements, including sewers and gas; 30 minutes from Grand Central. Photo, particulars, L. H. Tasker, Owner, 154 Nassau St.

Have You Seen Colonial Heights?
One new 10 room House For Sale. If not your ideal, buy a plot and build in this beautiful home colony. High elevation; no mosquitoes; no malaria. All improvements including Sewers and Gas. Near depot; 30 minutes from Grand Central. Little cash required. We finance. Write for Booklet. Tasker-Halsted Realty Co., Tribune Bldg.

Best Bargains in Larchmont
Stucco, 6 large rooms and garage....$8,500
Stucco, 7 rooms, near station.....$8,500
STUCCO & SHINGLE, 8 ROOMS....$7,500
New Colonial 8 rooms, 3 baths, $13,500
Two-car garage
WE HAVE OTHERS.
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SPECIALISTS IN
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ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
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WE HAVE IT
A Home: In Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Edwin W. Fiske Realty Co.,
14 DEPOT PLACE, MT. VERNON, N. Y.

$15,000. BARGAIN
English house, 10 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements. Unobstructed Sound view. Near private beach. Garage for 2 cars and man. Near Stamford station. F. L. FIELD, 18 East 41st St.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A DIGNIFIED OLD FASHIONED LONG ISLAND HOME.
5 acres of beautiful lawn; (trees 50 years old); House in excellent condition; 6 baths; large stable-garage; overlooking Long Island Sound; less than one hour out. Can be bought very cheap. Write or call at office of
PELL AND TIBBITS
542 5th Ave., N. Y. City.

Finest Corner in Freeport.
Facing south and west; 150x200 feet, with house of 14 rooms and bath, beautiful trim, hardwood floors, electric light and gas, porches on three sides, storm windows and screens, cold storage room, three open fireplaces; large garage for three cars, man's room above; also stalls for two horses; chicken houses; fruit and beautiful shade trees in abundance. Conservative value, $20,000; owner will accept $16,000, half cash. Call on owner on premises, 176 Pine St., Freeport, L. I.

MERRICK, L. I.
Several houses of 10-12 rooms, 2-4 baths, Steam or furnace heat. Garages, gardens, etc. Each of the places offered has ample grounds of 1-3 acres and are located in the most desirable sections. The houses are in excellent condition.
R. W. FORD, 84 William Street, N. Y. Telephone John 2260.

10 Houses Now Being Built at Howard Beach Estates, L. I.
26 minutes from Penn. Station, 33rd Street, New York City. Will be ready May 1, 1919. Moderate price; easy terms. All modern improvements on premises; 5 minutes from Station. All other particulars at 51 Chambers St., Room 1111.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WILL SACRIFICE FOR $2,800, easy terms, and $6,000 first mortgage, much less than cost today, year round Colonial Home, on plot 100x160 feet; tastefully decorated and ready for immediate occupancy; 10 big rooms, 2 tiled baths, a huge open fireplace, sleeping balcony and all modern conveniences; shades and electric light fixtures included; exclusive, refined surroundings, in New Jersey's most popular residential section; country and golf clubs available; fishing and boating rights on privately owned lakes run with the property; splendid views, 800 feet elevation; excellent commuting facilities to New York City. I have plans and full details. Write or 'phone GEO. C. BLACKWELL, Sherman Square Hotel, Broadway and 71st St., New York City. Tel. 8400—Col.

30 minutes out on Lackawanna. Finest part South Orange—8 rooms, 3 baths, vapor heating system, electricity, all copper leaders, gutters and screens. 1 acre. 2 car garage.
Specialists along this R. R. over 50 years.
Edw. P. Hamilton & Co., 96 B'way & opp. Orange, N. J., Station.

JERSEY COAST.
FURNISHED SUMMER HOMES,
DEAL, ALLENHURST, SPRING LAKE.
N. Y. C. 165 B'way JOHN D. MINER Cort. 327

For Sale, 2-Family Dwelling
If you are looking for an up-to-date apartment, this is your chance. $2,500 Cash. Rent of one apartment will pay balance. Securing you a fine home practically free, with garage. MA8S, 11 West 177th St.

SUMMER HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

SEA GATE, New York Harbor
Furnished Dwellings for the Season
FOR SALE OR RENT
This ideal, perfect rest resort and select seashore residence park convenient by subway service and private boats from Battery, N. Y.
Furnished Houses, Rental $1,000 to $2,000.
Sale prices $10,500 and upward.
WILLIAM P. RAE COMPANY.
102 Montague St., Brooklyn, and on property.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

30 IRVING PLACE
Southeast Corner 16th St.
Most Accessible Location in N. Y.
Close to Subway and L Stations at 14th and 18th Sts. and all surface cars.
LOFTS 80x103.
In 12-story fireproof Mercantile Building, containing four electric elevators, automatic sprinklers, and every modern improvement.
Unexcelled Light.
Immediate Possession
SOL. STERN, 31 E. 27th ST.

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TO RENT IN THE
Mohawk Building
5th Ave. & 21st St.
Apply to
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 LIBERTY STREET
OR ON THE PREMISES.
Or to E. H. Van Ingen & Co.

LOFTS FLOORS OFFICES COLUMBUS CIRCLE
1845-1847 BROADWAY NEAR 60th St.
Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rent
L. MILLER & SONS. 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 4234

122 Feet Sunlight
5th Loft 4,800 Sq. Ft. $2,500
533-541 CANAL ST.
NORTHEAST CORNER WASHINGTON
Possession May 1st.
Carries 250 Lbs. Sq. Ft.
Heavy Load Electric Elevators.
Apply at elevator on premises.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
46x96; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators; immediate possession. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

894 TO 900 BROADWAY CORNER 20TH ST.
Two lofts for rent, 10,000 or 20,000 sq. ft., suitable for manufacturing; sprinkler system. Apply CARSTEIN & LINNEKIN, Inc. Agents, 221 4th Ave. Phone Stuyvesant 7780.

BROOKLYN.

Woodworking Plant
THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED.
CENTRAL BROOKLYN LOCATION
18,000 Square Feet, Consisting of 2 Floors. Power. Steam. Gas.
Reasonable Rent.
B. S., 223 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

EAST 72D ST. APARTMENT
FIVE ROOMS AND BATH, ALL SUNNY, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; THREE MONTHS OR LONGER; POSSESSION NOW.
Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin CORPORATION,
36 EAST 58TH ST. PLAZA 4951.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.
Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

BARGAIN! BUILDERS!
Plot 100x99.11 feet, 202d St., 100 feet west 9th Av. S 308 Times.

Corner.—5-story, 50x100; six families on a floor; low rent; $9,720; bank mortgage $37,500, at 5 per cent.; price $72,000. P. A. Geis, 509 Willis Av.

Garage, 3 stories, near West 42d St.; very small amount cash required; in good order. Van Vliet & Place, 16 5th Av.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.
Queens—For Sale or To Let.

WONDERFUL CHANCE.
$500 cash, balance $20 monthly and rent buys fine 2-family brick; modern improvements; 20 minutes to Grand Central. Write or call, Electric Store, 190 East 58th St., near 3d Av.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Floral Park.—Corner property, 95x210 ft.; lawn, garden, berries, flowers, shrubbery, large shade trees; good house, 10 rooms and bath, electric light, gas, water, furnace, open fireplace; large two-story garage; three blocks to station, 35 minutes to New York or Brooklyn; electric trains; $8,500. Arthur H. Goldsmith, Floral Park, L. I.

For sale, attractive, remodeled farm house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, large living room; electric light, running water, furnace, &c.; two acres of ground; exclusive neighborhood; 1 hour out; South Shore; small fruit garden; 2-car garage, hennery; partly furnished; price $9,000; half cash. Apply Rooms 121-4, 27 Pine St., N. Y. City.

Must be sold, 138 Hempstead lots, on Fulton St., in best section; builders' opportunity. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

Spot cash for great bargains; immediate answer. Call, write or telephone Edward Browning, 110 West 40th. Bryant 7122.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

DRAINAGE PROBLEMS.
Defective systems are a menace to health; let us instal our system. Hygienic Engineering Co., 10 East 43d St.

Larchmont Manor.—House 18 rooms, 8 bath; water view; furnished; perfect condition; can be bought $3,000 cash; price $21,000. Grey, 150 Elm St., New Rochelle.

Gentleman's estate, commuting distance, Orange County, at a decided bargain. Mrs. Wentz, 2,238 7th Av.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE.
527 5th Av., New York.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

For Sale.—Three-story Summer resort and fifty-acre farm and wood lot of 100 acres; right on State road and near lake; big travel by this place; send for picture and description of this place; must sell to settle estate; big bargain for $7,000 cash; right in the Adirondacks; 1,500 elevation. Address Box 9, White Lake Corn, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

ANOTHER BARGAIN.—Must sell within the next 20 days my fine home property consisting of pretty house of 9 rooms and two baths, with fine sleeping porch; lot and improvements and ½ acre plot with fine lawn; garden, flowers, and shade trees; easy commuting distance, in heart of Jersey's most beautiful suburban community; near express station; $7,500 on easy terms takes it complete; ready to move into; worth $10,500. Serious, Box 406 Times Downtown.

Genuine bargain, 6 rooms, bath, plot 50x100; chicken coop, fruit, hot water heat; $3,800; $600 cash buys it; balance less than rent; ½ hour city. J. Stein, Tribune Building. Beekman 3960.

SUMMER HOMES,
ALLENHURST, ASBURY PARK, DEAL, NORTH BEACH.
RENTING.
Also hotels and boarding houses. Send for booklet. Albert Robbins, Inc., Asbury Park, N. J., (opp. depots,) Allenhurst, N. J.

Hotel, 70 rooms, high class family house; best suburb; for lease; all year business. R. O., 415 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

Have buyers for one, two, three family houses; New York, Astoria, Corona, and Elmhurst preferred; give full particulars. Lemle, 327 East 86th St., New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

WILLIS AV. AND 138TH ST., 410-412 EAST 138TH ST.
LARGE STORE; WILL DIVIDE; FINE LOCATION FOR DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, SHOES, CLOAKS AND SUITS. INQUIRE PREMISES. W. JONES.

OFFICES — FIVE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET IN HIGHEST GRADE OFFICE BUILDING IN GRAND CENTRAL SECTION FOR MAY 1 OR SOONER; MIGHT DIVIDE. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR DENTIST. Complete suits, contains reception, operating, laboratory, and toilet rooms; used by prominent dentist for last 12 years; reasonable rent. For particulars and location address Y 384 Times.

For lease or rent in Brooklyn, N. Y.—Factory and dock property, 93x380 ft., 3-story brick building, 60x67; 1-story brick, 33x80; power house, 20x50; shed, 30x145 ft. A 653 Times Downtown.

NORTHWEST COR. 28TH ST. AND 1ST AV Lofts containing 8,000 square feet; also ground floor and basement, containing 20,000 feet; splendid light, four sides; sprinklers, heat, elevator, power. Apply premises, Rieser.

487 Broadway, corner Broome St., 200 to 4,000 square feet. Offices and Lofts, $360 a Year Up. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., Tel. Cortlandt 7475. 165 Broadway.

To sublease in Bush Terminal Building, 42d St., one of the best-located offices in building, for period of 3½ years. Address Y 387 Times Annex.

An attractive Broadway, corner store.—At subway, 127th St.; snappy modern show windows, tiled floors, high metal ceiling; good for any business; owner on premises.

Lofts to rent, 15,000 square feet; electric power, steam fire sprinkler; only those requiring entire 15,000 square feet need apply. Sloane & Moller, 316 East 65th St.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Modern light floor, 8,000 square feet, sprinklers, electric power; low insurance. Grossman Realty Co., 372 Dekalb Av., Brooklyn.

Furnished office of 3 rooms to sublet; only reliable party need apply. Room 1617, 150 Nassau St.

Store, 12x52, for high-class business. Inquire Supt., 910 7th Av., (58th.)

Office to sublet; rent $25. Standard Hosiery Mills, 487 Broadway. Canal 546.

ATTRACTIVE CORNER STORE, $75. 1,186 MADISON AV., AT 87TH ST.

Furnished office to sublet to reliable party. Room 1438, 150 Nassau St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

An export firm wants 1,200 to 1,500 feet office space in downtown modern building. L 430 Times Downtown.

Wanted, two light, airy offices in Wall St. district. "Barrister," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

Wanted—To rent, space for waists and underwear in live store in New York City on percentage basis. V 200 Times.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.
Dyker Heights, Brooklyn, Residence, with garage; house 10 rooms, 2 baths, hardwood oak floors and trim; large porch, electric lights, gas water heater, gas range, large open fireplaces; recently decorated; large rooms; plenty of closets; plot 100x100 ft.; privet hedge, shade trees, fruit trees, garden; garage for largest car; $12,000. Call 1,030 84th St., Brooklyn. Phone 3722J Bath Beach.

Genuine Bargain.—$4,250 buys a 7-room and bath brick house; heat, electricity, parquet floors; near Brighton L. and Brighton Beach; easy terms to responsible party. J. Stein, Tribune Building. Phone Beekman 3960 between 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.

30% INVESTMENT.
Two apartments; steam; rents $8,400; price $46,000; cash required, $5,000 or $10,000; investigate. Jackson, 151 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Queens.

Flushing House.—Four bedrooms, two baths, garage and garden, in best section, near station; price, $10,000. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

9-room house; all improvements; half hour from Pennsylvania Station. Call S. E., 243 West 34th St.

Westchester County.

Two stucco houses at Larchmont; large plots, near station, one with garage; five bedrooms, three baths, hot water heat, and electricity, shade, $11,500; quick sale; one for $8,000. Howell C. Perrin, 5 East 42d St.

Furnished houses, all improvements, shore and inland, for rent Summer season, $450 to $2,500. Mrs. H. L. Hentz, 35 Summit Av. Telephone 431J Larchmont, N. Y.

For sale, White Plains, home, eleven rooms, steam heat, water and gas; situate in residential part city; price $15,000. Address Owner, D 96 Times.

Long Island.

Attractive, modern bungalow for sale in Kew Gardens, L. I.; seven rooms, two tile bathrooms, open fireplace, panel dining room; sixteen minutes from Penn. Station, Manhattan; price $9,000; $1,000 cash, balance on mortgage. Z 366 Times Annex.

For Sale.—Beautiful ten-room house in Flushing, Broadway section; electric controlled hot water heat; garage; on plot 60x100; on account of death will sacrifice for $12,000; if desired will sell it furnished. Communicate C. Emery, 6 Church St.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Long Island.

Sayville.—Beautiful all-year home, convenient to station, school, churches, markets, golf, water, hotels; acre of

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

32D, 4 WEST.—Suite, parlor, 2 adjoining rooms; running water, heat, electricity.

93D, 303 WEST.—Large sunny front room, private bath; electricity; high class.

95TH ST., 55 WEST.—Elegant apartment; room for business gentleman; no other roomers; best references required. Apt. 44.

104TH, 250 WEST.—Unusually attractive, 6-room apartment, modern furnishing; 6 months; seen between 10 and 3; $175. Telephone Academy 3048.

104TH, 116 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom; all conveniences; 2-3 gentlemen; reference. Wareing.

105th, 248 WEST.—Large front room; refined surroundings; gentlemen. Rochs, apt. 3-W.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Attractive room in private family; all conveniences; gentleman.

110TH.—Seven rooms, two baths, new building, handsomely furnished; $160 month. Columbus 3974.

110TH.—Ten rooms, four masters' bedrooms, one large studio, 4 rooms facing river; immediate possession. 8876 Cathedral.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; telephone; newly decorated; private entrance. Wilford.

112TH, 542 WEST.—Large, light room, adjoining bath; breakfast optional; gentleman. 6A.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Front room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table.

Desirable furnished apartments, east, west side; $70 upward. Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8906.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 974.—Will share four-room apartment, all improvements, with 1-2 gentlemen; references. Sax, Audubon 4295.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (near 115th.)—Large rooms, overlooking Hudson, suitable for two gentlemen, in refined, private family; moderate; telephone between 4-6. Morningside 1339.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (One Block from 157th St. Subway Station.)—A very large parlor, fully furnished, piano, and large bedroom connecting. Telephone Audubon 229 for my private phone.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 431, (Corner 115th.)—Nice furnished room for two gentlemen or couple; shower bath, phone, and all home comforts; $10 each weekly; Apt. 9.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 61.—Attractive large front room, all conveniences; quiet, clean house.

125 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

Apartment 10, north; exceptionally attractive rooms.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668.—Outside room; well furnished; private family. Apt. 25.

WEST END AV., 237, (71st St.—Suite with bath; other rooms; American home; references.

WEST END AV., 911.—Beautiful front and rear rooms, private bath; conveniences.

New Jersey.

Grantwood, N. J.—Furnished room; electricity, heat; next bath; telephone; 20 minutes to city. Tel. Cliffside 808-W.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Small, attractive room, with or near bath; by March 15; single young man; vicinity Gramercy Park, Washington Square, or Greenwich Village; would share two or three room apartment that locality with another. R 92 Times.

Large, light, sunny outside room, well furnished, electric light, private bath; two gentlemen; between 65th and 90th Sts., west side; convenient elevated; $10 to $15 week. R 61 Times.

Wanted, by professional woman, comfortable room, central location; electricity, phone connection essential; light housekeeping privileges preferred. Write W. 300 E. 23d.

Refined young American business lady desires furnished room with family where no other boarders are kept; west side; state price. Box B. M. 97 Times Downtown.

Refined young woman, college graduate, wants room in settlement or club, in exchange for services. R 90 Times.

Young man, just arrived from Houston, would like to get comfortable room with private American family. E 801 Times.

Six-room apartment, west side, 80th to 125th St., $60-$75 month, before May 1. B 1001 Times Harlem.

Room wanted, convalescent gentleman, under nurse's charge; best references. D 90 Times.

Two adjoining rooms and bath or small apartment; state particulars. R 81 Times.

Room with private or adjoining bath, or shower, electricity, $6. R 72 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 2 years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts. K 232 Times.

BILLING CLERK, typist; 3 years' experience; Remington, Whhie, and Elliott-Fisher operator; references. Magloff, 236 West 15th St.

BILL CLERK, general office worker, experienced, moderate salary, desires position. B 708 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, 6 years' experience corporation controlling accounts; books opened, closed; balances, financial statements rendered; $20. K 767 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' mercantile, real estate experience, controlling accounts, trial balance; references; exacting work Saturday; moderate salary. Rose Schwartz, 448 Linwood St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, thorough knowledge controlling accounts, trial balance; 7 years' experience; high school graduate; best references; salary $30. A. S., 47 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, HIGH-GRADE, 10 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING; EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY. G 479 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 25, experienced, high reference; will consider temporary position. Advertiser, 325 West 29th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, controlling accounts, trial balances, manufacturing or insurance; reliable. L 693 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, controlling accounts, trial balance, knowledge typewriting; $20; references. G 513 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, Christian, high school graduate; good address; thoroughly capable bookkeeper; excellent references; $25. L 714 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, long commercial experience, taking full charge double entry books, conscientious, efficient, reliable, desires opportunity. V 295 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Reliable; experienced trial balance, controlling accounts; $17. B. B., 104 E. 14th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, six years' double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance. Forsyth 9676.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, general office work, and trial balance. A 869 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, experienced, accountancy training, full charge; highest credentials; $25. V 300 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience, trial balance, controlling accounts; $16. B 739 Times Downtown.

CLERK, GENERAL, YOUNG LADY, WISHES POSITION. L 689 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERK, subscription and file, 23; 5 years' technical magazine experience; thoroughly competent; $15. D 98 Times.

COMPANION to lady, capable, refined, cultured young woman, Christian, musician, desires remunerative position where ability and loyalty counts; references exchanged. Write S., 2,876 Broadway.

COMPANION-HELPER. — Young American widow desires position with lady alone or family; refined, intelligent. D 102 Times.

COMPANION.—Educated, refined widow, as companion to lady, or shop. E 255 Times.

COMPANION to lady, young, refined woman. V 312 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, Spanish, English; no stenographer; experience, "Spanish," 2,156 Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn.

DIETITIAN, housekeeper, many years' experience; Pratt trained; institutional or private; only high-class position desired. M. B., 22 Astor St., Newark, N. J.

DRESSMAKER, seamstress, expert designer; fancy tailored gowns, suits, capes, desires engagement day, week, month, private family. Phone Riverside 1906.

EXECUTIVE.—Woman of refinement would attend to business and private matters for invalids, blind or aged; familiar with details; references exchanged; trustworthy. D 89 Times.

GOVERNESS. — Cultured, experienced; 4 years' reference; $80 monthly. E 203 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER. Cultured and refined young woman, thoroughly capable manager of home where servants are kept; acting companion to lady; fond of children. G 143 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, widow, 50, good, neat, economical; small family of adults; more for good home than high wages; A1 references. S., 1,229 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

LADY, refined, having some knowledge of stenography and typing, earnest and trustworthy, desires position doctor's office assistant. E 201 Times.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients. Jeanette Cannelle, 258 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Waverly 8024.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE (trained baby nurse) desires entire care infant or twins; $25 week. Phone Chelsea 6795. G 108 Times.

NURSE, age 27, (Gentile) desires position with doctor office; attending nurse; neat, ambitious, good reference. K 249 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 19; accurate at figures; knowledge of stenography. Advertiser, 1,476 1st Av.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Commissions; Canada; silks, feathers, millinary, novelties; good commissions. Box C. A., 1,856 Broadway.

SEAMSTRESS.—All kinds sewing, $3.50 day. Write F. A., 283 West 125th.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; 5 years' experience; $22. G 511 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY and STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, four years' experience. Tel. Gramercy 2080. A 870 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of filing, thoroughly competent, desires position. B 710 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, executive; refined; varied experience; efficient all routine; references. R 88 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, confidential assistant, highly educated, broad-minded, good grammarian, exceptionally neat, accustomed technical dictation, capable assuming responsibilities; no clock watcher; $18. B 528 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, confidential assistant, attractive personality; 8 years' mechanical manufacturing experience; accustomed technical dictation; above ordinary; high school graduate; quick comprehension; $25. K 748 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERT, KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING; ELEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE; SALARY $25. W 588 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, neat, willing worker, business school graduate, desires position. Theresa Lahiff, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2983.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, five years' experience; competent; familiar office details; highest credentials; salary, $21. R. L., 9 East 101st St.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, 2 years' experience, high school graduate; competent; $16. A. Newman, 1,696 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, high school graduate, efficient and rapid, salary $18 to $20. C. T., 120, room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, Christian, high school graduate; good address; thoroughly capable stenographer; excellent references; $25. G 536 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, neat, not afraid hard work; excellent qualifications. Anna Tavlecka, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' commercial, also export, import; references; $18-$20. G 501 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, knowledge of bookkeeping, accurate; $16. B 738 Time s Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, knowledge of bookkeeping; bright beginner; $10 to start. M. K., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, capable taking charge of office; $17. L 712 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school, business college graduate; experienced; references; $15. G 514 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assaitant, 2 years' experience; reference; $15. L 704 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, high school graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping; beginner $12. Strauss, 106 West 164th.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 months' experience; high school education; rapid, accurate; $9. G 461 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, experienced in the export and import line, desires position. L 687 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, knowledge bookkeeping, beginner, wishes position; salary $13. Phone Schuyler 1233.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, released Government worker, 6½ years' experience, mercantile; $22. L 690 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, good appearance, desires permanent position; salary, $16. L 703 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 1½ years' experience; accurate and rapid; $12. B 712 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience, familiar office work; excellent reference; $12. G 496 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, experienced, desires permanent or part time position. B 707 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experienced, desires permanent position, good future. D 82 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, capable, reliable; eight years' experience; salary $24. R 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; reference former employer; American; $18. G 523 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, with initiative and executive ability; salary, $30. L 705 Times Downtown.

STENO and saleslady in show room; 5 years' experience; $20. R 82 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, capable of operating busy board; agreeable personality, 5 years' experience; would assist in office. D 101 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, office assistant, bookkeeper; exceptionally neat, clean-cut; 5 years' experience; operate busy board; $12. R 645 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, young lady, Christian, 2 years' experience, capable of handling busy board, desires position, downtown. E. M. B., 18 Vernon Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, bill clerk; rapid, accurate; capable answering letters without dictation. G 512 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN wishes to offer excellent executive ability, pleasing address, correct English, artistic taste, and initiative for a good salary; high-class business or professional office preferred. If you wish an unusual assistant, address H 890 Times.

YOUNG LADY, American, just released from Government work, desires stenographic position; good environment essential; five years' experience; best credentials. E 305 Times.

YOUNG LADY would take children out afternoons; Riverside Drive vicinity. R 74 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

400 skilled cooks, butlers; Japanese. American agent. Kurthara, 804 6th Av. Bryant 7931.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

STENOGRAPHERS, high-class secretarial, Elliott-Fisher comptometer operators. Roberts Agency, Bryant 4041.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, bookkeeper, and assistant to executive, with analytical mind for cost, operation, income and financial statements; fully qualified by long, varied traveling and public experience; single, Christian, American; honorably discharged soldier; excellent references. G 509 Times Downtown

ACCOUNTANT, EXPERT, INCOME TAX SPECIALIST. BOOKS REVISED, AUDITED, SYSTEMATIZED. Part-time bookkeeping; reasonable. W 584 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, HAVE YOU FILED YOUR income return? If not, I can give you valuable assistance. Make early appointment. Call Tax Expert, Gramercy 3856.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER desires position of responsibility with manufacturing or commission concern; experienced in preparation of financial reports, cost accounting; highest references. D 94 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young man, 28, with commercial education, banking, factory, cost, general and public accounting experience, desires connection with C. P. A. firm as junior. G 496 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTING STUDENT, experience as assistant bookkeeper, knowledge stenography, typewriting, wishes public accounting connection; willing to learn. G 88 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 27; experienced office head, collection and credit manager; French correspondent; army veteran; Hebrew; $30. G 450 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, graduate New York University, eight years' head bookkeeper, auditor, seeks C. P. A. or manufacturing connection. K 215 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Tax expert; books opened, closed; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly; service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, ABLE.—Income Tax Specialist; established 1906; $5 upward; services guaranteed; references. Phone Beekman 5677. Friedlander, 154 Nassau.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Systems installed; monthly audits, tax reports. Robinson, 128 Broadway. Rector 4275.

ACCOUNTANT.—Can make reasonable arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers. R 67 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, junior, seeks permanent connection accounting concern; salary secondary. L 686 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Pace graduate seeks position as junior; object experience. P 1213 Times Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT.—Tax reports, audits, &c.; reasonable; expert. Cooper, Room 171, 1 Broadway. Phone Bowling Green 8055.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT.—Young man, honorably discharged, seeks good connections; has constructed catalogues and other advertising material, and knows all technical details. D 83 Times.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN open for position with advertising agency; live wire. R 80 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, high class; wide experience on general and class publications; large acquaintance; open for engagement. G 497 Times Downtown.

AGRICULTURAL AND LIVE STOCK expert desires position where ability, country-wide acquaintance, and up-to-date methods count; ten years in own business; one year in army; discharged Nov. 30 with commission; American, married, 27 years old; proposition must have a future and be strictly above board for consideration. K 231 Times.

A LIVE MAGAZINE MAN.

College graduate; (30); married; now employed; seeks better opportunity; specialises in promotion letters; big results; $50. D 106 Times.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE, recent military discharge, now employed, desires permanency, with future possibilities; experienced general office and salesman, chemical plant supt., traffic adjuster; aggressive, factful; successful handling labor; clean-cut American, (26.) single. K 227 Times.

ASSISTANT to busy executive, buying, selling, office experience, thorough and no time clock worker, young man, 29, desires position; unquestionable references. E 210 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, clerk; capable; young college man, 21; energetic, ambitious; 2 years' experience. What have you? G 493 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, few years' experience; age 19 years; salary $18. B 65 Times.

AUDITOR.—Books kept part time; books opened, closed, systems installed by expert auditor; $15 monthly up. Box 360, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

ATTORNEY with retail experience, young army officer, accustomed to handling men, aggressive, desires responsible position; highest references; no objection to traveling. K 258 Times.

ATTORNEY, 42; 10 years' experience; about to terminate war work for Government; executive ability; capable superintending large force of men; open for proposition. Z 320 Times Annex.

BANKER. — Experienced executive would make connection with New York financial institution, commercial house or manufacturing concern. K 206 Times.

BOND SALESMAN, experienced, desires connection with prominent bond house; discharged soldier. R. A. B., Apt. 33, 15 West Harris St., Atlanta, Ga

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER; young energetic married Christian, with all-around experience, capable of taking entire charge or willing to accept subordinate position; not afraid of detail work; moderate expectations. Address Mergott, 115 Franklin St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 5 years' manufacturing experience, trial balances, financial statements, desires connections where ability is recognized. G 420 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, familiar with handling large amount of accounts, monthly statements; Borroughs machine, trial balance. G 637 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, full set of books; accurate, rapid worker; familiar with general office work; $35. G 538 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 27; single; Christian; full charge; control accounts, trial balance, balance sheet; fluent Spanish, French. R 59 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent, 5 years' experience, seeks position with progressive concern; ambitious, willing worker, excellent references. L 710 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, discharged soldier; 4 years' practical experience double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements. E 284 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Five years' sales and purchase ledger experience; also payroll. G 490 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, knowledge double entry, pay roll and all office routine, college man, 5 years' experience. T 399 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28, nine years' experience; thorough, capable; moderate salary; references. G 490 Times Downtown.

BUYER.—(Wholesale); notions and general merchandise; wishes position; able executive. G 141 Times.

BUYER, ladies' coats,, suits, retail experience, desires change; knows market. B 100 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, Swedish, 32, married, wishes position, private family, city or country; 7 years' driving experience on Packard, Pierce-Arrow, Locomobile; own repairs; have also shop experience; furnish best city references. Oscar Engstrom, Mineola, L. I.

CHAUFFEUR, American, long experience, skilled mechanic, strictly temperate, careful driver; will go anywhere; highest references; economical in handling cars; moderate salary. Telephone Greeley 4955.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, discharged First Sergeant Tank Corps, seeks private position; good driver, competent mechanic; salary, $25-$30 weekly. Otto Van Howe, 222 East 115th St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 26, 7 years' experience, best references, wishes steady position, private family; town, country. Write J. C. Hollywood Garage, 64th St.-3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman wants to place his chauffeur on account laying up car; good mechanic. Phone Mr. Stleman, Chelsea 5074.

CHAUFFEUR, expert, 8 years' experience, careful driver, polite, A1 references, mechanic, wishes private. Ray Cannella, 2,362 Webster Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Married, age 31, private position; 9 years' experience; 5 years one position; city or country; salary $35 week; best references. G 135 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, discharged from overseas service, wishes position with private family. E. P. Anderson, 724 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR. — 15 years all high-grade cars; neat, willing, courteous and attentive to ladies; 3 years with last employer; make all repairs. K 248 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Drive gas and electric car; act as private secretary. G 534 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, understanding all cars, desires good position, city or country; finest references. B. M., 1303 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family, with board; city or country; best references. S 1215 Times Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, desires position; strictly sober; reference. Bokell, 231 Edgecombe Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 21, single, desires position private, with room and board; references. T 1216 Times Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR desires to make change; good reliable man; best references. R 1214 Times Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, 14 years' driving and shop experience; with private family; references mechanic, driver. K 206 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Chinese; experienced driver; mechanic; desires private position; best references. E 292 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 23, four years' experience, desires position, private; best references. E 285 Times.

CLAIMS.—Thoroughly experienced transportation claim adjuster; bookkeeper; able correspondent; married. E 297 Times.

CLEANING.—Colored couple for cleaning office building. Telephone 4069 Plaza. Alexander Ayres and wife. V 296 Times.

CLERK.—Thoroughly experienced invoice, order, pay roll, and general clerk desires position; Elliott-Fisher operator; reliable, conscientious; credentials. G 488 Times Downtown.

COOK, VALET, BUTLER.—Japanese, experienced, wants position in city; bachelor's place is preferable. Okatoyo, 52, 66 Vermilyea Av.

COOK.—Japanese; first-class; private in small family. Hiro, 100 West 53d St.

COUPLE, (Finnish;) experienced chauffeur with repairs; wife first-class cook; city, country; good references. Karppinen, 75 East 127th.

COUPLE.—Man, chauffeur; wife, plain cook, housework; good references. Charles Carlson, 2,463 2d Av., care Poutinen.

CREDIT MAN-ACCOUNTANT. OFFICE MANAGER.

Thoroughly experienced; perfect knowledge controlling accounts; exceptional credit record; sound business judgment; commercial law; salary $2,500. G 521 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN ASSISTANT, 23; EDUCATED, EXPERIENCED; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE BOOKKEEPING, CORRESPONDENCE, OFFICE ROUTINE; REFERENCES. R 85 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural knowledge, superintending, estimating; desires connection, preferably building contractor; ten years' experience; salary $40 weekly. B 711 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, electrical, seeks connection with reliable concern; moderate salary. William E. Seaman, 495 East 188th.

DRAFTSMAN, Columbia C. E., 5 years reinforced concrete, designs, details, general. E 304 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical; special machinery and tools; wide experience. B 717 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER and executive, high grade, desires position. Z 365 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.

American, married, seeking position; present connection identified with war work with probabilities of early cessation; several years' experience as salesman, production and manufacturing executive; creditable references; initial remuneration $3,000. M. B., P. O. Box 153, Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE, now connected with Stock Exchange firm, will manage mercantile business where ability and energy will bring results; will only consider established business where new live blood is required; highest references. G 502 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE ability, cashier, general office man, 34, Christian, seeks responsible position; able assistant to busy executive; initiative, ability and conscientious; best references. D 84 Times.

EXECUTIVE or CORRESPONDENT.—Capable, energetic, and reliable young American, (24,) married, desires position of responsibility; 7 years' experience sales executive work; good correspondent. D 93 Times.

EXPORT MAN,

24, married, college education, ex-lieutenant; have installed and managed export department; familiar present shipping, banking regulations Latin-America; salary $175 month. D 106 Times.

FARMER, GARDENER, CARETAKER.—Married, no family; agricultural training; expert breeder of live stock; wife good butter maker, if necessary; good cook; competent to take full charge on gentleman's estate; highly recommended. Busch, 200 East 48th St.

HOTEL MANAGER.—Gentleman of ability and hotel experience, recently returned from France, desires position as manager in high-class hotel; knowledge of French and Spanish; references. K 238 Times.

MANAGER for garage; excellent references. Fernback, 19 East 89th. Telephone 4047 Lenox.

MAN, American, 40, good at writing and figures, 15 years in last position, desires employment of any kind. L 697 Times Downtown.

MAN, 25, with selling ability, wishes position with a large house; experienced in hardware. E 244 Times.

MAN desires position with reliable concern; moderate salary. Accountant, 134 East 101st St.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER. — Man, (34,) technical college, experienced draftsman, machine design, sales and commercial experience; interview appreciated. G 505 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER has considerable experience developing new ideas, inventions, and contemplated quantity production; interview desired. L 713 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAWING and tracings, spare time and night work desired; work done neatly and quickly. R 643 Times Downtown.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Resourceful salesman, 27, energetic and dependable, desires new connections; drawing account or other arrangement. K 242 Times.

PRODUCTION MAN.—Married; 11 years' experience in production work, shop, stores, routing, planning work; moderate expectations. Address Mergott, 115 Franklin St., New York City.

PURCHASING AGENT, OR ASSISTANT.—Experienced; capable; executive ability; desires position at once with growing concern; interview requested. Address H., 121 N. E. Boulevard, Philadelphia, Penn.

PURCHASING AGENT, 40, wide business experience, selling, adjusting, accounting and correspondence; best references; salary or commission. B 720 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, BUYER, OR ASSISTANT. Hardware, paint, and mill supply experience; young man, 30, married, wishes position; 10 years' experience; best reference; employed at present. B 709 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man desires position with a first-class house, on salary and commission; experienced in groceries, bakers' and confectioners' supplies and utensils. E 243 Times.

SALESMAN, honorably discharged, wishes to connect with well established manufacturer or jobber selling to retail grocery trade; have eight years' selling experience. D 81 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man desires position with a first-class house, on salary and commission; experienced in groceries, bakers' and confectioners' supplies and utensils. E 243 Times.

SALESMAN.—Spanlard, with very good connections in Mexico, Cuba, and South America where he has been several times; wish to travel for American export firm; A1 references. A 8 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man desires position with a first-class house, on salary and commission; experienced in groceries, bakers' and confectioners' supplies and utensils. E 243 Times.

SALESMAN, whiskey, (bonded,) 18 years New York and road; large following; highest references; high-class proposition entertained. B 1005 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, American, (41,) at present employed; wide experience; good closer; uniformly successful; salary or drawing account. K 174 Times.

SALESMAN.—Live wire, ambitious, energetic, 5 years' successful selling experience, desires connections reliable house; unquestionable references. E 286 Times.

SALESMAN, recently discharged from service, 8 years' experience; good closer; uniformly successful; salary or drawing account. G 500 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.

If you manufacture staple merchandise, I can sell it; proved producer; experienced road; college training; interview will convince. Daniel Ross, 301 East 79th St.

SALESMAN, 30, at present employed, large following Middle West Department Stores, desires connections reliable concerns; references. Z 319 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, aggressive, reliable, wants position with progressive mercantile concern. R 94 Times.

SALESMAN desires connection growing concern; 3 years last place; hustler. G 494 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires connection with real live mercantile house offering real future to hustler of proved abilities. H 359 Times.

SALESMAN.—Hosiery and underwear wants line; New England States; references. B 726 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, (24,) experienced, desires connection with reliable house. E 300 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER; possessing tact, initiative, personality, experience; qualified to take complete charge affairs of busy man. E 294 Times.

SECRETARY.—Thoroughly experienced; now employed; desires make change; salary not less than $3,000. G 469 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly competent; initiative; university training; soldier. G 517 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, (40); well versed in all details; A1 references. R 76 Times.

SPANISH - ENGLISH speaking gentleman wishes to connect with a reliable concern; will accept position as bookkeeper, correspondent, or translator; best reference obtainable. L 692 Times Downtown.

SPANISH-AMERICAN young man with some knowledge of English and typewriter; desires position in a newspaper or magazine, (American or Spanish); ambitious and willing to work. K 252 Times.

SPANISH-FRENCH BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, translator; competent full charge; familiar export. R 60 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, accurate, and rapid; 6 years' commercial experience; well educated; qualified to act as secretary and correspondent; Christian; $25. L 708 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY (35.)—Clean cut; have brains, ability; 7 years' experience; fluent correspondent, college graduate, rapid, accurate, punctual, not afraid work; $25. W 564 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; bright beginner; $10 to start. D. R., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (28); six years' experience; fluent correspondent; good education; rapid and accurate; Christian; $25. G 530 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; good business training; takes dictation and transcribes accurately. Edward Gottlesman, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young ex-student; army man, (21;) 2½ years' varied experience. E 251 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in builder's office; bright young man, with knowledge bookkeeping. L 696 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (34,) expert, would like position for South America. The Beers Agency, Flatiron. Gramercy 5080.

STEWARD CHEF; U. S. A. officer; desire position club, hotel; best references. R 84 Times.

STOCK CLERK, (20); ambitious; wishes position with reliable concern. B 716 Times Downtown.

TUTOR.—Harvard graduate, 24, 2 years overseas, twice decorated, desires position tutoring young boys; experience; references. R 91 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Gentile, age 24, with college education and every recommendation except experience, will start at bottom with reliable import-export or financial house where future is assured; experience, not salary, desired. R 89 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 30; college graduate; 7 years' business experience; will start in any where with enterprising firm where proved ability will merit advancement; excellent references. W 582 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, college graduate, wishes connection with importing, exporting house; speaks Spanish, French, German; studying accountancy; willing, industrious. B., X 229 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (30,) well educated, married, varied office experience, executive, law student, anxious to connect with enterprising firm, any position; good references. L., care of Munro, 525 West 123d St.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) ambitious, high school graduate, business experience, desires connection, commercial house; chance for advancement. R 62 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education; 2 years' practical business experience, bookkeeping; ambitious, industrious, and trustworthy. Q 495 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, 5 years' business and executive ability, desires position where initiative will be appreciated. B 1004 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, well educated, holding responsible position, valuable organizing and manufacturing experience, desires connection new manufacturing enterprise; provide small cash investment. B 735 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25); desires position semi-executive; will go out of town with firm or institution; formerly in business for self; A1 reference; salary no object. R 77 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in importing rubber line, capable handling shipping, correspondence, other essentials, desires position; $20. G 502 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Polish, high school graduate, commercial course, desires position; willing to travel or work on farm. P. J., 311 Oakland St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, acquainted with silk and cotton line, wants position in sales department; high school graduate. B 719 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) conscientious, college accounting student; experienced bookkeeper, correspondent and detail man, seeks responsible position. E 289 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24); 5 years' experience general office work; capable taking care details; answering correspondence; $18. G 529 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (23); educated; industrious; knowledge bookkeeping; desires clerical position; office; shipping department; references. McDonough, 1,688 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, (20.) employed at present, splendid references, four years' office experience, selling ability, desires change. K 220 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22); capable; 6 years' general business and office experience; desires responsible position; best references. D 99 Times.

YOUNG MAN (27) desires position, financial district preferred; good penman; present employed, clerk on daily newspaper. A 654 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat, active, wishes clerical position; can do payroll and timekeeping; best references. K 217 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 32; responsible, conscientious worker; little lame; adapted anything. G 404 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, understands bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting; four years' experience; $20. L 688 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, college graduate, technical position, assisting executive, sales. R 93 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wants position as helper on truck or in shop, or repair shop. Dommond, 446 West 125th St.

YOUNG MAN, 23, office experience; accurate at figures; excellent reference. B 1006 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 20, secretarial-stenography experience, educated, desires position. G 491 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, executive ability; desires connection with progressive firm; highest references. G 146 Times.

YOUNG MAN DESIRES POSITION; BEST REFERENCES. B 724 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, good education, appearance, desires connection silk concern; references. G 143 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position; willing worker; references furnished. G 516 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Capable writer, typist, evenings or at home; anything. E 256 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position at anything; reference. B 1002 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN wishes position at anything. Harry Levine, 814 East 160th St.

YOUNG MAN desires few hours' night work. Francis O'Laughlin, 846 East 41st.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

Have vacancies in the following departments for experienced saleswomen:

Shirtwaists,
Millinery,
Millinery trimmings,
Misses' suits,
Shoes,
Upholstery,
Books.

Apply at office of Superintendent, mezzenine floor, East Building, in person or by mail.

ALSO

JEWELRY REPAIR SECTION.

We require for our jewelry repair section a young woman with a fair knowledge of watches and jewelry; must be competent to estimate on articles received for repairs. Apply in person or by mail to superintendent.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.

require

the services of a junior saleslady for their millinery department. Apply mornings, Millinery Manager, 2d floor, 5th Av. and 40th St.

ASSISTANT BUYER.

Good opportunity for up-to-date assistant buyer of muslin underwear; applications confidential; apply by letter or in person. Employment office, L. S. Plaut & Co., Newark, N. J.

ASSISTANT to buyer of foodstuffs; one with experience in provision business handling produce, canned goods, meats, &c.; good opportunity for capable girl; state salary wanted to start. A 648 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT CARETAKER for girls; must be refined and have had experience in institutional work. Call, Brooklyn Orphan Asylum, 1,435 Atlantic Av., corner Kingston.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER. STENOGRAPHER; STEADY POSITION TO COMPETENT PARTY. CALL, AFTER 9 A. M., ARENA, 623 8TH AV.

A YOUNG LADY wanted by a Stock Exchange house as a stenographer; must have Wall Street experience. Answer, giving references and experience in detail, also salary expected. Address Box B-72, care Doremus & Co., 44

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG LADY for general clerical work in large wholesale woolen house in Brooklyn; good handwriting essential; some bookkeeping experience desirable; state age, experience, and salary desired. A 633 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for clerical work in mail order department; must be neat and accurate; experience not necessary; state age, salary expected; good hours; chance for advancement. B 713 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, well educated, refined, will be given an education in shorthand and typewriting in exchange for services in private secretarial institute; no experience necessary. L 709 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY FOR CLERICAL WORK IN ADVERTISING OFFICE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED AND WRITE A NEAT HAND. SIMON, 44 EAST 32D.

YOUNG GIRL, about 18, to act as nurse in small private school for backward children. Z 304 Times Annex.

YOUNG GIRL, bright, wanted for clerical work in factory. Edward Jordan Kiel Co., 3 West 19th St.

YOUNG LADY, general office assistant in woolen house; state qualifications and experience. R B 805 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY assistant wanted in dental office; experience not needed. L 711 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

WOULD YOU LIKE TO EARN $12 TO $30 A WEEK?

Then enroll at once for our inexpensive four-week course in filing and indexing. We secure positions for girls who complete the course. Employers want them because our training is equal to actual business practice. You can take the course without interfering with other work. New afternoon and evening classes start Monday, March 17. Classes limited; apply at once—write, phone, or call. It is your opportunity for a splendid position with some big concern. Phone Franklin 2261.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.

Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House. The Shaw-Walker Company, 60 Franklin Street, Near Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words a minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make a move at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED

in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. Proper training discussed in our free booklet "Opportunity for Women." Write or 'phone (Cortlandt 1465) for complimentary copy of this booklet and for details of training classes now forming.

PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHERS! — Hear the 300-300-words-a-minute shorthand expert, Herman Reich, tell how HE did it and how YOU can do it, Thursday evening, March 13, at Drake Business School, Tribune Building.

A PROFITABLE PROFESSION FOR QUALIFIED WOMEN.

Eleven weeks' course in practical nursing. Call or write the BALLARD SCHOOL, Central Y. W. C. A., 610 Lexington Av., New York. Phone Plaza 10100.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY

as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet.

CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6953.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7880 Murray Hill.

SCREEN STAR offers opportunity for private coaching and picture appearance. Address Screen Star, Room 611, Pulitzer Bldg., New York City.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy on request. Rose L. Price School, 334 5th Av.

BECOME AN EXPERT! Study spare time for business and secretarial positions. THE EMERSON INSTITUTE, 334 5th Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Telephone 3639 Vanderbilt; 40th Street.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Secretary to executive in large publishing house, $25. Secretary, must be college graduate. Stenographer with knowledge of bookkeeping, $25-$30. Stenographer with legal experience, $20. Stenographer, temporary position, $4 a day. Secretary in advertising agency, $20. Stenographer with knowledge of Spanish, $22. Dictaphone operators, $22. Stenographer in large department store, $20-$22. Stenographer in advertising agency, $20-$25. Stenographer with legal experience, $20-$22. Stenographer in exporting house, $90 a month. Stenographer, charge of small office, $80-$85 a month. Stenographer capable of handling correspondence, $25. Stenographer in Flushing, L. I., $15. Stenographer in Jersey City, $15. Stenographers, (10,) $14-$20.

Experienced women with clean-cut records find it worth while to have their applications on file with us.

CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

PARK ROW PLACEMENT BUREAU, 3 Park Row, Room 81. Addie Brown, Prop.

Permanent Positions with Christian Concerns.

STENOGRAPHER and ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, $20 week.
STENOGRAPHER and OFFICE ASSISTANT, $18 week.
STENOGRAPHER and CLERICAL WORKER, $20 week.
STENOGRAPHER, Shipping experience, $18 week.
STENOGRAPHERS: 3 INSURANCE, $16-$18 week.
STENOGRAPHERS: 4 PUBLISHING, $18-$20 week.
STENOGRAPHERS: 2 Large downtown concerns, $22.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS: 8 positions, $18-$20.
TYPISTS, ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, CLERKS: Numerous positions, $8-$18.

Our service may furnish THE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY YOU ARE SEEKING. No registration fee.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, 20 Vesey St. No registration fee.

Steno., export, $25.
Steno., manufacturing, $25. (Noiseless machine.)
Steno., advertising, $22.
Steno., Oliver, $22.
Numerous positions, $20-$18-$15. Beginners, $12.

Bookkeepers, manufacturing, $25-$22-$20-$18. Bookkeeper, export, $22. Stock Clerk, $15.

Office Assistants, $13-$15.

Telephone Op.-Typist, $15. Telephone Op. Office Worker, $12.

Typist, Hoboken, $22. Copyists, $15-$12. Dictaphone Operator, steno., $25. Dict. Op., typist, $15-$15. File Clerks, $15-$12.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 90 NASSAU ST., ROOM 600.

Stenographer, bookkeeper	$25
Stenographer, technical	$25 to $30
Stenographer, Newark	$22 to $25
Stenographers	$16 to $25
Typists	$15 to $18
Bookkeepers	$20
Clerks	$15 to $18

Stenographer, Spanish, English.
Stenographer, French, English.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

AGNES I. RICHARDS, ROOM 303-A, 52 WALL STREET. Excellent positions, refined American Applicants.

STENOGRAPHERS, (experienced,) $18-$25.
STENOGRAPHERS, (beginners,) $10-$12.
STENOGRAPHERS, (French,) $18.
Call immediately. No registration Charge.

DOWNTOWN COMMERCIAL SERVICE.

MacMahon.	50 BROAD. Room 1023.
Stenographers	$30 to $15
Typists	$20 to $18
Clerks	$16 to $12

No registration fee. Call immediately.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY, 98 Nassau St. 489 Fifth Av.

Stenographers, commercial, legal; bookkeepers, switchboard, dictaphone operators, typists; numerous openings.

BRODY AGENCY, 280 Broadway. Entrance 1 Park Place. Stenographers, many, at $15, $18, $20, $22, and $25; legal, $30; brokerage, $20; typists, $15-$18. Free registration.

STENOGRAPHERS, Office Assistants, Typists, Bookkeepers.—Good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clarke Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortland 4249.

ACME AGENCY, 146 Nassau.—Bookkeeper-Typists, $20; Typists, $15; Stenographers, $15-$18-$20; Dictaphone, $20; Clerical, $10-$15.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 74 BROADWAY.

We have numerous positions for stenos., typists, clerks, &c. Register free.

ROSE WEBBER, 1009 Tribune Building.—Stenographers, Typists, Dictaphone, Spanish Stenographers, $10, $35.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE AGENCY, 10 East 43d.—Stenographers, $15-$22; clerks, typists.

BOOKKEEPERS, $12-$25; stenographers, $12-$25; filers; miscellaneous clerical. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

FRENCH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER; also a Spanish-English stenographer; fine openings. Exporters Agency, 42 New St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Want a live man to take charge of the cost accounting department of a rubber corporation; one who has had previous experience along this line preferred; give full particulars and salary desired and previous references, etc. Z 367 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING DETAIL MAN.—We need the services of a young man who has had at least one year's continuous agency experience in placing copy and cuts in publication; must assume entire details connected with furnishing copy cuts, checking insertions, and bills, and making up schedules; must be able to handle intelligently rates and closing dates; the right man has a permanent and growing position with a permanent and growing organization; state complete experience. V 286 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Owner weekly publication with splendid prospects seeks advertising man ambitious and competent to handle same on profit-sharing and part ownership basis; no investment required; compensation, temporarily, 25% commission, of which up to $125 drawable weekly on verified contracts; applications treated confidential, but replied to only when experience given explicitly. K 250 Times.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN seil service proposition of merit, all large cities; unique, new, easy sales; drawing account against commissions; only high-class men acquainted with national advertisers need apply; Lee Lash or program experience preferred. E 295 Times.

ASSISTANT for shipping department to wrap and mark packages and attend to parcel post shipment. A 635 Times Downtown.

BILL AND ENTRY CLERK.—State experience and salary expected, and address in own handwriting N. Y. Label and Box Works, 511-519 East 72d.

BILL CLERK, Elliott-Fisher operator, permanent position; must be thoroughly experienced; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. V 301 Times.

BINDERY FREMAN.—We desire to obtain the services of a high-grade man possessing a general bindery experience; applicant must be a man of character, initiative, possessing ability to handle labor and get production; good opportunity for the right man. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary desired, Z 227 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced on sales ledgers; preferably one who has worked in wholesale provision house; must be quick, accurate, and capable of handling large amount of detail work; salary $20. A 632 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced, to take full charge of office, good correspondent; first-class references required; must be able to furnished bond; state in detail qualifications and salary required. B 733 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER.—Large Christian corporation on West 125th, requires young man capable of rendering monthly profit and loss statements; state experience in full, references, salary, &c. K 504 Times Harlem Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT in large cloak and suit house, to post into ledgers; must be rapid, accurate at figures, and have good handwriting; state age, experience, salary, &c. Bookkeeper, 311 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-BUSINESS MANAGER, with experience in institutional financing, wanted; opportunity for initiative; state experience and salary. A 701 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced in modern methods, cost accounting and control accounts; man with piano factory experience preferred. V 307 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Experienced on single and double entry; dept. store experience preferred; hours 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Call or write Callan's, 3d Av. and 121st St.

BOOKKEEPER. — Competent double entry bookkeeper, cost accountant, typist; references required; steady position. Address Cable, Box 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, reliable man for retail meat market, must be quick, accurate and neat; permanent position. Call 673 Madison Av.

BOYS, 15-18; important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions with opportunities for advancement for several ambitious boys; high school graduates; congenial work, short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary $10 weekly; application confidential. B 656 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for general office work in large mercantile concern; good opening for bright young man. Address, stating salary and full particulars, B 728 Times Downtown.

BOY for evening work in filing department of a large daily newspaper; hours 4 to 11:30 P. M.; salary to start $8; good opportunity for a high school student. Apply Box A 871 Times Annex.

BOY with good reference to begin as bank runner; only those need apply who are willing to work their way up; state age. Write Box 40, 2,121 3d Av.

BOY, neat young man, for mail department and handle parcel post; good opportunity for advancement; hours 8-6. Apply Stumpp & Walter Co., 30 Barclay St.

BOY wanted by Chriatian concern, about 17; general office work; only one mechanically inclined, living with parents, and clean need apply. A 617 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by wholesale glove house; good opportunity for ambitious young man willing to become a salesman. S. M. Hohl, 470 4th Av., Room 1002.

BOY wanted in law office; one ambitious to study law preferred; good character of parents and son essential. Apply, with references, at Room 1801, 25 Broad St.

BOY wanted for messenger service in large daily newspaper; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary to start $8; excellent opportunity. Apply 229 West 43d St., second floor.

BOY wanted, one who has worked in cloak and suit house. Morris Weingarten, 15 West 36th.

BOY wanted in advertising office; salary, $10. Sterling Advertising Agency, 110 West 40th St.

BOY to make himself generally useful in publishing office and run errands. Mother's Magazine, 95 Madison Av.

BOY wanted, neat, bright, for errands and general office work by large raw silk importing house; chance for advancement. A 612 Times Downtown.

BOY for Christian firm, to be generally useful about office; good opportunity. Room 907, 17 West 38th.

BOY wanted in law office, to be generally useful. Apply room 1906, 55 Liberty St., New York, between 9:30 and 10:30 A. M.

BOYS, 16-18, FOR STOCK ROOM. CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D ST.

BOY to do general office work; salary to start $8. B. G. Hughes & Bro., 133 Mulberry St.

BOY wanted for office in wholesale house; excellent opportunity. P. O. Box 666, City Hall Station.

BOYS, over 16, helpers, house departments; also go errands. B 679 Times Downtown.

CASHIER in mercantile establishment; capable man with knowledge of cost accounting and bookkeeping; must furnish $10,000 bond and first-class references. Address, stating age and salary, A 628 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR FOR PRIVATE FAMILY.

Wanted, a thoroughly experienced chauffeur for Packard and Cadillac cars, for private family; to one who thoroughly understands the mechanism and operating of these cars and who can bring credentials of the highest class an excellent opportunity is offered. Apply Mr. Maxwell, Looser Garage, 12 Quincy St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR, one who has had experience as a mechanic and preferably one who has driven a Stearns-Knight; city reference from last employer required; state by whom previously employed. 325 Times Annex.

CLERICAL.—Young man, 18-20, good hand and quick at figures, for clerical work for manufacturer; references required; one with knowledge of stenography preferred; apply in own handwriting. D 91 Times.

CLERK.—Young man as assistant in downtown office; state age, salary, &c. L 668 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Experienced order and pricing clerk, familiar with export business. Box 206, 1,318 2d Av.

CLERK for clerical work; must be accurate at figures; good future to ambitious young man. Parisian Mfg. Co., 31 East 31st.

COMPOSITOR, FIRST-CLASS DISPLAY; RAPID AND ACCURATE; PERMANENT. WOLF ADVERTISING CO., 43 W. 36TH.

COOK, plain, unmarried, (white,) to take charge of bachelor's apartment; one who has experience in valeting; city references. Z 326 Times Annex.

CORRESPONDENT for textile house; must be thoroughly experienced; able to take dictation; splendid opportunity for willing worker; state experience, age, education, and salary desired. Box R 60 Times.

CUTTER, experienced, on jersey silk underwear; forty-four-hour week; permanent; good pay. Box R 83 Times.

DESIGNER, experienced on infants' and children's coats. Pauline Coat Co., 261 West 36th.

DESIGNER for merchant tailoring department; first-class man only need apply. Witty Bros., 50 Eldredge St.

DRAFTSMAN, general and industrial engineer, concrete and steel design and equipment layout; also junior draftsman. V 305 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

DRAFTSMAN, architect's office, experienced apartment house work. E 290 Times.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR.—Experienced elevator operator, of good appearance and address. A 621 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER. — A LARGE FIRM CONTEMPLATING EXTENSIVE HARBOR AND DOCK WORKS ABROAD DESIRES TO SECURE THE SERVICES OF A CAPABLE CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER; ONE WHO CAN PREPARE THE GENERAL LAY-OUT AND ESTIMATES OF COST, AND SHOULD OCCASION REQUIRE, DIRECT ITS OPERATION; KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH AND SPANISH DESIRABLE. B. H., 468 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ENTRY CLERK, understands entering charges from call clerk. B 678 Times Downtown.

EXPORT HELP wanted, office, men or girls, stenographers, bookkeepers, travelers; out of town positions; knowledge of Spanish; Christian firm; good salaries. V 314 Times.

EXPORT.—Opportunity for aggressive American, 20 to 25; knowledge of cotton piece goods and Spanish preferred. Address, stating full particulars, B 731 Times Downtown.

FLOOR MANAGERS.

L. S. Plaut & Co., Newark, N. J., require capable men to act as floor managers in their ready-to-wear departments; only those who have had experience in this position need make application; applications confidential. Apply Employment Office, 2d floor. Hours 9:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

GARDENER wanted, married; couple, clean, neat, and without children; good living accommodations; must be familiar with small greenhouse, lawn, garden work, and hot water furnace; liberal wage. Call Room 402, 51 East 42d St., N. Y. City.

LITHOGRAPHIC TRANSFERRER and Hand Printer; used to map work; steady job; only rapid and competent man need apply. A 634 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST, all around. Apply Wireless Improvement Co., 47 West St., below Rector.

MANAGER.—GENERAL PHARMACEUTICAL MANAGER WANTED FOR LARGE FACTORY; MUST BE ABLE TO TAKE THE PLACE OF OWNER, RETIRING, HAVE BROAD SCOPE, PHARMACEUTICAL KNOWLEDGE, AND EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY, KNOW SOMETHING OF THE RETAIL TRADE WANTS AND COME WELL RECOMMENDED; SALARY START-ING ONLY $400 MONTHLY, BUT THE RIGHT MAN, WITH STOCK INTERESTS GRANTED WHEN HE MAKES GOOD, SHOULD EASILY MAKE $15,000 TO $20,000 YEARLY; THIS POSITION IS ONE OF GREAT TRUST AND RESPONSIBILITY AND CAPABLE OF BEING FILLED BY FEW. PLEASE GIVE FULL QUALIFICATIONS. ANSWERS TREATED IN THE STRICTEST CONFIDENCE. ADDRESS MANAGING DIRECTOR, D 77 TIMES.

MAN wanted, not over 35 years, to act as business manager for daily paper in city of 100,000 population; state experiences and be willing to work hard, and if successful will be allowed an interest in the publication. Address Business Manager, Z 369 Times Annex.

MAN, architecture, bronze foundry molder; first-class man required to go out of city; excellent opportunity for expert in the finest class of ornamental cast bronze work; state experience and wages. Apply Z 362 Times Annex.

MAN.—Mailing department; settled man to take full charge of dept; previous experience in similar capacity essential; write full details, previous employment and salary desired. V 258 Times.

MARGIN CLERK.

Young man, in busy broker's office; hours 4 P. M.-12 midnight. Apply, by letter only, L. H. Ware, 62 Broadway.

MECHANIC.—Wanted, scale mechanic; man experienced repairing computing scales, coffee mills, meat choppers, cash registers, will secure permanent location and prompt advancement by applying to B 680 Times Downtown.

MEN, age 25 years and over, with office experience; immediate and permanent position; $42 to start. Employment F., P. O. Box 395 City Hall Station.

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — Bright young man wanted to do clerical work requiring thought and accuracy in purchasing agent's office of large Long Island City manufacturing concern; must be a high school graduate and neat penman; one familiar with chemical terms and able to operate typewriter preferred; reply in own handwriting, stating qualifications. E 212 Times.

OFFICE BOY, bright, neat, industrious, in large manufacturing office; good opportunity for advancement; reply in own handwriting; state experience, wages required and nationality. V 299 Times.

OFFICE BOY,

16 years old; bright, willing and ambitious; splendid opportunity; Christian concern; state age, education, and salary. "Ambitious," 127 Times.

OFFICE BOY, bright and willing, good chance for advancement; call or write Van Dyke & Reeves, 310 Hudson St.

OFFICE BOY.—Intelligent boy wanted in a woolen commission house. Address, giving age and reference, V 153 Times.

OPERATOR, Elliott-Fisher billing machine; one with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; apply, stating experience and salary. V 313 Times.

ORDER CLERK and office assistant wanted by leading New York advertising agency; one experienced in advertising or publishing business preferred. Write, stating age, details of experience, nationality, salary required, to Box V 315 Times.

PACKER to assist in shipping department; first-class references required. Parisian Mfg. Co., 31 East 31st St.

PAWNBROKER'S CLERK, COUNTER MAN, experienced; also stock clerk; no objection; salary no object.

REAL ESTATE BROKER of ability and following wishing to make connection with an established concern; commission basis; experienced; references. Active Section, 81 Times.

RECEIVING CLERK, to take charge of stock, experienced wholesale jewelry and novelty; none other need apply; state where previously employed, references, salary, &c. A 645 Times Downtown.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Energetic preferably a physician or pharmacist is required, to travel on a salary basis in Brazil in the interests of a well known pharmaceutical preparation; fluent Portuguese necessary and previous business experience desirable; an excellent opening for a capable man with some executive ability; apply stating salary, age, references and all other particulars, without which no application will be considered. A 614 Times Downtown.

ROUTE SALESMAN, with experience selling delicatessen and grocery trade; must drive gas or electric car and have license; state salary. A 639 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATING OIL SALESMAN, WHO IS FAMILIAR WITH MILLS AND FACTORIES; AND ACQUAINTED WITH BUYERS OF SAME IN TOWNS ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HUDSON, FROM NEW YORK TO ALBANY; WE WANT A MAN WHO WILL STRICTLY QUALIFY WITH OUR REQUIREMENTS AND UNLESS YOU ARE AN EXPERIENCED LUBRICATING OIL SALESMAN AND HAVE ACTUALLY SOLD LUBRICATING OILS, DO NOT ANSWER THIS ADVERTISEMENT; MARRIED MAN PREFERRED; NOT OVER FORTY; SALARY AND EXPENSES; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER OR NO ATTENTION WILL BE PAID. A 557 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATING OIL SALESMAN, WHO WOULD APPRECIATE A GOOD POSITION AND WORK HARD TO HOLD IT; WE WANT A MAN WHO HAS ACTUALLY SOLD LUBRICATING OILS TO THE MILLS AND FACTORIES, AND IS ACQUAINTED WITH THE BUYERS OF SAME IN BROOKLYN; DO NOT ANSWER THIS AD UNLESS YOU CAN QUALIFY STRICTLY WITH OUR REQUIREMENTS; MARRIED MAN PREFERRED, NOT OVER 40; SALARY AND EXPENSES; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER OR NO ATTENTION WILL BE PAID. A 565 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.

Opportunity this week to connect with national publishing organization; our salesmen are making from $40 to $75 weekly (commission basis,) according to their efficiency; we offer to men coming out of service a splendid chance to make good in civilian life; you may be just the man we need; rapid advancement and a permanent position for all who make good. Apply 10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M., Room 1,613, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMEN,

EXPERIENCED, TO SOLICIT MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTION FOR WELL ADVERTISED PROPOSITION; BIG COMMISSIONS AND LIBERAL DRAWING ACCOUNT TO THOSE ABLE TO FURNISH GOOD REFERENCES. MR. JACOBSEN, 8TH FLOOR, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN SELLING FLAVORING EXTRACTS IN BULK TO BAKERS, HOTELS, &C., IN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT, WANTED BY A LARGE, OLD-ESTABLISHED CONCERN; TO ONE SEEKING A PERMANENT POSITION WHERE A FUTURE IS ASSURED, SALARY AND COMMISSION. WRITE, GIVING TELEPHONE NUMBER, EXPERIENCE, &C., TO CONFIDENTIAL, E 209 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—WE HAVE AN OPENING IN A LIVE SELLING ORGANIZATION FOR A MAN EXPERIENCED IN SELLING RETAIL GROCERS, METROPOLITAN DISTRICT, TO SELL A NATIONALLY ADVERTISED FOOD PRODUCT; TO ONE SEEKING A PERMANENT POSITION, SALARY AND COMMISSION. WRITE, GIVING PHONE NUMBER, EXPERIENCE, &C., TO CONFIDENTIAL, K 200 TIMES.

SALES MANAGER TO REORGANIZE SALES DEPARTMENT OF WELL KNOWN MANUFACTURING FIRM SOFT DRINKS ON PERCENTAGE BASIS. V 298 TIMES.

SALESMAN. — SPECIALTY SALESMAN FOR GROCERY TRADE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCE; STRAIGHT SALARY. A 626 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN. — Very high-class, accustomed to making $5,000 and upward; investigate the yearning power and modern practical methods of the book selling business; we teach you by actual demonstration, paying your expenses while learning and furnish you the opening only of making from $100 TO $500 PER WEEK; salary and commission. Parke Austin & Lipscomb, 50 Church St.

SALESMAN.—We have responsible position for man over 30, with good references; our representative earning over $100 weekly selling stock of old established financial institution with long record of dividend payment, which is raising additional capital to handle rapidly expanding business; commission; if you are employed and cannot call during day, call evenings after 7:30. Suite 160, 1 Madison Av.

SALESMEN, for city only, on well advertised fine office equipment, sold to large and small offices, banks; only men of good appearance, with highest references and Al past record considered; salary or drawing account and bonus, promising $2,500 to $4,000 first year for real men who prove ability and dependability in our line; rapid advancement thereafter. Bring your references to T. A. Cook, 913 Park Row Bldg.

SALESMAN, high-class, experienced in sale of pharmaceuticals or surgical dressings, cotton and plaster line, to call on hospitals and institutions throughout New England; attractive salary to the right man. Write, stating experience, A 649 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell high-grade securities; have opening on our Brooklyn sales force for two good salesmen, 25-40, married preferred; must be able to convince us of your ability to sell and furnish good references; these are bona-fide positions and we want bona-fide men; commission; Call 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., 1707 Chamber of Commerce Building, 32 Court St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted by large manufacturing company; expert salesman or purchasing agent, with chemical training, if possible, to sell chemical supplies to rubber industries; state salary required. B 685 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.

First class salesman wanted for a large wholesale and retail Brooklyn coal concern; must possess first-class ability, with a good following; highest references required; splendid opportunity for the right party on a salary basis. A 618 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—One who is capable of earning $5,000 or more a year to sell medium-priced suburban homes; splendid opportunity for a good man; liberal commission. Address, stating qualifications, Hustler, 183 Broad Av., Leonia, N. J.

SALESMEN, from overseas, real live; tremendous change and economic tendencies of the general public; big possibilities and bright future for those who will start at once in this new development; thermostats will play a large part in the reconstruction business; commission. Call 9-10, 1,735 Grand Central Building.

SALESMEN. — Organization handling high-grade specialties has an opening for three salesmen; liberal commission, drawing account; opportunity for immediate advancement for men who qualify. Phone 8131 Main for appointment.

SALESMAN.—About (25); experienced selling domestic cotton piece goods trade; this is an opportunity for aggressive American to make permanent connection with one of the oldest and largest firms. Address stating salary, full particulars. B 730 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

Two, 21-25, with good speaking voices over the phone to sell high grade oil security; bright future for proper men; good salary to start. Mr. Shame, 4th floor, 1,845 Broadway.

SALESMEN, 6, with experience in selling the retail confectioners. New York and Brooklyn, to sell a 5c. confection; salary or commission; good opportunity for good men. Apply today, Clarco Confectionery Co., 176 Fulton St.

SALESMEN.—Leading Japanese silk house open for experienced salesmen to cover city cutting-up trade; salary or commission; also stock clerk; good opportunity; state particulars. V 294 Times.

SALESMAN, local or out of town, to sell stock in an independent oil corporation; $50 a week for those who can qualify; also over commission. Write A 553 Times Downtown, or phone Rector 8295 for appointment.

SALESMEN, experienced retail grocery trade, New York, New Jersey; give reference and experience; straight salary and expenses; Christian firm. G 117 Times.

SALESMAN, LAMP AND FIXTURES.

One who has an established trade; a good opportunity; salary or commission. Apply Interstate Electric Co., 60 West 39th St.

SALESMEN wanted, all territories, big line of men's and boys' Summer clothing; commission basis; good side line. A 652 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN experienced on dresses; one acquainted with office trade preferred; drawing account against commission. Flower Dress Co., 19 West 24th.

SALESMAN, experienced for jobbing trade of dry goods, hosiery, underwear, and notions, on commission basis; references required; state experience. V 278 Times.

SALESMAN, good following, to handle men's neckwear line; good opportunity for right party, on commission basis. Sam Jacobson, 100 5th Av.

SALESMAN.

Only one who has a good following, by large dress house, for city and office trade; commission. M. F., 801 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted, acquainted with export and foreign buyers, for men's and boys' clothing; good commission. A 651 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—KNIT GOODS, business getter for live manufacturer; salary, commission. 380 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced buttons and notions, commission basis. Glassman & Barash, 11 West 25th.

SALESMEN, calling on gents' furnishing stores, traveling, to carry men's neckwear as side line; good commission. V 240 Times.

SALESMEN.—Necessary service, connection with insurance and estates; 7 big commissions. B 722 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to take side line selling hair nets on commission. V 268 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted by large forwarding concern; a thoroughly experienced shipping clerk, capable of assuming entire charge of export shipments and handle all incidental correspondence; applicant must be over 27; good opportunity for advancement to right party. B 732 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING.—Capable young man required to take charge of the department in import and export house; progressive post to right man; state salary required and fullest particulars of past experience, &c.; strictest confidence observed. G 515 Times Downtown.

SOMEWHERE THERE'S AN AMBITIOUS ELECTRICAL MAN

with a strong sales instinct and marked ability in writing advertising literature; we want to get in touch with that man at once; we have a man's sized job for him, in which he will have abundant opportunity to put to good use his technical knowledge and his familiarity with the operating and merchandising problems of the electrical field; don't answer unless you have these qualifications and have had experience in copywriting; we are a big corporation—one of the leaders of the world in its line. Who are you? What have you done? What can you do to help us extend the circulation by mail of our electrical publications? K 344 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SHIPPING MANAGER, must have experience in wholesale notion house; age between 30-40; others need not apply. J. S. Jacobs, 536 Broadway.

SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERK wanted; young man, about 21 years; state age, experience, and salary required; steady position. G 492 Times Downtown.

SOLICITORS, advertising, high-grade; fine commission; La Revue Americaine. The New France, 1605, 220 West 42d St.

SPANISH ENGINEER.

There is an excellent opportunity in a large advertising service department for a Spanish engineer, familiar with trade conditions in South America, who can write advertising copy from two standpoints; first, with a general knowledge of engineering equipment, its uses and practical application; second, with an intimate knowledge of trade conditions in South America, the temperament of the Latin American buyer of engineering equipment and the ability to write in pure Spanish the facts which will help sell the machines advertised; some actual advertising experience desirable but not absolutely essential; state your experience fully in your letter. V 260 Times.

STAMPER AND GILDER, experienced on leather jewelry cases. F. F. Schwarz Co., 402 West 40th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man in Far East department of leading export and import concern to go to Manila, P. I., when properly broken in, with the ultimate object of becoming a salesman; splendid opportunity for bright and ambitious young man. Address, stating age and full particulars, B 729 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, about (20); must be alert, clean; salary $15-$20. V 311 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Head stenographer capable of supervising the work of a department; splendid opening for young man possessing initative and executive ability. Address stating salary and full particulars. B 608 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable, who is anxious to connect with a progressive concern. Apply Mr. Entenberg, 12th floor, 460 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN not afraid of work; good chance advancement. Hudson Tool Mfg. Co., 60 North 6th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good at figures; one familiar with plumbing or heating line preferred; state age and salary. V 309 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN.

Experienced stock salesman for big industrial proposition; this is an opportunity for a few forcible, active men to make big money quickly; commission basis. Apply Tanner, Room 407, 120 Liberty St., between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

STOCK SALESMEN.

We require the services of men who have been successful in selling securities over the telephone; to those who qualify an unusual opportunity is offered; salary, commission and bonus. Arrangements, Mr. Simon, after 10 A. M., Room 801, 59 Pearl St.

STOCK SALESMEN.

We have a great idea for you to make money, your best clientele will appreciate the opportunity; salary and commission; only very active, impressive and forceful men will be considered for telephone work. Room 804, 59 Pearl St., New York.

STOCK SALESMEN.—Wanted (6); must be experienced and have a clientele; salary and commission. A 637 Times Downtown.

TABLETMAKER. — Experienced in granulation and operating STOKES ROTARY MACHINE AND COLTON MACHINE.

To an able, experienced man we will pay good salary and give contract. Apply, between 11-12 o'clock, Gramatan Co., 15 East 14th.

TAILORS wanted on ladies' suits, coats, and tailored dresses; custom work; long season. Apply Thos. Howitt & Sons, 40 W. 39th.

TELEPHONE SPOOCH SALESMEN; wanted (3); must have experience and have a clientele; salary and commission; write to A 640 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC.

Young man, familiar with freight rates, claims, &c., in offices large grocery concern; convenient location; pleasant surroundings, luncheon; advancement; state age, experience, salary expected. Address Traffic, P. O. Box 289, City Hall Station.

WATCHES.—Gentleman who has had experience in a watch department, capable of taking charge of same. Apply or address A. A. Webster Co., 440 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

WINDOW TRIMMER AND CARD WRITER for men's clothing, furnishings, and hats for Rochester, N. Y.; good steady position. V 304 Times.

WINDOW DRESSER, retail clothing store; only experienced need apply. Gumpel's, 362 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN IN WHOLESALE GLOVE HOUSE; ONLY THOSE HAVING HAD EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE NEED APPLY; PERMANENT POSITION WITH GOOD ADVANCEMENT; STATE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. V 306 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, (25-30,) as stenographer and bookkeeper; familiar with modern office methods; one who can absorb system and make himself useful; fine opportunity for bright, aggressive young man; state salary expected and full particulars as to education, &c. G 522 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in high-class retail store to assist in selling; salary $17 to start, with prospect for good advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience. G 524 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bright, wanted, with experience and ambition as passenger office; knowledge of shorthand desirable; state age, experience, salary, &c. I. L., P. O. Box 822 City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN wanted by large export house; good at figures and able to typewrite; one with cable experience preferred; $15; give fullest particulars and nationality. A 630 Times Downtown.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The War Department published today the following army orders:

Medical Corps.

Collins, Col. C. C.; Salmon, Col. T. W., to duty in office of the Surgeon General.
Lowman, Lt.Col. J. B., to duty in Base Hosp., Camp Dix.
Lambert, Lt.Col. S. E., to Ft. George Wright.
McHenry, Lt.Col. D. W., to Disciplinary Barracks, Ft. Leavenworth.

MAJORS.

Hart, J. S., to report by wire to Cmdg. Gen., Northeastern Dept.
Chatfelter, G. A., report to Cmdg. Gen., Northeastern Dept.
Johnson, E. H., to Camp Funston.
Hochstetter, E. R., Jr., to report to Cmdg. Gen., Northeastern Dept.
Anderson, O., to Hosp. 2, Whipple Barracks.
Crumley, W. G., to report to Cmdg. Officer of Hosp. 6, Ft. McPherson.
Westhafer, E. K., to Ft. Sill.
Canning, A. J., to U. S., report to Adjt. Gen. for inst.
Lincoln, H. P., to Camp Meade.
Merritt, E. A., to temp. duty in office of Surg. Gen.
Jackson, W. A., to Hosp. 12, Biltmore, N. C., sick.
Kenzie, W. N., to Camp Custer.
Southall, E. A., to Washington for temp. duty with Board of Officers.
Bailey, F. W., to Hosp. No. 40, St. Louis.
Clark, A. S., to Letterman Gen. Hosp.
Scrutchfield, G. E., report to Cmdg. Gen., Eastern Dept.
Miller, A. L., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Goodkin, M. L., to Washington, and report to Surg. Gen.
Metcalf, B. H., report to Cmdg. Gen., Northeastern Dept.
Meyer, L. B., to Hosp. 38, Eastview, N. Y.
Thomas, W. C., to Letterman Hosp.

CAPTAINS.

Steagall, J. R., to report to Cmdg. Gen., Western Dept.
Trout, F. M., to Seven Pines, Va.
Freels, A. McD., to Newport News.
Bowerman, W. G., to Hosp. No. 2, Ft. McHenry.
Cracroft, T. B., to Hosp. No. 28, Ft. Sheridan.
Hawkes, C. E., to Camp Jackson.
McGraw, H. R., upon arrival of Capt. T. R. McNab, to Hosp. No. 21, Denver.
Dake, R. W., to Hosp. No. 6, Ft. McPherson.
Hinkle, F. W., to Hosp. No. 6, Ft. McPherson.
McNab, T. R., to Hosp. No. 20, Whipple Barracks.
Evans, J. H., to Hosp. No. 22, Phila.
De Tuncq, A. E., to Hosp. No. 29, Ft. Snelling.
Hawkins, E. L., to Camp Sherman.
Pruett, W. V., to San Francisco, then to Manila.
Essenson, O. S., to Hosp. No. 8, Otisville, N. Y.
Cooke, J. E., to Jefferson Barracks.
Curran, M. W., and Hamlin, V. B., to Hoboken.
Dirks, C. B., to Vancouver Barracks.
Quinlan, R. V., to Hosp. No. 16, New Haven, Conn.
Stone, M. C., and Simpson, J. C., to Army Med. School.
Paulson, C., to Hosp. No. 32, Chicago.
Maple, J. B., to Camp Logan.
Weis, F. A., to Camp Dodge.
Lowenthan, A. I., to Hosp. No. 32, Chicago.
McKenzie, F. J., to Camp Bowie.
Newell, C. H., to Camp Jackson.
Harper, T. M., to Hosp. No. 6, Ft. McPherson, sick.
Cantrell, C. D., to Ft. Sam Houston.
Markhard, E. D., to Hosp. No. 5, Ft. Ontario.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Following are promoted to be Captains in M. C., permanent establishment:

Gentzkow, C. J.
Crawford, J. P.
Hale, R. A.
Howard, A. R.
Bowley, B. B.
Bradford, H. C.
Towler, H. H.
Bolibaugh, O. B.
Jones, J. H.
Clark, H. E.
Davison, R. A.
Snyder, C. R.
Conner, H. L.
Macon, E. B.
Carroll, P. J.
Minervini, V.
Falisi, J. V.
Petit, W. D.
Reams, G. H.
Mingos, J. De P.
Dawson, A. W.
McKeever, J. W.
Graham, O. L.
Roberts, E. H.
Bacon, A. M.
Moore, J. J.
Vadala, A. J.
Weaver, M. S.
Stanley, J. M.
Nyion, A. R.
Rudolph, M. P.
McCormack, N. Du B.
Sima, C. E.
Palmer, B. H.
Rogers, H. D.
Hall, J. R.
Gaines, A. R.
Starnes, W. L.
Boyle, W. A.
Shelby, M. E.
Streit, P. H.
Robinson, J. E.
Browne, L. E. J.
Stratton, E. K.
Orbison, J. A.
Kyle, T. M. N.
Whitmore, W. C.
Pavy, A. B.
Evans, F. E.
Brenn, E.
Duffy, F. T.
Weaver, L. W.
Felger, L.
Trask, L. S.
Tomassene, R. A.
Hallantyne, L. W.
Brown, O. R.
Yoho, C. E.
Denehy, C. A.
Madigan, J. F.
Simpson, R. K.
Madigah, P. S.
Little, F. B.
Stayton, C. A.
Rogers, H. W.
Eyers, J. R.
Curtl, R. E.
Hankey, D. C.
Blease, F. A.
Dickey, C. C.
Fletcher, G. B.
Mytinger, W. H.
Carden, J. J.
Fraser, H. E.
Whisenant, J. R.
Golding, H. H.
Shugerman, H. P.
Pollock, W. C.
McCaw, W. W.
Tomalia, E. H.
King, E., to Army Med. School.
Lawler, J. C., to course of instruction at Walter Reed Hosp.
Brickey, P. A., to temp. duty at Hosp. 6, Ft. McPherson.
Pearlstein, P., to Hosp. 5, Ft. Ontario.
Huffer, E., Condon, V. H., to Newport News.
Elmendorf, Du M. F., and Roche, L. D., to Hosp. 3, Colonia, N. J.
Solomon, H. A., to Camp Meigs.
Tharp, R. A., to Base Hosp. 1, Southern Dept.
Graham, J. M., to Hosp. 21, Denver, sick.
Dunham, H. B., and Earnhardt, J. M., to Hosp. 5, Ft. Ontario.
Devitt, E. K., to Camp Meade, with Tank Corps Unit.
Saltzstein, H. Z., to Camp Custer.
Barnett, C., to Camp Dix.
Shearer, C. C., to Hosp. 30, Plattsburg, sick.
McKee, J. W., report to Cmdg. Gen., Northeastern Dept.

Dental Corps.

Wight, Capt. R., to Hosp. 40, St. Louis.

Following are promoted to be Captains, permanent establishment:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Vail, W.
Thompson, R. K.
Harlan, L. S.
McCollum, N. J.
Gaynor, C. J.
Rose, W. A.
Rohde, S. J.
Hartley, L. P.
Daniels, C.
Pickles, N. C.
Lowry, R. L.
Christiansen, O. J.
Harden, T.
Anderson, L. K.
Leary, T. F.
Webb, W. C., Jr.
Alley, E. C.
Boone, C. R.
Edwards, D. I.
Grove, O. A.
Klesner, R. M.
Thorne, E. A.
Tingay, L. H.
Hollister, C. R.
Welch, M. H.
Eiche, M. R.
Krakow, G.
Smith, E. A.
Fritsche, J. L.
Wright, C. J.
Price, M. A.
Hobiltzell, W. H.
Tench, F. M.
Anthony, A. E.
Akeroyd, W. J. R.
Rhodes, F. D.
Caldwell, W. B.
Maly, L. W.
Burchill, A. T.
Reed, O. R., to Ellington Field.
Wilkins, W. R., to Columbus, N. M.
Starr, R. C., to Army and Navy Hosp., Hot Springs, Ark., for duty.

Quinnell, E. D.
Brown, H. O.
Villiars, H. S.
Russell, D. G.
Lazenby, A. D.
McGuire, P. F.
McClaren, J. W.
Boyd, L. F.
Meane, T. S.
Spaeth, E. B.
Coulter, P. A.
Montgomery, J. B.
Duggins, P. E.
McArthur, B. S.
Hufford, H. K. B.
Fernbach, J. G.
Dignan, H. H.
Saie, C. W.
Lowry, R. H., Jr.
Makel, H. P.
Wells, W. S.
Schwartz, S. C.
Burnet, P. S.
Keamodel, K. F.
Golden, R.
Pillsbury, C. D.
Myll, N. A.
De Velling, J. R.
Scott, R. L.
Southard, W. W.
Dorsey, G. H.
La Roche, L. L.
Dooling, H. C.
Mallack, F. S.
Hilldrup, D. G.
Magee, R. S.
Smith, W. A.
Finger, F. W.
Peizman, I. A.
Murphy, R. B.
Werlich, R. E.
Stolz, L. R.
Belden, L. De K.
Smith, A. W.
Howard, W. S.
Green, P. P.
Barrow, W. H.
Wiley, G. F.
Plum, F. A.
Irving, C. W.
Jones, W. W.
Hawke, C. C.
Canter, N. M.
Charbonnet, P. N.
Kimbrough, J. C.
Johnston, M. R.
Lindsay, M. K.
Middleton, W. D.
Cornwall, L. S.
Harding, R. B.
Duckworth, J. W.
Massey, B.
Howell, E. H.
Snyder, G. W.
Wagner, F. S.
Millet, J. A. P.
Foley, J. D.
Newfield, L. A.
Leahy, T. M.
Lagarde, L. A., Jr.
Moore, E. L.
Mebane, D. H.
Johnson, P. B.
Lovett, I. K.
St. Peter, A. M.
Moose, F. McA.
Telford, P. K.
Pence, B. F.
Beardsley, W. R.
Stirling, W.

Engineers.

Lee, Maj. W. L.; Brown, Capt. E. C., and Blundon, 1st Lt. M., to Camp Humphreys.
Mack, Capt. J. K.; Wood, Capt. F. T.; Strouse, 1st Lt. A. F., and Tyson, Capt. H. A., to Washington, report to Chief of Engineers.
Hooton, 1st Lt. T. H., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Harris, 1st Lt. D. W., to Camp Lewis, for duty.

Air Service.

Wynne, Maj. W. W., to Gerstner Field to take station and assume command.
Stetson, Capt. J. B., Jr., to Rockwell Field.
Kingsbury, Capt. J. J., to Washington for temp. duty, then to Air Service Depot, Garden City.
Garrett, Capt. P. B., to School of Aeronautics, Univ. of Texas, for the purpose of discharge.
King, Capt. P. B., to Air Service Depot, Garden City.
Bowne, Capt. F. D., to report to the office of the Motor Transport Corps for duty.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Leigh, B., detailed to duty in Med. Dept., and will proceed to Hosp 20, Whipple Barracks.
Kelley, R. L., to San Antonio for the purpose of discharge.
McEachin, J. S., to Ellington Field.
Taylor, Le W. W., to Pensacola, Fla., duty with Dirigible Detachment.
Wheeler, W. D.; Abel, G. R., to Washington and report to Director of Military Aeronautics.
Huggins, C. H., to duty in Med. Dept. and to duty in Base Hosp., Camp Jackson.
Freck, J. O., report to Dist. Manager Aircraft Finance, New York.

Infantry.

COLONELS.

Morrison, W. F., to University of Nebraska, Lincoln, with F. A. Reserve Officers T. C.
Frankenberger, S., to Camp Jackson.
Randol, M. G., to Colorado State Agricultural College, Fort Collins.
Devers, J. T., to Fort Sill.
Lambdin, W. M., to 4th, Camp Travis.
Brooke, G. M., to 1st, Fort Sill.
Kenly, W. L., to Chief of F. A., Washington.
Smith, Col. E. D., to retiring board, Washington, for examination.
Wood, W. S., to Camp Travis.
McDowell, Lt.Col. J. M., to General Hospital No. 2, New York, treatment.
Crane, 1st Lt. D., to Camp Holabird.
Worrell, 1st Lt. W., to St. Elizabeth's Hospital, for treatment.

Quartermaster Corps.

Shelby, Maj. L. P., relieved present station, to Chief of Construction, Washington.
Rausch, Maj. L. V., relieved present duties.

CAPTAINS.

Foss, C. M., to Washington.
Huston, H. B., relieved present duties.
Kaler, F. W. H., to Washington.
Dunham, G. H., to Washington.
Kauffman, H. B., to commanding officer, Fort Meade.
Blair, R. A., relieved present duties.
Ackerson, F. L., relieved present duties.
Huff, Jay, to Chief of Construction, Washington.
Silvernail, A. K., to Washington.
Smoot, A., to Rock Island Arsenal.
McEwain, C. L., to General Hospital 8, Otisville, N. Y.
Steele, W. E., 3d, to Pittsburgh.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Kahn, D. E., to Washington.
Miller, R. S., to Raritan Arsenal.
Diamond, J. I., to Commanding General A. E. F., for confidential dispatches, thence return to Washington.
Higgins, H., to Motor Transport Office, Washington.
Riddell, H. C., to Chief of Construction, Washington.

Coast Artillery.

Geltz, Maj. R. R., to Fort Monroe.

CAPTAINS.

Hedge, A. A., and Conner, S. H., to Fort Monroe.
Harrison, S. G., to Fort Monroe.
Johnson, H. S., to Camp Humphreys.
Patterson, J. B., to recruiting officer, New York City.
Harrison, S. G., to Fort Monroe.
Donner, A. J., to Camp Lee.
Schlandt, F. P., to Fort Monroe.
Bockmann, 1st Lt. A. K., to Camp Lee.
Wellington, 1st Lt. C. J., to Camp Lee.

Ordnance.

Booton, Lt. Col. J. G., to Aberdeen Proving Ground.
Bandholtz, Maj. C. H., to Erie Proving Ground.
Farquhar, Capt. L. C., to Cincinnati district ordnance officer.
Curtis, Capt. D. L., to Fort Sill.
Gaines, Capt. W. E., to Cincinnati district ordnance officer.
Kirkpatrick, 1st Lt. C. M., to Fort Hancock.
Bender, 1st Lt. W. C., to Camp Forrest.
Collingwood, 1st Lt. C. G., to Cincinnati district ordnance officer.
Connelly, 1st Lt. W. F., to South Schenectady.
Childs, 1st Lt. C. E., to Cleveland, Ohio, manager district ordnance officer.

Cavalry.

Sayles, Lt.Col. J. T., to Chief of M. T. C., Washington.
Gibbons, Lt.Col. H., to Fort Keogh Remount Depot.
Page, Maj. D., to Fort Sam Houston.
Thompson, Maj. J. M., to Fort Sam Houston.
Rodney, Capt. G. B., to Fort Huachuca, with 10th.
Herwig, Capt. L. J., to 16th, at Mercedes, Texas.
Weiss, Capt. L. A., hon. discharged as Captain only.

Veterinary Corps.

Ackerman, Maj. E. B., to the Surgeon General for instructions.
Lynch, Maj. D. J., to Camp McClellan.
Scully, Maj. D. J., to Fort Sill.
Bear, 1st Lt. F. T., to Camp Sheridan.
Parks, 1st Lt. I. W., to Commanding General, Camp MacArthur.
Miller, 1st Lt. E., to Camp Upton.
Maffey, Capt. J. R., to Fort Sill.

Sanitary Corps.

Chamberlain, Capt. E. M., to General Hospital No. 2, Boston.
Hall, 1st Lt. N. C., to Walter Reed General Hospital, D. C.
Wallach, 1st Lt. C., to Surgeon General.
Murphy, 1st Lt. R. J., to General Hospital 34, East Norfolk, Mass.
Marvel, 1st Lt. R. A., to General Hospital 12, Biltmore, N. C.
Weir, 1st Lt. A. H., to the Surgeon General.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Durant, Capt. T. G., to the Chief of Ordnance.
Dobem, 1st Lt. F., to General Hospital No. 2, Fort McHenry.

Motor Transport Corps.

Taylor, Col. B., to Commanding General, Eastern Department, as Motor Transport Officer.
Miller, 1st Lt. M. B., to Tobyhanna, Penn.
Stickle, 1st Lt. J. J., to Motor Transport Officer, Cleveland, Ohio.

Miscellaneous.

Johnson, Brig. Gen. W. O.; Shea, Capt. G. H., and Allen, W. H., to Camp Meade.
Kreger, Brig. Gen. E. J., to J. A. G. Department, to duty as acting J. A. G.
Tillman, Col. S. E., is retired as a Brigadier General and will remain on active duty as Supt. of the U. S. Military Academy.
Cabell, Col. H. C., hon. discharged as Colonel only.
Porter, Lt. Col. C. V., Jr., to the Judge Advocate General.
Cabell, Col. H. C., to home and stand relieved.
Strong, Maj. Gen. F. S., to Camp Kearny, thence to Camp Jackson.
Keefe, Maj. Gen. W. L., hon. discharged as Major General only.
Russell, Maj. C. W., to Call Field.
Kildoff, Maj. M. M., to Port of Embarkation, Hobbken.
Holley, Maj. D. E., to home and stand relieved.
Campbell, Maj. C. M., is discharged as Major only.
Turnbull, Maj. L., to Boston.
Campbell, Capt. J. M., to home and stand relieved.
Duvall, Maj. Gen. W. P., retired, to home and stand relieved.
Crowley, Capt. J. J., A.G.D., appointed Major during existing emergency.
Cottrell, Capt. J. S., to Philadelphia.
Sherman, Capt. P. G., to Camp Meade.
Coy, Capt. J. J., to Washington.
Kehoe, 1st Lt. W. H., to Los Angeles, as Assistant Professor of Military Science in Los Angeles High Schools.
Corry, 1st Lt. H. C., J.A., to J.A.D.
Bills, Capt. C. A., to Fort Reilly.
Berry, 1st Lt. L. A., Jr., Judge Advocate, to J.A.D.
Miller, 1st Lt. J. C., J.A., to Camp Cody.

Resignations.

Victor, Capt. L. T., Cav.
Roundlist, 1st Lt. R. E., Cav.
Wood, Maj. E. C., Inf.
Ennis, Capt. R. F.A.
Vance, 1st Lt. C. D., Inf.
Mount, Capt. T. E., Inf.
Reynolds, 1st Lt. S., Cav.

Leaves.

Palfrey, Maj. F. W., M. C., 14 days.
Eddy, Col. R. C., C. A. C., 14 days.
Jones, Maj. T. H., C. A. C., 14 days.
Carmack, Maj. J. F., Inf., 1 month's extension.
Nelkirk, 1st Lt. F. C., F. A., 14 days.
Barnhart, Capt. F. H., 17th Cav., 1 month.
Fleming, 1st Lt. J. G., S. C., 10 days.
Bradford, 1st Lt. H. W., A. S., 1 month's extension.
Jackson, Maj. H. N., M. C., 2 months.
Derohan, Maj. F. J., 10 days' extension.
Dancy, Capt. W. R., M. C., 10 days.
Rossell, 1st Lt. G. B., Q. M. C., 14 days.
Smith, Col. F. H., 330th, F. A., 10 days.
Hobiltzell, 1st Lt. W., Dent. Corps, 20 days.
Silinan, Capt. H. A., Inf., 10 days.
Lansing, 1st Lt. H. W., F. A., 10 days.
Wigmore, Col. J. H., J. A. G. D., 14 days.
Fleming, Col. L. K., Cav., 14 days.
Dorris, 1st Lt. B. F., Inf., 3 months.
Sterling, 1st Lt. F. H., 1 month's extension.
Stoddard, 1st Lt. J. K., M. C., 3 months.
Van Atta, Capt. A. G., M. C., 10 days.
Crawford, Capt. N., Vet. Corps, 14 days.
Lawton, Col. F. G., Inf., 3 months.
Seager, Maj. H. A., inf., 15 days' extension.
Erney, Capt. E. R., M. C., 14 days.
Swenson, Lt. Col. O., 14 days' extension.
Lee, Col. H. R., Inf., 14 days.
Frazier, Maj. W. D., C. A. C., 14 days.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Althouse, Capt. A., command Brooklyn to home via Merchants conveyance, probably Shiny Maru.
Pine, Capt. J., to Corona, to duty exec. off. on the Zeelandia.
Jones, Comdr. H., Claxton, to the Hart, and in command when commissioned.

Lieutenant Commanders.

Davis, H. C., aid on personal staff Asiatic Fleet, to the Palos.
Davis, G. K., Manila, reported duty Brklyn.
Brown, D., from office of S. N. A. R., N. Y., to the Canonicus.
Eldredge, E. P., the Delphy, to the Prairie as engr. officer.
Cunningham, J. C., the Canonicus, to the Mississippi.
Swanson, A., the Iowa, to duty as officer in charge Branch Hydrographic Office, Duluth, Minn.

Lieutenants.

Riggs, R. S., to the Utah.
Taylor, W., to the Utah.
Smith, J. H., to the Kearsarge.
Rowe, G., to the Texas.
Smith, H. R., to the Texas.
Breed, G. G., to the Texas.
Bennehoff, O. R., to the Arkansas.
Randolph, R. L., to the Delaware.
Semple, Lt. to Lt. S. Naval Force operating in European waters, re sub-chasers assisting in mine sweeping.
Myers, L., to European waters re mine sweeping.
Washington, S. C.; Wortman, W. J.; Nelson, D. W., and Fritman, M., to European waters, re mine sweeping.
Cronin, J. K., to the Arizona as radio off.
Lines, C. E., and Dougherti, H. D., to European waters, re mine sweeping.
Taylor, W., to European waters, re mine sweeping.
Donohus, J. F., to the Des Moines.
Marshall, A. W., to duty as supply officer receiving ship at Cavite.
Steketee, P. L., to Cruiser and Transport Force as supply officer on naval troop trahsport.
Boggs, C. M., to duty as supply officer of flotilla "A" destroyer force.
Harding, H. S., to the Cleveland.
Corcoran, W. J., to the Pittsburg.
Weaver, P. R., to the Wilmington.
Burrough, S. W., to Glenora station.
Getsinger, B. C., to the Mercury.
Jones, E. E., to duty under S. N. A. R., New York.
Stock, M., relieved from all active duty.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Pensioned, to take effect 12 P. M. March 12—Sergeant John Heft, 46th Precinct, on his own application, at $975 per annum; appointed Nov. 1, 1893.

Temporary Assignments.—Patrolmen, precincts indicated to Headquarters, clerical duty in Division of Supplies, 16 days from 8 A. M. March 16: E. A. Molloy, 46; W. A. Hraine, 82; M. J. McCann, 67.

Leave of Absence, (Without Pay.)—Patrolman D. H. Mitchell, 23d, 1 day from 12:01 A. M. March 18.

Fines Imposed.—Patrolmen J. Persico, 23d, (attached to the 72d when charges were preferred,) Jan. 7, (1) absent from post, in premises, (2) no permission, (3) no entry, 1 day; J. Rogers, 72d, Jan. 7, (1) absent from post, in premises, (2) no permission, (3) no entry, 1 day; W. A. Jacobs, 72d, Jan. 11, (1) absent from post, in premises, (2) abandoned his mount, (3) no permission, (4) no entry, 1 day; 6, Feinstein, 87th, Dec. 31, 1918, could not be found on post 1 hour and 10 minutes, 2 days; F. Kane, 111th, (attached to the 113th when charges were preferred,) Jan. 17, (1) failed to enter telephone alarms in booth No. 2 (letter), (2) absent from post, in police booth, (3) no permission, (4) no entry, 1 day.

Reprimanded.—Patrolmen W. Zeun, 94th Precinct, Jan. 15, (1) absent from post, (2) no permission, (3) no entry; F. Kane, 111th Precinct, (attached to the 113th Precinct when charges were preferred,) Jan. 22, (1) absent from post, in liquor saloon, (2) no permission, (3) no entry; F. Clarke, 118th, Jan. 9, (1) absent from posts, seen coming from railroad train, (2) no permission, (3) no entry; L. Russ, 118th, Jan. 22, (1) absent from posts, (2) no permission, (3) no entry, (4) absent from relieving point; L. Moses, 118th Precinct, Jan. 22, improper patrol; I. Levy, 120th, Jan. 24, (1) absent from post, in premises; (2) no permission, (3) no entry.

Passed probationary period without being again convicted on a complaint, reprimanded: Patrolmen: C. L. Zimmer, 16th Dist., (attached to the 98th Precinct when charges were preferred,) July 18, 1918, (1) absent from posts, in premises; (2) no permission; (3) no entry. J. T. Egan, 7th, June 14, (1) failed to take proper action in connection with person killed by auto; (2) failed to prevent escape of witnesses in homicide case. C. J. Jablouski, 18th, (attached to the 111th when charges were preferred,) June 27, 1918, improper patrol. E. Krohn, 26th, July 2, (1) absent from post; (2) no permission, (3) no entry. P. F. Murphy, 26th, July 2, 1918, (1) absent from post in premises; (2) no permission; (3) no entry. E. Mach, 29th, July 11, quit post, left in room of licensed hotel, uniform coat and cap off. H. F. Sharp, 68th, Oct. 24, failed to return promptly to station house at expiration of temporary assignment in another precinct. J. J. St. John, 70th, Oct. 22, failed to return promptly to station house at expiration of temporary assignment in another precinct. J. Smith, 72d, Nov. 25, sitting inside police booth while assigned thereto smoking. C. F. Stone, 73d, Oct. 13, failed to return promptly to station house at expiration of temporary assignment in another precinct. H. Krombholts, 82d, Oct. 5, failed to take necessary precaution to prevent theft of department bicycle. C. E. DeLancy, 83d, July 10, improper patrol. P. L. Winter, 83d, Sept. 20, (1) absent from post in premises; (2) no permission, (3) no entry. L. J. Hohorst, 85th, July 4, 1918, (1) absent from post, asleep in auto, in a garage; (2) no permission; (3) no entry. J. F. Dolan, 87th, Oct. 9, (1) absent from special assignment; (2) no permission; (3) no entry. F. Rodewald, 87th, Nov. 18, 1918, absent without leave 1 hour and 10 minutes. C. A. Daly, 90th, Sept. 16, (1) absent from post, in premises; (2) no permission; (3) no entry. C. Fried, 98th, July 16, failed to signal. S. Obraytys, 101st, July 14, (1) absent from post, coming from premises; (2) no permission; (3) no entry. J. J. Buckley, 104th, (attached to the 103d Precinct when charges were preferred,) Aug. 16, (1) absent from post, in liquor saloon; (2) no permission; (3) no entry. T. G. Clancy, 111th, Oct. 26, (1) absent from booth post, on veranda, in front of liquor saloon; (2) no permission; (3) no entry. J. Bachman, Bridge Precinct, July 4, (1) off duty, in civilian clothes, told peddler to stay on corner after another patrolman had told him to move; (2) unnecessarily argued with said patrolman, causing crowd to collect.

Resignation, to take effect 12 P. M., March 8, 1919—Probationary Patrolman W. M. Smith, Headquarters Training School.

Change in name on order of the Supreme Court—Patrolman Zachary Bates, 87th, to James Bates.

Fire Department.

Appointed as ununiformed firemen on three months' probation, assignments as indicated: To take effect 8 A. M., March 15—Francis J. McCaffrey, H. & L., 132. To take effect at 8 A. M., March 14—Frank T. Ward, Eng. 280.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect at 8 A. M. on date specified, after honorable discharge from the United States Army: March 15—Fireman 2d grade William E. Schilling, Eng. 31; Fireman 3d grade Charles Lazar, Eng. 91. To take effect

Resignation—Fireman 1st grade Carl Dittmar, H. & L., 35, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 16.

Special leaves of absence—Fireman 1st grade L. Turner, H. & L. 25, 24 hours, from 8 A. M., March 13.

Education Notes.

Irving Schoenbrun was appointed yesterday teacher of physical training in the vocational school for boys. He has been serving as a substitute teacher of that subject in that school.

The following teachers were appointed yesterday for the grades of the last two years of the elementary schools:

MANHATTAN.

	From School	To School
L. I. Fensterblau, Phys. Training	5	5
Daniel Tenrosen, Mathematics	7	5
Meyer Cogin, History	7	7
Elise H. Colville, Mathematics	16	B10
Anna Hoffman, Music	13	13
Frank P. Casserly, Mathematics	16	16
Melvin F. Gearhart, English	16	16
Ethel C. Baptiste, English	176	23
Nora Dee, History	97	23
Louise O'Brien, English	39	24
Ellen B. Barrett, English	25	26
Louise E. Kelly, History	97	29
Lilian G. Murtha, English	29	26
David Friec, Geog. and Science	27	27
Evalyn Ennis, History	59	36
Ethel S. Schwarz, Biology	43	43
Josephine M. Foran, English	43	43
Elizabeth C. Weier, History	132	53
Grace E. Miller, History	151	54
Catharine A. O'Dea, English	97	62
Mabel E. Deegan, Pitman Steno	114	62
Mary D. Duffy, Phys. Training	30	62
Milton Selmanowitz, History	64	64
Hannah F. Swick, Drawing	38	69
Ella Kadlec, Physical Training	69	69
Lillie Grossner, English	74	74
David Kaplan, Physical Training	79	74
Adelaide D. Power, English	53	83
Carolyn Stern, English	83	83
Edith E. Montgomery, Phys. Tr.	33	83
Charlotte Levy, History	39	85
Lillian M. Connelly, History	85	85
Lillian A. Maloney, Mathematics	85	85
Elsa W. Junge, English	23	86
Mary Murray, English	86	86
Grace E. Lynch, Music	73	86
Mary Murphy, Physical Training	28	89
Emma Terr, Music	7	89
Frederica Bogert, Mathematics	87	89
Estelle Silverman, English	90	90
Abraham Beier, Phys. Training	97	97
Jacob B. Platt, History	97	97
Eva Bluhm, English	101	101
Edith M. Bridges, English	71	104
Margaret C. Hearn, Music	59	104
John F. Molloy, History	114	114
Morris Deutsch, History	115	115
Etta Lieberman, Phys. Training	24	147
Effie L. Lewis, English	113	147
Florence R. Spiegelberg, English	159	159
Elsie M. Timmerhaus, English	159	160
Margaret A. Burns, History	38	160
Nathalie Eichner, Mathematics	180	168
Grace Stahl, English	168	168
Mary Colitiletti, Pitman Steno	168	168
Anna Martin, English	170	170
William Gibson, English	171	171
Ira Greenburg, Geog. and Science	171	171
Sadie Goldsmith, Sewing	179	179
Clara Weickers, Mathematics	188B	188B

THE BRONX.

Arthur Huebsch, Phys. Training	4	4
William Blauvelt, English	4	4
Mary E. Crane, English	10	10
C. Robert Jones, History	32	13
Janie C. MacGregor, Sewing	97	13
M. Alberta Banks, Drawing	25	25
Edward Teufer, English	40	40
Sarah McCarthy, English	34	43
Florence V. Carson, Mathematics	6	44
Francis F. Gray, Mathematics	45	45
Curt Dircks, History	27	46
Evelyn M. Connolly, English	47	47
Elsie L. Miller, English	51	48
Edith M. Hannan, English	47	48
Nathaniel Rosenzweig, English	48	48
Marie A. Hufeland, English	54	54
Zipporah C. Manheim, Mathematics	53	54
Manuel Margolin, History	54	54
Sara Filderblum, Gregg Steno	13	54

BROOKLYN.

Dorothy Daley, History	180	2
Grace Bradburn Pitman Sten	6	6
Helen P. McKay, "A" License	31	31
Samuel Winston, Biology	147B	45
Adelaide B. Rugen, Music	50	50
George Goldberg, History	74	74
Michael Kapian, English	84B	84B
Agnes J. Tallant, English	137	85
Elva L. Larrabee, Phy. Trg	159	85
Abbie P. Brewster, English	93	109
Margaret Roggeman, Music	50	100
Gertrude E. Moloney, History	110	110
Mary C. Clark, English	112	112
Charlotte E. Schwenker, English	154	114
Mabel E. Bagger, English	118	128
Julia H. Plump, History	129	150
Edith M. Norman, "A" License	150	164
Gladys Irvine, History	86	164
Mae C. Regan, Phy. Training	24	173
Alice Hartich, English	64	174
Emma Christ, English	174	174
Hyman Grossberg, Geo. and Sci.	174	174
Isidore Gelfand, Phy. Training	174	174
Gunhild Edman, History	175	175
Margaret L. Robert, Sewing	149	175
Ida M. Jennie, Phy. Traning	178	178
Ethel L. McCrosson, Phy. Trng.	40	40
Frances M. Jenness, History	120	76
Henry J. Behn, Mathematics	77	77
Mae E. Scheel, Phy. Training	59	85
Marie Johnston, Phy.	89	89
Anna M. Shannon, History	95	95

RICHMOND.

Maxwell Ehrlich, Pitman Sten... 14 1

The following were appointed to fill vacancies in the elementary schools:

SCHEDULE B1 (Women)—Agnes Sinclair, Lena Levine, Elisabeth Walsh Savage, Martha Schulman, Sarah B. Pelonsky, Edna Guterman, Helen Park, Etta V. Seidman, Mary A. Boylan, Bertha P. Cohn, Hattie G. Campbell, Olive C. O'Connell, Henrietta Jeffkowitz, Minnie Himelstein, Emma F. Hamann, Olga A. Krizeck, Gladys Edelson, Gertrude T. Dower, Kathleen A. Tilson, Mary F. Clarke, Sadie Gold, Kathleen Madigan, Julia F. Carney, Blanche Price, Martha Cohen, Helen McGuff, Katherine Dowling, Adele Bobrow, Frances Kestenbaum, Sylvia A. Lessem, Martha J. Pell, Jeannette Pasachoff, Eleanor Rottman, Ella Goldberg, Theresa Murphy, Gertrude Kaplowitz, Reeve R. Tenny, Louise E. Bruno, Lena H. Corbett, Agnes C. Jones, Helen M. Hartmann.

SCHEDULE B1 (Men)—Solomon Friedman, Benjamin Bronowitz.

KINDERGARTEN—Edith Wilson.

The following were transferred:

Arthur G. Belding, first asst. acct. econom. and com'l law, from H. S. Commerce to Commercial.

Elizabeth W. Kemlo, asst. teacher English, from H. S. Commerce to Manual Training.

	From School.	To School.	Schedule.
Leo H. Hogan, teacher of an ungraded class	19	37	*B2
Isabelle J. Bryan	5	43	B2
Pearl Meitaner	159	62	B2
Julia Shankland	48	90	B2
Michael R. Hennessey	55	44	VII
Sanford S. Bettman	10	55	VII
Olga Newman	48	12	B2

*Plus $100.

Timothy D. Poucher, Vice President of the Association of Shop Work Teachers, appeared before the Board of Education yesterday to ask that credit for experience outside of the schools be given to candidates for examinations by the Board of Examiners. Credit for this experience has been granted only to applicants since Oct. 24, 1917. The result is that the older men in the department are receiving less than the newer men. President Somers promised to have the matter attended to.

The charges against Benjamin Glassberg, teacher of history in the Commercial High School, Brooklyn, have been formulated at last by the Corporation Counsel. Papers in the case were served on Glassberg yesterday. He is charged with Bolshevist sympathies.

William J. O'Shea, Associate Superintendent of Schools, in charge of war activities, made a report to the Board of Education yesterday of funds to the credit of the United War Fund and the Public Schools War Chest on deposit in the bank: United War Fund, $297,595.56; War Chest, $275,665.63; total, $573,261.19. The withdrawals are: War Hospital Association for entertainment of Wounded Soldiers, $25,000; Jewish War Relief, $10,000; Motor Corps of America for ambulances, $2,000. The balance on deposit is $335,761.19.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion lists are announced:

To Clerk, Grade 2, Department of Charities, Bureau of Social investigation, Manhattan, the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens—William Cooney, 84.87; Mildred H. Lavine, 82.37; Adele Bernstein, 80.60; Lillian McKiernan, 78.37; A. R. McGowan, 78.16. Institutions, including Brooklyn and Queens—Morris Sidman, 84.85. Institutions, Manhattan and the Bronx—M. Regnaum, 82

COSMOPOLITAN BANK ROBBED OF $26,000

Small Safe in Bronx Institution Looted—Large One, Holding $200,000, Untouched.

"INSIDE JOB," POLICE THINK

Burglary on Monday Night, but Police Heard of It Only Yesterday—Messenger Made Discovery.

A burglar who found a stoutly locked front door and the combinations of a vault and a safe no barriers got more than $26,000 in notes of small denominations in the Cosmopolitan Bank, 803 Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, either on Monday night or Tuesday morning, the police announced yesterday. Despite the amount of their loss, the bank officials relied solely on a private detective agency until yesterday morning, when the police learned of the theft through outside channels.

After characterizing the robbery as bearing all the marks of an "inside job," Captain Andrew Wines of the Bronx Detective Bureau said he expected to have at least one man under arrest by today. Harold Stiner, Vice President of the bank and son of its owner, also intimated that he had strong suspicion regarding the robbery, but he added that none of the bank's present employes was under suspicion.

Questioning the employes of the bank, the police learned that the institution remains open every business night until 9 o'clock. On Monday night at 8:30 o'clock the safes of the bank were filled and a small "overflow" safe was put in commission. When closing time came, Morris M. Corwin, the cashier, locked the small safe, containing $26,432, and also set a time lock on the larger safe, said to have held $200,000, for 8:30 o'clock the following morning.

The night watchman, Rudolph Steuber of 1,039 Jackson Avenue, went on duty about ten minutes after the last of the employes had left Monday night. He said that he found everything in order, making his rounds regularly through the night. At 6 o'clock Tuesday morning he went off duty, and said afterwards that just before doing so he had examined the vault and found nothing out of the way.

Charles Van Austin, the day watchman, lives at 804 Prospect Avenue, opposite the bank. He is Steuber's father-in-law. He said that on Tuesday morning he got up at 5 o'clock, and following his custom, went across the street to the bank to talk with Steuber. He talked there for about an hour and then went home, watching the bank from a window. He told the police he saw a window cleaner arrive at 7 o'clock and after the outside of the windows had been cleaned, he went across and let the cleaner into the bank.

According to Van Austin's story, everything in the bank appeared to be in its usual order, and the vault's doors closed, although he did not test them. Shortly after Van Austin arrived, Ralph Finkelstein of 843 Fox Street, a young messenger boy, came to work and went to the vault to get a package to take downtown, the first thing he does every morning. He said he found the vault doors wide open and rushed to the watchman and told him the bank had been robbed.

Together they investigated and found the overflow safe's contents had been removed, although no attempt apparently had been made to get at the $200,000 in the other repository. When officials of the bank arrived, they told them of the robbery.

Mr. Stiner said they notified the Burns National Detective Agency, but did not communicate with the police, since they felt confident the Burns people would clear the affairs up quickly. He declared that the entire loss was covered by burglary insurance.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Sunday afternoon at Century Theatre, 3 o'clock performance, in or about the theatre, diamond and sapphire bracelet; reward if returned to Mrs. H. W. Sloane, 815 Park Av. Telephone 3564 Rhinelander. No questions asked.

LOST—Sunday night, on Sea Beach subway train from Times Square, or in taxi between Pacific St. station and 2d Av., a raccoon fur scarf. Reward for return to Room 522, 52 Broadway.

LOST—Stock: 16 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul preferred certificate B-14624, registered in the name of Mrs. Edna Billings Gemmill. Finder please notify Babcock, Rushton & Co., 7 Wall St., New York.

LOST.—Liberal reward for platinum and diamond bracelet watch, seven links, March 11, on 5th Av., between 36th and 41st St. Return to Mr. B. Levi of Hotel Majestic, 72d and Central Park West.

LOST—In Ford taxi about 2:30 P. M. March 8, Ritz-Carlton to Beaux Arts, long black bag containing gold cigarette case, gold powder box, and about $10. Return to Ritz-Carlton. Reward.

LOST—Parcel, containing book, on Franklin Av. car, New York bound, leaving Park Circle 6:30 A. M. Wednesday; liberal reward to finder. Kindly communicate with A 627 Times Downtown.

LOST—Triangular fraternity pin, set 9 pearls, 3 rubies, bearing initials H. C. on back, Knickerbocker Hotel or Broadway Theatre, or between 149 East 40th; reward. Return to 149 East 40th, Apt. 61.

LOST—March 12, 2 P. M., in or near Madison Square, ladies' gold watch, monogrammed M. P. J., full name inside; reward. M. P. Jones, War Camp Community Service, 1 Madison Av.

LOST—Brown leather brief case, initialed J. D. W., in Atlantic Av., Interborough Terminal, Tuesday morning, March 11; reward for return of same to 5 Nassau, 19th floor.

LOST.—Pass book No. 2905, Hudson Trust Co., (Provident Dept.,) Broadway and 30th St., N. Y. Payment has been stopped on same. Please return to bank.

LOST.—Three account books on Broadway subway between 72d St. and Times Square; suitable reward. Return to W. H. McClure, care of Holton & Adams, 20 East 22d St.

LOST.—Oval-shaped gold brooch, set with small whole pearls and sapphires, between Astonia and Seymour Hotels; reward. Return to Hotel Seymour, cashier's office.

LOST—Lady's enamelled wrist watch, between 171st and 157th, on or west of Broadway. V 516 Times.

LOST—Diamond barpin, in Milgrim's, 74th and Broadway, Tuesday, March 11; liberal reward for return. V 272 Times.

LOST.—Cameo locket, monogram "R. S," heirloom; reward. 460 West 147th St., apartment 44.

LOST—Short string green jade beads, on 5th Av., between 11th and 57th Sts., or 5th Av. Bus; reward. Return to 32 West 11th St.

LOST—Purse, telephone booth, James Drug Store, 46th, Broadway; reward. R 70 Times.

LOST—In taxi, between 34th and 40th Sts., black lynx fur. Return to Murray Hill Hotel. Reward.

LOST—At 25 Broad St. maps, reports Amadore Mine, made to Bullock; reward. Room 412, 405 Lexington Av.

LOST—Bankbook 1007102, Bowery Savings Bank; reward return. Smith, 5 Sheridan Square.

LOST—26th St., near Broadway, gold watch chain; reward. Phone Prospect 8216W.

LOST.—Sunday, March 9, sealskin scarf; reward. Wm. H. Fleet, 52 East 13th.

LOST—Pen and ink sketch of book-plate, coat of arms design; reward. D 97 Times.

LOST—Monday afternoon, beaver muff. Return 47 East 61st; reward; no questions.

$1,000 REWARD

for return or information leading to return of string of 67 pearls, diamond and platinum clasp, lost in New York about March 2. Telephone Broad 6636.

$300 REWARD

for lace pin, 4-karat diamond, set on a black enameled bar; lost Feb. 24, lost between 33d and 38th Sts. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

FOUND—Ladies' bag with some money on Madison Av. and 106th St. Winer, 204 East 107th St., (Laundry.)

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Large reward, black Scottish terrier, (male,) collar, marked F. W. Lord, 126 East 65th.

FOUND—A brown and white wirehaired terrier, corner of 103d St. and Broadway. Apply Taylor, 251 W. 103d.

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WARN OF UNREST AT MOVIE HEARING

Albany Lawmakers Told Soldiers Resent Having More Liberties Taken from Them.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 12.—The next six months will be the most vital period of unrest in the history of the nation, Legislators were warned today when advocates of Sunday movies swarmed into the Capitol and demanded that personal liberty be not further tampered with. Returning soldiers already are manifesting unrest, the lawmakers were told, because of being deprived unheard of alcoholic beverages; and their attitude will be aggravated if their liberties are further encroached upon by the statute.

"Returning soldiers are sore," declared Captain William Harrigan of the 307th Infantry, 77th Division, arguing for the Thompson Sunday movie local option bill before the Senate Cities Committee. "They feel that something has been taken away from them while they have been fighting for their country. Don't take anything more away from them. Let them have a good time on Sunday. They need it.

"Our men have had their light wines and beer and their motion pictures over there, and we've brought you back a clean army. You can't keep them clean if they are allowed to roam all over the streets. They need entertainment and recreation, whether it's Sunday or any other day.

"Our division was 163 days on the fighting line, and I know that often the men, particularly those who had been shell-shocked, were in such a condition that only the movies could bring them back to an interest in life."

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner of New York City, sounded the warning that the nation faced grave labor unrest that would be accentuated by "depriving the people of any more of their liberties."

"I look upon the next six months as the most serious in the history of the world," declared Dr. Copeland. "There is now a great industrial unrest, and when the soldiers return this unrest will be even greater. Labor demands recreation on Sunday, and, if labor demands it, labor is entitled to it."

John J. McInerney of Rochester, a former lawmaker, warned against the spread of Bolshevism, born through a fervor of reform.

"Take heed of what you are doing," said Mr. McInerney. "Take care lest you drive the people to follow false leaders. Remember, you cannot make the people go to church by depriving them of their rights."

William A. Brady of New York, one of the biggest motion picture producers, led the advocates of the Sunday movies proposal.

Opposition to the measure came from representatives of the New York State Civic League and various church and ministerial organizations.

BUY BIRTHPLACE OF COL. ROOSEVELT

Women's Memorial Committee Acquires Old Home in 20th St. and Adjoining House.

WILL REMODEL PROPERTY

Restoration Will Follow Description Contained in Ex-President's Autobiography.

The house at 28 East Twentieth Street, where Theodore Roosevelt was born on Oct. 27, 1858, was purchased yesterday for the Women's Roosevelt Memorial Committee and will be restored as it existed when he spent his early life there. In the same deal the property at 26 East Twentieth Street, formerly the residence of John E. and Robert Roosevelt, was acquired, so that the restored Roosevelt mansion would be protected from encroachment on that side.

Before the house was sold several years ago for commercial uses it was a four-story brownstone, but alterations to make it useful for a restaurant and shops made it of only two stories, so that the interior will have to be restored entirely. When the Roosevelts occupied the house before the civil war and for many years afterwards, the main entrance was slightly lower than the present street level and there were three floors above this main floor. The purchasers were represented in the transaction by the Douglas Robinson, Charles E. Brown Company. The late Douglas Robinson, and those of that name now in the firm were related to Colonel Roosevelt by marriage.

When the Women's Memorial Committee was organized, one of the first proposals made to it was that the birthplace of the twenty-sixth President should be bought and preserved for posterity as many other houses of famous men born in this city have been preserved. The suggestion was approved by the committee and immediately instructions were issued to the real estate company to begin negotiations. The deal was completed yesterday with the last owner, Gustavus L. Lawrence, but the price was not given.

Mrs. William Curtiss Demorest is Chairman of the Memorial Committee and Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn is Chairman of the Finance Committee. Among the forty-eight directors are Mrs. Francis Kay Pendleton, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Mrs. William Church Osborn, Mrs. James A. Burden, Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Mrs. Jacob A. Riis, Miss Mabel Choate, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold, and Mrs. William Fellowes Morgan.

In restoring the house, the descriptions to be furnished by members of the family will be followed closely, as well as the description written by Colonel Roosevelt in his autobiography.

ATTACK ON ANDERSON SHELVED BY SENATE

Resolution Denouncing Prohibition Leader as Lobbyist Is Buried After Vitriolic Oratory.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—"Dictator of human conscience" and other appellations were pinned to William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the New York Anti-Saloon League, in an hour-long debate in the Senate today on a resolution introduced by Senator William Copeland Dodge, Democrat, of New York, calling upon the Public Prosecutor of Albany County to take action on the alleged violation by Mr. Anderson of the Anti-Lobbying law by failing to register with the Secretary of State.

Senator Dodge a week ago introduced a concurrent resolution calling for a Legislative investigation of Mr. Anderson's activities at the Capitol. This resolution was sent to the Finance Committee, and Senator Dodge has been unable to prevail upon that body to report it so that a vote could be had upon it in the Senate. Senator Henry M. Sage of Albany, who is Chairman of that committee, is not a friend of the bone dry policy advocated by the Anti-Saloon League, but he contends that investigating Mr. Anderson would tend to give him unearned notoriety.

A vote was taken on a motion by Senator Sage to send the new Dodge resolution to his committee and the motion was carried. The vote followed party lines, the Democrats voting against the resolution being buried.

ALBANY DEADLOCK BROKEN.

Republicans Agree to Pass Governor's P. S. C. Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—After marking time for weeks and accomplishing practically nothing in the way of constructive legislation, the Republican leaders of the Legislature got together with Governor Smith today and effected a compromise on some measures in an effort to break what virtually has been a deadlock.

As a result Governor Smith was told that of the measures recommended in his annual message the Republican Legislature would enact the bill providing for the creation of two single-headed commissions in New York City to take the place of the present Public Service Commission for the First District—one to supervise construction of subways and transit lines and the other to regulate traction operations in the city. The organization of the up-State commission will remain unchanged.

Other measures urged by the Governor which the Republican leaders assured him would pass are the bills extending to occupational diseases the operations of the Workmen's Compensation act, and abolishing various boards created to meet war emergencies which are no longer necessary.

Other measures, the enactment of which has been recommended by the Governor, are being held in abeyance for future conferences.

Firemen's Bill Is Reported.

ALBANY, March 12.—The Assembly Cities Committee today voted to report the Blakely bill for a three-platoon system for firemen.

Kill Bill to Limit Real Estate Tax.

ALBANY, March 12.—The Seeselberg bill, intended to limit the tax on real estate in New York City to 2 per cent. of the assessed valuation, was killed in the Assembly Cities Committee today. The measure was introduced at the request of the New York Real Estate Board.

Mrs. Hearst Accepts Office.

Mrs. William Randolph Hearst yesterday sent a letter to Mayor Hylan accepting the appointment of Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Relief and Reconstruction, which she was asked by the Mayor to accept after she had tendered her resignation as Chairman of the Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense.

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Your satisfaction is guaranteed in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes; your money back if you say the word
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Broadway, cor. 29th
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Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d
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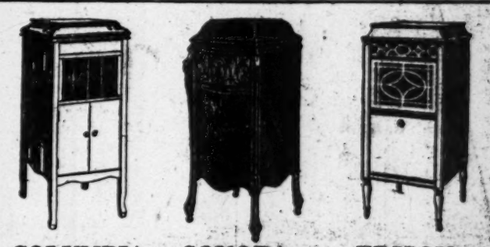
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes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